The Virtual Learning Environment for Computer Programming

# Haskell — Usage of higer-order functions (2)

P31745\_en

Implement the following functions using higher-order functions (and other predefined functions) of Haskell without using recursion.

- 1. Implement a function *flatten* :: [[Int]]  $\rightarrow$  [Int] that flattens a list of lists of integers in a list of integers.
- 2. Implement a function *myLength* :: **String**  $\rightarrow$  **Int** that returns the length of a string.
- 3. Implement a function *myReverse* :: [Int]  $\rightarrow$  [Int] that reverses a list of integers.
- 4. Implement a function *countIn* :: [[Int]]  $\rightarrow$  Int  $\rightarrow$  [Int] that, given a list of sublists  $\ell$  and an element x, returns the list that tells who many times x appears in each sublist of  $\ell$ .
- 5. Implement a function *firstWord* :: **String** → **String** that, given a string with blanks and alphabetic characters, returns its first word.

## **Scoring**

Each function scores 20 points.

### Sample input

```
flatten [[1,2,3],[4,5],[6],[],[3,3]]
myLength "Albert"
myReverse [1..10]
countIn [[3,2,3],[3],[], [2,2]] 3
firstWord " Volem pa amb oli "
```

#### Sample output

```
[1,2,3,4,5,6,3,3]
6
[10,9,8,7,6,5,4,3,2,1]
[2,1,0,0]
"Volem"
```

#### **Problem information**

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