

1 Serre Equations for horizontal beds

The elliptic equation:

$$G_x = uh - h^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) - \frac{h^3}{3} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x^2} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial x \partial y} \right)$$

$$G_y = vh - h^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} \left(\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \right) - \frac{h^3}{3} \left(\frac{\partial^2 u}{\partial x \partial y} + \frac{\partial^2 v}{\partial y^2} \right)$$

Then

$$G_x = uh - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{h^3}{3} \operatorname{div}(\vec{u}) \right)$$

$$G_y = vh - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{h^3}{3} \operatorname{div}(\vec{u}) \right)$$

$$\vec{G} = \vec{u}h - \nabla \left(\frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right)$$

The continuity equation

$$\frac{\partial h}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot (h\vec{u}) = 0$$

The flux terms we want to rewrite the flux terms into vector notation:

What we have is that

$$\frac{\partial \vec{U}}{\partial t} + \nabla \cdot \vec{F} = 0$$

Where

$$\vec{U} = \begin{bmatrix} h \\ G_x \\ G_y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{F} = [F_x, F_y]$$

With F given by

$$F_x = \left[G_x u + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 - \frac{uh}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - v h^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right]$$

$$F_y = \left[\begin{array}{c} vh \\ uvh \\ G_y v + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 - \frac{uh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - uh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \end{array} \right]$$

Let's just look at the G related components:

$$FG_x = \left[\begin{array}{c} G_x u + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 - \frac{vh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - vh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \\ uvh \end{array} \right]$$

$$FG_y = \left[\begin{array}{c} uvh \\ G_y v + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 - \frac{uh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - uh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \end{array} \right]$$

Note: We have that

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{vh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) = \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) + vh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) + \frac{vh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{vh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) - \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) = vh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) + \frac{vh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})$$

$$\frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{vh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) = -vh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{vh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})$$

Similarly:

$$\frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{uh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) = -uh^2 \frac{\partial h}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{uh^3}{3} \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})$$

So we can rewrite it as :

$$FG_x = \left[\begin{array}{c} G_x u + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 + \frac{\partial v}{\partial y} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left(\frac{vh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) \\ uvh \end{array} \right]$$

$$FG_y = \left[\begin{array}{c} uvh \\ G_y v + \frac{gh^2}{2} - \frac{2h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u})^2 + \frac{\partial u}{\partial x} \frac{h^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) - \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left(\frac{uh^3}{3} (\nabla \cdot \vec{u}) \right) \end{array} \right]$$