

Form	so + adjective + that	
	so + adverb + that	
	so + many/much + noun + that	

Use	Example
To show the results of a situation or action	The burglar was so clever that no one could catch him. Jane took the money so quickly that no one saw her. There was so much money that the robber couldn't carry it all.



- The word that is not usually necessary to introduce the second clause.
 - ✓ The crime rate is **so** high people are very frightened.
- The word so has a number of other uses. Try not to get confused between them.
 - ✓ The crime rate is **so** high **that** people are very frightened.
 - ✓ I saw that burglar leaving the house, **so** I called the police.

Such

such + a/an + adjective + singular noun + that	
such + adjective + plural noun + that	
such + a lot of + noun + that	
	such + adjective + plural noun + that

	Use	Example
To show th	e results of a situation or action	It was such a terrible crime that the man was sent to prison for life. The security guard had such good hearing that he heard the door open immediately. There is such a lot of crime here that the police can't cope.

(Enough)

Form	enough + noun (+ for and/or + full infinitive)	
	adjective + enough (+ for and/or + full infinitive)	
	adverb + enough (+ for and/or + full infinitive)	

Use	Example
To show the results of a situation or action where there is/isn't the right amount/number of something	There aren't enough police officers on the streets to keep us safe. It wasn't dark enough for the burglar to start working. Did the police respond quickly enough to help?



- A common mistake is to put *enough* before an adjective when the correct word is *quite* or *fairly*.
- ✓ It's **quite** / **fairly** dangerous around here so don't go out alone.
- X -It's enough dangerous around here so don't go out alone.

Too

Form	too + adjective (+ for and/or + full infinitive)
	too + adverb (+ for and/or + full infinitive)
	too + many/much + noun (+ for and/or + full infinitive)

Use	Example
To describe something that is more than necessary and which has a negative effect	The young man was too young to go to prison. We arrived too late for the start of the trial. We send too many innocent people to prison.



- We do not use too when we want to describe something we consider to be positive. Instead, we use very, really or extremely.
- ✓ You were **very** / **really** / **extremely** lucky not to get caught.
- X -You were too lucky not to get caught.