

# SPREADING OUT THE HODGE FILTRATION IN RIGID ANALYTIC GEOMETRY

JORGE ANTÓNIO

ABSTRACT.

## CONTENTS

1. Introduction	1
1.1. Preliminaries	1
2. Non-archimedean differential geometry	3
2.1. Analytic formal moduli problems under a base	3
2.2. Analytic formal moduli problems over a base	14
2.3. Non-archimedean nil-descent for almost perfect complexes	18
2.4. Non-archimedean formal groupoids	21
References	23

## 1. INTRODUCTION

In this paper, we will provide a rigid analytic construction of the deformation to the normal cone, studied in [4]. Our goal is to use this geometric construction to deduce certain important results concerning both *rigid analytic* and *over-convergent* (Hodge complete) *derived de Rham cohomology* of rigid analytic spaces over a non-archimedean field of characteristic zero. We will then exploit this ideas to come up with analogues concerning *derived rigid cohomology* of finite type schemes over a perfect field in characteristic zero. In particular, our main goal is to extrapolate the main result of [3] to the setting of derived rigid cohomology.

**1.1. Preliminaries.** Let  $\mathcal{X}$  be an  $\infty$ -topos. The notion of a *local  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structure on  $\mathcal{X}$*  was first introduced in [8, Definition 2.4], see also [1, §2].

Let  $\mathcal{O} \in \text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}^{\text{loc}}(\mathcal{X})$  be a local  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structure on  $\mathcal{X}$ . Since the pregeometry  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$  is compatible with  $n$ -truncations, cf. [8, Theorem 3.23], it follows that  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O}) \in \text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}^{\text{loc}}(\mathcal{X})$ , as well.

Denote by  $\mathcal{J} \subseteq \pi_0(\mathcal{O})$ , the *Jacobson ideal* of  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O}^{\text{alg}})$ , which can be naturally regarded as an object in the  $\infty$ -category

$$\text{Mod}_{\pi_0(\mathcal{O}^{\text{alg}})} \simeq \text{Mod}_{\pi_0(\mathcal{O})},$$

for a justification of the latter equivalence, see for instance [7, Theorem 4.5]. Since the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}(\mathcal{X})$  is a presentable  $\infty$ -category we can consider the quotient

$$\pi_0(\mathcal{O})_{\text{red}} := \pi_0(\mathcal{O})/\mathcal{J} \in \text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}(\mathcal{X}),$$

which we refer to the *reduced  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structure on  $\mathcal{X}$  associated to  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O})$* . Moreover, the corresponding *underlying algebra* satisfies

$$(\pi_0(\mathcal{O})_{\text{red}})^{\text{alg}} \simeq \pi_0(\mathcal{O})^{\text{alg}}/\mathcal{J} \in \text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{disc}}(k)}(\mathcal{X}).$$

One can further prove that  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O})_{\text{red}} \in \text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}(\mathcal{X})$  actually lies in the full subcategory  $\text{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)}^{\text{loc}}(\mathcal{X})$ .

**Definition 1.1.** Let  $Z = (\mathcal{Z}, \mathcal{O}_Z) \in {}^{\text{R}}\mathcal{T}\text{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k))$  denote a  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structured  $\infty$ -topos. We define the *reduced  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structure  $\infty$ -topos* as

$$Z_{\text{red}} := (\mathcal{Z}, \pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Z)_{\text{red}}) \in {}^{\text{R}}\mathcal{T}\text{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)).$$

We shall denote by  $\text{Afd}_k^{\text{red}}$  (resp.,  $\text{An}_k^{\text{red}}$ ) the full subcategory of  $\text{dAfd}_k$  (resp.,  $\text{dAn}_k$ ) spanned by reduced  $k$ -affinoid (resp.,  $k$ -analytic spaces).

**Notation 1.2.** Let  $(-)^{\text{red}}: \text{dAn}_k \rightarrow \text{An}_k^{\text{red}}$  denote the functor obtained by the formula

$$Z = (\mathcal{Z}, \mathcal{O}_Z) \in \text{dAn}_k \mapsto Z_{\text{red}} = (\mathcal{Z}, \pi_0(\mathcal{Z})_{\text{red}}) \in \text{An}_k^{\text{red}}.$$

We shall refer to it as the *underlying reduced  $k$ -analytic space*.

**Lemma 1.3.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a Zariski open immersion of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. Then  $f^{\text{red}}: X^{\text{red}} \rightarrow Y^{\text{red}}$  is also a Zariski open immersion.

*Proof.* By the definitions, it is clear that the truncation

$$t_0(f): t_0(X) \rightarrow t_0(Y),$$

is a Zariski open immersion of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces. In the case of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces it is clear from the construction that the reduction of Zariski open immersions is again a Zariski open immersion.  $\square$

**Definition 1.4.** In [7, Definition 5.41] the authors introduced the notion of a square-zero extension between  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structured  $\infty$ -topoi. In particular, given a morphism  $f: Z \rightarrow Z'$  in  ${}^{\text{R}}\mathcal{T}\text{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k))$ , we shall say that  $f$  has the structure of a square-zero extension if  $f$  exhibits  $Z'$  as a square-zero extension of  $Z$ .

Recall the definition of the  $\infty$ -categories of derived  $k$ -affinoid and derived  $k$ -analytic spaces given in [8, Definition 7.3 and Definition 2.5.], respectively.

**Remark 1.5.** Let  $X \in \text{An}_k$ . Let  $\mathcal{J} \subseteq \mathcal{O}_X$  be an ideal satisfying  $\mathcal{J}^2 = 0$ . Consider the fiber sequence

$$\mathcal{J} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J},$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Coh}^+(X)$ . It corresponds to a well defined morphism  $d: \mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J} \rightarrow \mathcal{J}[1]$  admitting  $\mathcal{O}_X$  as fiber. The morphism  $d$  defines a derivation  $d: \mathbb{L}_{\mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J}}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{J}[1]$ , by pre-composing with the natural map  $\mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{\mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J}}^{\text{an}}$ . In particular, we can consider the square-zero extension of  $\mathcal{O}_X$  by  $\mathcal{J}$  induced by  $\mathcal{J}$  defined by  $d$ . The latter object must then be equivalent to  $\mathcal{O}_X$  itself. We conclude that  $\mathcal{O}_X$  is a square-zero extension of  $\mathcal{O}_X/\mathcal{J}$ .

**Lemma 1.6.** Let  $Z := (\mathcal{Z}, \mathcal{O}_Z) \in {}^{\text{R}}\mathcal{T}\text{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k))$  denote a  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structure  $\infty$ -topos. Suppose that the reduction  $Z_{\text{red}}$  is equivalent to a derived  $k$ -affinoid space. Then the truncation  $t_0(Z)$  is isomorphic to an ordinary  $k$ -affinoid space. If we assume further that for every  $i > 0$ , the homotopy sheaves  $\pi_i(\mathcal{O}_Z)$  are coherent  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Z)$ -modules, then  $Z$  itself is equivalent to a derived  $k$ -affinoid space.

*Proof.* We first observe that the second claim of the Lemma follows readily from the first one. We thus are thus reduced to prove that  $t_0(Z)$  is isomorphic to an ordinary  $k$ -affinoid space. Let  $\mathcal{J} \subseteq \pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Z)$ , denote the coherent ideal sheaf associated to the closed immersion  $Z_{\text{red}} \hookrightarrow Z$ . Notice that the ideal  $\mathcal{J}$  agrees with the Jacobson ideal of  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Z)$ . Since derived  $k$ -analytic spaces are Noetherian, it follows that there exists a sufficiently large integer  $n \geq 2$  such that

$$\mathcal{J}^n = 0.$$

Arguing by induction we can suppose that  $n = 2$ , that is to say that

$$\mathcal{J}^2 = 0.$$

In particular, Remark 1.5 implies that the above map has the natural morphism  $Z_{\text{red}} \rightarrow Z$  has the structure of a square zero extension. The assertion now follows from [7, Proposition 6.1] and its proof.  $\square$

*Remark 1.7.* We observe that the converse of Lemma 1.6 holds true. Indeed, the natural morphism  $Z_{\text{red}} \rightarrow Z$  is a closed immersion. In particular, if  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$  we deduce readily from that  $Z_{\text{red}} \in \text{dAfd}_k$ , as well.

**Definition 1.8.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{dAn}_k$ . We shall say that  $f$  is an *affine morphism* if for every morphism  $Z \rightarrow Y$  in  $\text{dAn}_k$  such that  $Z$  is equivalent to a derived  $k$ -affinoid space, the pullback

$$Z' := Z \times_Y X \in \text{dAn}_k,$$

is also equivalent to a derived  $k$ -affinoid space.

**Notation 1.9.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. We shall denote by

$$f^\# : \mathcal{O}_Y \rightarrow f_* \mathcal{O}_X,$$

the induced morphism at the level of  $\mathcal{T}_{\text{an}}(k)$ -structures.

**Lemma 1.10.** *Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be an affine morphism in  $\text{dAn}_k$ . Suppose that we are given a Zariski open immersion  $g: Z \rightarrow Y$  such that  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$  which corresponds to the complement of the zero locus of a section  $s \in \pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Y)$ . Then the fiber product*

$$Z' := Z \times_Y X \in \text{dAn}_k,$$

*is equivalent to a derived  $k$ -affinoid space and moreover  $\Gamma(Z', \mathcal{O}_{Z'}^{\text{alg}}) \simeq B[1/f^\#(s)]$ , where  $B := \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X^{\text{alg}})$ .*

*Proof.* The first assertion of the Lemma follows readily from the definition of affine morphisms. We shall now prove the second claim. Let  $A := \Gamma(Y, \mathcal{O}_Y^{\text{alg}})$ . In this case, we have a natural equivalence of derived  $k$ -algebras

$$A[1/f] \simeq \Gamma(Z, \mathcal{O}_Z^{\text{alg}}).$$

Since Zariski open immersions are stable under pullbacks, it follows that the natural morphism  $g': Z' \rightarrow X$  is itself a Zariski open immersion. In particular, it follows that we can identify

$$\Gamma(Z', \mathcal{O}_{Z'}) \simeq B[1/t],$$

where  $t \in \pi_0(B)$ . In order to conclude the proof, we observe that the 0-th truncation,  $t_0(g)$ , is again a Zariski open immersion. For this reason, one should have forcibly that  $t = f^\#(s)$ , by the universal property of fiber products of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces.  $\square$

## 2. NON-ARCHIMEDEAN DIFFERENTIAL GEOMETRY

**2.1. Analytic formal moduli problems under a base.** In this §, we will study the notion of *analytic formal moduli problems* under a fixed derived  $k$ -analytic space. The results presented here will prove to be crucial for the study of the deformation to the normal cone in the  $k$ -analytic setting, presented in the next section. We start with the following definition:

**Definition 2.1.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a morphism in  $\text{dAn}_k$ . We say that  $f$  is a *nil-isomorphism* if  $f_{\text{red}}: X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow Y_{\text{red}}$  is an isomorphism of  $k$ -analytic spaces. We denote by  $\text{AnNil}_X$  the full subcategory of  $(\text{dAn}_k)_{X/}^{\text{ft}}$  spanned by nil-isomorphisms  $X \rightarrow Y$  of finite type.

**Lemma 2.2.** *Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a nil-isomorphism in  $\text{dAn}_k$ . Then:*

(1) Given any morphism  $Z \rightarrow Y$  in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ , the induced morphism

$$Z \times_X Y \rightarrow Z,$$

is again an *nil-isomorphism*.

(2)  $f$  is an affine morphism.

(3)  $f$  is a finite morphism.

*Proof.* To prove (i), it suffices to prove that the functor  $(-)^{\mathrm{red}}: \mathrm{dAn}_k \rightarrow \mathrm{An}_k^{\mathrm{red}}$  commutes with finite limits. The truncation functor

$$t_0: \mathrm{dAn}_k \rightarrow \mathrm{An}_k,$$

commutes with finite limits. So we further reduce ourselves to the prove that the usual underlying reduced functor

$$(-)^{\mathrm{red}}: \mathrm{An}_k \rightarrow \mathrm{An}_k^{\mathrm{red}},$$

commutes with finite limits. By construction, the latter assertion is equivalent to the claim that the complete tensor product of ordinary  $k$ -affinoid algebras commutes with the operation of taking the quotient by the Jacobson radical, which is immediate.

We now prove (ii). Let  $Z \rightarrow Y$  be a Zariski open immersion such that  $Z$  is a derived  $k$ -affinoid space. Then we claim that the pullback  $Z \times_X Y$  is again a derived  $k$ -affinoid space. Thanks to Lemma 1.6 we reduced to prove that  $(Z \times_X Y)_{\mathrm{red}}$  is equivalent to an ordinary  $k$ -affinoid space. Thanks to (i), we deduce that the induced morphism

$$(Z \times_X Y)_{\mathrm{red}} \rightarrow Z_{\mathrm{red}},$$

is an isomorphism of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces. In particular,  $(Z \times_X Y)_{\mathrm{red}}$  is a  $k$ -affinoid space. The result now follows from Lemma 1.6.

To prove (iii), we shall show that the induced morphism on the 0-th truncations  $t_0(X) \rightarrow t_0(Y)$  is a finite morphism of ordinary  $k$ -affinoid spaces. But this follows immediately from the fact that both  $t_0(X)$  and  $t_0(Y)$  can be obtained from the reduced  $X_{\mathrm{red}}$  by means of a finite sequence of finite coherent  $X_{\mathrm{red}}$ -modules.  $\square$

**Definition 2.3.** A morphism  $X \rightarrow Y$  in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$  is called a *nil-embedding* if the induced map of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces  $t_0(X) \rightarrow t_0(Y)$  is a closed immersion, such that the ideal of  $t_0(X)$  in  $t_0(Y)$  is nilpotent.

**Proposition 2.4.** Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a nil-embedding of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. Then there exists a sequence of morphisms

$$X = X_0^0 \hookrightarrow X_0^1 \hookrightarrow \cdots \hookrightarrow X_0^n = X_0 \hookrightarrow X_1 \cdots X_n \hookrightarrow \cdots \hookrightarrow Y,$$

such that for each  $0 \leq i \leq n$  the morphism  $X_0^i \hookrightarrow X_0^{i+1}$  has the structure of a square zero extension. Similarly, for every  $i \geq 0$ , the morphism  $X_i \hookrightarrow X_{i+1}$  has the structure of a square-zero extension. Furthermore, the induced morphisms  $t_{\leq i}(X_i) \rightarrow t_{\leq i}(Y)$  are equivalences of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces.

*Proof.* The proof follows the same scheme of reasoning as of [4, Proposition 5.5.3]. For the sake of completeness we present the complete here. Consider the induced morphism on the underlying truncations

$$t_0(f): t_0(X) \rightarrow t_0(Y).$$

By construction, there exists a sufficiently large integer  $n \geq 0$  such that

$$\mathcal{J}^{n+1} = 0,$$

where  $\mathcal{J} \subseteq \pi_0(\mathcal{O}_Y)$  denotes the ideal associated to the nil-embedding  $t_0(f)$ . Therefore, we can factor the latter as a finite sequence of square-zero extensions of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces

$$t_0(X) \hookrightarrow X_0^{\text{ord},0} \hookrightarrow \dots \hookrightarrow X_0^{\text{ord},n} = t_0(Y),$$

as in the proof of Lemma 1.6. For each  $0 \leq i \leq n$ , we set

$$X_0^i := X \bigsqcup_{t_0(X)} X_0^{\text{ord},i}.$$

By construction, we have that the natural morphism  $t_0(X_0^n) \rightarrow t_0(Y)$  is an isomorphism of ordinary  $k$ -analytic spaces. We now argue by induction on the Postnikov towers associated to the morphism  $f: X \rightarrow Y$ . Suppose that for a certain integer  $i \geq 0$ , we have constructed a derived  $k$ -analytic space  $X_i$  together with morphisms  $g_i: X \rightarrow X_i$  and  $h_i: X_i \rightarrow Y$  such that  $f \simeq h_i \circ g_i$  and the induced morphism

$$t_{\leq i}(X_i) \rightarrow t_{\leq i}(Y)$$

is an equivalence of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. We shall proceed as follows: by the assumption that  $h_i$  is  $(i+1)$ -connective, we deduce from [7, Proposition 5.34] the existence of a natural equivalence

$$\tau_{\leq i}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}}) \simeq 0,$$

in  $\text{Mod}_{\mathcal{O}_{X_i}}$ . Consider the natural fiber sequence

$$h_i^* \mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X_i}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}},$$

in  $\text{Mod}_{\mathcal{O}_{X_i}}$ . The natural morphism

$$\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \pi_{i+1}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}})[i+1],$$

induces a morphism  $\mathbb{L}_{X_i}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \pi_{i+1}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}})[i+1]$ , such that the composite

$$h_i^* \mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X_i}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \pi_{i+1}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}}), \quad (2.1)$$

is null-homotopic, in  $\text{Mod}_{\mathcal{O}_{X_i}}$ . The existence of (2.1) produces a square-zero extension

$$X_i \rightarrow X_{i+1},$$

together with a morphism  $h_{i+1}: X_{i+1} \rightarrow Y$ , factoring  $h_i: X_i \rightarrow Y$ . We are reduced to show that the morphism

$$\mathcal{O}_Y \rightarrow h_{i+1,*}(\mathcal{O}_{X_{i+1}}),$$

is  $(i+2)$ -connective. Consider the commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} h_{i,*}(\pi_{i+1}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}}))[i] & \longrightarrow & h_{i+1,*}(\mathcal{O}_{X_{i+1}}) & \longrightarrow & h_{i,*}(\mathcal{O}_{X_i}) \\ \uparrow s_i & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \mathcal{J} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_Y & \longrightarrow & h_*(\mathcal{O}_{X_i}) \\ \uparrow & & \uparrow & & \uparrow \\ \mathcal{J} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{J} & \longrightarrow & 0 \end{array} \quad , \quad (2.2)$$

where both the vertical and horizontal composites are fiber sequences. Thanks to [7, Proposition 5.34] we can identify the natural morphism

$$s_i: \mathcal{J} \rightarrow h_{i,*}(\pi_{i+1}(\mathbb{L}_{X_i/Y}^{\text{an}}))[i]$$

with the natural morphism  $\mathcal{I} \rightarrow \tau_{\geq i}(I)$ . We deduce that the fiber of the morphism  $s_i$  must be necessarily  $(i+1)$ -connective. The latter observation combined with the structure of (2.2) implies that  $h_{i+1}: X_{i+1} \rightarrow Y$  induces an equivalence of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces

$$\mathfrak{t}_{\leq i+1}(X_{i+1}) \rightarrow \mathfrak{t}_{\leq i+1}(Y),$$

as desired.  $\square$

**Corollary 2.5.** *Let  $X \in \mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Then the natural morphism*

$$X_{\mathrm{red}} \rightarrow X,$$

*in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ , can be approximated by successive square zero extensions.*

*Proof.* The assertion of the Corollary follows readily from Proposition 2.4 by observing that the canonical morphism  $X_{\mathrm{red}} \rightarrow X$  has the structure of a nil-embedding.  $\square$

**Lemma 2.6.** *Let  $f: S \rightarrow S'$  be a nil-isomorphism between derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. Then the pullback functor*

$$f^*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(S') \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(S),$$

*admits a well defined right adjoint,  $f_*$ .*

*Proof.* Since  $f: S \rightarrow S'$  is a nil-isomorphism, we conclude from Lemma 2.2 that  $f$  is an affine morphism between derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. By Zariski descent of  $\mathrm{Coh}^+$ , cf. [2, Theorem 3.7], together with Lemma 1.10 we reduce the statement of the Lemma to the case where both  $S$  and  $S'$  are equivalent to derived  $k$ -affinoid spaces. In this case, by Tate acyclicity theorem we reduce ourselves to show that the usual base change functor

$$f^*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(A) \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(B),$$

where  $A := \Gamma(S, \mathcal{O}_S^{\mathrm{alg}})$  and  $B := \Gamma(S', \mathcal{O}_{S'}^{\mathrm{alg}})$ , admits a right adjoint. The result now follows from the observation that the canonical induced morphism  $\pi_0(A) \rightarrow \pi_0(B)$  is a finite morphism of ordinary rings. Indeed, the latter morphism can be obtained by means of a finite sequence of (classical) square-zero extensions with respect to the corresponding Jacobson ideals of both  $\pi_0(A)$  and  $\pi_0(B)$ . Such ideals are necessarily finitely generated as  $\pi_0(A)$ -modules, and the result follows.  $\square$

**Lemma 2.7.** *Let  $f: S \rightarrow S'$  be a square-zero extension and  $g: S \rightarrow T$  a nil-isomorphism in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Suppose we are given a pushout diagram*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{f} & S' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ T & \longrightarrow & T' \end{array},$$

*in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Then the induced morphism  $T \rightarrow T'$  is a square-zero extension.*

*Proof.* Since  $g$  is a nil-isomorphism of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces, Lemma 2.6 implies that the pullback functor  $g^*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(T) \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(S)$  admits a well defined right adjoint

$$g_*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(T).$$

Let  $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(S)^{\geq 0}$  and  $d: \mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  be a derivation associated with the morphism  $f: S \rightarrow S'$ . Consider now the natural composite

$$d': \mathbb{L}_T^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow g_*(\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}}) \xrightarrow{g_*(d)} g_*(\mathcal{F}),$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Coh}^+(T)$ . By the universal property of the analytic cotangent complex, we deduce the existence of a square-zero extension

$$T \rightarrow T',$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Let  $X \in \mathrm{dAn}_k$  together with morphisms  $S' \rightarrow X$  and  $T \rightarrow X$  compatible with both  $f$  and  $g$ . By the universal property of the relative analytic cotangent complex, the morphism  $S' \rightarrow X$  induces a uniquely defined (up to a contractible indeterminacy space)

$$\mathbb{L}_{S'/X}^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F},$$

in  $\mathrm{Coh}^+(S)$ , such that the compositive  $\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{S'/X}^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  agrees with  $d$ . By applying the right adjoint  $g_*$  above we obtain a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathbb{L}_T^{\mathrm{an}} & \xrightarrow{\mathrm{can}} & \mathbb{L}_{T/X}^{\mathrm{an}} & & \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & \searrow d'' & \\ g_*(\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}}) & \longrightarrow & g_*(\mathbb{L}_{S'/X}^{\mathrm{an}}) & \longrightarrow & g_*(\mathcal{F}), \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Coh}^+(T)$ . From this, we conclude again by the universal property of the relative analytic cotangent complex the existence of a natural morphism  $T' \rightarrow X$  extending both  $T \rightarrow X$  and  $S' \rightarrow X$  and compatible with the restriction to  $S$ . The latter assertion is equivalent to state that the commutative square

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \longrightarrow & S' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ T & \longrightarrow & T', \end{array}$$

is a pushout diagram in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . The proof is thus concluded.  $\square$

**Proposition 2.8.** *Let  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  be a nil-embedding of derived  $k$ -analytic spaces. Let  $g: X \rightarrow Z$  be a finite morphism in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . The diagram*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ \downarrow g & & \\ Z & & \end{array}$$

*admits a colimit in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ , denoted  $Z'$ . Moreover, the natural morphism  $Z \rightarrow Z'$  is also a nil-embedding.*

*Proof.* The  $\infty$ -category of  $\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{an}}(k)$ -structured  $\infty$ -topos  ${}^{\mathrm{R}}\mathcal{T}\mathrm{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{an}}(k))$  is a presentable  $\infty$ -category. Consider the pushout diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X & \xrightarrow{f} & Y \\ \downarrow g & & \\ Z & \longrightarrow & Z', \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  ${}^{\mathrm{R}}\mathcal{T}\mathrm{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{an}}(k))$ . By construction, the underlying  $\infty$ -topos of  $Z'$  can be computed as the pushout in the  $\infty$ -category  ${}^{\mathrm{R}}\mathcal{T}\mathrm{op}$  of the induced diagram on the underlying  $\infty$ -topoi of  $X$ ,  $Z$  and  $Y$ . Moreover, since  $g$  is a nil-isomorphism it induces an equivalence on underlying  $\infty$ -topoi of both  $X$  and  $Y$ . It follows that the induced morphism  $Z \rightarrow Z'$  in  ${}^{\mathrm{R}}\mathcal{T}\mathrm{op}(\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{an}}(k))$  induces an equivalence on the underlying  $\infty$ -topoi. Moreover, it follows essentially by construction that we have a natural equivalence

$$\mathcal{O}_{Z'} \simeq g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y) \times_{g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y)} \mathcal{O}_Z \in \mathrm{Str}_{\mathcal{T}_{\mathrm{an}}(k)} \mathrm{loc}(Z).$$

As effective epimorphisms are preserved under fiber products in an  $\infty$ -topos, it follows that the natural morphism

$$\mathcal{O}_{Z'} \rightarrow \mathcal{O}_Z,$$

is an effective epimorphism (since  $g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y) \rightarrow g_*(\mathcal{O}_X)$  it is so). Consider now the commutative diagram of fiber sequences

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathcal{J}' & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_{Z'} & \longrightarrow & \mathcal{O}_Z \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ \mathcal{J} & \longrightarrow & g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y) & \longrightarrow & g_*(\mathcal{O}_X), \end{array}$$

in the stable  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Mod}_{\mathcal{O}_Z}$ . Since the right commutative square is a pullback square it follows that the morphism

$$\mathcal{J}' \rightarrow \mathcal{J},$$

is an equivalence. In particular,  $\pi_0(\mathcal{J}')$  is a finitely generated nilpotent ideal of  $\pi_0(\mathcal{O}_{\mathcal{J}'}^{\mathrm{alg}})$ . Indeed, finitely generation follows from our assumption that  $g$  is a finite morphism. Thanks to Lemma 1.6, it follows that  $t_0(Z')$  is an ordinary  $k$ -analytic space and the morphism  $t_0(Z') \rightarrow t_0(Z)$  is a nil-embedding. We are thus reduced to show that for every  $i > 0$ , the homotopy sheaf  $\pi_i(\mathcal{O}_{Z'}) \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(t_0(Z'))$ . But this follows immediately from the existence of a fiber sequence

$$\mathcal{O}_{Z'} \rightarrow g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y) \oplus \mathcal{O}_Z \rightarrow g_*(\mathcal{O}_X),$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Mod}_{\mathcal{O}_{Z'}}$  together with the fact that  $g_*(\mathcal{O}_Y)$  and  $g_*(\mathcal{O}_Z)$  have coherent homotopy sheaves, by our assumption that  $g$  is a finite morphism combined with Lemma 2.2.  $\square$

**Definition 2.9.** An *analytic formal moduli problem under  $X$*  corresponds to the datum of a functor

$$F: (\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/})^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S},$$

satisfying the following two conditions:

- (1)  $F(X) \simeq *$  in  $\mathcal{S}$ ;
- (2)  $F \simeq \mathbf{res}_!^{<\infty} \circ F$ , where  $\mathbf{res}_!^{<\infty}$  denotes the right Kan extension along the natural inclusion
- (3) Given any pushout diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{f} & S' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ T & \longrightarrow & T', \end{array}$$

in  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/}$  for which  $f$  has the structure of a square zero extension, the induced morphism

$$F(T') \rightarrow F(T) \times_{F(S)} F(S),$$

is an equivalence in  $\mathcal{S}$ .

We shall denote by  $\mathrm{AnFMP}_{X/}$  the full subcategory of  $\mathrm{Fun}((\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/})^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathcal{S})$  spanned by analytic formal moduli problems under  $X$ .

*Construction 2.10.* We have a composite diagram

$$h: \mathrm{AnNil}_{X/} \rightarrow \mathrm{dAn}_k \hookrightarrow \mathrm{AnPreStk}.$$

Therefore, given any analytic pre-stack regarded as a limit-preserving functor  $F: \mathrm{AnPreStk}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$ , one can consider its restriction to the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/}$ :

$$F \circ h: \mathrm{AnNil}_{X/}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}.$$



We have thus a natural restriction functor

$$h_*: \text{AnPreStk} \rightarrow \text{Fun}(\text{AnNil}_{X/}^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{S}).$$

**Example 2.11.** Let  $X \in \text{dAn}_k$ . As in the algebraic case, we can consider the *de Rham pre-stack associated to*  $X$ ,  $X_{\text{dR}}: \text{dAfd}_k^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S}$ , determined by the formula

$$X_{\text{dR}}(Z) := X(Z_{\text{red}}), \quad Z \in \text{dAfd}_k.$$

We have a natural morphism  $X \rightarrow X_{\text{dR}}$  induced from the natural morphism  $Z_{\text{red}} \rightarrow Z$ . We claim that  $h_*(X_{\text{dR}}) \in \text{Fun}(\text{AnNil}_{X/}^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{S})$  belongs to the full subcategory  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ . Indeed, in this case it is clear that  $h_*(X_{\text{red}})$  is the final object in  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$  which clearly satisfies conditions i) and ii) in Definition 2.9.

**Notation 2.12.** We set  $\text{AnNil}_{X/}^{\text{cl}} \subseteq \text{AnNil}_{X/}$  to be the full subcategory spanned by those objects corresponding to nil-embeddings of the form

$$X \rightarrow S,$$

in  $\text{dAn}_k$ .

**Proposition 2.13.** *Let  $Y \in \text{AnNil}_{X/}$ . The following assertions hold:*

(1) *Then the inclusion functor*

$$\text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}} \hookrightarrow \text{AnNil}_{X//Y},$$

*is cofinal.*

(2) *The natural morphism*

$$\text{colim}_{Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}} Z \rightarrow Y,$$

*is an equivalence in  $\text{Fun}((\text{AnNil}_{X//Y})^{\text{op}}, \mathcal{S})$ .*

(3) *The  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}$  is filtered.*

*Proof.* We start by proving claim (i). Consider the usual restriction along the natural morphism  $X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow X$  functor

$$\mathbf{res}: \text{AnNil}_{X/} \rightarrow \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/}.$$

Such functor admits a well defined left adjoint

$$\mathbf{push}: \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/} \rightarrow \text{AnNil}_{X/},$$

which is determined by the formula

$$(X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T) \in \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/} \mapsto (X \rightarrow T') \in \text{AnNil}_{X/},$$

where we set

$$T' := X \bigsqcup_{X_{\text{red}}} T \in \text{AnNil}_{X/}. \quad (2.3)$$

We claim that  $T' \in \text{AnNil}_{X/}$  belongs to the full subcategory  $\text{AnNil}_{X/}^{\text{cl}} \subseteq \text{AnNil}_{X/}$ . Indeed, since the structural morphism  $X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T$ , is necessarily a nil-embedding we deduce that the claim follows readily from Proposition 2.8. We shall denote

$$\mathbf{res}_!(Y): \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/}^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \mathcal{S},$$

the left Kan extension of  $Y$  along the functor  $\mathbf{res}$  above. By the colimit formula for left Kan extensions, c.f. [6, Lemma 4.3.2.13], it follows that  $\mathbf{res}_!(Y)$  is given by the formula

$$(X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T) \in \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/} \mapsto Y(T') \in \mathcal{S},$$

where  $T'$  is as in (2.3). Let  $g: X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T$  in  $\text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}/}$  and assume that  $g$  factors through the natural morphism  $X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow X$ . Then we have a natural morphism

$$i_{T,*}: Y(T) \rightarrow \mathbf{res}_!(Y)(T),$$

in  $\mathcal{S}$ , which exhibits the former as a retract of the latter. Denote by

$$p_{T,*}: \mathbf{res}_!(Y)(T) \rightarrow Y(T),$$

be a right inverse to  $i_{S,*}$ . Consider the functor

$$\mathbf{res}_Y: \text{AnNil}_{X//Y} \rightarrow \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}//\mathbf{res}_!(Y)},$$

given by the formula

$$(X \rightarrow S \rightarrow Y) \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y} \mapsto (X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow S \xrightarrow{f} \mathbf{res}_!(Y)),$$

where  $f: S \rightarrow \mathbf{res}_!(Y)$  corresponds to the morphism

$$S_X \xrightarrow{p_S} S \rightarrow Y,$$

where  $S_X := X \sqcup_{X_{\text{red}}} S$ . We claim that the functor  $\mathbf{res}_Y$  is a right adjoint to the functor

$$\mathbf{push}_Y: \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}//\mathbf{res}_!(Y)} \rightarrow \text{AnNil}_{X//Y},$$

the latter given by the formula

$$(X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T \rightarrow \mathbf{res}_!(Y)) \in \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}//\mathbf{res}_!(Y)} \mapsto (X \rightarrow T_X \rightarrow Y) \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}.$$

Indeed, the datum of a morphism

$$(X_{\text{red}} \rightarrow T \rightarrow \mathbf{res}_!(Y)) \rightarrow \mathbf{res}_Y(X \rightarrow S \rightarrow Y),$$

in  $\text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}//\mathbf{res}_!(Y)}$  corresponds to the datum of a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} X_{\text{red}} & \longrightarrow & T & \longrightarrow & \mathbf{res}_!(Y) \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow & & \downarrow = \\ X_{\text{red}} & \longrightarrow & S & \longrightarrow & \mathbf{res}_!(Y), \end{array}$$

where the right bottom morphism corresponds to the composite  $S_X \rightarrow S \rightarrow Y$ . For this reason, the given datum is equivalent to a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc} X_{\text{red}} & \longrightarrow & T & \longrightarrow & T_X & \longrightarrow & Y \\ \downarrow & & & & \downarrow & \searrow & \searrow = \\ X_{\text{red}} & \longrightarrow & S & \longrightarrow & S_X & \longrightarrow & S \longrightarrow Y, \end{array}$$

which on the other hand is equivalent to the datum of a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} X & \longrightarrow & T_X & \longrightarrow & Y \\ \downarrow = & & \downarrow & & \downarrow = \\ X & \longrightarrow & S & \longrightarrow & Y \end{array}$$

The previous observations combined together then imply that we have a well defined adjunction

$$\mathbf{res}: \text{AnNil}_{X//Y} \rightleftarrows \text{AnNil}_{X_{\text{red}}//\mathbf{res}_!(Y)}: \mathbf{push}.$$

We thus conclude that  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y} \rightarrow \mathrm{AnNil}_{X_{\mathrm{red}}//\mathrm{res}_!(Y)}$  is a cofinal functor (as it admits a left adjoint). Claim (i) now follows immediately from the observation that the functor

$$\mathrm{push}: \mathrm{AnNil}_{X_{\mathrm{red}}//\mathrm{res}_!(Y)} \rightarrow \mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y},$$

factors through the natural inclusion  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}} \rightarrow \mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}$ . Claim (ii) follows immediately from (i) combined with Yoneda Lemma. To prove (iii) we shall make use of [6, Lemma 5.3.1.12]. Let

$$F: \partial\Delta^n \rightarrow \mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}.$$

For each  $[m] \in \Delta^n$ , denote by  $S_m := F([m])$  in  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}$ . We then have that the pushout

$$S_n \bigsqcup_X S_{n-1},$$

exists in  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}$ . We wish to show that  $S_n \bigsqcup_X S_{n-1}$  admits a morphism

$$S_n \bigsqcup_X S_{n-1} \rightarrow Y,$$

compatible with the diagram  $F$ . In order to show this, we can filter the diagram  $F$  by diagrams  $F_i \rightarrow F$  such that  $X \rightarrow F_0$  is formed by square-zero extensions and so are each  $F_i \rightarrow F_{i+1}$ . Moreover, by the fact that  $Y$  satisfies condition (ii) in Definition 2.9 it follows that we can find a well defined morphism

$$S_n \bigsqcup_X S_{n-1} \rightarrow Y,$$

which is compatible with  $F$ , as desired.  $\square$

*Construction 2.14.* Let  $X \in \mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Consider the natural functor

$$F: \mathrm{AnNil}_{X/}^{\mathrm{op}} \rightarrow \mathrm{dAn}_k^{\mathrm{op}}.$$

Left Kan extension along  $F$  induces a functor

$$F_!: \mathrm{Fun}(\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/}^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathcal{S}) \rightarrow \mathrm{Fun}(\mathrm{dAn}_k^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathcal{S}),$$

and thus an induced functor

$$F_!: \mathrm{AnFMP}_{X/} \rightarrow \mathrm{Fun}(\mathrm{dAn}_k^{\mathrm{op}}, \mathcal{S}),$$

as well. We denote the latter  $\infty$ -category by  $\mathrm{AnPreStk}_k$ , the  $\infty$ -category of  $k$ -analytic pre-stacks. Proposition 2.13 implies that the functor  $F_!$  preserves filtered colimits. In particular, if we regard  $Y$  as a  $k$ -analytic prestack can be presented as an *ind-inf*-object in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ , i.e., it can be written as a filtered colimit of nil-embeddings  $X \rightarrow Z$ . We refer the reader to [4] for a precise meaning of the latter notion in the algebraic setting.

**Definition 2.15.** Let  $Y \in \mathrm{AnFMP}_{X/}$  denote an analytic formal moduli problem under  $X$ . The *relative pro-analytic cotangent complex of  $Y$  under  $X$*  is defined as the pro-object

$$\mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\mathrm{an}} := \{\mathbb{L}_{X/Z}^{\mathrm{an}}\}_{Z \in \mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}} \in \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)),$$

where, for each  $Z \in \mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}$

$$\mathbb{L}_{X/Z}^{\mathrm{an}} \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(X),$$

denotes the usual analytic cotangent complex associated to the structural morphism  $X \rightarrow Z$  in  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\mathrm{cl}}$ .

*Remark 2.16.* Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ . Let  $Z \in \text{dAn}_k$ , there exists a natural morphism

$$\mathbb{L}_X^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X/Z}^{\text{an}},$$

in  $\text{Coh}^+(X)$ . Passing to the limit over  $Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}$ , we obtain a natural map

$$\mathbb{L}_X^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\text{an}},$$

in  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))$ , as well.

The following result provides justifies our choice of terminology for the object  $\mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\text{an}} \in \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))$ :

**Lemma 2.17.** *Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ . Let  $X \hookrightarrow S$  be a square zero extension associated to an analytic derivation*

$$d: \mathbb{L}_S^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F},$$

*where  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(X)^{\geq 0}$ . Then there exists a natural morphism*

$$\text{Map}_{\text{AnFMP}_{X/}}(S, Y) \rightarrow \text{Map}_{\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))}(\mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F}) \times_{\text{Map}_{\text{Coh}^+(X)}(\mathbb{L}^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F})} \{d\}$$

*which is furthermore an equivalence in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathcal{S}$ .*

*Proof.* Thanks to Proposition 2.13 we can identify the space of liftings of the map  $X \rightarrow Y$  along  $X \rightarrow S$  with the mapping space

$$\text{Map}_{\text{AnFMP}_{X/}}(S, Y) \simeq \text{colim}_{Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}} \text{Map}_{\text{AnNil}_{X/}}(S, Z).$$

Fix  $Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}$ . Then we have a natural identification of mapping spaces

$$\text{Map}_{\text{AnNil}_{X/}}(S, Z) \simeq \text{Map}_{(\text{dAn}_k)_{X/}}(S, Z) \tag{2.4}$$

$$\simeq \text{Map}_{\text{Coh}^+(X)}(\mathbb{L}_{X/Z}^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F}) \times_{\text{Map}_{\text{Coh}^+(X)}(\mathbb{L}_X^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F})} \{d\}, \tag{2.5}$$

see [7, §5.4] for a justification of the latter assertion. Passing to the colimit over  $Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}$ , we conclude that

$$\text{Map}_{\text{AnFMP}_{X/}}(S, Y) \simeq \text{Map}_{\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))}(\mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F}) \times_{\text{Map}_{\text{Coh}^+(X)}(\mathbb{L}^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F})} \{d\},$$

as desired.  $\square$

*Construction 2.18.* Let  $f: Y \rightarrow Z$  denote a morphism in  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ . Then, for every  $S \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}$  the induced morphism

$$S \rightarrow Z,$$

in  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$  factors through some  $S' \in \text{AnNil}_{X/Z}^{\text{cl}}$ . For this reason, we obtain a natural morphism

$$\mathbb{L}_{X/S'}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X/S}^{\text{an}},$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Coh}^+(X)$ . Passing to the limit over  $S \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}$  we obtain a canonically defined morphism

$$\theta(f): \mathbb{L}_{X/Z}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\text{an}},$$

in  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))$ .

**Proposition 2.19.** *Let  $f: Y \rightarrow Z$  be a morphism in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ . Suppose that  $f$  induces an equivalence of relative pro-analytic cotangent complexes via Construction 2.18. Then  $f$  is itself an equivalence of analytic formal moduli problems under  $X$ .*

*Proof.* Thanks to Proposition 2.13 we are reduced to show that given any

$$S \in \mathrm{AnNil}_{X/Z}^{\mathrm{cl}},$$

the structural morphism  $g_S: X \rightarrow S$  admits a unique extension  $S \rightarrow Y$  which factors the structural morphism  $X \rightarrow Y$ . Thanks to Proposition 2.4 we can reduce ourselves to the case where  $X \rightarrow S$  has the structure of a square zero extension. In this case, the result follows from Lemma 2.17 combined with our hypothesis.  $\square$

**Definition 2.20.** Let  $Y \in \mathrm{AnPreStk}$ , we shall say that  $Y$  is *infinitesimally cartesian* if it satisfies [7, Definition 7.3].

**Proposition 2.21.** Let  $Y \in \mathrm{AnPreStk}_{X/Z}^{\leq \infty}$ . Assume further that  $Y$  is infinitesimally cartesian and it admits a relative pro-cotangent complex,  $\mathbb{L}_{X/Y}^{\mathrm{an}} \in \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))$ . Then  $Y$  is equivalent to an analytic formal moduli problem under  $X$ .

*Proof.* We must prove that given a pushout diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \xrightarrow{f} & S' \\ \downarrow g & & \downarrow \\ T & \longrightarrow & T' \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{AnNil}_{X/Z}$ , where  $f$  has the structure of a square-zero extension, then the natural morphism

$$Y(T') \rightarrow Y(T) \times_{Y(S)} Y(S'),$$

is an equivalence in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathcal{S}$ . Suppose further that  $S \hookrightarrow S'$  is associated to some derivation  $d: \mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}$  for some  $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(S)^{\geq 0}$ . Thanks to Lemma 2.7 we deduce that the induced morphism  $T \rightarrow T'$  admits a structure of a square-zero extension. Then, by our assumptions of  $Y$  being infinitesimally cartesian and admitting a relative pro-cotangent complex, we have a chain of natural equivalences of the form.

$$\begin{aligned} Y(T') &\simeq \bigsqcup_{f: T \rightarrow Y} \mathrm{Map}_{T/Y}(T', Y) \\ &\simeq \bigsqcup_{f: T \rightarrow Y} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(T))_{\mathbb{L}_Z^{\mathrm{an}}/}}(\mathbb{L}_{T/Y}^{\mathrm{an}}, g_*(\mathcal{F})) \\ &\simeq \bigsqcup_{f: T \rightarrow Y} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S))_{g^*\mathbb{L}_T^{\mathrm{an}}/}}(g^*\mathbb{L}_{T/Y}^{\mathrm{an}}, \mathcal{F}) \\ &\simeq \bigsqcup_{f: T \rightarrow Y} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S))_{\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}}/}}(\mathbb{L}_{S,Y}^{\mathrm{an}}, \mathcal{F}) \\ &\simeq \bigsqcup_{f: T \rightarrow Y} \mathrm{Map}_{S/Y}(S', Y) \\ &\simeq Y(T) \times_{Y(S)} Y(S'), \end{aligned}$$

where the third equivalence follows from the existence of a commutative diagram between fiber sequences

$$\begin{array}{ccccc} g^*f^*\mathbb{L}_Y^{\mathrm{an}} & \longrightarrow & g^*\mathbb{L}_T^{\mathrm{an}} & \longrightarrow & g^*\mathbb{L}_{T/Y}^{\mathrm{an}} \\ \downarrow = & & \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ (f \circ g)^*\mathbb{L}_Y^{\mathrm{an}} & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}} & \longrightarrow & \mathbb{L}_{S/Y}^{\mathrm{an}}, \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S))$  combined with the fact that the derivation  $d_T: \mathbb{L}_T^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow g_*(\mathcal{F})$  is induced from

$$d: \mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F},$$

as in the proof of Lemma 2.7. The result now follows.  $\square$

**2.2. Analytic formal moduli problems over a base.** Let  $X \in \mathbf{dAn}_k$  denote a derived  $k$ -analytic space. In [9, Definition 6.11] the authors introduced the  $\infty$ -category of *analytic formal moduli problems over  $X$* , which we shall denote by  $\mathbf{AnFMP}_{/X}$ .

**Notation 2.22.** Let  $X \in \mathbf{dAn}_k$ . We shall denote by  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}$  the full subcategory of  $(\mathbf{dAn}_k)_{/X}$  spanned by nil-isomorphisms

$$Z \rightarrow X.$$

**Definition 2.23.** We shall denote by  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}^{\mathrm{cl}} \subseteq \mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}$  the faithful subcategory in which we only allow morphisms

$$S \rightarrow S'$$

in  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}$  which are closed nil-isomorphisms.

We start with the analogue of Proposition 2.13 in the setting of analytic formal moduli problems over  $X$ :

**Proposition 2.24.** *Let  $Y \in \mathbf{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . The following assertions hold:*

(1) *The inclusion functor*

$$(\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}^{\mathrm{cl}})_{/Y} \rightarrow (\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X})_{/Y},$$

*is cofinal.*

(2) *The natural morphism*

$$\mathrm{colim}_{Z \in (\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}^{\mathrm{cl}})_{/Y}} Z \rightarrow Y,$$

*is an equivalence in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathbf{AnFMP}_{/X}$ .*

(3) *The  $\infty$ -category  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}^{\mathrm{cl}}$  is filtered.*

*Proof.* We first prove assertion (i). Let  $S \rightarrow Z$  be a morphism in  $(\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}^{\mathrm{cl}})_{/Y}$ . Consider the pushout diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S_{\mathrm{red}} & \longrightarrow & S \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Z & \longrightarrow & Z', \end{array} \tag{2.6}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}$  whose existence is guaranteed by Proposition 2.8. Since the upper horizontal morphism in (2.6) is a closed nil-isomorphism, we can reduce ourselves to the case where the latter is an actual square-zero extension. Indeed, the latter assertion follows by arguing by induction combined with Proposition 2.4. Since  $Y$  is assumed to be an analytic formal moduli problem over  $X$  we then deduce that the canonical morphism

$$\begin{aligned} Y(Z') &\rightarrow Y(Z) \times_{Y(S_{\mathrm{red}})} Y(S) \\ &\simeq Y(Z) \times Y(S), \end{aligned}$$

is an equivalence (we implicitly used above the fact that  $S_{\mathrm{red}} \simeq X_{\mathrm{red}}$ ). As a consequence the object  $(Z' \rightarrow X)$  in  $\mathbf{AnNil}_{/X}$  admits an induced morphism  $Z' \rightarrow Y$  making the required diagram commute. Thanks Proposition 2.8 we deduce that both  $S \rightarrow Z'$  and  $Z \rightarrow Z'$  are closed nil-isomorphisms. Therefore, we can factor the diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} S & \longrightarrow & Z \\ & \searrow & \swarrow \\ & Y & \end{array}$$

via a closed nil-isomorphism  $Z \rightarrow Z'$ . We conclude that the inclusion functor  $(\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y} \rightarrow (\text{AnNil}_{/X})_{/Y}$  is cofinal. It is clear that assertion (ii) follows immediately from (i). We now prove (iii). Let

$$\theta: K \rightarrow (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y},$$

be a functor where  $K$  is a finite  $\infty$ -category. We must show that  $\theta$  can be extended to a functor

$$\theta^{\triangleright}: K^{\triangleright} \rightarrow (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y}.$$

Thanks to Proposition 2.4 we are allowed to reduce ourselves to the case where morphisms indexed by  $K$  are square-zero extensions. The result now follows from the fact that  $Y$  being an analytic moduli problem sends finite colimits along square-zero extensions to finite limits.  $\square$

**Lemma 2.25.** *Let  $X \in \text{dAn}_k$ . Given any  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{X/}$ , then for each  $i = 0, 1$  the  $i$ -th projection morphism*

$$p_0: X \times_Y X \rightarrow X,$$

*computed in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}_k$  lies in the essential image of  $\text{AnFMP}_{/X}$  via Construction 2.14.*

(Personal: This lemma might be as well erase, as it is a direct consequence of the previous proposition. We will need nonetheless this result in the construction of  $B_X(Y)$ .)

*Proof.* Consider the pullback diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} X \times_Y X & \xrightarrow{p_1} & X \\ \downarrow p_0 & & \downarrow \\ X & \longrightarrow & Y, \end{array}$$

computed in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$ . Thanks to Proposition 2.13 together with the fact that fiber products commute with filtered colimits in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}_k$ , we deduce that

$$X \times_Y X \simeq \operatorname{colim}_{Z \in \text{AnNil}_{X//Y}^{\text{cl}}} X \times_Z X,$$

in  $\text{AnPreStk}_k$ . It is clear that  $(p_i: X \times_Z X \rightarrow X)$  lies in the essential image of  $\text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ , for  $i = 0, 1$ . Thus also the filtered colimit

$$(p_i: X \times_Y X) \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}, \quad \text{for } i = 0, 1,$$

as desired.  $\square$

Just as in the previous section we deduce that every analytic formal moduli problem over  $X$  admits the structure of an *ind-inf*-object in  $\text{AnPreStk}_k$ :

**Corollary 2.26.** *Let  $Y \in (\text{AnPreStk}_k)_{/X}$ . Then  $Y$  is equivalent to an analytic formal moduli problem over  $X$  if and only if there exists a presentation  $Y \operatorname{colim}_{i \in I} Z_i$ , where  $I$  is a filtered  $\infty$ -category and for every  $i \rightarrow j$  in  $I$ , the induced morphism*

$$Z_i \rightarrow Z_j,$$

*is a closed embedding of derived  $k$ -affinoid spaces that are nil-isomorphic to  $X$ .*

*Proof.* It follows immediately from Proposition 2.24 (ii).  $\square$

**Definition 2.27.** Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . We define the  $\infty$ -category of *coherent modules on  $Y$* , denoted  $\text{Coh}^+(Y)$ , as the limit

$$\text{Coh}^+(Y) := \lim_{Z \in (\text{dAn}_k)_{/Y}} \text{Coh}^+(Z),$$

computed in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Cat}_\infty^{\text{st}}$ . We define the  $\infty$ -category of *pro-coherent modules on  $Y$* , denoted  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y))$ , as

$$\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y)) := \lim_{Z \in (\text{dAn}_k)_{/Y}} \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z)),$$

where the limit is computed in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Cat}_\infty^{\text{st}}$ .

**Definition 2.28.** Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ ,  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$  and let  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(Z)^{\geq 0}$ . Suppose furthermore that we are given a morphism  $f: Z \rightarrow Y$ . We define the *tangent space of  $Y$  at  $f$  twisted by  $\mathcal{F}$*  as the fiber

$$\mathbb{T}_{Y,Z,\mathcal{F},f}^{\text{an}} := \text{fib}_f(Y(Z[\mathcal{F}]) \rightarrow Y(Z)) \in \mathcal{S}.$$

Whenever the morphism  $f$  is clear from the context, we shall drop the subscript  $f$  above and denote the tangent space of  $Y$  at  $f$  simply by  $\mathbb{T}_{Y,Z,\mathcal{F}}^{\text{an}}$ .

*Remark 2.29.* Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . The equivalence of ind-objects

$$Y \simeq \text{colim}_{S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y}} S,$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{dAn}_k$ , implies that, for any  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$ , one has an equivalence of mapping spaces

$$\text{Map}_{\text{AnPreStk}}(Z, Y) \simeq \text{colim}_{S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y}} \text{Map}_{\text{AnPreStk}}(Z, S).$$

For this reason, given any morphism  $f: Z \rightarrow Y$  and any  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(Z)^{\geq 0}$ , we can identify the tangent space  $\mathbb{T}_{Y,Z,\mathcal{F}}^{\text{an}}$  with the filtered colimit of spaces

$$\mathbb{T}_{Y,Z,\mathcal{F}}^{\text{an}} \simeq \text{colim}_{S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{Z//Y}} \text{fib}_f(S(Z[\mathcal{F}]) \rightarrow S(Z)) \quad (2.7)$$

$$\simeq \text{colim}_{S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{Z//Y}} \mathbb{T}_{S,Z,\mathcal{F}}^{\text{an}} \quad (2.8)$$

$$\simeq \text{colim}_{S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{Z//Y}} \text{Map}_{\text{Coh}^+(Z)}(f_{S,Z}^*(\mathbb{L}_S^{\text{an}}), \mathcal{F}), \quad (2.9)$$

where we have denoted by  $f_{S,Z}: Z \rightarrow S$  any morphism, in  $(\text{dAn}_k)_{/X}$ , factoring  $f: Z \rightarrow Y$ . Moreover, the latter equivalence follows readily from [7, Lemma 7.7]. Therefore, we deduce that the analytic formal moduli problem  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$  admits an *absolute pro-cotangent complex* given as

$$\mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}} := \{f_{S,Z}^*(\mathbb{L}_S^{\text{an}})\}_{Z \in (\text{dAn}_k)_{/Y}, S \in (\text{AnNil}_{/X}^{\text{cl}})_{/Y}} \in \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y)).$$

**Corollary 2.30.** *Let  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . Then its absolute cotangent complex  $\mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}}$  classifies analytic deformations on  $Y$ . More precisely, given  $Z \rightarrow Y$  a morphism where  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$  and  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(Z)^{\geq 0}$  one has a natural equivalence of mapping spaces*

$$\mathbb{T}_{Y,Z,\mathcal{F}}^{\text{an}} \simeq \text{Map}_{\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y))}(\mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}}, \mathcal{F}).$$

*Proof.* It follows immediately from the natural equivalences displayed in (2.7) combined with the description of mapping spaces in  $\infty$ -categories of pro-objects.  $\square$

We now introduce the notion of square-zero extensions of analytic formal moduli problems over  $X$ :

*Construction 2.31.* Let  $(f: Y \rightarrow X) \in \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . Let  $d: \mathbb{L}_Y^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1]$  be an *analytic derivation* in  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y))$ , where  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(Y)^{\geq 0}$ , such that

$$\mathcal{F} \simeq f^*(\mathcal{F}'),$$



for some suitable object  $\mathcal{F}' \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(X)^{\geq 0}$ . Thanks to Remark 2.29 one has the following natural equivalences of mapping spaces

$$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y))}(\mathbb{L}_Y^{\mathrm{an}}, \mathcal{F}[1]) &\simeq \lim_{S \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)/Y} \mathrm{colim}_{S' \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)_{S//Y}} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S))}(f_{S,S'}^*(\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}}), g_S^*(\mathcal{F}')[1]) \\ &\simeq \lim_{S \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)/Y} \mathrm{colim}_{S' \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)_{S//Y}} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S))}(\mathbb{L}_S^{\mathrm{an}}, (f_{S,S'})_* g_S^*(\mathcal{F}')[1]), \end{aligned}$$

where  $g_S: S \rightarrow X$  denotes the structural morphism in  $\mathrm{AnNil}/X$  and  $f_{S,S'}: S \rightarrow S'$  a given transition morphism in the  $\infty$ -category  $(\mathrm{AnNil}/X)/Y$ . For this reason, we can form the filtered colimit

$$Y' := \mathrm{colim}_{S \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)/Y} \mathrm{colim}_{S' \in (\mathrm{AnNil}/X)_{S//Y}} \bar{S}' \in \mathrm{AnPreStk}.$$

By construction, one has a natural morphism  $Y \hookrightarrow Y'$  in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{AnPreStk}$ . Moreover, thanks to Proposition 2.21 it follows that  $Y' \in \mathrm{AnFMP}/X$ .

**Definition 2.32.** Let  $Y \in \mathrm{AnFMP}/X$ . Suppose we are given an analytic derivation

$$d: \mathbb{L}_Y^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1],$$

in  $\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y))$  where  $\mathcal{F} \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(Y)^{\geq 0}$  is such that  $\mathcal{F} \simeq f^*(\mathcal{F}')$ , for some  $\mathcal{F}' \in \mathrm{Coh}^+(X)^{\geq 0}$ . We shall say that the induced morphism

$$h: Y \rightarrow Y',$$

defined in Construction 2.31, is a *square-zero extension* of  $Y$  associated to the analytic derivation  $d$ .

**Corollary 2.33.** Let  $Y \in \mathrm{AnFMP}/X$ . Given any square-zero extension  $h: X \hookrightarrow S$  in  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Then the space of cartesian squares

$$\begin{array}{ccc} Y & \xrightarrow{h'} & Y' \\ \downarrow f & & \downarrow g \\ X & \xrightarrow{h} & S, \end{array}$$

such that  $h': Y \rightarrow Y'$  is a square-zero extension and  $g: Y' \rightarrow S$  exhibits the former as an analytic formal moduli problem over  $S$  is naturally equivalent to the space of factorizations

$$f^* \mathbb{L}_X^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_Y^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow f^*(\mathcal{F}')[1],$$

in  $\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y))$ , of the analytic derivation  $d: \mathbb{L}_X^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}'[1]$  associated to the morphism  $h$  above.

*Proof.* By the universal property of ind-objects we reduce the statement to the case where  $Y \in \mathrm{AnNil}/X$  and thus  $Y' \in \mathrm{AnNil}/S$ , in which case the statement follows immediately by the universal property of the cotangent complex. (Todo: Add details in this proof.)  $\square$

**Corollary 2.34.** Let  $f: Z \rightarrow X$  be a morphism in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Suppose we are given analytic formal moduli problems

$$f: Y \rightarrow X \quad \text{and} \quad g: \tilde{Z} \rightarrow Z$$

together with a commutative diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{Z} & \xrightarrow{s} & Y \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Z & \xrightarrow{f} & X, \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{AnPreStk}$ . Let  $d: \mathbb{L}_Z^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1]$  be an analytic derivation corresponding to a square-zero extension morphism  $Z \rightarrow Z'$  in the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{dAn}_k$ . Denote by  $\tilde{d}: \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}}^{\mathrm{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1]$  the induced analytic derivation

as in Construction 2.31 and let  $h: \tilde{Z} \hookrightarrow \tilde{Z}'$  the induced square-zero extension in  $\text{AnPreStk}$  such that we have a cartesian diagram

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{Z} & \longrightarrow & \tilde{Z}' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Z & \longrightarrow & Z' \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$ . Then the space of factorizations

$$s: \tilde{Z} \rightarrow \tilde{Z}' \rightarrow Y,$$

is naturally equivalent to the space of factorizations

$$\tilde{d}: \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}/Y}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1],$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}))$ .

*Proof.* The statement holds true in the case where  $\tilde{Z} \in \text{AnNil}/_Z$  and  $Y \in \text{AnNil}/_X$ , by the universal property of the relative cotangent complex. The general case is reduced to the previous one by a standard argument with ind-objects in  $\text{AnPreStk}$ .  $\square$

**2.3. Non-archimedean nil-descent for almost perfect complexes.** In this §, we prove that the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Coh}^+(X)$ , for  $X \in \text{dAn}_k$  satisfies nil-descent with respect to morphisms  $Y \rightarrow X$ , which exhibit the former as an analytic formal moduli problem over  $X$ .

**Proposition 2.35.** *Let  $f: Y \rightarrow X$ , where  $X \in \text{dAn}_k$  and  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}/_X$ . Consider the Čech nerve  $Y^\bullet: \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{AnPreStk}$  associated to  $f$ . Then the natural functor*

$$f_\bullet^*: \text{Coh}^+(X) \rightarrow \text{Tot}(\text{Coh}^+(Y^\bullet)),$$

*is an equivalence of  $\infty$ -categories.*

*Proof.* Consider the natural equivalence of  $k$ -analytic prestacks

$$Y \simeq \text{colim}_{Z \in (\text{AnNil}^{\text{cl}}/_X)/_Y} Z.$$

Then, by definition one has a natural equivalence

$$\text{Coh}^+(Y) \simeq \lim_{Z \in (\text{AnNil}^{\text{cl}}/_X)/_Y} \text{Coh}^+(Z),$$

of  $\infty$ -categories. In particular, since totalizations commute with cofiltered limits in  $\text{Cat}_\infty$ , it follows that we can suppose from the beginning that  $Y \simeq Z$  for some  $Z \in \text{AnNil}/_X$ . In this case, the morphism  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  is affine. In particular, the fact that  $\text{Coh}^+(-)$  satisfies Zariski descent combined with Lemma 1.10 we further reduce ourselves to the case where we might assume both  $X$  and  $Y$  to be both equivalent to derived  $k$ -affinoid spaces. In this case, by Tate acyclicity theorem it follows that letting  $A := \Gamma(X, \mathcal{O}_X^{\text{alg}})$  and  $B := \Gamma(Y, \mathcal{O}_Y^{\text{alg}})$  the pullback functor  $f^*$  can be identified with the base change functor

$$\text{Coh}^+(A) \rightarrow \text{Coh}^+(B).$$

In this case, it follows that  $B$  is nil-isomorphic to  $A$ . Moreover, since the latter are derived noetherian rings the statement of the proposition follows due to [5, Theorem 3.3.1].  $\square$

**Corollary 2.36.** *Let  $X \in \mathbf{dAn}_k$  and  $f: Y \rightarrow X$  a morphism in  $\mathbf{AnPreStk}$  which exhibits  $Y$  as an analytic formal moduli problem over  $X$ . Then the natural functor*

$$f_{\bullet}^*: \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)) \rightarrow \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))),$$

*is fully faithful, where  $Y^{\bullet}$  denotes the Čech nerve of the morphism  $f$ . Moreover, the essential image of the functor  $f_{\bullet}^*$  identifies canonically with the full subcategory*

$$\mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))) \subseteq \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))),$$

*spanned by those  $\{\mathcal{F}_{i,[n]}\}_{i \in I_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}}$  such that for every  $[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}$ , the  $\infty$ -categories  $I_{[n]} = I$ , for some fixed filtered  $\infty$ -category  $I$ .*

*Proof.* By the very definition of the  $\infty$ -category  $\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y))$ , we reduce ourselves as in Proposition 2.35 to the case where  $Y = S$ , for some  $S \in \mathbf{AnNil}_X$ . In this case, it follows readily from Proposition 2.35 that the natural functor

$$f_{\bullet}^*: \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)) \rightarrow \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))),$$

is fully faithful. We now proceed to prove the second claim of the corollary. Notice that, Lemma 2.6 implies that there exists a well defined right adjoint

$$f_*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(S) \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(X),$$

to the usual pullback functor  $f^*: \mathrm{Coh}^+(X) \rightarrow \mathrm{Coh}^+(S)$ . We can extend the right adjoint  $f_*$  to a well defined functor

$$f_*: \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(S)) \rightarrow \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)),$$

which commutes with cofiltered limits. For this reason, we have a well defined functor

$$\lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} f_{\bullet,*}: \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))) \rightarrow \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)),$$

which further commutes with cofiltered limits. We claim that  $\lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} f_{\bullet,*}$  is a right adjoint to  $f_{\bullet}^*$  above. Indeed, given any  $\{\mathcal{F}_i\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}} \in \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))$  and  $\{\mathcal{G}_{j,[n]}\}_{j \in J_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \in \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X)))$ , we compute

$$\begin{aligned} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X)))}(f_{\bullet}^*(\{\mathcal{F}_i\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}}), \{\mathcal{G}_{j,[n]}\}_{j \in J_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}}) &\simeq \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{[n]}))}(\{f_{[n]}^{\bullet}(\mathcal{F}_i)\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}}, \{\mathcal{G}_{i,[n]}\}_{i \in I_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}}) \\ &\simeq \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \lim_{j \in J_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}} \mathrm{colim}_{i \in I} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{[n]})}(f_{[n]}^{\bullet}(\mathcal{F}_i), \mathcal{G}_{i,[n]}) \simeq \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \lim_{j \in J_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}} \mathrm{colim}_{i \in I} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)}(\mathcal{F}_i, f_{[n],*}(\mathcal{G}_{i,[n]})) \\ &\simeq \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))}(\{\mathcal{F}_i\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}}, \{f_{[n],*}(\mathcal{G}_{i,[n]})\}_{i \in I_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}}) \simeq \mathrm{Map}_{\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))}(\{\mathcal{F}_i\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}}, \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} \{f_{[n],*}(\mathcal{G}_{i,[n]})\}_{i \in I_{[n]}^{\mathrm{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}}), \end{aligned}$$

as desired. It is clear that the functor  $f_{\bullet}^*$  above factors through the full subcategory

$$\mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))) \subseteq \mathrm{Tot}(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))).$$

For this reason, the pair  $(f_{\bullet}^*, \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} f_{\bullet,*})$  restricts to a well defined adjunction

$$f_{\bullet}^*: \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)) \rightleftarrows \mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))) : \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} f_{\bullet,*}.$$

In order to conclude, we will show that the functor

$$\lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\mathrm{op}}} f_{\bullet,*}: \mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))) \rightarrow \mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X)),$$

is conservative. Since both the  $\infty$ -categories  $\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(X))$  and  $\mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X)))$  are stable, we are reduced to prove that given any

$$\{\mathcal{G}_{i,[n]}\}_{i \in I^{\mathrm{op}}} \in \mathrm{Tot}'(\mathrm{Pro}(\mathrm{Coh}^+(Y^{\bullet}/X))),$$

such that

$$\lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}} f_{\bullet, *}(\{\mathcal{G}_{i, [n]}\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}}) \simeq 0, \quad (2.10)$$

we necessarily have

$$\{\mathcal{G}_{i, [n]}\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}} \simeq 0,$$

in  $\text{Tot}'(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Y^\bullet/X)))$ . Assume then (2.10). Since the object  $\{\mathcal{G}_{i, [n]}\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}, [n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}}$  has fixed cofiltered  $\infty$ -category  $I^{\text{op}}$  at the pro-level, we have an equivalence

$$\begin{aligned} \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}} \{\mathcal{G}_{i, [n]}\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}} &\simeq \left\{ \lim_{[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}} \mathcal{G}_{i, [n]} \right\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}} \\ &\simeq \{\mathcal{G}_i\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}}, \end{aligned}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))$ , where the  $\mathcal{G}_i \in \text{Coh}^+(X)$ , for each  $i \in I$ , satisfying

$$f_{[n]}^*(\mathcal{G}_i) \simeq \mathcal{G}_{i, [n]} \in \text{Coh}^+(Y^{[n]}),$$

thanks to Proposition 2.35. For this reason, we conclude that

$$f_{\bullet}^*(\{\mathcal{G}_i\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}}) \simeq \{\mathcal{G}_{i, [n]}\}_{i \in I^{\text{op}}, [n]} \simeq 0,$$

as desired.  $\square$

We now use the *pseudo-nil-descent* for  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(X))$  (**Todo: define what this means**), to compute relative cotangent complexes of analytic formal moduli problems over  $X$ :

**Corollary 2.37.** *Let  $f: Z \rightarrow X$  be a morphism in  $\text{dAn}_k$ . Suppose we are given a pullback square*

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{Z} & \xrightarrow{h} & Y \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Z & \longrightarrow & X, \end{array}$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$ , where  $(Y \rightarrow X) \in \text{AnFMP}/_X$  and  $(g: \tilde{Z} \rightarrow Z) \in \text{AnFMP}/_Z$ . Then the lax-limit object

$$\{\mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}[n]/Y[n]}^{\text{an}}\} \in \text{Tot}^{\text{lax}}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}^\bullet/Z))),$$

defines an actual cartesian section

$$\{\mathbb{L}_{(\tilde{Z})[n]/Y[n]}^{\text{an}}\} \in \text{Tot}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+((\tilde{Z})^\bullet/Z))),$$

which furthermore belongs to the essential image of the natural functor

$$g_{\bullet}^*: \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z)) \rightarrow \text{Tot}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}^\bullet/Z)))$$

*Proof.* We first show that the  $\{\mathbb{L}_{(\tilde{Z})[n]/Y[n]}^{\text{an}}\} \in \text{Tot}^{\text{lax}}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+((\tilde{Z})^\bullet/Z)))$  defines a cartesian section in the totalizations

$$\text{Tot}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+((\tilde{Z})^\bullet/Z))).$$

In order to show this assertion, it is sufficient to prove for every  $[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}$  we have a natural equivalence

$$h^*(\mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}[n]/Y[n]}^{\text{an}}) \simeq \mathbb{L}_{(\tilde{Z})[n+1]/Y[n+1]}^{\text{an}},$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+((\tilde{Z})^{[n+1]}))$ . The latter claim is an immediate consequence of the base change property for the analytic cotangent complex in the case where  $Y \in \text{AnNil}/_X$  (and thus so do  $\tilde{Z} \in \text{AnNil}/_Z$ ), which follows readily from [7, Proposition 5.12]. In the general case where  $Y \in \text{AnFMP}/_X$ , we reduce to the

case where  $Y \in \text{AnNil}/_X$  by combining Proposition 2.24 with the observation that filtered colimits commute with finite limits in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$ .

We now prove the second assertion. Thanks to characterization of the essential image of natural functor

$$g_{\bullet}^*: \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z)) \rightarrow \text{Tot}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}^{\bullet}/Z))),$$

provided in Corollary 2.36, we are reduced to show that for each  $[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}$ , we have a natural equivalence of pro-objects

$$\mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}^{[n]}/Y^{[n]}}^{\text{an}} \simeq \{\mathbb{L}_{\tilde{S}^{[n]}/S^{[n]}}^{\text{an}}\}_{\tilde{S} \in (\text{AnNil}/_Z)_{/\tilde{Z}}, S \in (\text{AnNil}/_X)_{/Y}}.$$

The latter statement follows readily from the first part of the proof by a direct inductive argument.  $\square$

**2.4. Non-archimedean formal groupoids.** Let  $X \in \text{dAn}_k$ . We start with the definition of the notion of *analytic formal groupoids over  $X$* :

**Definition 2.38.** We denote by  $\text{AnFGrpd}(X)$  the full subcategory of the  $\infty$ -category of simplicial objects

$$\text{Fun}(\Delta^{\text{op}}, \text{AnFMP}_{/X}),$$

spanned by those objects  $F: \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{AnFMP}_{/X}$  satisfying the following requirements:

- (1)  $F([0]) \simeq X$  ;
- (2) For each  $n \geq 1$ , the morphism

$$F([n]) \rightarrow F([1]) \times_{F([0])} \cdots \times_{F([0])} F([1]),$$

induced by the morphisms  $s^i: [1] \rightarrow [n]$  given by  $(0, 1) \mapsto (i, i+1)$ , is an equivalence in  $\text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ .

We shall refer to objects in  $\text{AnFGrpd}(X)$  as *analytic formal groupoids over  $X$* .

*Remark 2.39.* Note that Proposition 2.24 implies that the fiber products exist in  $\text{AnFMP}_{/X}$ . Therefore, the previous definition is reasonable.

*Construction 2.40.* Thanks to Lemma 2.25, there exists a well defined functor  $\Phi: \text{AnFMP}_{X/} \rightarrow \text{AnFGrpd}(X)$  given by the formula

$$(X \rightarrow Y) \in \text{AnFMP}_{X/} \mapsto Y_X^{\wedge} \in \text{AnFGrpd}(X),$$

where  $Y_X^{\wedge} \in \text{AnFGrpd}(X)$  denotes the analytic formal groupoid over  $X$  admitting

$$\cdots \rightrightarrows X \times_Y X \times_Y X \rightrightarrows X \times_Y X \rightrightarrows X,$$

as simplicial presentation.

*Construction 2.41.* Let  $\mathcal{G} \in \text{AnFGrpd}(X)$ . Consider the  $k$ -analytic classifying pre-stack,  $B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}} \in \text{AnPreStk}$ , obtained as the geometric realization of the simplicial object

$$\mathcal{G}: \Delta^{\text{op}} \rightarrow \text{AnPreStk}.$$

Given any  $Z \in \text{dAfd}_k$ , the space of  $Z$ -points of  $B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}}$ ,

$$B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}}(Z),$$

can be identified with the space whose objects correspond to the datum of:

- (1) A morphism  $\tilde{Z} \rightarrow X$ , where  $\tilde{Z} \in \text{AnPreStk}$ , such that

$$\tilde{Z} \simeq Z \times_{B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}}} X;$$

- (2) A morphism of groupoid-objects in  $\text{AnPreStk}$   $\tilde{Z} \times_Z \tilde{Z} \rightarrow \mathcal{G}$ .

We now define  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  as the sub-object spanned by those connected components of  $B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}}$  corresponding to  $\tilde{Z} \rightarrow Z$  which exhibit  $\tilde{Z} \in \text{AnFMP}_{/Z}$ . Denote by

$$\text{can}: B_X(\mathcal{G}) \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}},$$

the canonical morphism. It follows from the constructions that the natural morphism

$$X \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}},$$

factors as  $X \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G}) \xrightarrow{\text{can}} B_X(\mathcal{G})^{\text{pre}}$ .

**Lemma 2.42.** *The natural morphism  $X \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G})$  exhibits the latter as an object in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$  of analytic formal moduli problems under  $X$ .*

*Proof.* Thanks to Proposition 2.21 it suffices to prove that  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  is infinitesimally cartesian and it admits furthermore a pro-cotangent complex. The fact that  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  is infinitesimally cartesian follows from the modular description of  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  combined with the fact that  $\mathcal{G}$  is infinitesimally cartesian, as well. We are thus required to show that  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  admits a *global* pro-cotangent complex. Let  $Z \in \text{dAn}_k$  and suppose we are given an arbitrary morphism

$$q: Z \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G}),$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$ . Thanks to Corollary 2.36 combined with Corollary 2.37 it follows that the object

$$\{\mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}[n]/\mathcal{G}[n]}^{\text{an}}\}_{[n] \in \Delta^{\text{op}}} \in \text{Tot}(\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+((\tilde{Z})^\bullet/Z))),$$

defines a well defined object  $\mathbb{L}_{Z/B_X(\mathcal{G})}^{\text{an}'} \in \text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z))$ . Moreover, it is clear that there exists a natural morphism

$$\theta: \mathbb{L}_Z^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{Z/B_X(\mathcal{G})}^{\text{an}'},$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z))$ . Let

$$q^* \mathbb{L}_{B_X(\mathcal{G})}^{\text{an}'} := \text{fib}(\theta),$$

computed in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(Z))$ . We claim that  $q^* \mathbb{L}_{B_X(\mathcal{G})}^{\text{an}'}$  identifies with the analytic cotangent complex of  $B_X(\mathcal{G})$  at the point  $q: Z \rightarrow B_X(\mathcal{G})$ . Let

$$Z \hookrightarrow Z',$$

denote a square-zero extension which corresponds to a certain analytic derivation

$$d: \mathbb{L}_Z^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1],$$

for some  $\mathcal{F} \in \text{Coh}^+(Z)^{\geq 0}$ . Using Corollary 2.33 we deduce that the space of cartesian squares of the form

$$\begin{array}{ccc} \tilde{Z} & \longrightarrow & \tilde{Z}' \\ \downarrow & & \downarrow \\ Z & \longrightarrow & Z' \end{array}$$

where the morphism  $\tilde{Z} \rightarrow \tilde{Z}'$  is a square-zero extension in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{AnPreStk}$  is equivalent to the space of factorizations

$$d: g^* \mathbb{L}_Z^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}}^{\text{an}} \xrightarrow{d'} g^*(\mathcal{F})[1],$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}))$ . Apply the same reasoning to each object in the Čech nerve

$$\tilde{Z}^\bullet \rightarrow Z.$$

Furthermore, Corollary 2.34 implies that the space of factorizations

$$\tilde{Z}^\bullet \rightarrow (\tilde{Z}')^\bullet \rightarrow \mathcal{G}^\bullet,$$

identifies with the space of factorizations

$$d' : \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{\tilde{Z}/\mathcal{G}}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow g^*(\mathcal{F})[1],$$

in the  $\infty$ -category  $\text{Pro}(\text{Coh}^+(\tilde{Z}))$ . By pseudo-pro-nildescent we then deduce that the above factorization space identified with the space of factorizations

$$d : \mathbb{L}_Z^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathbb{L}_{Z/B_X(\mathcal{G})}^{\text{an}} \rightarrow \mathcal{F}[1],$$

as desired.  $\square$

**Theorem 2.43.** *The functor  $\Phi : \text{AnFMP}_{/X} \rightarrow \text{AnFGrpd}(X)$  of Construction 2.40 is an equivalence of  $\infty$ -categories.*

*Proof.* Let  $\mathcal{G} \in \text{AnFGrpd}$ . Thanks to (1) in Construction 2.41 it follows that one has a canonical equivalence

$$X \times_{B_X(\mathcal{G})} X \simeq \mathcal{G},$$

in  $\text{AnPreStk}$ . This shows that the construction

$$B_X(\mathcal{G}) : \text{AnFGrpd}(X) \rightarrow \text{AnFMP}_{X/},$$

is a right inverse to  $\Phi$ . As a consequence the functor  $\Phi$  is essentially surjective. By the same reasoning we deduce that given  $X \rightarrow Y$  in  $\text{AnFMP}_{X/}$  the natural morphism

$$Y \rightarrow B_X(Y \times_X Y),$$

is also an equivalence in  $\text{AnPreStk}$ .  $\square$

## REFERENCES

- [1] Jorge Ant3nio.  $p$ -adic derived formal geometry and derived raynaud localization theorem. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1805.03302*, 2018.
- [2] Jorge Ant3nio and Mauro Porta. Derived non-archimedean analytic hilbert space. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1906.07044*, 2019.
- [3] Bhargav Bhatt. Completions and derived de rham cohomology. <https://arxiv.org/abs/1207.6193>, 2012.
- [4] Dennis Gaitsgory and Nick Rozenblyum. *A study in derived algebraic geometry. Vol. II. Deformations, Lie theory and formal geometry*, volume 221 of *Mathematical Surveys and Monographs*. American Mathematical Society, Providence, RI, 2017.
- [5] Daniel Halpern-Leistner and Anatoly Preygel. Mapping stacks and categorical notions of properness. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1402.3204*, 2014.
- [6] Jacob Lurie. *Higher topos theory*, volume 170 of *Annals of Mathematics Studies*. Princeton University Press, Princeton, NJ, 2009.
- [7] Mauro Porta and Tony Yue Yu. Representability theorem in derived analytic geometry. *arXiv preprint arXiv:1704.01683*, 2017. To appear in *Journal of the European Mathematical Society*.
- [8] Mauro Porta and Tony Yue Yu. Derived non-archimedean analytic spaces. *Selecta Math. (N.S.)*, 24(2):609–665, 2018.
- [9] Mauro Porta and Tony Yue Yu. Non-archimedean quantum  $k$ -invariants. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2001.05515*, 2020.

JORGE ANT3NIO, IRMA, UMR 7501 7 RUE REN3-DESCARTES 67084 STRASBOURG CEDEX  
 Email address: [jorgeantonio@unistra.fr](mailto:jorgeantonio@unistra.fr)