Given a positive integer U, find the largest integer L such that $L \leq U$ and L does not contain any digit more than twice.

Input

The input contains several test cases; each test case is formatted as follows. A test case consists of a single line that contains an integer U ($1 \le U \le 10^{18}$).

Output

For each test case in the input, output a line with an integer representing the largest number less than or equal to U that does not contain any digit more than twice.

Sample Input

2210102960 100000000000000000000 1001223343 20152015

Sample Output

2210099887 998877665544332211 998877665 20152015