Watch out!

- There is often little or no difference in meaning between the past perfect simple and the past simple.
 - ✓ We'd lived next to the gym for a couple of months before I decided to join.
 - ✓ We **lived** next to the gym for a couple of months before I decided to join.
- After we have used the past perfect simple once, we often then use the past simple instead of continuing to use the past perfect. I had already had one flying lesson, which was great fun, and I knew immediately that I wanted to get my pilot's licence.
- Phrases such as It was the first/second/etc time ... are followed by the past perfect simple.
 ✓ It was the second time I'd been on a plane.

Past perfect continuous

Form statement: l/you/he/she/it/we/they had been playing ... negative: l/you/he/she/it/we/they hadn't been playing ... question: Had l/you/he/she/it/we/they been playing ...?

Use	Example
Actions continuing up to a moment in the past	When you saw us, we had been running for six miles – and we still had a mile to go!
Actions stopping just before a moment in the past	Sarah looked tired because she had been exercising all morning.

would

Form would + bare infinitive	
Use	Example
Past habits, particularly for the distant past	When I was very young, my grandfather would take me to the park to play.

Watch out!

- We don't often use would in questions or negative statements with this meaning. In negative statements, we can use would never.
 - ✓ We would never play games together as a family when I was growing up.

used to

Form used to + bare infinitive

statement: I/you/he/she/it/we/they **used to** train three times a week.
negative: I/you/he/she/it/we/they **didn't use to** be good at football.
I/you/he/she/it/we/they **never used to** be so good at football.
I/you/he/she/it/we/they **used not to** be good at football.

question: Did l/you/he/she/it/we/they use to play hockey here?

Use	Example
Past habits and states, particularly for the distant past	My mother used to play a lot of squash before I was born.

Watch out!

- To talk about a past state, we can use used to, but **not** would.
- ✓ We used to have a house that was right next to the park.
- X We would have a house that was right next to the park.

be/get used to

Form be/get used to + -ing form / noun	
Use	Example
A situation that is familiar or no longer strange	I didn't like being the goalkeeper at first but now I'm used to it.

Watch out!

When we want to talk about the process of becoming familiar with something, we use *get used to*.

✓ I'm gradually getting used to being in a new team.