

Ch 1: Basic Probability \cup Ch 5 Sampling Theory

In-Class Activity #2



Dr. Basilio

Wed Jan_9 \cup Thurs Jan_10

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Fundamental Principle of Counting

Activity 1: FPoC

- (a) How many different 4-digit PINs are there? Recall that there are ten digits: 0–9.
- (b) You have bought 4 new books and you want to display them on your bedroom shelf. You have A: *Alice in Wonderland*, B: *Bleak House*, C: *Crime and Punishment*, D: *Don Quixote of La Mancha*. How many different ways can we actually organize these 4 books?
- (c) In Georgia car license plates have three digits followed by three letters. Unless stated assume you can repeat letters/numbers. How many are possible:
- (i) With no restrictions?
 - (ii) With no repeated digits or letters?
 - (iii) That start with zero?
 - (iv) That do NOT start with zero?
 - (v) That have the word “DOG”

Permutations

Activity 2: Permutations

Calculate the following:

- (a) $10!$
- (b) ${}_8P_5$
- (c) ${}_4P_4$

Activity 3: Permutations and Combinations

- (a) In how many ways can 10 people be seated on a bench if only 4 seats are available?
- (b) Castel and Joe are planning trips to three countries this year. There are 7 countries they would like to visit. One trip will be one week long, another two days, and the other two weeks. How many possibilities are there?

Combinations

Activity 4: Combinations

Calculate the following:

- (a) ${}_{12}C_{10}$
- (b) ${}_7C_7$

Activity 5: Permutations and Combinations

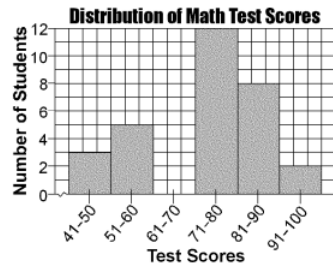
- (a) In how many ways can 10 objects be split into two groups containing 4 and 6 objects, respectively?
- (b) In how many ways can a team of 17 softball players choose three players to refill the water cooler?

Chapter 5: Sampling Theory

Organizing and Visualizing Data

Activity 6: Frequency Distributions

The graph below shows the distribution of scores of 30 students on a mathematics test.



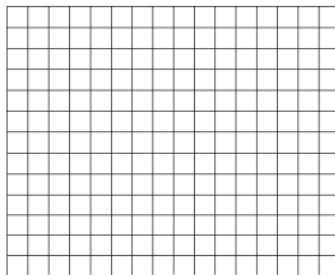
Complete the frequency table below using the data in the frequency histogram shown.

| Test Scores | Frequency |
|-------------|-----------|
| 91-100 | |
| 81-90 | |
| 71-80 | |
| 61-70 | |
| 51-60 | |
| 41-50 | |

Activity 7: Frequency Distributions

The scores on a mathematics test were 70, 55, 61, 80, 85, 72, 65, 40, 74, 68, and 84. Complete the accompanying table, and use the table to construct a frequency histogram for these scores.

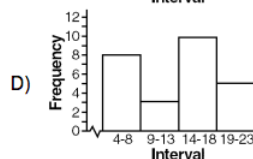
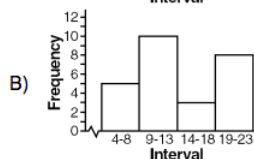
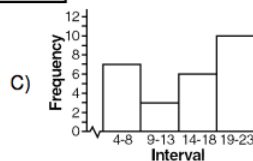
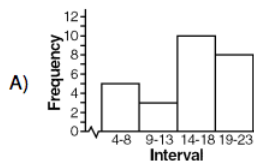
| Score | Tally | Frequency |
|-------|-------|-----------|
| 40-49 | | |
| 50-59 | | |
| 60-69 | | |
| 70-79 | | |
| 80-89 | | |



(a)

Which one of the following histograms represents the data in the table below?

| Interval | Frequency |
|----------|-----------|
| 4-8 | 8 |
| 9-13 | 3 |
| 14-18 | 10 |
| 19-23 | 5 |



(b)

Measurements of Central Tendency

Activity 8: Mean-Median-Mode-Range

- (a) Consider the data set $S = \{2, 5, 9, 3, 5, 4, 7\}$. Compute the mean.
- (b) Consider the data sets $A = \{2, 5, 9, 3, 5, 4, 7\}$ and $B = \{2, 5, 9, 3, 5, 4\}$. Compute the median of each data set. (Don't forget to re-order the data first!)
- (c) Consider the data sets $A = \{2, 5, 9, 3, 5, 4, 7\}$, $B = \{2, 5, 2, 3, 5, 4, 7\}$, $C = \{2, 5, 2, 7, 5, 4, 7\}$. Compute the mode(s) of each data set.
- (d) Consider the data set $S = \{2, 5, 9, 3, 5, 4, 7\}$. Compute the range of the data set.

Measurement of Dispersion

Activity 9: Five-Number-Summary

- (a) Find the five number summary, and draw a Box-Whisker plot for $S = \{15, 25, 20, 29, 29, 36, 29, 15, 26, 28, 24, 25\}$.
- (b) Find the standard deviation for the set from part (a).

Activity 10: 1-Var Stats

Let $S = \{123, 100, 111, 124, 132, 154, 132, 160\}$ be our data set. Find:

- (a) Mean, Median, and Mode
- (b) Standard Deviation
- (c) What does the standard deviation mean in this case?

Activity 11: Five-Number-Summary

- (a) Find the five number summary, and draw a Box-Whisker plot for $S = \{42, 20, 31, 10, 5, 3, 2, 1, 67, 53, 44\}$.
- (b) Find the standard deviation for the set from part (a).