THE REPLACEMENT TEST

Remember. All words fit into lexical categories such as:

- NOUNS like *octopus, (a) time, Ottawa* and *John.*
 - Often described as "a person, place or thing."
- VERBS like to see, to have, to trip and to be.
 - o Often described as "action words or things you can do."
- ADJECTIVES like hungry, funnier, solid and green.
 - Often described as "words that describe nouns."
- PREPOSITIONS like at, over, on, and beyond.
- FUNCTION WORDS like *a*, *if*, *when*, and *these*.

Definition. The replacement test helps you determine a word's *lexical category*. To apply it, we replace a new word with one we already know. If the replacement makes sense in a sentence, they have the same *lexical category*. It doesn't even matter if we know what the new word meant!

Example. What part of speech is the word *scorch*?

- 1. Try a sentence: "I scorch my hand."
- 2. Replace scorch with a different word: "I see my hand"
- 3. See is a VERB. So, scorch must be a verb too!

Example. What part of speech is the word *to*?

- 1. Try a sentence: "Marching to Pretoria."
- 2. Replace to with a different word: "Marching in Pretoria."
- 3. To is a PREPOSITION. So, to must be a verb too!

Practice. Apply the test and determine the lexical category.

- 1. Welcome in "Welcome to New York."
- 2. On in "I'm leaving on a jet plane."
- 3. Life in "It's a wonderful life."
- 4. Wonderful in "It's a wonderful life."
- 5. That in "She's all that."
- 6. Love in "Love what you do."
- 7. Love in "Love is like the wind."
- 8. Glisters in "All that glisters is not gold."
- 9. Jabberwock in "Beware the Jabberwock, my son!"