autogluon_each_location

October 9, 2023

```
[1]: # config
     label = 'y'
     metric = 'mean_absolute_error'
     time_limit = 60*30
     presets = 'best_quality'
     do_drop_ds = True
     use_groups = False
     n_groups = 8
     auto_stack = True
     num_stack_levels = 1
     num_bag_folds = 0
     if auto_stack:
         num_stack_levels = None
         num_bag_folds = None
     use_tune_data = False
     use test data = True
     tune_and_test_length = 24*30*3 # 3 months from end, this changes the
      ⇔evaluations for only test
     holdout_frac = None
     use bag holdout = False # Enable this if there is a large gap between score valu
      →and score_test in stack models.
     sample_weight = 'sample_weight' #None
     weight_evaluation = True #False
     sample_weight_estimated = 2 # this changes evaluations for test and tune WTF,
     ⇔cant find a fix
     run_analysis = False
```

```
[2]: import pandas as pd import numpy as np
```

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
def fix_datetime(X, name):
    # Convert 'date_forecast' to datetime format and replace original columnu
 ⇔with 'ds'
   X['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(X['date_forecast'])
   X.drop(columns=['date_forecast'], inplace=True, errors='ignore')
   X.sort_values(by='ds', inplace=True)
   X.set_index('ds', inplace=True)
    # Drop rows where the minute part of the time is not O
   X = X[X.index.minute == 0].copy()
   return X
def convert_to_datetime(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train):
   X_train_observed = fix_datetime(X_train_observed, "X_train_observed")
   X_train_estimated = fix_datetime(X_train_estimated, "X_train_estimated")
   X_test = fix_datetime(X_test, "X_test")
    # add sample weights, which are 1 for observed and 3 for estimated
   X_train_observed["sample_weight"] = 1
   X_train_estimated["sample_weight"] = sample_weight_estimated
   X_test["sample_weight"] = sample_weight_estimated
   X_train_observed["estimated_diff_hours"] = 0
   X_train_estimated["estimated_diff_hours"] = (X_train_estimated.index - pd.

    doto_datetime(X_train_estimated["date_calc"])).dt.total_seconds() / 3600

   X_test["estimated_diff_hours"] = (X_test.index - pd.
 sto_datetime(X_test["date_calc"])).dt.total_seconds() / 3600
   X_train_estimated["estimated_diff_hours"] =
__
 →X_train_estimated["estimated_diff_hours"].astype('int64')
    # the filled once will get dropped later anyways, when we drop y nans
   X_test["estimated_diff_hours"] = X_test["estimated_diff_hours"].fillna(-50).
 ⇔astype('int64')
   X_train_estimated.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
   X_test.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
   y_train['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(y_train['time'])
   y_train.drop(columns=['time'], inplace=True)
```

```
y_train.sort_values(by='ds', inplace=True)
    y_train.set_index('ds', inplace=True)
    return X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train
def preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train,_
 →location):
    # convert to datetime
    X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train =_
 →convert to_datetime(X_train observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train)
    y_train["y"] = y_train["pv_measurement"].astype('float64')
    y_train.drop(columns=['pv_measurement'], inplace=True)
    X_train = pd.concat([X_train_observed, X_train_estimated])
    # fill missng sample_weight with 3
    \#X\_train["sample\_weight"] = X\_train["sample\_weight"].fillna(0)
    # clip all y values to 0 if negative
    y_train["y"] = y_train["y"].clip(lower=0)
    X_train = pd.merge(X_train, y_train, how="inner", left_index=True, ___
 →right index=True)
    # print number of nans in sample_weight
    print(f"Number of nans in sample_weight: {X_train['sample_weight'].isna().

sum()}")
    # print number of nans in y
    print(f"Number of nans in y: {X_train['y'].isna().sum()}")
    X_train["location"] = location
    X_test["location"] = location
    return X_train, X_test
# Define locations
locations = ['A', 'B', 'C']
X_trains = []
X_{\text{tests}} = []
# Loop through locations
for loc in locations:
    print(f"Processing location {loc}...")
```

```
# Read target training data
    y_train = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/train_targets.parquet')
    # Read estimated training data and add location feature
    X_train_estimated = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_train_estimated.parquet')
    # Read observed training data and add location feature
    X_train_observed= pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_train_observed.parquet')
    # Read estimated test data and add location feature
    X_test_estimated = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_test_estimated.parquet')
    # Preprocess data
    X_train, X_test = preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated,__

→X_test_estimated, y_train, loc)
    X_trains.append(X_train)
    X_tests.append(X_test)
# Concatenate all data and save to csv
X train = pd.concat(X trains)
X_test = pd.concat(X_tests)
Processing location A...
Number of nans in sample_weight: 0
```

```
Processing location A...

Number of nans in sample_weight: 0

Number of nans in y: 0

Processing location B...

Number of nans in sample_weight: 0

Number of nans in y: 4

Processing location C...

Number of nans in sample_weight: 0

Number of nans in sample_weight: 0

Number of nans in y: 6059
```

1 Feature enginering

```
[3]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd

X_train.dropna(subset=['y'], inplace=True)

if not do_drop_ds:
    # add hour datetime feature
    X_train["hour"] = X_train.index.hour
    X_test["hour"] = X_test.index.hour

#print(X_train.head())
```

```
if use_groups:
         # fix groups for cross validation
        locations = X_train['location'].unique() # Assuming 'location' is the name_
      →of the column representing locations
        grouped_dfs = [] # To store data frames split by location
        # Loop through each unique location
        for loc in locations:
             loc_df = X_train[X_train['location'] == loc]
             # Sort the DataFrame for this location by the time column
            loc_df = loc_df.sort_index()
             # Calculate the size of each group for this location
            group_size = len(loc_df) // n_groups
             # Create a new 'group' column for this location
             loc df['group'] = np.repeat(range(n groups),
      repeats=[group_size]*(n_groups-1) + [len(loc_df) - group_size*(n_groups-1)])
             # Append to list of grouped DataFrames
             grouped_dfs.append(loc_df)
         # Concatenate all the grouped DataFrames back together
        X_train = pd.concat(grouped_dfs)
        X_train.sort_index(inplace=True)
        print(X_train["group"].head())
     to_drop = ["snow_drift:idx", "snow_density:kgm3"]
     X_train.drop(columns=to_drop, inplace=True)
     X_test.drop(columns=to_drop, inplace=True)
     X_train.to_csv('X_train_raw.csv', index=True)
     X_test.to_csv('X_test_raw.csv', index=True)
[4]: from autogluon.tabular import TabularDataset, TabularPredictor
     from autogluon.timeseries import TimeSeriesDataFrame
     import numpy as np
     train data = TabularDataset('X train raw.csv')
```

```
# set group column of train data be increasing from 0 to 7 based on time, the
 ⇔first 1/8 of the data is group 0, the second 1/8 of the data is group 1, etc.
train_data['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(train_data['ds'])
train data = train data.sort values(by='ds')
# # print size of the group for each location
# for loc in locations:
    print(f"Location {loc}:")
     print(train_data[train_data["location"] == loc].groupby('group').size())
# get end date of train data and subtract 3 months
split_time = pd.to_datetime(train_data["ds"]).max() - pd.
 →Timedelta(hours=tune_and_test_length)
train_set = TabularDataset(train_data[train_data["ds"] < split_time])</pre>
test_set = TabularDataset(train_data[train_data["ds"] >= split_time])
if use_groups:
   test_set = test_set.drop(columns=['group'])
if do_drop_ds:
   train_set = train_set.drop(columns=['ds'])
   test_set = test_set.drop(columns=['ds'])
   train_data = train_data.drop(columns=['ds'])
def normalize_sample_weights_per_location(df):
   for loc in locations:
        loc df = df[df["location"] == loc]
       loc_df["sample_weight"] = loc_df["sample_weight"] /__
 →loc_df["sample_weight"].sum() * loc_df.shape[0]
        df[df["location"] == loc] = loc df
   return df
tuning_data = None
if use_tune_data:
   train_data = train_set
    if use_test_data:
        # split test_set in half, use first half for tuning
       tuning_data, test_data = [], []
        for loc in locations:
            loc_test_set = test_set[test_set["location"] == loc]
            loc_tuning_data = loc_test_set.iloc[:len(loc_test_set)//2]
            loc_test_data = loc_test_set.iloc[len(loc_test_set)//2:]
            tuning_data.append(loc_tuning_data)
            test_data.append(loc_test_data)
       tuning_data = pd.concat(tuning_data)
        test_data = pd.concat(test_data)
```

```
print("Shapes of tuning and test", tuning_data.shape[0], test_data.
 ⇒shape[0], tuning_data.shape[0] + test_data.shape[0])
    else:
        tuning_data = test_set
        print("Shape of tuning", tuning_data.shape[0])
    # ensure sample weights for your tuning data sum to the number of rows in
 ⇔the tuning data.
    tuning data = normalize_sample_weights_per_location(tuning_data)
else:
    if use_test_data:
        train_data = train_set
        test_data = test_set
        print("Shape of test", test_data.shape[0])
# ensure sample weights for your training (or tuning) data sum to the number of \Box
⇔rows in the training (or tuning) data.
train_data = normalize_sample_weights_per_location(train_data)
if use_test_data:
    test_data = normalize_sample_weights_per_location(test_data)
```

Shape of test 5791

```
[6]: if run_analysis:
    auto.target_analysis(train_data=train_data, label="y")
```

2 Starting

```
hello = os.environ.get('HELLO')
     if hello is not None:
         new_filename += f'_{hello}'
     print("New filename:", new_filename)
    Last submission number: 83
    Now creating submission number: 84
    New filename: submission_84
[8]: predictors = [None, None, None]
[9]: def fit_predictor_for_location(loc):
         print(f"Training model for location {loc}...")
         # sum of sample weights for this location, and number of rows, for both \sqcup
      ⇔train and tune data and test data
         print("Train data sample weight sum:", train_data[train_data["location"] ==__
      →loc]["sample_weight"].sum())
         print("Train data number of rows:", train_data[train_data["location"] ==__
      \hookrightarrowloc].shape[0])
         if use tune data:
             print("Tune data sample weight sum:", _
      otuning_data[tuning_data["location"] == loc]["sample_weight"].sum())
             print("Tune data number of rows:", tuning data[tuning_data["location"]
      \Rightarrow = loc].shape[0])
         if use test data:
             print("Test data sample weight sum:", test_data[test_data["location"]_
      ⇒== loc]["sample_weight"].sum())
             print("Test data number of rows:", test data[test_data["location"] ==__
      \hookrightarrowloc].shape[0])
         predictor = TabularPredictor(
             label=label,
             eval_metric=metric,
             path=f"AutogluonModels/{new filename} {loc}",
             sample_weight=sample_weight,
             weight evaluation=weight evaluation,
             groups="group" if use_groups else None,
         ).fit(
             train_data=train_data[train_data["location"] == loc],
             time_limit=time_limit,
             #presets=presets,
             num_stack_levels=num_stack_levels,
             num_bag_folds=num_bag_folds if not use_groups else 2,# just put_
      ⇔somethin, will be overwritten anyways
             tuning_data=tuning_data[tuning_data["location"] == loc] if_
      ⇔use_tune_data else None,
```

```
use_bag_holdout=use_bag_holdout,
        holdout_frac=holdout_frac,
    )
    # evaluate on test data
    if use_test_data:
        # drop sample weight column
        t = test_data[test_data["location"] == loc]#.
  →drop(columns=["sample_weight"])
        perf = predictor.evaluate(t)
        print("Evaluation on test data:")
        print(perf[predictor.eval_metric.name])
    return predictor
loc = "A"
predictors[0] = fit_predictor_for_location(loc)
Training model for location A...
Train data sample weight sum: 31900.00000000007
Train data number of rows: 31900
Test data sample weight sum: 2161
Values in column 'sample_weight' used as sample weights instead of predictive
features. Evaluation will report weighted metrics, so ensure same column exists
in test data.
Beginning AutoGluon training ... Time limit = 1800s
AutoGluon will save models to "AutogluonModels/submission_84_A/"
AutoGluon Version: 0.8.2
                    3.10.12
Python Version:
Operating System: Linux
Platform Machine:
                  x86 64
Platform Version: #1 SMP Debian 5.10.197-1 (2023-09-29)
Disk Space Avail: 311.54 GB / 315.93 GB (98.6%)
Train Data Rows:
                    31900
Train Data Columns: 46
Label Column: y
Preprocessing data ...
AutoGluon infers your prediction problem is: 'regression' (because dtype of
label-column == float and many unique label-values observed).
        Label info (max, min, mean, stddev): (5733.42, 0.0, 633.132, 1165.64686)
        If 'regression' is not the correct problem_type, please manually specify
the problem_type parameter during predictor init (You may specify problem_type
as one of: ['binary', 'multiclass', 'regression'])
Using Feature Generators to preprocess the data ...
Fitting AutoMLPipelineFeatureGenerator...
        Available Memory:
                                             132415.1 MB
        Train Data (Original) Memory Usage: 13.08 MB (0.0% of available memory)
```

```
Inferring data type of each feature based on column values. Set
feature_metadata_in to manually specify special dtypes of the features.
        Stage 1 Generators:
                Fitting AsTypeFeatureGenerator...
                        Note: Converting 3 features to boolean dtype as they
only contain 2 unique values.
        Stage 2 Generators:
                Fitting FillNaFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 3 Generators:
                Fitting IdentityFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 4 Generators:
                Fitting DropUniqueFeatureGenerator...
Test data number of rows: 2161
        Stage 5 Generators:
                Fitting DropDuplicatesFeatureGenerator...
        Useless Original Features (Count: 2): ['elevation:m', 'location']
                These features carry no predictive signal and should be manually
investigated.
                This is typically a feature which has the same value for all
rows.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
        Types of features in original data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', []) : 42 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', []) : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
        Types of features in processed data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                  : 39 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', [])
                                : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
                ('int', ['bool']) : 3 | ['is_day:idx', 'is_in_shadow:idx',
'wind_speed_w_1000hPa:ms']
        0.2s = Fit runtime
        43 features in original data used to generate 43 features in processed
data.
        Train Data (Processed) Memory Usage: 10.3 MB (0.0% of available memory)
Data preprocessing and feature engineering runtime = 0.19s ...
AutoGluon will gauge predictive performance using evaluation metric:
'mean_absolute_error'
        This metric's sign has been flipped to adhere to being higher_is_better.
The metric score can be multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
        To change this, specify the eval_metric parameter of Predictor()
Automatically generating train/validation split with
holdout_frac=0.07836990595611286, Train Rows: 29400, Val Rows: 2500
User-specified model hyperparameters to be fit:
{
```

```
'NN_TORCH': {},
        'GBM': [{'extra_trees': True, 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'XT'}}, {},
'GBMLarge'],
        'CAT': {},
        'XGB': {},
        'FASTAI': {},
        'RF': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'XT': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'KNN': [{'weights': 'uniform', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Unif'}},
{'weights': 'distance', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Dist'}}],
Fitting 11 L1 models ...
Fitting model: KNeighborsUnif ... Training model for up to 1799.81s of the
1799.8s of remaining time.
        -269.8458
                         = Validation score (-mean absolute error)
        0.04s
                = Training
                              runtime
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: KNeighborsDist ... Training model for up to 1799.69s of the
1799.69s of remaining time.
        -272.3871
                         = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        0.04s
                 = Training
                              runtime
        0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBMXT ... Training model for up to 1799.6s of the 1799.59s
of remaining time.
[1000] valid_set's l1: 170.878
[2000] valid set's 11: 166.132
[3000] valid set's 11: 163.488
[4000] valid_set's l1: 162.078
[5000] valid set's 11: 161.461
[6000] valid_set's l1: 160.72
[7000] valid set's 11: 160.253
[8000] valid_set's 11: 159.878
[9000] valid set's 11: 159.389
[10000] valid_set's l1: 159.205
        -159.1975
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
                         = Validation score
        14.12s
                = Training
                              runtime
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBM ... Training model for up to 1785.01s of the 1785.0s of
remaining time.
```

```
[1000] valid_set's l1: 172.354
[2000] valid_set's l1: 169.481
[3000] valid_set's l1: 168.697
[4000] valid_set's l1: 168.103
[5000] valid set's 11: 168.155
       -168.0752
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       7.97s
                = Training
                             runtime
       0.07s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: RandomForestMSE ... Training model for up to 1776.82s of the
1776.81s of remaining time.
        -176.8389
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
                = Training
       8.06s
                             runtime
       0.09s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: CatBoost ... Training model for up to 1768.21s of the 1768.21s of
remaining time.
       -171.5531
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       119.15s = Training
                             runtime
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: ExtraTreesMSE ... Training model for up to 1649.02s of the
1649.01s of remaining time.
       -176.3634
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
              = Training
       1.76s
                             runtime
       0.08s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetFastAI ... Training model for up to 1646.68s of the
1646.67s of remaining time.
       -182.3609
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       27.28s
                = Training
                             runtime
                = Validation runtime
       0.04s
Fitting model: XGBoost ... Training model for up to 1619.33s of the 1619.32s of
remaining time.
       -176.8785
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       1.29s
                = Training
                             runtime
       0.01s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetTorch ... Training model for up to 1618.01s of the
1618.0s of remaining time.
       -166.1122
                        = Validation score
                                             (-mean_absolute_error)
       52.16s = Training
                             runtime
       0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBMLarge ... Training model for up to 1565.8s of the 1565.8s
of remaining time.
[1000] valid_set's 11: 162.299
[2000] valid_set's l1: 160.562
[3000] valid_set's l1: 160.294
[4000] valid_set's l1: 160.138
[5000] valid_set's l1: 160.091
[6000] valid_set's l1: 160.08
[7000] valid_set's l1: 160.069
```

```
[8000] valid_set's l1: 160.065
     [9000] valid_set's l1: 160.064
     [10000] valid_set's l1: 160.063
             -160.0634
                              = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
             48.26s = Training
                                   runtime
             0.29s
                      = Validation runtime
     Fitting model: WeightedEnsemble_L2 ... Training model for up to 360.0s of the
     1516.04s of remaining time.
             -153.4447
                              = Validation score (-mean absolute error)
             0.46s
                      = Training
                                   runtime
             0.0s
                      = Validation runtime
     AutoGluon training complete, total runtime = 284.47s ... Best model:
     "WeightedEnsemble L2"
     TabularPredictor saved. To load, use: predictor =
     TabularPredictor.load("AutogluonModels/submission_84_A/")
     WARNING: eval_metric='pearsonr' does not support sample weights so they will be
     ignored in reported metric.
     Evaluation: mean_absolute_error on test data: -190.03460684764755
             Note: Scores are always higher_is_better. This metric score can be
     multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
     Evaluations on test data:
         "mean_absolute_error": -190.03460684764755,
         "root mean squared error": -417.1069097664702,
         "mean_squared_error": -173978.17417493433,
         "r2": 0.873767738357695,
         "pearsonr": 0.9351134793298022,
         "median_absolute_error": -11.291558265686035
     }
     Evaluation on test data:
     -190.03460684764755
[10]: loc = "B"
      predictors[1] = fit_predictor_for_location(loc)
     Values in column 'sample_weight' used as sample weights instead of predictive
     features. Evaluation will report weighted metrics, so ensure same column exists
     in test data.
     Beginning AutoGluon training ... Time limit = 1800s
     AutoGluon will save models to "AutogluonModels/submission_84_B/"
     AutoGluon Version: 0.8.2
     Python Version:
                         3.10.12
     Operating System:
                         Linux
     Platform Machine:
                         x86_64
     Platform Version:
                         #1 SMP Debian 5.10.197-1 (2023-09-29)
     Disk Space Avail:
                         310.55 GB / 315.93 GB (98.3%)
     Train Data Rows:
                         30768
```

```
Label Column: y
Preprocessing data ...
AutoGluon infers your prediction problem is: 'regression' (because dtype of
label-column == float and many unique label-values observed).
        Label info (max, min, mean, stddev): (1152.3, -0.0, 97.74541, 195.0957)
        If 'regression' is not the correct problem_type, please manually specify
the problem_type parameter during predictor init (You may specify problem_type
as one of: ['binary', 'multiclass', 'regression'])
Using Feature Generators to preprocess the data ...
Fitting AutoMLPipelineFeatureGenerator...
        Available Memory:
                                             130666.32 MB
        Train Data (Original) Memory Usage: 12.62 MB (0.0% of available memory)
        Inferring data type of each feature based on column values. Set
feature_metadata_in to manually specify special dtypes of the features.
        Stage 1 Generators:
                Fitting AsTypeFeatureGenerator...
                        Note: Converting 3 features to boolean dtype as they
only contain 2 unique values.
        Stage 2 Generators:
                Fitting FillNaFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 3 Generators:
                Fitting IdentityFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 4 Generators:
                Fitting DropUniqueFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 5 Generators:
                Fitting DropDuplicatesFeatureGenerator...
Training model for location B...
Train data sample weight sum: 30767.99999999993
Train data number of rows: 30768
Test data sample weight sum: 2051
Test data number of rows: 2051
        Useless Original Features (Count: 2): ['elevation:m', 'location']
                These features carry no predictive signal and should be manually
investigated.
                This is typically a feature which has the same value for all
rows.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
        Types of features in original data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', []) : 42 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', []) : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
        Types of features in processed data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                 : 39 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
```

Train Data Columns: 46

```
('int', []) : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
                ('int', ['bool']) : 3 | ['is_day:idx', 'is_in_shadow:idx',
'wind_speed_w_1000hPa:ms']
        0.2s = Fit runtime
        43 features in original data used to generate 43 features in processed
data.
        Train Data (Processed) Memory Usage: 9.94 MB (0.0% of available memory)
Data preprocessing and feature engineering runtime = 0.18s ...
AutoGluon will gauge predictive performance using evaluation metric:
'mean_absolute_error'
        This metric's sign has been flipped to adhere to being higher_is_better.
The metric score can be multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
        To change this, specify the eval_metric parameter of Predictor()
Automatically generating train/validation split with
holdout_frac=0.0812532501300052, Train Rows: 28268, Val Rows: 2500
User-specified model hyperparameters to be fit:
{
        'NN_TORCH': {},
        'GBM': [{'extra_trees': True, 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'XT'}}, {},
'GBMLarge'],
        'CAT': {},
        'XGB': {},
        'FASTAI': {},
        'RF': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'XT': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'KNN': [{'weights': 'uniform', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Unif'}},
{'weights': 'distance', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'Dist'}}],
Fitting 11 L1 models ...
Fitting model: KNeighborsUnif ... Training model for up to 1799.82s of the
1799.81s of remaining time.
        -55.194 = Validation score
                                      (-mean_absolute_error)
        0.03s
                = Training
                             runtime
        0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: KNeighborsDist ... Training model for up to 1799.74s of the
1799.73s of remaining time.
                         = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        -55.0011
        0.03s
                = Training
                              runtime
        0.04s
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBMXT ... Training model for up to 1799.65s of the 1799.65s
```

```
of remaining time.
[1000] valid_set's 11: 34.1153
[2000] valid set's 11: 31.9514
[3000] valid_set's 11: 30.9565
[4000] valid_set's l1: 30.2929
[5000] valid_set's l1: 29.8272
[6000] valid set's 11: 29.4326
[7000] valid_set's l1: 29.1915
[8000] valid set's 11: 28.9733
[9000] valid set's 11: 28.8002
[10000] valid_set's l1: 28.6176
        -28.6164
                         = Validation score
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
        13.99s
                = Training
                              runtime
        0.19s
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBM ... Training model for up to 1785.18s of the 1785.18s of
remaining time.
[1000] valid set's 11: 32.1069
[2000] valid_set's 11: 30.6848
[3000] valid set's 11: 30.0177
[4000] valid_set's 11: 29.5944
[5000] valid set's 11: 29.3602
[6000] valid_set's 11: 29.2298
[7000] valid set's 11: 29.1699
[8000] valid_set's l1: 29.1357
[9000] valid set's 11: 29.0937
[10000] valid_set's 11: 29.0594
        -29.0594
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
                         = Validation score
        14.68s
                = Training
                             runtime
        0.18s
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: RandomForestMSE ... Training model for up to 1770.0s of the
1769.99s of remaining time.
        -34.0014
                         = Validation score
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
        9.19s
                = Training
                              runtime
        0.09s
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: CatBoost ... Training model for up to 1760.35s of the 1760.35s of
remaining time.
                         = Validation score
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
        -31.1926
        119.06s = Training
                              runtime
                = Validation runtime
        0.01s
Fitting model: ExtraTreesMSE ... Training model for up to 1641.25s of the
1641.24s of remaining time.
        -34.9603
                                              (-mean absolute error)
                         = Validation score
        1.96s
                 = Training
                              runtime
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetFastAI ... Training model for up to 1638.79s of the
```

1638.78s of remaining time.

```
-38.9413
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        26.25s = Training
                             runtime
        0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: XGBoost ... Training model for up to 1612.47s of the 1612.46s of
remaining time.
        -32.361 = Validation score
                                      (-mean absolute error)
        24.2s
                = Training
                             runtime
        0.21s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetTorch ... Training model for up to 1587.9s of the
1587.9s of remaining time.
        -32.7404
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        100.54s = Training
                             runtime
                = Validation runtime
        0.04s
Fitting model: LightGBMLarge ... Training model for up to 1487.32s of the
1487.31s of remaining time.
[1000] valid_set's 11: 29.0886
[2000] valid_set's 11: 28.303
[3000] valid set's 11: 28.1063
[4000] valid_set's 11: 28.0366
[5000] valid_set's l1: 28.0061
[6000] valid_set's l1: 27.9919
[7000] valid set's 11: 27.9858
[8000] valid_set's l1: 27.9833
[9000] valid set's 11: 27.9823
[10000] valid_set's l1: 27.9816
        -27.9816
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        47.27s = Training
                             runtime
        0.31s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: WeightedEnsemble_L2 ... Training model for up to 360.0s of the
1438.44s of remaining time.
        -27.3393
                        = Validation score
                                             (-mean_absolute_error)
                = Training
        0.44s
                             runtime
        0.0s
                = Validation runtime
AutoGluon training complete, total runtime = 362.04s ... Best model:
"WeightedEnsemble L2"
TabularPredictor saved. To load, use: predictor =
TabularPredictor.load("AutogluonModels/submission_84_B/")
WARNING: eval_metric='pearsonr' does not support sample weights so they will be
ignored in reported metric.
Evaluation: mean_absolute_error on test data: -37.780304819862444
        Note: Scores are always higher_is_better. This metric score can be
multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
Evaluations on test data:
{
    "mean_absolute_error": -37.780304819862444,
    "root_mean_squared_error": -82.57371750173203,
    "mean_squared_error": -6818.418822055848,
```

```
"r2": 0.7806994305325522,
         "pearsonr": 0.9090115264745972,
         "median_absolute_error": -8.113659752314257
     }
     Evaluation on test data:
     -37.780304819862444
[11]: loc = "C"
      predictors[2] = fit_predictor_for_location(loc)
     Values in column 'sample_weight' used as sample weights instead of predictive
     features. Evaluation will report weighted metrics, so ensure same column exists
     in test data.
     Beginning AutoGluon training ... Time limit = 1800s
     AutoGluon will save models to "AutogluonModels/submission_84_C/"
     AutoGluon Version: 0.8.2
     Python Version:
                         3.10.12
     Operating System: Linux
     Platform Machine:
                        x86 64
     Platform Version: #1 SMP Debian 5.10.197-1 (2023-09-29)
     Disk Space Avail: 309.61 GB / 315.93 GB (98.0%)
     Train Data Rows:
                        24492
     Train Data Columns: 46
     Label Column: y
     Preprocessing data ...
     AutoGluon infers your prediction problem is: 'regression' (because dtype of
     label-column == float and label-values can't be converted to int).
             Label info (max, min, mean, stddev): (999.6, 0.0, 78.11911, 167.50151)
             If 'regression' is not the correct problem_type, please manually specify
     the problem type parameter during predictor init (You may specify problem type
     as one of: ['binary', 'multiclass', 'regression'])
     Using Feature Generators to preprocess the data ...
     Fitting AutoMLPipelineFeatureGenerator...
             Available Memory:
                                                   130436.68 MB
             Train Data (Original) Memory Usage: 10.04 MB (0.0% of available memory)
             Inferring data type of each feature based on column values. Set
     feature_metadata_in to manually specify special dtypes of the features.
             Stage 1 Generators:
                     Fitting AsTypeFeatureGenerator...
                             Note: Converting 2 features to boolean dtype as they
     only contain 2 unique values.
             Stage 2 Generators:
                     Fitting FillNaFeatureGenerator...
             Stage 3 Generators:
                     Fitting IdentityFeatureGenerator...
             Stage 4 Generators:
                     Fitting DropUniqueFeatureGenerator...
             Stage 5 Generators:
```

```
Fitting DropDuplicatesFeatureGenerator...
        Useless Original Features (Count: 2): ['elevation:m', 'location']
                These features carry no predictive signal and should be manually
investigated.
                This is typically a feature which has the same value for all
rows.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
        Types of features in original data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', []): 42 | ['absolute humidity 2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
Training model for location C...
Train data sample weight sum: 24492.00000000007
Train data number of rows: 24492
Test data sample weight sum: 1579
Test data number of rows: 1579
                ('int', []) : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
        Types of features in processed data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                  : 40 | ['absolute humidity 2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', [])
                                : 1 | ['estimated_diff_hours']
                ('int', ['bool']) : 2 | ['is_day:idx', 'is_in_shadow:idx']
        0.1s = Fit runtime
        43 features in original data used to generate 43 features in processed
data.
        Train Data (Processed) Memory Usage: 8.08 MB (0.0% of available memory)
Data preprocessing and feature engineering runtime = 0.16s ...
AutoGluon will gauge predictive performance using evaluation metric:
'mean_absolute_error'
        This metric's sign has been flipped to adhere to being higher_is_better.
The metric score can be multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
        To change this, specify the eval_metric parameter of Predictor()
Automatically generating train/validation split with holdout_frac=0.1, Train
Rows: 22042, Val Rows: 2450
User-specified model hyperparameters to be fit:
        'NN_TORCH': {},
        'GBM': [{'extra_trees': True, 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'XT'}}, {},
'GBMLarge'],
        'CAT': {},
        'XGB': {},
        'FASTAI': {},
        'RF': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
```

```
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'XT': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared error', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'KNN': [{'weights': 'uniform', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'Unif'}},
{'weights': 'distance', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Dist'}}],
Fitting 11 L1 models ...
Fitting model: KNeighborsUnif ... Training model for up to 1799.84s of the
1799.83s of remaining time.
        -31.566 = Validation score
                                      (-mean_absolute_error)
        0.03s
                 = Training
                              runtime
        0.03s
                 = Validation runtime
Fitting model: KNeighborsDist ... Training model for up to 1799.76s of the
1799.76s of remaining time.
        -31.6219
                         = Validation score
                                              (-mean_absolute_error)
        0.03s
                             runtime
                = Training
        0.03s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBMXT ... Training model for up to 1799.69s of the 1799.69s
of remaining time.
[1000] valid_set's l1: 18.2091
[2000] valid set's 11: 17.6836
[3000] valid_set's l1: 17.4143
[4000] valid_set's l1: 17.2751
[5000] valid_set's l1: 17.1821
[6000] valid_set's l1: 17.1353
[7000] valid_set's l1: 17.1077
[8000] valid_set's l1: 17.0671
[9000] valid_set's l1: 17.0307
[10000] valid_set's l1: 17.0159
        -17.0155
                         = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        13.26s
                = Training
                              runtime
                 = Validation runtime
        0.18s
Fitting model: LightGBM ... Training model for up to 1785.97s of the 1785.97s of
remaining time.
[1000] valid set's 11: 18.2564
[2000] valid set's 11: 18.0057
[3000] valid set's 11: 17.9332
[4000] valid_set's l1: 17.9
[5000] valid_set's l1: 17.8853
[6000] valid_set's 11: 17.8762
[7000] valid_set's l1: 17.8736
[8000] valid_set's l1: 17.8687
[9000] valid_set's l1: 17.8658
```

```
[10000] valid_set's l1: 17.863
       -17.8628
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       14.01s = Training
                             runtime
       0.18s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: RandomForestMSE ... Training model for up to 1771.53s of the
1771.52s of remaining time.
       -19.2476
                        = Validation score (-mean absolute error)
       4.85s = Training
                             runtime
       0.09s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: CatBoost ... Training model for up to 1766.43s of the 1766.42s of
remaining time.
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       -17.9528
       118.46s = Training
                             runtime
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: ExtraTreesMSE ... Training model for up to 1647.93s of the
1647.92s of remaining time.
       -19.1696
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
        1.1s
                = Training
                             runtime
       0.09s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetFastAI ... Training model for up to 1646.56s of the
1646.55s of remaining time.
       -19.3985
                        = Validation score
                                             (-mean absolute error)
       21.46s
                = Training
                             runtime
       0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: XGBoost ... Training model for up to 1625.03s of the 1625.03s of
remaining time.
       -18.004 = Validation score
                                     (-mean_absolute_error)
       23.66s = Training
                             runtime
       0.2s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: NeuralNetTorch ... Training model for up to 1601.02s of the
1601.02s of remaining time.
        -18.0551
                        = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
       79.74s
                = Training
                             runtime
       0.04s
                = Validation runtime
Fitting model: LightGBMLarge ... Training model for up to 1521.24s of the
1521.24s of remaining time.
[1000] valid set's l1: 17.2394
[2000] valid_set's l1: 17.1378
[3000] valid set's 11: 17.1097
[4000] valid_set's l1: 17.1042
[5000] valid_set's l1: 17.103
[6000] valid_set's l1: 17.1025
[7000] valid_set's l1: 17.1023
[8000] valid_set's l1: 17.1022
[9000] valid_set's l1: 17.1021
[10000] valid_set's l1: 17.1021
```

```
-17.1021
                              = Validation score (-mean_absolute_error)
             46.6s
                    = Training
                                   runtime
             0.36s
                      = Validation runtime
     Fitting model: WeightedEnsemble_L2 ... Training model for up to 360.0s of the
     1472.99s of remaining time.
             -16.2378
                              = Validation score (-mean absolute error)
             0.44s
                      = Training
                                   runtime
                      = Validation runtime
             0.0s
     AutoGluon training complete, total runtime = 327.49s ... Best model:
     "WeightedEnsemble L2"
     TabularPredictor saved. To load, use: predictor =
     TabularPredictor.load("AutogluonModels/submission_84_C/")
     WARNING: eval_metric='pearsonr' does not support sample weights so they will be
     ignored in reported metric.
     Evaluation: mean_absolute_error on test data: -30.771432015969143
             Note: Scores are always higher_is_better. This metric score can be
     multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
     Evaluations on test data:
     {
         "mean absolute error": -30.771432015969143,
         "root mean squared error": -63.5906665887193,
         "mean_squared_error": -4043.7728771976617,
         "r2": 0.7879842629329407,
         "pearsonr": 0.8936165759890148,
         "median_absolute_error": -3.2815890502929648
     }
     Evaluation on test data:
     -30.771432015969143
     3 Submit
[12]: import pandas as pd
      import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
      train data with dates = TabularDataset('X train raw.csv')
      train_data_with_dates["ds"] = pd.to_datetime(train_data_with_dates["ds"])
      test_data = TabularDataset('X_test_raw.csv')
      test_data["ds"] = pd.to_datetime(test_data["ds"])
      #test_data
```

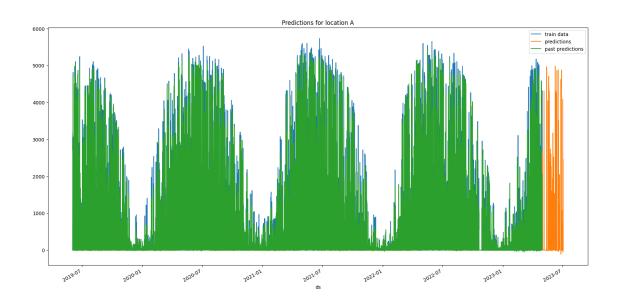
```
[13]: test_ids = TabularDataset('test.csv')
test_ids["time"] = pd.to_datetime(test_ids["time"])
# merge test_data with test_ids
```

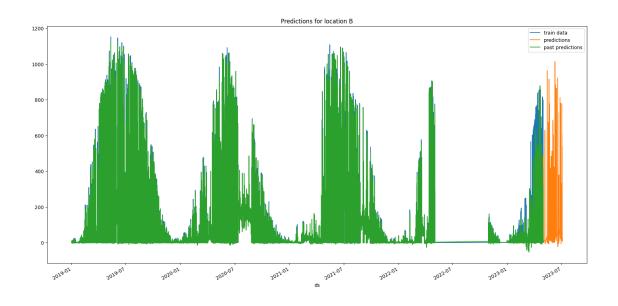
Loaded data from: X_train_raw.csv | Columns = 48 / 48 | Rows = 92951 -> 92951 Loaded data from: X test raw.csv | Columns = 47 / 47 | Rows = 2160 -> 2160

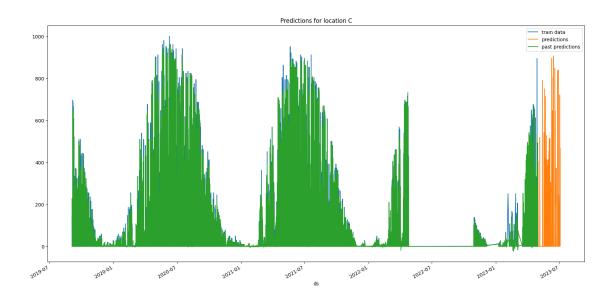
Loaded data from: test.csv | Columns = 4 / 4 | Rows = $2160 \rightarrow 2160$

```
[14]: # predict, grouped by location
      predictions = []
      location_map = {
          "A": 0,
          "B": 1,
          "C": 2
      }
      for loc, group in test_data.groupby('location'):
          i = location_map[loc]
          subset = test_data_merged[test_data_merged["location"] == loc].
       →reset_index(drop=True)
          #print(subset)
          pred = predictors[i].predict(subset)
          subset["prediction"] = pred
          predictions.append(subset)
          # get past predictions
          past_pred = predictors[i].
       predict(train_data_with_dates[train_data_with_dates["location"] == loc])
          train_data_with_dates.loc[train_data_with_dates["location"] == loc,__

¬"prediction"] = past pred
```







```
submissions_df = pd.concat(predictions)
      submissions_df = submissions_df[["id", "prediction"]]
      submissions_df
[16]:
             id prediction
                  -1.870822
      0
              0
      1
              1
                  -1.611267
      2
              2
                   1.663182
      3
              3
                  42.452042
      4
              4
                344.464111
          2155
                  55.469818
      715
     716 2156
                  35.071697
      717 2157
                   9.472363
      718 2158
                   1.779894
      719 2159
                   1.641781
      [2160 rows x 2 columns]
[17]: # Save the submission DataFrame to submissions folder, create new name based on
       ⇔last submission, format is submission_<last_submission_number + 1>.csv
      # Save the submission
      print(f"Saving submission to submissions/{new_filename}.csv")
      submissions_df.to_csv(os.path.join('submissions', f"{new_filename}.csv"),__
       →index=False)
      print("jall1a")
```

[16]: # concatenate predictions

Saving submission to submissions/submission_84.csv jall1a

```
[18]: # save this running notebook
      from IPython.display import display, Javascript
      import time
      # hei123
      display(Javascript("IPython.notebook.save_checkpoint();"))
      time.sleep(3)
     <IPython.core.display.Javascript object>
[19]: # save this notebook to submissions folder
      import subprocess
      import os
      subprocess.run(["jupyter", "nbconvert", "--to", "pdf", "--output", os.path.

¬join('notebook_pdfs', f"hei.pdf"), "autogluon_each_location.ipynb"])

     [NbConvertApp] Converting notebook autogluon_each_location.ipynb to pdf
     /opt/conda/lib/python3.10/site-packages/nbconvert/utils/pandoc.py:51:
     RuntimeWarning: You are using an unsupported version of pandoc (2.9.2.1).
     Your version must be at least (2.14.2) but less than (4.0.0).
     Refer to https://pandoc.org/installing.html.
     Continuing with doubts...
       check_pandoc_version()
     [NbConvertApp] Writing 110473 bytes to notebook.tex
     [NbConvertApp] Building PDF
     [NbConvertApp] Running xelatex 3 times: ['xelatex', 'notebook.tex', '-quiet']
     [NbConvertApp] Running bibtex 1 time: ['bibtex', 'notebook']
     [NbConvertApp] WARNING | bibtex had problems, most likely because there were no
     citations
     [NbConvertApp] PDF successfully created
     [NbConvertApp] Writing 89880 bytes to notebook_pdfs/hei.pdf
[19]: CompletedProcess(args=['jupyter', 'nbconvert', '--to', 'pdf', '--output',
      'notebook_pdfs/hei.pdf', 'autogluon_each_location.ipynb'], returncode=0)
[20]: # feature importance
      location="A"
      split_time = pd.Timestamp("2022-10-28 22:00:00")
      estimated = train_data_with_dates[train_data_with_dates["ds"] >= split_time]
      estimated = estimated[estimated["location"] == location]
      predictors[0].feature_importance(feature_stage="original", data=estimated,__
       →time limit=60*10)
```

These features in provided data are not utilized by the predictor and will be

ignored: ['ds', 'elevation:m', 'sample_weight', 'location', 'prediction'] Computing feature importance via permutation shuffling for 43 features using 4394 rows with 10 shuffle sets... Time limit: 600s...

623.92s = Expected runtime (62.39s per shuffle set)
351.84s = Actual runtime (Completed 10 of 10 shuffle sets)

[20]:		importance	stddev	p_value	n	\
	direct_rad:W	147.254592	1.840335	5.984714e-19	10	
	clear_sky_rad:W	93.660755	1.738334	2.101212e-17	10	
	diffuse_rad:W	70.030272	2.030611	1.162961e-15	10	
	sun_azimuth:d	59.041930	3.065140	2.183457e-13	10	
	sun_elevation:d	31.723252	0.881036	7.891388e-16	10	
	direct_rad_1h:J	31.618525	0.746865	1.839313e-16	10	
	clear_sky_energy_1h:J	28.398144	1.222731	4.066758e-14	10	
	diffuse_rad_1h:J	16.209468	1.117848	2.791123e-12	10	
	effective_cloud_cover:p	14.524108	0.922336	1.332301e-12	10	
	total_cloud_cover:p	14.274103	0.835227	6.392552e-13	10	
	wind_speed_u_10m:ms	9.529033	1.081217	2.394135e-10	10	
	cloud_base_agl:m	7.416030	0.501223	2.329635e-12	10	
	snow_water:kgm2	6.631639	0.793626	3.846266e-10	10	
	is_day:idx	5.909227	0.305931	2.130087e-13	10	
	fresh_snow_24h:cm	5.308035	0.586957	1.903027e-10	10	
	msl_pressure:hPa	5.146734	0.482408	4.353021e-11	10	
	relative_humidity_1000hPa:p	5.008415	0.665083	9.692652e-10	10	
	visibility:m	4.859585	0.461801	4.922165e-11	10	
	wind_speed_10m:ms	4.671583	0.703471	2.951091e-09	10	
	sfc_pressure:hPa	4.604262	0.755454	6.291200e-09	10	
	ceiling_height_agl:m	4.409944	0.430182	6.218205e-11	10	
	pressure_50m:hPa	4.030376	0.599064	2.630290e-09	10	
	wind_speed_v_10m:ms	3.955984	0.783451	3.273485e-08	10	
	is_in_shadow:idx	3.920461	0.194659	1.463312e-13	10	
	pressure_100m:hPa	2.832170	0.503508	1.273445e-08	10	
	t_1000hPa:K	2.130411	1.164024	1.317638e-04	10	
	air_density_2m:kgm3	1.905312	0.736314	9.235284e-06	10	
	fresh_snow_6h:cm	1.800157	0.249171	1.400076e-09	10	
	fresh_snow_12h:cm	1.742519	0.319152	1.653365e-08	10	
	estimated_diff_hours	1.645522	0.212687	7.625252e-10	10	
	<pre>snow_depth:cm</pre>	1.545368	0.396405	3.058813e-07	10	
	<pre>super_cooled_liquid_water:kgm2</pre>	1.420476	0.400413	6.819216e-07	10	
	fresh_snow_3h:cm	0.968096	0.219209	1.047428e-07	10	
	<pre>precip_5min:mm</pre>	0.895930	0.444144	6.420545e-05	10	
	dew_point_2m:K	0.699648	0.457302	4.617174e-04	10	
	dew_or_rime:idx	0.602567	0.209757	3.955448e-06	10	
	<pre>precip_type_5min:idx</pre>	0.482961	0.267444	1.451975e-04	10	
	fresh_snow_1h:cm	0.470631	0.212665	3.168775e-05	10	
	absolute_humidity_2m:gm3	0.241512	0.163638	5.866296e-04	10	
	rain_water:kgm2	0.197383	0.125546	3.840384e-04	10	

prob_rime:p	0.102458	0 158544	3.567423e-02	10	
wind_speed_w_1000hPa:ms			5.000000e-01	10	
snow_melt_10min:mm			9.735819e-01	10	
	0.001010	0.101/70	0.1000100 01	10	
	p99_high	p99_1o	W		
direct_rad:W	149.145883	-			
clear_sky_rad:W	95.447220	91.874290			
diffuse_rad:W	72.117107	67.943437			
sun_azimuth:d	62.191938	55.891921			
sun_elevation:d	32.628683	30.817821			
direct_rad_1h:J	32.386070	30.850981			
clear_sky_energy_1h:J	29.654731	27.141558			
diffuse_rad_1h:J	17.358267	15.060668			
effective_cloud_cover:p	15.471982	13.576234			
total_cloud_cover:p	15.132456	13.415750			
wind_speed_u_10m:ms	10.640187	8.41787	9		
cloud_base_agl:m	7.931132	6.90092	9		
snow_water:kgm2	7.447239	5.81603	9		
is_day:idx	6.223629	5.59482	5		
fresh_snow_24h:cm	5.911243				
msl_pressure:hPa	5.642498	4.65096	9		
relative_humidity_1000hPa:p	5.691913				
visibility:m	5.334173				
wind_speed_10m:ms	5.394532				
sfc_pressure:hPa	5.380634				
ceiling_height_agl:m	4.852037				
pressure_50m:hPa	4.646027				
wind_speed_v_10m:ms	4.761127				
is_in_shadow:idx	4.120510				
pressure_100m:hPa	3.349618				
t_1000hPa:K	3.326664	0.93415 1.14861			
<pre>air_density_2m:kgm3 fresh_snow_6h:cm</pre>	2.662013 2.056228	1.54408			
fresh_snow_12h:cm	2.070508	1.41453			
estimated_diff_hours	1.864098				
snow_depth:cm	1.952748	1.13798			
<pre>super_cooled_liquid_water:kgm2</pre>	1.831976	1.00897			
fresh_snow_3h:cm	1.193375	0.74281			
precip_5min:mm	1.352372	0.43948			
dew_point_2m:K	1.169612	0.22968			
dew_or_rime:idx	0.818131	0.38700			
precip_type_5min:idx	0.757810	0.20811			
fresh_snow_1h:cm	0.689184	0.25207			
absolute_humidity_2m:gm3	0.409680	0.07334			
rain_water:kgm2	0.326405	0.06836			
prob_rime:p	0.265392	-0.06047			
wind_speed_w_1000hPa:ms	0.000000	0.00000	0		

```
[21]: # feature importance
observed = train_data_with_dates[train_data_with_dates["ds"] < split_time]
observed = observed[observed["location"] == location]
predictors[0].feature_importance(feature_stage="original", data=observed,___
otime_limit=60*10)
```

These features in provided data are not utilized by the predictor and will be ignored: ['ds', 'elevation:m', 'sample_weight', 'location', 'prediction'] Computing feature importance via permutation shuffling for 43 features using 5000 rows with 10 shuffle sets... Time limit: 600s...

655.26s = Expected runtime (65.53s per shuffle set)
436.52s = Actual runtime (Completed 10 of 10 shuffle sets)

```
[21]:
                                    importance
                                                  stddev
                                                              p_value
                                                                        n
                                                                         \
                                    269.793515 9.568835 7.116697e-15 10
     direct_rad:W
                                    251.957450 7.656914 1.773796e-15 10
     clear_sky_rad:W
     diffuse_rad:W
                                    149.346560 4.758883 2.716478e-15 10
     sun_azimuth:d
                                    130.221525 5.241111 2.217776e-14 10
     clear_sky_energy_1h:J
                                     96.051185 4.263778 5.349573e-14 10
     sun_elevation:d
                                     76.430185 2.906178 1.330594e-14 10
     direct_rad_1h:J
                                     75.793597
                                               3.153240 2.986730e-14 10
     diffuse_rad_1h:J
                                     48.606907 2.153540 5.257738e-14 10
     effective_cloud_cover:p
                                     41.704280 2.121592 1.819862e-13 10
     ceiling_height_agl:m
                                     37.201053 1.587566 3.754229e-14 10
     cloud_base_agl:m
                                     37.033043 1.573021 3.599691e-14 10
     wind_speed_u_10m:ms
                                     34.168132 1.972810 5.671460e-13 10
     total_cloud_cover:p
                                     32.847920 1.466446 5.629647e-14 10
     t_1000hPa:K
                                     29.341463 1.312337 5.724237e-14 10
     visibility:m
                                     26.966038 1.799448 2.077941e-12 10
     relative_humidity_1000hPa:p
                                     24.442810 1.503918 1.003354e-12 10
     wind_speed_v_10m:ms
                                     22.607628 1.014496 5.896310e-14 10
     dew_point_2m:K
                                     20.761516 0.727565 6.388433e-15 10
     wind_speed_10m:ms
                                     19.403466 1.210654 1.137351e-12 10
     msl_pressure:hPa
                                     16.686528 0.797033 1.033206e-13 10
     air_density_2m:kgm3
                                     16.560076 0.923255 4.142008e-13 10
     snow_water:kgm2
                                     14.925886
                                               1.009540 2.345267e-12 10
     absolute_humidity_2m:gm3
                                     13.672805
                                               0.654731 1.056877e-13 10
     pressure_100m:hPa
                                     13.140989 0.658222 1.583178e-13 10
     pressure_50m:hPa
                                     12.182508 0.907851 5.590945e-12 10
                                     11.991986 0.613768 1.921651e-13 10
     sfc_pressure:hPa
     super_cooled_liquid_water:kgm2
                                     10.086132  0.923084  3.516800e-11  10
     is_in_shadow:idx
                                      6.645764 0.547833 1.380178e-11 10
     is_day:idx
                                      6.014246 0.243437 2.333867e-14 10
     precip_5min:mm
                                      5.616457 1.019740 1.531549e-08 10
     precip_type_5min:idx
                                      5.499632 0.998419 1.530067e-08 10
     fresh_snow_24h:cm
                                      3.991180 0.664807 7.183898e-09 10
```

```
rain_water:kgm2
                                  3.570179
                                             0.509840 1.845953e-09
                                                                     10
                                             0.239473 1.012841e-07
                                                                     10
fresh_snow_12h:cm
                                   1.061707
snow_depth:cm
                                   1.047640
                                             0.240800 1.192010e-07
                                                                     10
dew_or_rime:idx
                                   1.011336
                                             0.327238
                                                       2.165048e-06
                                                                     10
fresh_snow_6h:cm
                                             0.328126 1.585098e-05
                                                                     10
                                  0.793419
fresh_snow_3h:cm
                                  0.513027
                                             0.246481 5.067826e-05
                                                                     10
prob_rime:p
                                                                     10
                                  0.287585
                                             0.162332 1.666621e-04
fresh_snow_1h:cm
                                  0.236022
                                             0.134775 1.810146e-04
                                                                     10
snow melt 10min:mm
                                  0.085890
                                             0.082659 4.720065e-03
                                                                     10
estimated diff hours
                                             0.000000
                                                       5.000000e-01
                                                                     10
                                   0.000000
wind speed w 1000hPa:ms
                                 -0.000353
                                             0.001473 7.660097e-01
                                                                     10
                                  p99_high
                                                p99_low
direct_rad:W
                                 279.627294
                                             259.959736
                                 259.826371
                                             244.088530
clear_sky_rad:W
diffuse_rad:W
                                 154.237208
                                             144.455912
                                             124.835297
sun_azimuth:d
                                 135.607753
clear_sky_energy_1h:J
                                 100.433019
                                              91.669351
sun_elevation:d
                                 79.416829
                                              73.443541
direct_rad_1h:J
                                  79.034144
                                              72.553049
diffuse_rad_1h:J
                                 50.820075
                                              46.393740
effective_cloud_cover:p
                                              39.523945
                                  43.884615
ceiling_height_agl:m
                                              35.569529
                                  38.832576
cloud base agl:m
                                  38.649619
                                              35.416468
wind_speed_u_10m:ms
                                              32.140698
                                  36.195566
total cloud cover:p
                                  34.354969
                                              31.340870
t_1000hPa:K
                                  30.690136
                                              27.992789
visibility:m
                                  28.815309
                                              25.116767
relative_humidity_1000hPa:p
                                  25.988369
                                              22.897251
                                              21.565043
wind_speed_v_10m:ms
                                  23.650213
dew_point_2m:K
                                  21.509227
                                              20.013806
wind_speed_10m:ms
                                  20.647641
                                              18.159291
msl_pressure:hPa
                                  17.505629
                                              15.867427
air_density_2m:kgm3
                                  17.508894
                                              15.611258
snow_water:kgm2
                                              13.888394
                                  15.963379
absolute_humidity_2m:gm3
                                  14.345664
                                              12.999946
pressure 100m:hPa
                                              12.464543
                                  13.817436
pressure_50m:hPa
                                              11.249520
                                  13.115496
sfc pressure:hPa
                                  12.622748
                                              11.361224
super_cooled_liquid_water:kgm2
                                               9.137489
                                  11.034775
is in shadow:idx
                                  7.208766
                                               6.082763
is_day:idx
                                   6.264423
                                               5.764068
precip_5min:mm
                                               4.568482
                                   6.664432
precip_type_5min:idx
                                  6.525695
                                               4.473568
fresh_snow_24h:cm
                                               3.307966
                                  4.674394
rain_water:kgm2
                                  4.094136
                                               3.046222
fresh_snow_12h:cm
                                   1.307810
                                               0.815603
```

```
snow_depth:cm
                                        1.295107
                                                   0.800173
                                                   0.675037
      dew_or_rime:idx
                                       1.347634
      fresh_snow_6h:cm
                                       1.130630 0.456208
     fresh_snow_3h:cm
                                       0.766333 0.259722
                                       0.454412 0.120757
     prob_rime:p
     fresh_snow_1h:cm
                                       0.374529 0.097516
                                       0.170838 0.000942
     snow melt 10min:mm
      estimated_diff_hours
                                       0.000000 0.000000
      wind speed w 1000hPa:ms
                                       0.001161 -0.001867
 []: display(Javascript("IPython.notebook.save_checkpoint();"))
      time.sleep(3)
      subprocess.run(["jupyter", "nbconvert", "--to", "pdf", "--output", os.path.
       →join('notebook_pdfs', f"{new_filename}_with_feature_importance.pdf"),

¬"autogluon_each_location.ipynb"])
[23]: # import subprocess
      # def execute git command(directory, command):
            """Execute a Git command in the specified directory."""
      #
               result = subprocess.check_output(['qit', '-C', directory] + command,__
       ⇔stderr=subprocess.STDOUT)
               return result.decode('utf-8').strip(), True
            except subprocess.CalledProcessError as e:
                print(f''Git\ command\ failed\ with\ message:\ \{e.output.decode('utf-8').
      ⇔strip()}")
                return e.output.decode('utf-8').strip(), False
      # git_repo_path = "."
      # execute_qit_command(qit_repo_path, ['confiq', 'user.email',_
      → 'henrikskoq01@qmail.com'])
      # execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['config', 'user.name', hello if hello is_
      ⇔not None else 'Henrik eller Jørgen'])
      # branch_name = new_filename
      # # add datetime to branch name
      # branch_name += f''_{pd}.Timestamp.now().strftime('%Y-%m-%d_%H-%M-%S')}''
      # commit msq = "run result"
      # execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['checkout', '-b',branch_name])
```

Navigate to your repo and commit changes

```
# execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['add', '.'])
# execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['commit', '-m',commit_msg])

# # Push to remote
# output, success = execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['push',u'origin',branch_name])

# # If the push fails, try setting an upstream branch and push again
# if not success and 'upstream' in output:
# print("Attempting to set upstream and push again...")
# execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['push', '--set-upstream',u'origin',branch_name])
# execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['push', 'origin', 'henrik_branch'])

# execute_git_command(git_repo_path, ['checkout', 'main'])
```