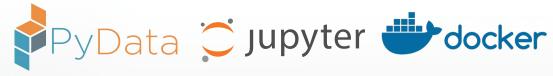


Running jupyter notebook remotely in a docker swarm cluster

Jordi Deu-Pons Barcelona 2017

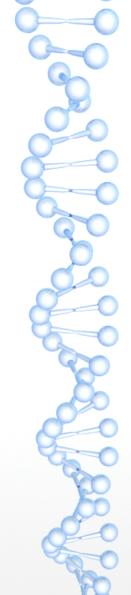




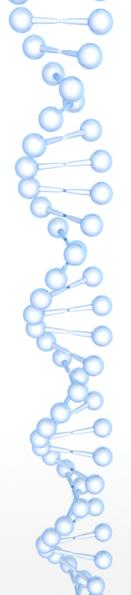






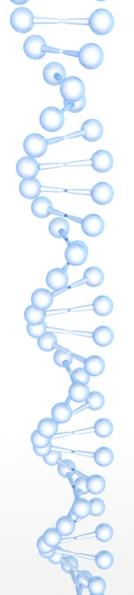




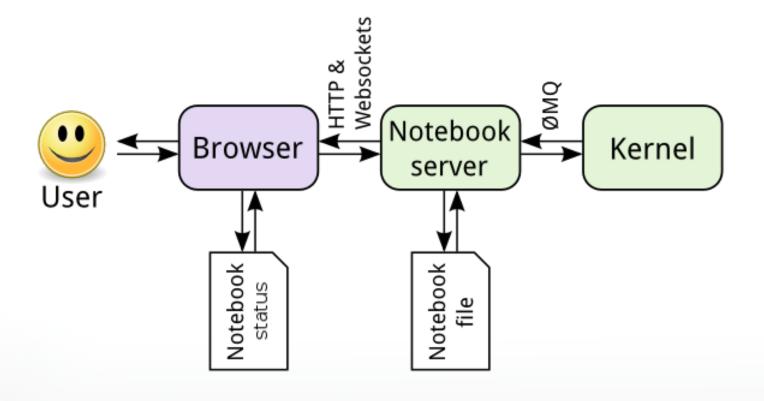


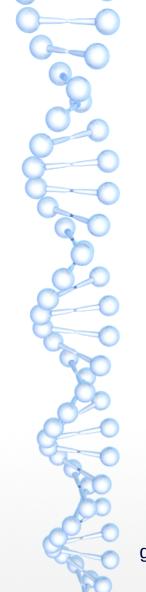
Content of this talk

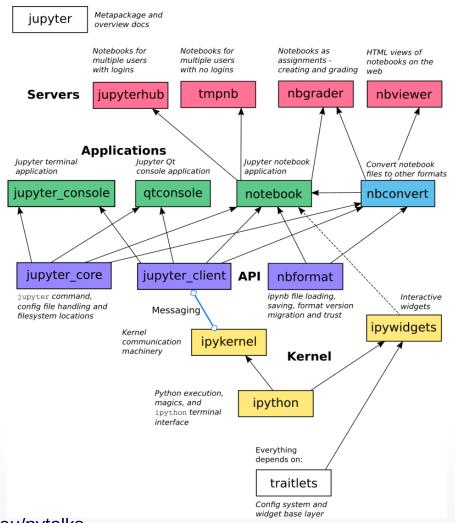
- Jupyter architecture overview
- Running a notebook remotly
- JupyterHub solution
- Alternative solution using remote desktops
- Pros and cons
- Future

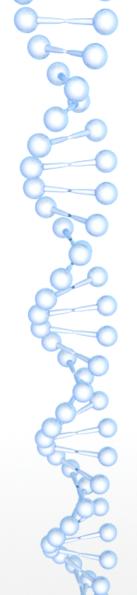


Jupyter architecture overview



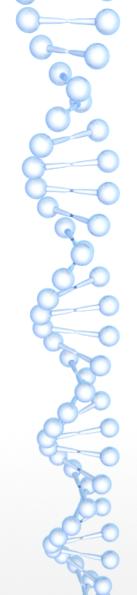






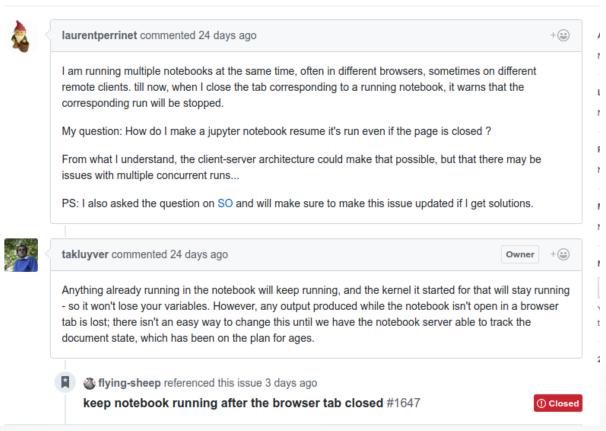
Running a notebook remotly

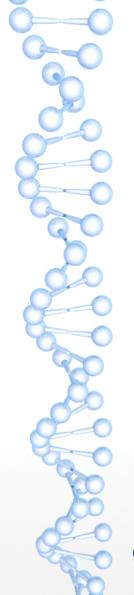
- Proxy requests
- Authenticate the users
- Central managment
- Share with other users
- Collaborative notebook editing
- Reconnect to a running notebook



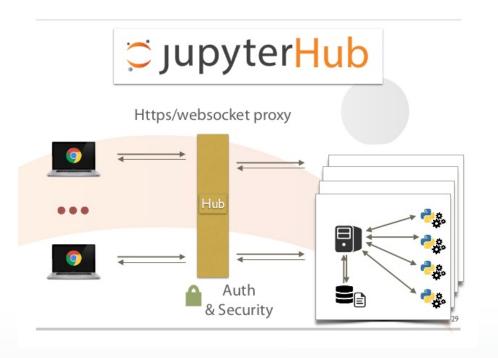
is it possible to make a jupyter notebook run even if the page is closed? #2446

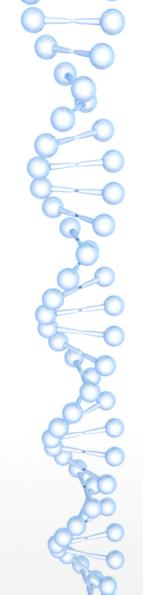
① Open laurentperrinet opened this issue 24 days ago · 1 comment





JupyterHub solution

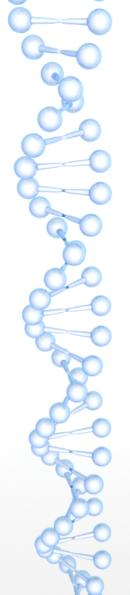




Alternative solution

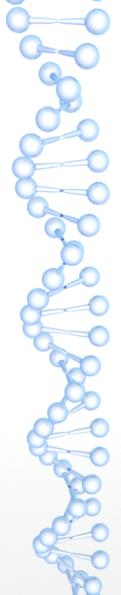
Technologies used:

- Docker swarm cluster
- VNC server + Firefox + Jupyter
- Apache Guacamole (clientless remote desktop gateway)



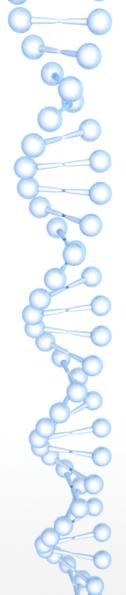
Alternative solution

```
builds
    jupyteruser
        Dockerfile
    jupytervnc
        Dockerfile
       etc
            menu.xml
            supervisord.conf
scripts
    cluster_create.sh
    deploy_backbone.sh
    deploy_notebooks.sh
stack
    guacamole.sql
    guacamole.yml
   notebooks.yml
   proxy.yml
   registry.yml
```



Docker cluster

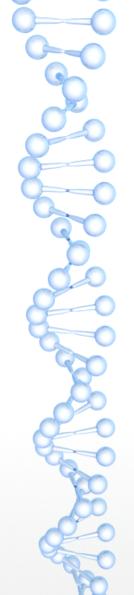
```
# Create 3 machines
for i in 1 2 3; do
    docker-machine create -d virtualbox node-$i
done
eval $(docker-machine env node-1)
# Initialize docker manager
docker swarm init --advertise-addr $(docker-machine ip node-1)
# Join workers to the cluster
TOKEN=$(docker swarm join-token -q worker)
for i in 2 3; do
  eval $(docker-machine env node-$i)
  docker swarm join --token $TOKEN --advertise-addr $(docker-machine ip node-$i) \
  $(docker-machine ip node-1):2377
done
```



Deploy backbone services

```
# Create proxy and notebooks networks
docker network create --driver overlay proxy
docker network create --driver overlay notebooks

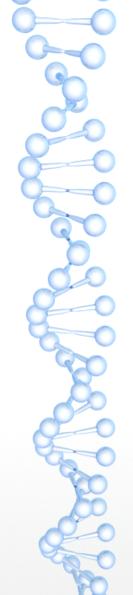
# Start proxy, registry and guacamole
docker stack deploy -c ../stack/proxy.yml proxy
docker stack deploy -c ../stack/guacamole.yml guacamole
docker stack deploy -c ../stack/registry.yml registry
```



Build and push images

Common image (builds/jupytervnc/Dockerfile)

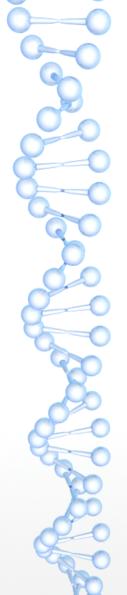
```
$ docker build -t localhost:5000/jupytervnc:5.0 .
$ docker push localhost:5000/jupytervnc:5.0
```



Build and push images

User image (builds/jupyteruser/Dockerfile)

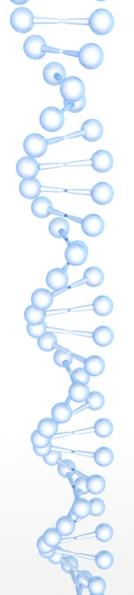
```
$ docker build -t localhost:5000/jupyteruser:5.0 .
$ docker push localhost:5000/jupyteruser:5.0
```



Config and start a notebook

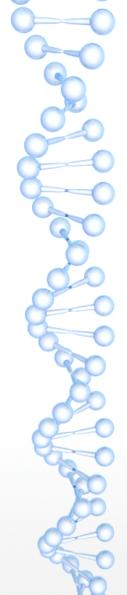
\$ docker stack deploy -c ../stack/notebooks.yml nb

```
version: '3'
services:
    example:
    image: localhost:5000/jupyteruser:5.0
    networks:
        - notebooks
    volumes:
        - ${REPO_HOME}:/workspace
    working_dir: /workspace
    environment:
        - CONDA_ENVS_PATH=${REPO_HOME}/envs
```

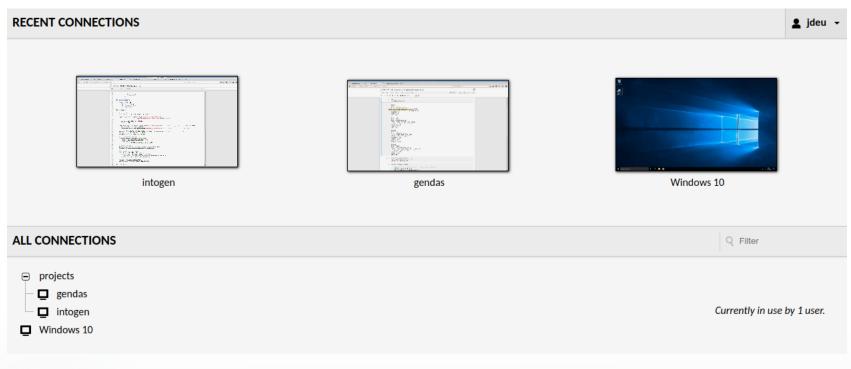


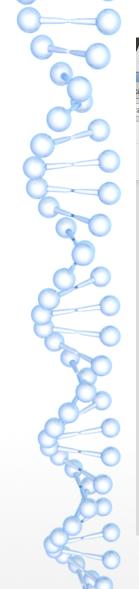
Config guacamole connection

ample	
ООТ	
NC ▼	
nb_example	
5900	
	S nb_example

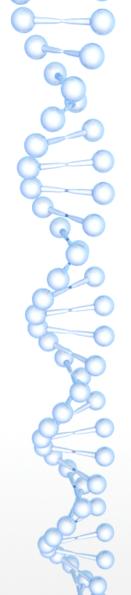


Connect to the notebook



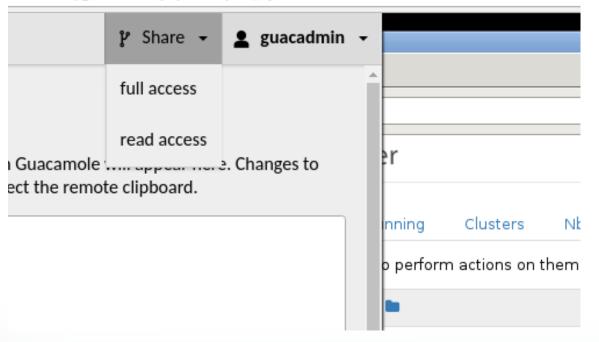


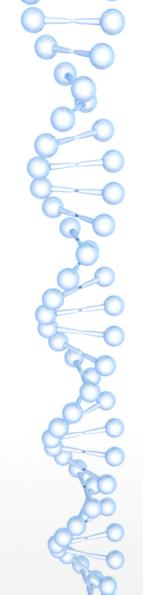
```
gendas
       © bbglab.irbbarcelona.org/quacamole/#/client/MgBjAG15c3Fs
              x C Rank scores
                                        × \ ○ jdeu@2891e05eb7... × -
amples/
                                                                                                                                                🖾 🥝 🔍 Search
:alhost:8888/notebooks/src/examples/Rank scores.ipynb#
                                                    Rank scores Last Checkpoint: Last Monday at 3:15 PM (autosaved)
                                                          Insert Cell Kernel Help
                                                                                                                                            Not Trusted / Python [conda env:py35] O
                                                                                        -
                                                     end = END
                                             In [4]: # Create a Gendas engine
                                                     gd = Gendas('data/gendas.conf')
                                                     qd['hq19'] = HG19Source()
                                             In [5]: def mut rank(gd, baserow):
                                                         # Get scores of all the position in this gene group by tri>alt
                                                         context = defaultdict(list)
                                                         for r in gd['cadd'].merge(gd['hg19']):
                                                             key = "{}>{}".format(r['hg19'][-1:1], r['cadd']['ALT'])
                                                             context[key].append(r['cadd']['PHRED'])
                                                         for m in gd['variants'].merge(gd['cadd'], on=['REF', 'ALT']).merge(gd['hg19']):
                                                             key = "{}>{}".format(m['hg19'][-1:1], m['variants']['ALT'])
                                                             ctx_scores = context[key]
                                                             # Create the output row
                                                             row = dict(baserow)
                                                             for k, v in m['variants'].items():
                                                                 row[k] = v
                                                             row['KEY'] = key
                                                             row['SCORE'] = m['cadd']['PHRED']
                                                             row['CONTEXT'] = ctx_scores
                                                             rows.append(row)
                                                         return rows
                                             In [6]: %time
                                                     data = pd.DataFrame.from_dict(
                                                         flatten(
```



Share connection

58.99.100/guacamole/#/client/MQBjAG15c3Fs





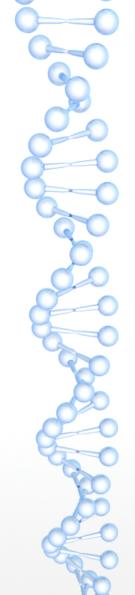
Pros and cons

Pros

- You can disconnect at any time
- Concurrent notebook editing
- Valid for any tool

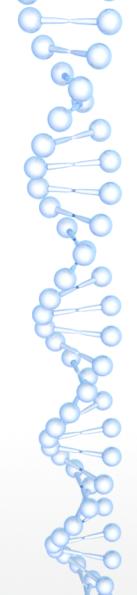
Cons

- Indirect copy&paste
- Scrolling less responsive
- Different look&feel



Future: to do list

- Add a GUI to notebook creation
- Integrate the solution in JupyterHub
- Or add a HTTP/Websockets proxy protocol in Apache Guacamole
- Create a Jupyter Lab image



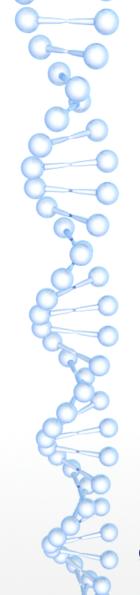
Future: collaborative editing

Brian E. Granger, 6 Feb 2017

Yes, we are doing this work in <u>JupyterLab</u>. We are building these features in a manner that will initially support <u>Google Drive Real Time API</u>, but could also have other real time backends plugged into it.

We have a full time post doc at UC Berkeley, Ian Rose, working on these things. The real time stuff isn't quite ready for public usage, but it is moving pretty fast at this point.

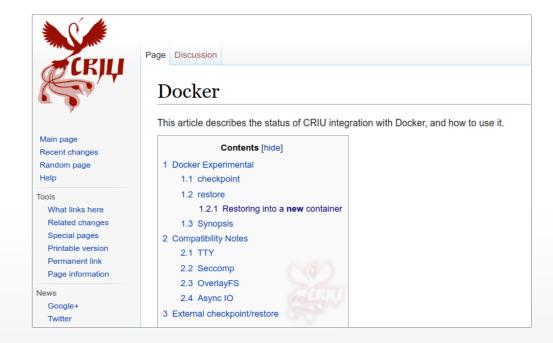
https://github.com/ian-r-rose/jupyterlab-google-drive



Future: notebook hibernation

docker checkpoint create ...

(already available with experimental enable)



github.com/jordeu/pytalks

