Baixando dados diários

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```
knitr::opts_chunk$set(echo = TRUE, cache = FALSE, warning = FALSE, message = FALSE,
error = FALSE, tidy = TRUE, tidy.opts = list(width.cutoff = 70))
```

1 Ranking de negociações

```
library(GetHFData)
tickers_equity <- ghfd_get_available_tickers_from_ftp(my.date = "2016-10-30",
    type.market = "equity", max.dl.tries = 10)
##
## Reading ftp contents for equity (attempt = 1|10) Attempt 1 - File exists, skipping dl
head(tickers_equity, n = 10)
##
     tickers n.trades
                                          f.name
## 1
       PETR4 52393 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
       JBSS3 45174 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
## 2
       ITSA4
                39200 ftp files/NEG 20161117.zip
## 3
       ITUB4
## 4
                30529 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
                30423 ftp files/NEG 20161117.zip
## 5
       VALE5
## 6
       BVMF3
                29099 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
                26923 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
## 7
       BBDC4
## 8
       ABEV3
                26786 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
## 9
       BBAS3
                26672 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
## 10
       RUM03
                26274 ftp files/NEG_20161117.zip
```

Criando um vetor com as 6 ações mais negociadas em 30/10/2016.

```
top_6 <- c(as.character(head(tickers_equity$tickers)))
print(top_6)</pre>
```

```
## [1] "PETR4" "JBSS3" "ITSA4" "ITUB4" "VALE5" "BVMF3"
```

Baixando os dados

```
dados_top6 <- ghfd_get_HF_data(top_6, type.market = "equity", first.date = as.Date("2014-11-03"),</pre>
   last.date = as.Date("2016-10-30"), first.time = "9:00:00", last.time = "18:00:00",
   type.output = "agg", agg.diff = "1 hour", dl.dir = "ftp files", max.dl.tries = 10,
   clean.files = FALSE)
save(dados_top6, file = "dados_top6.Rda")
head(dados_top6, n = 6)
load("dados top6.Rda")
dim(dados_top6)
## [1] 22667
               13
str(dados_top6)
## 'data.frame':
                   22667 obs. of 13 variables:
## $ InstrumentSymbol: chr "ABEV3" "ABEV3" "ABEV3" "ABEV3" ...
## $ SessionDate
                   : Date, format: "2014-11-03" "2014-11-03" ...
## $ TradeDateTime : POSIXct, format: "2014-11-03 10:00:00" "2014-11-03 11:00:00" ...
## $ n.trades : int 1607 2055 3417 3686 3978 4707 5168 250 1602 1203 ...
## $ last.price
                    : num 16.1 16.1 16.2 16.1 16.1 ...
## $ weighted.price : num 16.1 16.1 16.2 16.2 16.1 ...
                 : num -0.00864 0.00124 0.0056 -0.00124 -0.00372 ...
## $ period.ret
## $ period.ret.volat: num 0.000325 0.000324 0.000278 0.000235 0.000263 ...
                   : num 824900 926700 1408500 1034900 1141100 ...
## $ sum.qtd
## $ sum.vol
                    : num 13291157 14907444 22757436 16729199 18362060 ...
## $ n.buys
                    : int 579 1113 1888 2265 1972 1878 2309 23 659 526 ...
## $ n.sells
                    : int 1028 942 1529 1421 2006 2829 2859 227 943 677 ...
## $ Tradetime
                     : chr "10:00:00" "11:00:00" "12:00:00" "13:00:00" ...
```

Agora irei criar um banco de dados para cada ação e depois obter os log retornos.

```
library(dplyr)
dados_ITSA4 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "ITSA4") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price)))
dados_PETR4 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "PETR4") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price)))
dados_ITUB4 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "ITUB4") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price)))
dados_BBDC4 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "BBDC4") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price)))
dados_ABEV3 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "ABEV3") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price))) %% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
   lag(log(weighted.price)))
dados_BBSE3 <- filter(dados_top6, InstrumentSymbol == "BBSE3") %>%
    select(SessionDate, weighted.price) %>% mutate(log_retorno = log(weighted.price) -
    lag(log(weighted.price)))
```

Removendo NAs.

```
dados_BBSE3 <- dados_BBSE3[2:3778, ]
dados_ABEV3 <- dados_ABEV3[2:3778, ]
dados_BBDC4 <- dados_BBDC4[2:3778, ]
dados_ITUB4 <- dados_ITUB4[2:3778, ]
dados_PETR4 <- dados_PETR4[2:3777, ]
dados_ITSA4 <- dados_ITSA4[2:3778, ]</pre>
```

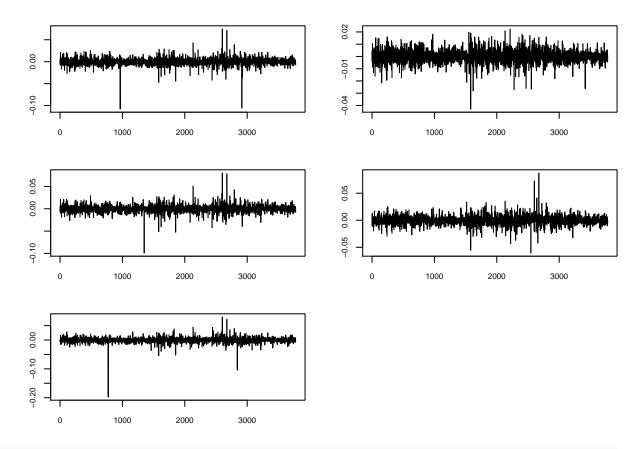
Criando matriz com os dados diários.

```
##
     lrtn_ITSA4
                        lrtn_ITUB4
                                          lrtn_BBDC4
        :-1.079e-01
                    Min. :-9.911e-02 Min. :-1.976e-01
## 1st Qu.:-3.412e-03
                     1st Qu.:-3.276e-03
                                         1st Qu.:-3.698e-03
## Median :-1.467e-04 Median :-5.178e-05
                                         Median :-3.910e-06
## Mean :-4.198e-05 Mean :-5.640e-06
                                         Mean :-5.718e-05
## 3rd Qu.: 3.154e-03
                      3rd Qu.: 3.205e-03
                                         3rd Qu.: 3.599e-03
## Max. : 7.451e-02 Max. : 8.019e-02
                                         Max. : 7.990e-02
   1rtn ABEV3
                      1rtn BBSE3
##
## Min. :-4.289e-02 Min. :-6.050e-02
## 1st Qu.:-2.287e-03 1st Qu.:-3.531e-03
## Median: 7.486e-05 Median: 1.017e-05
## Mean : 5.483e-05 Mean :-2.386e-05
## 3rd Qu.: 2.359e-03
                      3rd Qu.: 3.362e-03
## Max. : 2.241e-02
                      Max. : 8.743e-02
```

```
cor(matriz_logrtn)
```

```
## lrtn_ITSA4 lrtn_ITUB4 lrtn_BBDC4 lrtn_ABEV3 lrtn_BBSE3
## lrtn_ITSA4 1.0000000 0.8441257 0.7255955 0.4612668 0.5651589
## lrtn_ITUB4 0.8441257 1.0000000 0.7891058 0.4916024 0.5817463
## lrtn_BBDC4 0.7255955 0.7891058 1.0000000 0.4387216 0.5068598
## lrtn_ABEV3 0.4612668 0.4916024 0.4387216 1.0000000 0.4038272
## lrtn_BBSE3 0.5651589 0.5817463 0.5068598 0.4038272 1.0000000
```

```
library(MTS)
MTSplot(matriz_logrtn)
```



head(matriz_logrtn)

ccm

```
## function (x, lags = 12, level = FALSE, output = T)
## {
##
       if (!is.matrix(x))
           x = as.matrix(x)
##
       nT = dim(x)[1]
##
##
       k = dim(x)[2]
       if (lags < 1)
##
##
           lags = 1
##
       y = scale(x, center = TRUE, scale = FALSE)
       V1 = cov(y)
##
##
       if (output) {
##
           print("Covariance matrix:")
           print(V1, digits = 3)
##
```

```
}
##
##
       se = sqrt(diag(V1))
##
       SD = diag(1/se)
       SO = SD %*% V1 %*% SD
##
##
       ksq = k * k
##
       wk = matrix(0, ksq, (lags + 1))
##
       wk[, 1] = c(S0)
##
       j = 0
       if (output) {
##
           cat("CCM at lag: ", j, "\n")
##
##
           print(S0, digits = 3)
           cat("Simplified matrix:", "\n")
##
       }
##
       y = y %*% SD
##
##
       crit = 2/sqrt(nT)
##
       for (j in 1:lags) {
           y1 = y[1:(nT - j),]
##
##
           y2 = y[(j + 1):nT, ]
##
           Sj = t(y2) %*% y1/nT
           Smtx = matrix(".", k, k)
##
##
           for (ii in 1:k) {
##
               for (jj in 1:k) {
##
                    if (Sj[ii, jj] > crit)
                      Smtx[ii, jj] = "+"
##
##
                    if (Sj[ii, jj] < -crit)</pre>
##
                      Smtx[ii, jj] = "-"
##
               }
           }
##
           if (output) {
##
               cat("CCM at lag: ", j, "\n")
##
##
                for (ii in 1:k) {
##
                    cat(Smtx[ii, ], "\n")
               }
##
##
               if (level) {
##
                    cat("Correlations:", "\n")
##
                    print(Sj, digits = 3)
##
##
           }
##
           wk[, (j + 1)] = c(Sj)
##
       }
##
       if (output) {
##
           par(mfcol = c(k, k))
           k0 = 4
##
           if (k > k0)
##
               par(mfcol = c(k0, k0))
##
##
           tdx = c(0, 1:lags)
##
           jcnt = 0
           if (k > 10) {
##
               print("Skip the plots due to high dimension!")
##
           }
##
           else {
##
##
               for (j in 1:ksq) {
##
                    plot(tdx, wk[j, ], type = "h", xlab = "lag",
##
                      ylab = "ccf", ylim = c(-1, 1))
```

```
##
                    abline(h = c(0))
##
                    crit = 2/sqrt(nT)
                    abline(h = c(crit), lty = 2)
##
##
                    abline(h = c(-crit), lty = 2)
##
                    jcnt = jcnt + 1
                    if ((jcnt == k0^2) \&\& (k > k0)) {
##
##
                      jcnt = 0
##
                      cat("Hit Enter for more plots:", "\n")
##
                      readline()
                    }
##
##
               }
           }
##
##
           par(mfcol = c(1, 1))
           cat("Hit Enter for p-value plot of individual ccm: ",
##
##
                "\n")
##
           readline()
##
       }
##
       r0i = solve(S0)
##
       R0 = kronecker(r0i, r0i)
##
       pv = rep(0, lags)
       for (i in 1:lags) {
##
##
           tmp = matrix(wk[, (i + 1)], ksq, 1)
##
           tmp1 = R0 \% *\% tmp
##
           ci = crossprod(tmp, tmp1) * nT * nT/(nT - i)
##
           pv[i] = 1 - pchisq(ci, ksq)
##
       }
       if (output) {
##
##
           plot(pv, xlab = "lag", ylab = "p-value", ylim = c(0,
##
                1))
           abline(h = c(0))
##
           abline(h = c(0.05), col = "blue")
##
##
           title(main = "Significance plot of CCM")
##
       }
##
       ccm <- list(ccm = wk, pvalue = pv)</pre>
## }
## <environment: namespace:MTS>
```

mq(matriz_logrtn)

```
## Ljung-Box Statistics:
##
            \mathbf{m}
                      Q(m)
                                df
                                       p-value
##
    [1,]
              1
                        156
                                  25
                                              0
##
    [2,]
              2
                        202
                                  50
                                              0
   [3,]
                                  75
##
              3
                        252
                                              0
   [4,]
                                              0
##
              4
                        265
                                 100
##
   [5,]
              5
                        298
                                 125
                                              0
##
    [6,]
              6
                        318
                                 150
                                              0
##
   [7,]
              7
                        349
                                 175
                                              0
##
   [8,]
              8
                        408
                                 200
                                              0
## [9,]
              9
                        442
                                 225
                                             0
## [10,]
             10
                        465
                                 250
                                              0
                        484
                                             0
## [11,]
             11
                                 275
## [12,]
             12
                        513
                                 300
                                             0
                                 325
                                             0
## [13,]
             13
                        533
```

##	[14,]	14	554	350	0
##	[15,]	15	583	375	0
##	[16,]	16	651	400	0
##	[17,]	17	682	425	0
##	[18,]	18	713	450	0
##	[19,]	19	744	475	0
##	[20,]	20	764	500	0
##	[21,]	21	783	525	0
##	[22,]	22	811	550	0
##	[23,]	23	837	575	0
##	[24,]	24	864	600	0

p-values of Ljung-Box statistics

