autogluon each location

October 6, 2023

```
[3]: import pandas as pd
     from darts import TimeSeries
     import numpy as np
     import warnings
     warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
     def fix_datetime(X, name):
         11 11 11
         Function to fix and standardize datetime in the given DataFrame.
         Parameters:
         - X: DataFrame to be modified.
         - name: String representing the name of the DataFrame, used for logging.
         Returns:
         - Modified DataFrame with standardized datetime.
         # Convert 'date_forecast' to datetime format and replace original columnu
      ⇔with 'ds'
         X['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(X['date_forecast'])
         X.drop(columns=['date_forecast'], inplace=True, errors='ignore')
         # Sort DataFrame by the new datetime column ('ds') and set it as the index
         X.sort_values(by='ds', inplace=True)
         X.set_index('ds', inplace=True)
         # Log the shape of the DataFrame before dropping rows with in-between
      \rightarrowminutes
         print(f"Shape of {name} before dropping in-between hour rows: ", X.shape)
         # Identify and log gaps in the date sequence
         print(f"HEIHEI: {name} gaps in dates: ", X.index.to_series().diff().dt.

¬total_seconds().gt(60*15).sum())
```

```
print(f"HEIHEI: {name} first gap in dates: ", X[X.index.to_series().diff().

dt.total_seconds().gt(60*15)==True].index[:1])
    # Calculate and log the size of each gap in the date sequence
   temp = X.index.to_series().diff().dt.total_seconds()
    if temp.shape[0] > 0:
        print(f"HEIHEI: {name} list of size (in days) of each gap: ", temp[temp.
 \rightarrowgt(60*15)].values / (60*60*24))
    # temporarily transform into darts time series to fill missing dates
    # get date_calc if date_calc is column in X
   temp_calc = None
   if "date calc" in X.columns:
       temp_calc = X["date_calc"]
       X.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
   X = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(df=X, freq="15T", fill_missing_dates=True,__
 →fillna_value=None).pd_dataframe()
    if temp_calc is not None:
       X["date_calc"] = temp_calc
   print(f"HEIHEI: {name} gaps in dates after filling missing dates: ", X.

→index.to_series().diff().dt.total_seconds().gt(60*15).sum())
   # Drop rows where the minute part of the time is not 0
   X = X[X.index.minute == 0]
    # Log the shape of the DataFrame after dropping rows with in-between minutes
   print(f"Shape of {name} after dropping in-between hour rows: ", X.shape)
   return X
def convert to datetime(X train observed, X train estimated, X test, y train):
   X_train_observed = fix_datetime(X_train_observed, "X_train_observed")
   X_train_estimated = fix_datetime(X_train_estimated, "X_train_estimated")
   X_test = fix_datetime(X_test, "X_test")
   X_train_observed["estimated_diff_hours"] = 0
   X_train_estimated["estimated_diff_hours"] = (X_train_estimated.index - pd.
 ato_datetime(X_train_estimated["date_calc"])).dt.total_seconds() / 3600
   X_test["estimated_diff_hours"] = (X_test.index - pd.
 sto_datetime(X_test["date_calc"])).dt.total_seconds() / 3600
```

```
X_train_estimated.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
   X_test.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
   y_train['ds'] = pd.to_datetime(y_train['time'])
   y_train.drop(columns=['time'], inplace=True)
   y_train.sort_values(by='ds', inplace=True)
   y_train.set_index('ds', inplace=True)
   return X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train
# location_map = {
     "A": 0.
      "B": 1,
      "C": 2
# }
def preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train,_
 →location):
    # convert to datetime
   X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train =_
 -convert to_datetime(X_train observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train)
   # # cast all columns to float64
   # X_train = X_train.astype('float64')
   # X_test = X_test.astype('float64')
   print(f"X_train_observed shape: {X_train_observed.shape}")
   print(f"X_train_estimated shape: {X_train_estimated.shape}")
   print(f"X_test shape: {X_test.shape}")
   print(f"y_train shape: {y_train.shape}")
   y_train["y"] = y_train["pv_measurement"].astype('float64')
   y_train.drop(columns=['pv_measurement'], inplace=True)
   print("y_train columns: ", y_train.columns)
    # temporarily transform into darts time series to fill missing dates
```

```
print("Shape of y_train before filling missing dates: ", y_train.shape)
  y_train = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(df=y_train, freq="H",__
fill_missing_dates=True, fillna_value=None).pd_dataframe()
  print("Shape of y_train after filling missing dates: ", y_train.shape)
  # number of gaps in X_train_observed + X_train_estimated before
  print(f"LOOK: Number of gaps in X_train_observed plus number of gaps in ⊔
→X_train_estimated before: ", X_train_observed.index.to_series().diff().dt.
ototal_seconds().gt(3600).sum() + X_train_estimated.index.to_series().diff().

dt.total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
  X train = pd.concat([X train observed, X train estimated])
  print(f"LOOK: Number of gaps in X_train_observed plus number of gaps in ⊔

¬X_train_estimated after: ", X_train.index.to_series().diff().dt.

⇔total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
  # print size of gaps in X_train
  temp = X_train.index.to_series().diff().dt.total_seconds()
  if temp.shape[0] > 0:
      print("LOOK: list of size (in days) of each gap: ", temp[temp.gt(3600)].
→values / (60*60*24))
  print("if the number is bigger after than before that means there is a gapu
# print info on dates in X train, and if there are any missing dates
  print("X_train dates info: ", X_train.index.min(), X_train.index.max(),__

¬X_train.index.max() - X_train.index.min())
  print("X_test dates info: ", X_test.index.min(), X_test.index.max(), X_test.
→index.max() - X_test.index.min())
  print("y_train dates info: ", y_train.index.min(), y_train.index.max(),__
→y_train.index.max() - y_train.index.min())
  # any gaps in dates?
  print("X_train gaps in dates: ", X_train.index.to_series().diff().dt.
→total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
  print("X_test gaps in dates: ", X_test.index.to_series().diff().dt.
⇔total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
  print("y_train gaps in dates: ", y_train.index.to_series().diff().dt.
⇔total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
  # temporarily transform into darts time series to fill missing dates
  X_train = TimeSeries.from_dataframe(df=X_train, freq="H",__
fill_missing_dates=True, fillna_value=None).pd_dataframe()
  X test = TimeSeries.from dataframe(df=X test, freq="H", ...
fill_missing_dates=True, fillna_value=None).pd_dataframe()
  print("X train gaps in dates after filling missing dates: ", X train.index.
sto_series().diff().dt.total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
```

```
print("X_test gaps in dates after filling missing dates: ", X_test.index.
 sto_series().diff().dt.total_seconds().gt(3600).sum())
    # clip all y values to 0 if negative
    y_train["y"] = y_train["y"].clip(lower=0)
    # print Number of missing values in X train
    print("Number of missing values in X_train: ", X_train.isnull().sum().sum())
    print("Number of missing values in X_test: ", X_test.isnull().sum().sum())
    # y_train missing values
    print("Number of missing values in y_train: ", y_train.isnull().sum().sum())
    X_train = pd.merge(X_train, y_train, how="outer", left_index=True,__
 →right_index=True)
    print("Number of missing values in X_train after merging with y_train: ", 

¬X_train.drop(columns=['y']).isnull().sum().sum())

    X_train["location"] = location
    X_test["location"] = location
    return X_train, X_test
# Define locations
locations = ['A', 'B', 'C']
X_trains = []
X_{\text{tests}} = []
y_trains = []
# Loop through locations
for loc in locations:
   print("\n\n")
    print(f"Processing location {loc}...")
    # Read target training data
    y_train = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/train_targets.parquet')
    # Read estimated training data and add location feature
    X_train_estimated = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_train_estimated.parquet')
    # Read observed training data and add location feature
    X_train_observed= pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_train_observed.parquet')
    # Read estimated test data and add location feature
```

```
X_test_estimated = pd.read_parquet(f'{loc}/X_test_estimated.parquet')
    # Concatenate observed and estimated datasets for each location
    #X_train = pd.concat([X_train_estimated, X_train_observed])
    # Preprocess data
   X_train, X_test = preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated,__
 →X_test_estimated, y_train, loc)
   print(f"Final shape of X train for location {loc}: ", X train.shape)
   print(f"Final shape of X_test for location {loc}: ", X_test.shape)
   # print(y_train.head(), y_train.shape)
    # print(X train.head(), X train.shape)
    # print(X_train.head(), X_train.shape)
   # print(type(X train['y']))
   # Save data to csv
   X train.to csv(f'{loc}/X train.csv', index=True)
   X_test.to_csv(f'{loc}/X_test.csv', index=True)
   X_trains.append(X_train)
   X_tests.append(X_test)
# Concatenate all data and save to csv
X_train = pd.concat(X_trains)
X_test = pd.concat(X_tests)
# temporary
# X_train["hour"] = X_train.index.hour
# X_train["weekday"] = X_train.index.weekday
\# X_train["month"] = X_train.index.month
# X_train["year"] = X_train.index.year
# X_test["hour"] = X_test.index.hour
# X_test["weekday"] = X_test.index.weekday
# X_test["month"] = X_test.index.month
# X_test["year"] = X_test.index.year
print(f"Final shape of X_train: ", X_train.shape)
print(f"Final shape of X_test: ", X_test.shape)
```

```
X_train.dropna(subset=['y'], inplace=True)
X_train.to_csv('X_train_raw.csv', index=True)
X_test.to_csv('X_test_raw.csv', index=True)
```

```
Processing location A...
Shape of X_train_observed before dropping in-between hour rows: (118669, 45)
HEIHEI: X_train_observed gaps in dates: 0
HEIHEI: X_train_observed first gap in dates: DatetimeIndex([],
dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='ds', freq=None)
HEIHEI: X_train_observed list of size (in days) of each gap: []
HEIHEI: X_train_observed gaps in dates after filling missing dates: 0
Shape of X train observed after dropping in-between hour rows: (29668, 45)
Shape of X train estimated before dropping in-between hour rows: (17576, 46)
HEIHEI: X train estimated gaps in dates: 1
HEIHEI: X_train_estimated first gap in dates: DatetimeIndex(['2023-01-27'],
dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='ds', freq=None)
HEIHEI: X_train_estimated list of size (in days) of each gap: [1.01041667]
HEIHEI: X_train_estimated gaps in dates after filling missing dates: 0
Shape of X_train_estimated after dropping in-between hour rows: (4418, 46)
Shape of X_test before dropping in-between hour rows: (2880, 46)
HEIHEI: X_test gaps in dates: 17
HEIHEI: X test first gap in dates: DatetimeIndex(['2023-05-06'],
dtype='datetime64[ns]', name='ds', freq=None)
HEIHEI: X test list of size (in days) of each gap: [4.01041667 7.01041667
3.01041667 1.01041667 1.01041667 1.01041667
 1.01041667 1.01041667 1.01041667 2.01041667 1.01041667 1.01041667
 3.01041667 2.01041667 3.01041667 1.01041667 1.01041667]
HEIHEI: X_test gaps in dates after filling missing dates: 0
Shape of X_test after dropping in-between hour rows: (1536, 46)
X_train_observed estimated_diff_hours nan: 0
X train estimated estimated diff hours nan: 24
X_test estimated_diff_hours nan: 816
X train observed estimated diff hours inf: 0
X_train_estimated estimated_diff_hours inf: 0
X test estimated diff hours inf: 0
```

```
<a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=204'>205</a> # Concatenate
 →observed and estimated datasets for each location
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=205'>206</a> #X train = pd
 →concat([X_train_estimated, X_train_observed])
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=206'>207</a>
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=209'>210</a>
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=210'>211</a> # Preprocess
--> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
 ⇒autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=211'>212</a> X_train, U⇒X_test = preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, U

¬X_test_estimated, y_train, loc)
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=213'>214</a> print(f"Final
 ⇒shape of X_train for location {loc}: ", X_train.shape)
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=214'>215</a> print(f"Final
 ⇒shape of X test for location {loc}: ", X test.shape)
/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/autogluon each location.ipynb Cell 1
 ⇔line 1
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=107'>108</a> def
 ⇔preprocess_data(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train, ∪
 →location):
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=108'>109</a>
 →to datetime
--> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=109'>110</a>
→X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train =
 →convert_to_datetime(X_train_observed, X_train_estimated, X_test, y_train)
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=112'>113</a>
                                                                          # # cast
 ⇒all columns to float64
    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=113'>114</a>
                                                                           # X train
 <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 -autogluon each location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=114'>115</a>
                                                                          # X_test :

¬X_test.astype('float64')

    <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=117'>118</a>
 General content of the served shape: {X_train_observed.shape}")
```

```
/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/autogluon each location.ipynb Cell 1
 □line 8
 <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
→autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=79'>80</a> print("X_test_
 Gestimated_diff_hours inf: ", np.isinf(X_test["estimated_diff_hours"]).sum())
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=80'>81</a> # convert to in
---> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=81'>82</a>

→X_train_estimated["estimated_diff_hours"] =
 →X train estimated["estimated_diff_hours"].astype('int64')
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=82'>83</a>
 -X test["estimated diff hours"] = X test["estimated diff hours"].astype('int64)
     <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</p>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W0sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=87'>88</a>_
 →X_train_estimated.drop(columns=['date_calc'], inplace=True)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 ⇒generic.py:6240, in NDFrame.astype(self, dtype, copy, errors)
   6233
            results = [
   6234
                 self.iloc[:, i].astype(dtype, copy=copy)
   6235
                 for i in range(len(self.columns))
   6236
   6238 else:
   6239
            # else, only a single dtype is given
-> 6240
            new_data = self. mgr.astype(dtype=dtype, copy=copy, errors=errors)
   6241
            return self._constructor(new_data).__finalize__(self,_
 →method="astype")
   6243 # GH 33113: handle empty frame or series
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 ⇔internals/managers.py:448, in BaseBlockManager.astype(self, dtype, copy, ⊔
 ⇔errors)
    447 def astype(self: T, dtype, copy: bool = False, errors: str = "raise") -
 ⇔T:
--> 448
            return self.apply("astype", dtype=dtype, copy=copy, errors=errors)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 internals/managers.py:352, in BaseBlockManager.apply(self, f, align_keys, ⊔
 ⇔ignore_failures, **kwargs)
    350
                 applied = b.apply(f, **kwargs)
    351
            else:
--> 352
                 applied = getattr(b, f)(**kwargs)
    353 except (TypeError, NotImplementedError):
    354
             if not ignore_failures:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 ⇔internals/blocks.py:526, in Block.astype(self, dtype, copy, errors)
    508 """
```

```
509 Coerce to the new dtype.
    510
   (...)
    522 Block
    523 """
    524 values = self.values
--> 526 new_values = astype_array_safe(values, dtype, copy=copy, errors=errors)
    528 new_values = maybe_coerce_values(new_values)
    529 newb = self.make block(new values)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 dtypes/astype.py:299, in astype_array_safe(values, dtype, copy, errors)
            return values.copy()
    298 try:
            new_values = astype_array(values, dtype, copy=copy)
--> 299
    300 except (ValueError, TypeError):
    301
            # e.g. astype_nansafe can fail on object-dtype of strings
    302
            # trying to convert to float
    303
           if errors == "ignore":
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 ⇔dtypes/astype.py:230, in astype array(values, dtype, copy)
            values = values.astype(dtype, copy=copy)
    229 else:
--> 230
            values = astype_nansafe(values, dtype, copy=copy)
    232 # in pandas we don't store numpy str dtypes, so convert to object
    233 if isinstance(dtype, np.dtype) and issubclass(values.dtype.type, str):
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 →dtypes/astype.py:140, in astype_nansafe(arr, dtype, copy, skipna)
            raise TypeError(f"cannot astype a timedelta from [{arr.dtype}] to \Box
    137
 →[{dtype}]")
    139 elif np.issubdtype(arr.dtype, np.floating) and is_integer_dtype(dtype):
--> 140
            return _astype_float_to_int_nansafe(arr, dtype, copy)
    142 elif is_object_dtype(arr.dtype):
    143
            # if we have a datetime/timedelta array of objects
    144
    145
            # then coerce to a proper dtype and recall astype_nansafe
    147
            if is_datetime64_dtype(dtype):
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/pandas/core/
 odtypes/astype.py:182, in astype float to int nansafe(values, dtype, copy)
    179 astype with a check preventing converting NaN to an meaningless integer
 ⇔value.
    180 """
    181 if not np.isfinite(values).all():
--> 182 raise IntCastingNaNError(
```

```
183 "Cannot convert non-finite values (NA or inf) to integer"

184 )

185 if dtype.kind == "u":

186 # GH#45151

187 if not (values >= 0).all():

IntCastingNaNError: Cannot convert non-finite values (NA or inf) to integer
```

```
[]: import pandas as pd
     df = X_train.copy()
     test_df = X_test.copy()
     # add sin and cos of sun elevation:d and sun azimuth:d
     df['sin_sun_elevation'] = np.sin(np.deg2rad(df['sun_elevation:d']))
     test_df['sin_sun_elevation'] = np.sin(np.deg2rad(test_df['sun_elevation:d']))
     # add global_rad_1h:J = diffuse_rad_1h:J + direct_rad_1h:J
     df['global_rad_1h:J'] = df['diffuse_rad_1h:J'] + df['direct_rad_1h:J']
     test_df['global_rad_1h:J'] = test_df['diffuse_rad_1h:J'] +__
      ⇔test_df['direct_rad_1h:J']
     # dew\_or\_rime:idx, Change this to one variable for is\_dew and one variable for
      ⇔is_rime (dew:1, rime:-1)
     df['is_dew'] = df['dew_or_rime:idx'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == 1 else 0)
     df['is_rime'] = df['dew_or_rime:idx'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == -1 else 0)
     test_df['is_dew'] = test_df['dew_or_rime:idx'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == 1 else_u
     test_df['is_rime'] = test_df['dew_or_rime:idx'].apply(lambda x: 1 if x == -1_u
      ⇔else 0)
     EXOGENOUS = [
         'estimated_diff_hours',
         "absolute_humidity_2m:gm3",
         "air density 2m:kgm3",
         "dew_point_2m:K",
         "diffuse_rad_1h:J",
         "direct_rad_1h:J",
         "effective_cloud_cover:p",
         "fresh_snow_1h:cm",
         "snow_depth:cm",
         "sun_elevation:d",
```

```
"sun_azimuth:d",
    "t_1000hPa:K",
    "visibility:m",
    "wind_speed_10m:ms",
    "is_dew",
    "is_rime",
    "sin_sun_elevation",
    "global_rad_1h:J",
    ]

#additional_features_for_testing =

df = df[EXOGENOUS + ["y", "location"]]
test_df = test_df[EXOGENOUS+ ["location"]]

# save to X_train_feature_engineered.csv
df.to_csv('X_train_feature_engineered.csv', index=True)
test_df.to_csv('X_test_feature_engineered.csv', index=True)
```

1 Starting

```
[]: import os
     # Get the last submission number
     last_submission_number = int(max([int(filename.split('_')[1].split('.')[0]) for_
     ofilename in os.listdir('submissions') if "submission" in filename]))
     print("Last submission number:", last_submission_number)
     print("Now creating submission number:", last_submission_number + 1)
     # Create the new filename
    new_filename = f'submission_{last_submission_number + 1}'
    Last submission number: 70
    Now creating submission number: 71
[]: from autogluon.tabular import TabularDataset, TabularPredictor
     train_data = TabularDataset('X_train_raw.csv')
     train_data.drop(columns=['ds'], inplace=True)
     label = 'y'
     metric = 'mean_absolute_error'
     time_limit = 60
     presets = 'best_quality'
    Loaded data from: X_train_raw.csv | Columns = 53 / 53 | Rows = 93024 -> 93024
[]: predictors = [None, None, None]
```

```
[]: loc = "A"
     print(f"Training model for location {loc}...")
     predictor = TabularPredictor(label=label, eval_metric=metric,__
      ⇒path=f"AutogluonModels/{new_filename}_{loc}").
      fit(train_data[train_data["location"] == loc], time_limit=time_limit,__
      →presets=presets)
     predictors[0] = predictor
    Warning: path already exists! This predictor may overwrite an existing
    predictor! path="AutogluonModels/submission_71_A"
    Presets specified: ['best_quality']
    Stack configuration (auto_stack=True): num_stack_levels=1, num_bag_folds=8,
    num_bag_sets=20
    Beginning AutoGluon training ... Time limit = 240s
    AutoGluon will save models to "AutogluonModels/submission_71_A/"
    AutoGluon Version: 0.8.1
    Python Version:
                        3.10.12
    Operating System: Darwin
    Platform Machine:
                        arm64
    Platform Version: Darwin Kernel Version 22.1.0: Sun Oct 9 20:15:09 PDT 2022;
    root:xnu-8792.41.9~2/RELEASE_ARM64_T6000
                       1.10 GB / 494.38 GB (0.2%)
    Disk Space Avail:
            WARNING: Available disk space is low and there is a risk that AutoGluon
    will run out of disk during fit, causing an exception.
            We recommend a minimum available disk space of 10 GB, and large datasets
    may require more.
    Train Data Rows:
                        34085
    Train Data Columns: 51
    Label Column: y
    Preprocessing data ...
    AutoGluon infers your prediction problem is: 'regression' (because dtype of
    label-column == float and many unique label-values observed).
            Label info (max, min, mean, stddev): (5733.42, 0.0, 630.59471,
    1165.90242)
            If 'regression' is not the correct problem_type, please manually specify
    the problem type parameter during predictor init (You may specify problem type
    as one of: ['binary', 'multiclass', 'regression'])
    Using Feature Generators to preprocess the data ...
    Fitting AutoMLPipelineFeatureGenerator...
            Available Memory:
                                                 5142.59 MB
            Train Data (Original) Memory Usage: 15.61 MB (0.3% of available memory)
            Inferring data type of each feature based on column values. Set
    feature_metadata_in to manually specify special dtypes of the features.
            Stage 1 Generators:
                    Fitting AsTypeFeatureGenerator...
                            Note: Converting 3 features to boolean dtype as they
    only contain 2 unique values.
            Stage 2 Generators:
```

```
Stage 3 Generators:
                Fitting IdentityFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 4 Generators:
                Fitting DropUniqueFeatureGenerator...
        Stage 5 Generators:
                Fitting DropDuplicatesFeatureGenerator...
Training model for location A...
        Useless Original Features (Count: 1): ['location']
                These features carry no predictive signal and should be manually
investigated.
                This is typically a feature which has the same value for all
rows.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
        Unused Original Features (Count: 1): ['snow_drift:idx']
                These features were not used to generate any of the output
features. Add a feature generator compatible with these features to utilize
them.
                Features can also be unused if they carry very little
information, such as being categorical but having almost entirely unique values
or being duplicates of other features.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
                ('float', []) : 1 | ['snow_drift:idx']
        Types of features in original data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', []): 45 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', []) : 4 | ['hour', 'weekday', 'month', 'year']
        Types of features in processed data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                 : 43 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', [])
                                 : 4 | ['hour', 'weekday', 'month', 'year']
                ('int', ['bool']) : 2 | ['elevation:m', 'snow_density:kgm3']
        0.3s = Fit runtime
        49 features in original data used to generate 49 features in processed
data.
        Train Data (Processed) Memory Usage: 12.88 MB (0.3% of available memory)
Data preprocessing and feature engineering runtime = 0.29s ...
AutoGluon will gauge predictive performance using evaluation metric:
'mean_absolute_error'
        This metric's sign has been flipped to adhere to being higher_is_better.
The metric score can be multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
        To change this, specify the eval_metric parameter of Predictor()
User-specified model hyperparameters to be fit:
        'NN_TORCH': {},
```

Fitting FillNaFeatureGenerator...

```
'GBM': [{'extra_trees': True, 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'XT'}}, {},
'GBMLarge'],
        'CAT': {},
        'XGB': {},
        'FASTAI': {}.
        'RF': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'XT': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'KNN': [{'weights': 'uniform', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'Unif'}},
{'weights': 'distance', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Dist'}}],
AutoGluon will fit 2 stack levels (L1 to L2) ...
Fitting 11 L1 models ...
Fitting model: KNeighborsUnif_BAG_L1 ... Training model for up to 159.77s of the
239.71s of remaining time.
 KeyboardInterrupt
                                            Traceback (most recent call last)
  ⇔line 3
```

```
/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/autogluon each location.ipynb Cell 8
      <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W6sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=0'>1</a> loc = "A"
      <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon each location.ipynb#W6sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=1'>2</a> print(f"Training
 →model for location {loc}...")
----> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W6sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=2'>3</a> predictor =
 TabularPredictor(label=label, eval_metric=metric, path=f"AutogluonModels/
→{new_filename}_{loc}").fit(train_data[train_data["location"] == loc],
 →time_limit=time_limit, presets=presets)
      <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
 →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#W6sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=3'>4</a> predictors[0] =
 \hookrightarrowpredictor
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 outils/decorators.py:31, in unpack.<locals>._unpack_inner.<locals>._call(*args_u

→**kwargs)

     28 @functools.wraps(f)
     29 def _call(*args, **kwargs):
             gargs, gkwargs = g(*other_args, *args, **kwargs)
---> 31
            return f(*gargs, **gkwargs)
```

```
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 otabular/predictor/predictor.py:986, in TabularPredictor.fit(self, train_data,
 otuning_data, time_limit, presets, hyperparameters, feature_metadata, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, fit_weighted_ensemble, □
 ⇔calibrate_decision_threshold, num_cpus, num_gpus, **kwargs)
             aux_kwargs["fit_weighted_ensemble"] = False
    985 self.save(silent=True) # Save predictor to disk to enable prediction_{f U}
 ⇔and training after interrupt
--> 986 self. learner.fit(
    987
             X=train data,
    988
             X val=tuning data,
    989
             X unlabeled=unlabeled data,
    990
             holdout_frac=holdout_frac,
    991
             num_bag_folds=num_bag_folds,
    992
             num_bag_sets=num_bag_sets,
    993
             num_stack_levels=num_stack_levels,
    994
             hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
    995
             core_kwargs=core_kwargs,
    996
             aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs,
    997
             time_limit=time_limit,
    998
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
    999
             infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
   1000
             verbosity=verbosity,
   1001
             use_bag_holdout=use_bag_holdout,
   1002)
   1003 self._set_post_fit_vars()
   1005 self. post fit(
             keep_only_best=kwargs["keep_only_best"],
   1006
             refit full=kwargs["refit full"],
   1007
   (...)
   1012
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
   1013 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 utabular/learner/abstract_learner.py:159, in AbstractTabularLearner.fit(self,_
 →X, X val, **kwargs)
             raise AssertionError("Learner is already fit.")
    158 self._validate_fit_input(X=X, X_val=X_val, **kwargs)
--> 159 return self._fit(X=X, X_val=X_val, **kwargs)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 →tabular/learner/default_learner.py:157, in DefaultLearner._fit(self, X, X_val → X_unlabeled, holdout_frac, num_bag_folds, num_bag_sets, time_limit, ___
 →infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, verbosity, **trainer_fit_kwargs)
             self.eval_metric = trainer.eval_metric
    156 self.save()
--> 157 trainer.fit(
    158
             X=X,
    159
             y=y,
```

```
X_val=X_val,
     160
     161
              y_val=y_val,
     162
              X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
              holdout frac=holdout frac,
    163
              time limit=time limit trainer,
     164
              infer limit=infer limit,
     165
     166
              infer limit batch size=infer limit batch size,
     167
              groups=groups,
              **trainer fit kwargs,
    168
    169 )
    170 self.save_trainer(trainer=trainer)
    171 time_end = time.time()
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 →tabular/trainer/auto_trainer.py:114, in AutoTrainer.fit(self, X, y, whyperparameters, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, holdout_frac, num_stack_levels, which is a core_kwargs, aux_kwargs, time_limit, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, which is a core_kwargs.
 →use_bag_holdout, groups, **kwargs)
    111 log_str += "}"
    112 logger.log(20, log_str)
--> 114 self._train_multi_and_ensemble(
    115
              X=X.
    116
              y=y,
              X_val=X_val,
    117
    118
              y val=y val,
              X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
     119
    120
              hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
    121
              num_stack_levels=num_stack_levels,
    122
              time_limit=time_limit,
    123
              core_kwargs=core_kwargs,
    124
              aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs,
              infer_limit=infer_limit,
    125
              infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
     126
     127
              groups=groups,
    128 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2371, in AbstractTrainer.
 →_train_multi_and_ensemble(self, X, y, X_val, y_val, hyperparameters, __
 →X_unlabeled, num_stack_levels, time_limit, groups, **kwargs)
              self._num_rows_val = len(X_val)
   2369
   2370 self._num_cols_train = len(list(X.columns))
-> 2371 model names fit = self.train multi levels(
   2372
              Х,
   2373
              у,
   2374
              hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
   2375
              X val=X val,
   2376
              y_val=y_val,
   2377
              X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
```

```
2378
            level_start=1,
   2379
            level_end=num_stack_levels + 1,
   2380
            time_limit=time_limit,
             **kwargs,
   2381
   2382 )
   2383 if len(self.get model names()) == 0:
   2384
            raise ValueError("AutoGluon did not successfully train any models")
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:395, in AbstractTrainer.train_multi_levels(self,
 →X, y, hyperparameters, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, base_model_names, u

→core_kwargs, aux_kwargs, level_start, level_end, time_limit, name_suffix, u
 arelative_stack, level_time_modifier, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size)
                 core kwargs level["time limit"] = core kwargs level.

¬get("time_limit", time_limit_core)
                 aux_kwargs_level["time_limit"] = aux_kwargs_level.
    394

→get("time_limit", time_limit_aux)
--> 395
            base_model_names, aux_models = self.stack_new_level(
    396
                 X=X,
    397
                 y=y,
    398
                 X_val=X_val,
    399
                 y_val=y_val,
    400
                 X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
    401
                 models=hyperparameters,
                 level=level.
    402
                 base model names=base model names,
    403
    404
                 core kwargs=core kwargs level,
    405
                 aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs_level,
    406
                 name suffix=name suffix,
    407
                 infer limit=infer limit,
    408
                 infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
    409
             )
            model_names_fit += base_model_names + aux_models
    410
    411 if self.model best is None and len(model names fit) != 0:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:539, in AbstractTrainer.stack_new_level(self, X,∟
 y, models, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, level, base_model_names, core_kwargs,_u
 →aux_kwargs, name_suffix, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size)
            core_kwargs["name_suffix"] = core_kwargs.get("name_suffix", "") +__
    537
 →name suffix
    538
             aux kwargs["name_suffix"] = aux_kwargs.get("name_suffix", "") +__
 →name_suffix
--> 539 core_models = self.stack_new_level_core(
    540
            X=X,
    541
             y=y,
    542
            X val=X val,
    543
            y val=y val,
            X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
    544
```

```
545
             models=models,
    546
             level=level,
    547
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
    548
             infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
    549
             base model names=base model names,
    550
              **core kwargs,
    551 )
    553 if X_val is None:
    554
             aux_models = self.stack_new_level_aux(
    555
                  X=X, y=y, base_model_names=core_models, level=level + 1,__
 dinfer_limit=infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,u
    556
             )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:673, in AbstractTrainer.stack_new_level_core(self → X, y, models, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, level, base_model_names, stack_name, → ag_args, ag_args_fit, ag_args_ensemble, included_model_types, — ← excluded_model_types, ensemble_type, name_suffix, get_models_func, refit_full —
 670 fit_kwargs = dict(num_classes=self.num_classes)
    672 # FIXME: TODO: v0.1 X unlabeled isn't cached so it won't be available.
 →during refit_full or fit_extra.
--> 673 return self._train_multi(
    674
             X=X_{init},
    675
             y=y,
    676
             X_val=X_val,
    677
             y_val=y_val,
    678
             X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
    679
             models=models,
    680
             level=level.
    681
             stack_name=stack_name,
    682
             compute score=compute score,
    683
             fit_kwargs=fit_kwargs,
    684
             **kwargs,
    685 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2321, in AbstractTrainer._train_multi(self, X, y,
 omodels, hyperparameter_tune_kwargs, feature_prune_kwargs, k_fold, n_repeats,_
 →n_repeat_start, time_limit, **kwargs)
   2319 if n_repeat_start == 0:
   2320
             time_start = time.time()
-> 2321
             model_names_trained = self._train_multi_initial(
   2322
                  X=X
   2323
                  y=y,
   2324
                  models=models,
   2325
                  k_fold=k_fold,
   2326
                  n_repeats=n_repeats_initial,
   2327
                  hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,
```

```
2328
                 feature_prune_kwargs=feature_prune_kwargs,
   2329
                 time_limit=time_limit,
                 **kwargs,
   2330
   2331
             )
   2332
             n repeat start = n repeats initial
   2333
             if time limit is not None:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:2170, in AbstractTrainer.
 →_train_multi_initial(self, X, y, models, k_fold, n_repeats, __
 hyperparameter tune kwargs, time limit, feature prune kwargs, **kwargs)
   2168 else:
             time_ratio = hpo_time_ratio if hpo_enabled else 1
   2169
-> 2170
             models = self. train multi fold(
   2171
                 models=models,
   2172
                 hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,
                 k_fold_start=0,
   2173
   2174
                 k_fold_end=k_fold,
   2175
                 n_repeats=n_repeats,
   2176
                 n_repeat_start=0,
   2177
                 time_limit=time_limit,
                 time_split=time_split,
   2178
   2179
                 time_ratio=time_ratio,
   2180
                 **fit_args,
   2181
   2183 multi_fold_time_elapsed = time.time() - multi_fold_time_start
   2184 if time limit is not None:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2278, in AbstractTrainer.train_multi_fold(self,_
 →X, y, models, time_limit, time_split, time_ratio, hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,

→**kwargs)

   2276
                 time start model = time.time()
                 time_left = time_limit - (time_start_model - time_start)
   2277
-> 2278 model name trained lst = self. train single full(
             X, y, model, time_limit=time_left,_
 hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs_model, **kwargs
   2280 )
   2282 if self.low_memory:
             del model
   2283
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor-/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2051, in AbstractTrainer._train_single_full(self,,)
 →X, y, model, X_unlabeled, X_val, y_val, X_pseudo, y_pseudo, feature_prune, ushyperparameter_tune_kwargs, stack_name, k_fold, k_fold_start, k_fold_end, ush_repeats, n_repeat_start, level, time_limit, fit_kwargs, compute_score, ush
 ⇔total_resources, **kwargs)
                 bagged_model_fit_kwargs = self._get_bagged_model_fit_kwargs(
   2047
   2048
                     k_fold=k_fold, k_fold_start=k_fold_start,__
 -k fold end-k fold end, n repeats-n repeats, n repeat start-n repeat start
```

```
2049
   2050
                model_fit_kwargs.update(bagged_model_fit_kwargs)
-> 2051
            model_names_trained = self._train_and_save(
   2052
                X=X.
   2053
                y=y,
   2054
                model=model,
   2055
                X val=X val,
   2056
                y_val=y_val,
   2057
                X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
   2058
                stack name=stack name,
   2059
                level=level,
   2060
                compute_score=compute_score,
   2061
                total_resources=total_resources,
   2062
                **model_fit_kwargs,
   2063
   2064 self.save()
   2065 return model_names_trained
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/

→trainer/abstract_trainer.py:1733, in AbstractTrainer._train_and_save(self, X,)

 y, model, X_val, y_val, stack_name, level, compute_score, total_resources, u
 →**model_fit_kwargs)
            model = self._train_single(X_w_pseudo, y_w_pseudo, model, X_val,__

    y_val, **model_fit_kwargs)

   1732 else:
-> 1733
            model = self._train_single(X, y, model, X_val, y_val,_
 stotal_resources=total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
   1735 fit end time = time.time()
   1736 if self.weight evaluation:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:1684, in AbstractTrainer.train_single(self, X, y u
 →model, X_val, y_val, total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
   1679 def _train_single(self, X, y, model: AbstractModel, X_val=None, _
 y_val=None, total_resources=None, **model_fit_kwargs) -> AbstractModel:
   1680
   1681
            Trains model but does not add the trained model to this Trainer.
   1682
            Returns trained model object.
   1683
-> 1684
            model = model.fit(X=X, y=y, X_val=X_val, y_val=y_val,_
 stotal_resources=total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
            return model
   1685
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 omodels/abstract/abstract_model.py:829, in AbstractModel.fit(self, **kwargs)
    827 self.validate fit resources(**kwargs)
    828 self._validate_fit_memory_usage(**kwargs)
--> 829 out = self._fit(**kwargs)
```

```
830 if out is None:
        831
                       out = self
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
  models/ensemble/stacker_ensemble_model.py:169, in StackerEnsembleModel.
  →_fit(self, X, y, compute_base_preds, time_limit, **kwargs)
        167 if time_limit is not None:
                       time_limit = time_limit - (time.time() - start_time)
--> 169 return super()._fit(X=X, y=y, time_limit=time_limit, **kwargs)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
  models/ensemble/bagged_ensemble_model.py:250, in BaggedEnsembleModel.
  → fit(self, X, y, X_val, y_val, X_pseudo, y_pseudo, k_fold, k_fold_start, u
  sk_fold_end, n_repeats, n_repeat_start, groups, _skip_oof, **kwargs)
        248 save_bag_folds = self.params.get("save_bag_folds", True)
        249 if k fold == 1:
--> 250
                       self._fit_single(X=X, y=y, model_base=model_base,__
  suse_child_oof=use_child_oof, skip_oof=_skip_oof, **kwargs)
                       return self
        251
        252 else:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
  models/ensemble/bagged_ensemble_model.py:400, in BaggedEnsembleModel.
  م_fit_single(self, X, y, model_base, use_child_oof, time_limit, skip_oof, use_child_oof, use_child_oof, time_limit, skip_oof, use_child_oof, use_child_o
  →**kwargs)
        398 X_sample = X.sample(n=n_sample)
        399 time start predict = time.time()
--> 400 model_base.predict_proba(X_sample)
       401 time_predict_frac = time.time() - time_start_predict
       402 time_predict_estimate = time_predict_frac / frac
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
  →models/abstract/abstract_model.py:931, in AbstractModel.predict_proba(self, X u
  →normalize, **kwargs)
        929 if normalize is None:
                       normalize = self.normalize_pred_probas
--> 931 y_pred_proba = self._predict_proba(X=X, **kwargs)
        932 if normalize:
        933
                       y_pred_proba = normalize_pred_probas(y_pred_proba, self.problem_typ)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
  →models/abstract/abstract model.py:946, in AbstractModel. predict proba(self,
  943 X = self.preprocess(X, **kwargs)
        945 if self.problem type in [REGRESSION, QUANTILE]:
                       y_pred = self.model.predict(X)
--> 946
       947
                       return y pred
        949 y_pred_proba = self.model.predict_proba(X)
```

```
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/
 oneighbors/_regression.py:236, in KNeighborsRegressor.predict(self, X)
    220 """Predict the target for the provided data.
    221
    222 Parameters
   (...)
    231
            Target values.
    232 """
    233 if self.weights == "uniform":
            # In that case, we do not need the distances to perform
    235
            # the weighting so we do not compute them.
            neigh_ind = self.kneighbors(X, return_distance=False)
--> 236
            neigh_dist = None
    237
    238 else:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/
 oneighbors/_base.py:824, in KNeighborsMixin.kneighbors(self, X, n_neighbors, __
 ⇔return distance)
    817 use pairwise distances reductions = (
            self._fit_method == "brute"
    818
    819
            and ArgKmin.is_usable_for(
                X if X is not None else self._fit_X, self._fit_X, self.
    820

→effective_metric_
    821
            )
    822 )
    823 if use_pairwise_distances_reductions:
            results = ArgKmin.compute(
--> 824
    825
                X=X,
    826
                Y=self._fit_X,
    827
                k=n neighbors,
    828
                metric=self.effective metric ,
    829
                metric kwargs=self.effective metric params ,
    830
                strategy="auto",
    831
                return_distance=return_distance,
    832
    834 elif (
            self._fit_method == "brute" and self.metric == "precomputed" and_
    835
 →issparse(X)
    836):
    837
            results = _kneighbors_from_graph(
    838
                X, n_neighbors=n_neighbors, return_distance=return_distance
    839
            )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/sklearn/
 →metrics/_pairwise_distances_reduction/_dispatcher.py:289, in ArgKmin.
 →compute(cls, X, Y, k, metric, chunk_size, metric_kwargs, strategy, u
 →return_distance)
            return ArgKmin64.compute(
```

```
278
                X=X.
    279
                Y=Y,
   (...)
    285
                return_distance=return_distance,
            )
    286
    288 if X.dtype == Y.dtype == np.float32:
--> 289
            return ArgKmin32.compute(
    290
                X=X.
    291
                Y=Y.
    292
                k=k.
    293
                metric=metric,
    294
                chunk_size=chunk_size,
    295
                metric_kwargs=metric_kwargs,
    296
                strategy=strategy,
    297
                return_distance=return_distance,
    298
            )
    300 raise ValueError(
            "Only float64 or float32 datasets pairs are supported at this time, "
    301
    302
            f"got: X.dtype={X.dtype} and Y.dtype={Y.dtype}."
    303)
File sklearn/metrics/ pairwise distances reduction/ argkmin.pyx:584, in sklearn
 metrics._pairwise_distances_reduction._argkmin.ArgKmin32.compute()
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/threadpoolctl
 →py:440, in ThreadpoolLimiter. exit (self, type, value, traceback)
    437 def __enter__(self):
           return self
    438
--> 440 def __exit__(self, type, value, traceback):
            self.restore_original_limits()
    443 @classmethod
    444 def wrap(cls, controller, *, limits=None, user_api=None):
KeyboardInterrupt:
```

Warning: path already exists! This predictor may overwrite an existing predictor! path="AutogluonModels/submission_71_B"

Presets specified: ['best_quality']

Stack configuration (auto_stack=True): num_stack_levels=1, num_bag_folds=8,

num_bag_sets=20

Beginning AutoGluon training ... Time limit = 240s

AutoGluon will save models to "AutogluonModels/submission_71_B/"

AutoGluon Version: 0.8.1
Python Version: 3.10.12
Operating System: Darwin
Platform Machine: arm64

Platform Version: Darwin Kernel Version 22.1.0: Sun Oct 9 20:15:09 PDT 2022;

root:xnu-8792.41.9~2/RELEASE_ARM64_T6000

Disk Space Avail: 1.07 GB / 494.38 GB (0.2%)

WARNING: Available disk space is low and there is a risk that AutoGluon will run out of disk during fit, causing an exception.

We recommend a minimum available disk space of 10 GB, and large datasets may require more.

Train Data Rows: 32844
Train Data Columns: 48

Label Column: y
Preprocessing data ...

AutoGluon infers your prediction problem is: 'regression' (because dtype of label-column == float and many unique label-values observed).

Label info (max, min, mean, stddev): (1152.3, -0.0, 96.82478, 193.94649)

If 'regression' is not the correct problem_type, please manually specify the problem_type parameter during predictor init (You may specify problem_type as one of: ['binary', 'multiclass', 'regression'])

Using Feature Generators to preprocess the data ...

Fitting AutoMLPipelineFeatureGenerator...

Available Memory: 4767.44 MB

Train Data (Original) Memory Usage: 16.49 MB (0.3% of available memory) Inferring data type of each feature based on column values. Set

feature_metadata_in to manually specify special dtypes of the features.

Stage 1 Generators:

Fitting AsTypeFeatureGenerator...

Note: Converting 2 features to boolean dtype as they

only contain 2 unique values.

Stage 2 Generators:

Fitting FillNaFeatureGenerator...

Stage 3 Generators:

Fitting IdentityFeatureGenerator... Fitting DatetimeFeatureGenerator...

Stage 4 Generators:

Fitting DropUniqueFeatureGenerator...

Training model for location B...

Stage 5 Generators:

Fitting DropDuplicatesFeatureGenerator...

Useless Original Features (Count: 1): ['location']

These features carry no predictive signal and should be manually investigated.

```
This is typically a feature which has the same value for all
rows.
                These features do not need to be present at inference time.
        Types of features in original data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                                   : 46 l
['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3', 'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m',
'clear_sky_energy_1h:J', 'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('object', ['datetime_as_object']) : 1 | ['ds']
        Types of features in processed data (raw dtype, special dtypes):
                ('float', [])
                                             : 44 | ['absolute_humidity_2m:gm3',
'air_density_2m:kgm3', 'ceiling_height_agl:m', 'clear_sky_energy_1h:J',
'clear_sky_rad:W', ...]
                ('int', ['bool'])
                                     : 2 | ['elevation:m',
'snow_density:kgm3']
                ('int', ['datetime_as_int']) : 5 | ['ds', 'ds.year',
'ds.month', 'ds.day', 'ds.dayofweek']
        0.2s = Fit runtime
        47 features in original data used to generate 51 features in processed
data.
        Train Data (Processed) Memory Usage: 12.94 MB (0.3% of available memory)
Data preprocessing and feature engineering runtime = 0.25s ...
AutoGluon will gauge predictive performance using evaluation metric:
'mean_absolute_error'
        This metric's sign has been flipped to adhere to being higher is better.
The metric score can be multiplied by -1 to get the metric value.
        To change this, specify the eval_metric parameter of Predictor()
User-specified model hyperparameters to be fit:
        'NN TORCH': {},
        'GBM': [{'extra_trees': True, 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'XT'}}, {},
'GBMLarge'],
        'CAT': {},
        'XGB': {},
        'FASTAI': {},
        'RF': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag args': {'name suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name suffix': 'Entr', 'problem types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'XT': [{'criterion': 'gini', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Gini',
'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}}, {'criterion': 'entropy', 'ag_args':
{'name_suffix': 'Entr', 'problem_types': ['binary', 'multiclass']}},
{'criterion': 'squared_error', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'MSE',
'problem_types': ['regression', 'quantile']}}],
        'KNN': [{'weights': 'uniform', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Unif'}},
{'weights': 'distance', 'ag_args': {'name_suffix': 'Dist'}}],
AutoGluon will fit 2 stack levels (L1 to L2) ...
```

Not enough time to generate out-of-fold predictions for model. Estimated time required was 342.02s compared to 207.7s of available time. Time limit exceeded... Skipping KNeighborsUnif_BAG_L1. Fitting model: KNeighborsDist BAG L1 ... Training model for up to 154.54s of the 234.49s of remaining time. Not enough time to generate out-of-fold predictions for model. Estimated time required was 268.62s compared to 200.86s of available time. Time limit exceeded... Skipping KNeighborsDist_BAG_L1. Fitting model: LightGBMXT_BAG_L1 ... Training model for up to 150.38s of the 230.34s of remaining time. Fitting 8 child models (S1F1 - S1F8) | Fitting with ParallelLocalFoldFittingStrategy -22.6532 = Validation score (-mean absolute error) 34.41s = Training runtime 72.09s = Validation runtime Fitting model: LightGBM_BAG_L1 ... Training model for up to 102.96s of the 182.91s of remaining time. Fitting 8 child models (S1F1 - S1F8) | Fitting with ParallelLocalFoldFittingStrategy KeyboardInterrupt Traceback (most recent call last) /Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/autogluon_each_location.ipynb Cell 8 ⇔line 3 <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre> →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#X10sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=0'>1 loc = "B" <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre> →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#X10sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=1'>2 print(f"Training →model for location {loc}...") ----> 3 predictor = 11 TabularPredictor(label=label, eval_metric=metric, path=f"AutogluonModels/
→{new_filename}_{loc}").fit(train_data[train_data["location"] == loc], →time_limit=time_limit, presets=presets) <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre> →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#X10sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=3'>4 predictors[1] = →predictor File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/ outils/decorators.py:31, in unpack.<locals>._unpack_inner.<locals>._call(*args__ →**kwargs) 28 @functools.wraps(f) 29 def _call(*args, **kwargs): gargs, gkwargs = g(*other_args, *args, **kwargs)

Fitting model: KNeighborsUnif BAG_L1 ... Training model for up to 159.8s of the

Fitting 11 L1 models ...

---> 31

239.75s of remaining time.

return f(*gargs, **gkwargs)

```
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 otabular/predictor/predictor.py:986, in TabularPredictor.fit(self, train_data,
 otuning_data, time_limit, presets, hyperparameters, feature_metadata, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, fit_weighted_ensemble, □
 Galibrate_decision_threshold, num_cpus, num_gpus, **kwargs)
             aux_kwargs["fit_weighted_ensemble"] = False
    985 self.save(silent=True) # Save predictor to disk to enable prediction_{f U}
 ⇔and training after interrupt
--> 986 self. learner.fit(
    987
             X=train data,
             X val=tuning data,
    988
    989
             X unlabeled=unlabeled data,
    990
             holdout_frac=holdout_frac,
    991
             num_bag_folds=num_bag_folds,
    992
             num_bag_sets=num_bag_sets,
    993
             num_stack_levels=num_stack_levels,
    994
             hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
    995
             core_kwargs=core_kwargs,
    996
             aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs,
    997
             time_limit=time_limit,
    998
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
    999
             infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
   1000
             verbosity=verbosity,
   1001
             use_bag_holdout=use_bag_holdout,
   1002)
   1003 self._set_post_fit_vars()
   1005 self. post fit(
   1006
             keep_only_best=kwargs["keep_only_best"],
             refit full=kwargs["refit full"],
   1007
   (...)
   1012
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
   1013 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 utabular/learner/abstract_learner.py:159, in AbstractTabularLearner.fit(self,_
 →X, X val, **kwargs)
             raise AssertionError("Learner is already fit.")
    158 self._validate_fit_input(X=X, X_val=X_val, **kwargs)
--> 159 return self._fit(X=X, X_val=X_val, **kwargs)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 →tabular/learner/default_learner.py:157, in DefaultLearner._fit(self, X, X_val → X_unlabeled, holdout_frac, num_bag_folds, num_bag_sets, time_limit, ___
 →infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, verbosity, **trainer_fit_kwargs)
             self.eval_metric = trainer.eval_metric
    156 self.save()
--> 157 trainer.fit(
    158
             X=X,
    159
             y=y,
```

```
X_val=X_val,
     160
     161
              y_val=y_val,
     162
              X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
              holdout_frac=holdout_frac,
    163
              time limit=time limit trainer,
     164
              infer limit=infer limit,
     165
     166
              infer limit batch size=infer limit batch size,
     167
              groups=groups,
              **trainer fit kwargs,
    168
    169 )
    170 self.save_trainer(trainer=trainer)
    171 time_end = time.time()
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/
 →tabular/trainer/auto_trainer.py:114, in AutoTrainer.fit(self, X, y, whyperparameters, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, holdout_frac, num_stack_levels, which is a core_kwargs, aux_kwargs, time_limit, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size, which is a core_kwargs.
 →use_bag_holdout, groups, **kwargs)
    111 log_str += "}"
    112 logger.log(20, log_str)
--> 114 self._train_multi_and_ensemble(
    115
              X=X,
    116
              y=y,
              X_val=X_val,
    117
    118
              y val=y val,
              X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
     119
    120
              hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
              num_stack_levels=num_stack_levels,
    121
    122
              time_limit=time_limit,
    123
              core_kwargs=core_kwargs,
    124
              aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs,
              infer_limit=infer_limit,
    125
     126
              infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
     127
              groups=groups,
    128 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2371, in AbstractTrainer.
 →_train_multi_and_ensemble(self, X, y, X_val, y_val, hyperparameters, __
 →X_unlabeled, num_stack_levels, time_limit, groups, **kwargs)
              self._num_rows_val = len(X_val)
   2369
   2370 self._num_cols_train = len(list(X.columns))
-> 2371 model names fit = self.train multi levels(
   2372
              Х,
   2373
              у,
   2374
              hyperparameters=hyperparameters,
   2375
              X val=X val,
   2376
              y_val=y_val,
   2377
              X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
```

```
2378
            level_start=1,
   2379
            level_end=num_stack_levels + 1,
   2380
            time_limit=time_limit,
             **kwargs,
   2381
   2382 )
   2383 if len(self.get model names()) == 0:
   2384
            raise ValueError("AutoGluon did not successfully train any models")
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:395, in AbstractTrainer.train_multi_levels(self,
 →X, y, hyperparameters, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, base_model_names, u

→core_kwargs, aux_kwargs, level_start, level_end, time_limit, name_suffix, u
 arelative_stack, level_time_modifier, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size)
                 core kwargs level["time limit"] = core kwargs level.

¬get("time_limit", time_limit_core)
                 aux_kwargs_level["time_limit"] = aux_kwargs_level.
    394

→get("time_limit", time_limit_aux)
--> 395
            base_model_names, aux_models = self.stack_new_level(
    396
                 X=X,
    397
                 y=y,
    398
                 X_val=X_val,
    399
                 y_val=y_val,
    400
                 X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
    401
                 models=hyperparameters,
    402
                 level=level.
                 base model names=base model names,
    403
    404
                 core kwargs=core kwargs level,
    405
                 aux_kwargs=aux_kwargs_level,
    406
                 name suffix=name suffix,
    407
                 infer_limit=infer_limit,
    408
                 infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
    409
             )
            model_names_fit += base_model_names + aux_models
    410
    411 if self.model_best is None and len(model_names_fit) != 0:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:539, in AbstractTrainer.stack_new_level(self, X,∟
 y, models, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, level, base_model_names, core_kwargs,_u
 →aux_kwargs, name_suffix, infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size)
            core_kwargs["name_suffix"] = core_kwargs.get("name_suffix", "") +__
    537
 →name suffix
    538
            aux_kwargs["name_suffix"] = aux_kwargs.get("name_suffix", "") +__
 →name_suffix
--> 539 core_models = self.stack_new_level_core(
    540
            X=X,
    541
            y=y,
    542
            X val=X val,
    543
            y_val=y_val,
    544
            X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
```

```
545
             models=models,
    546
             level=level,
    547
             infer_limit=infer_limit,
    548
             infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,
    549
             base model names=base model names,
    550
              **core kwargs,
    551 )
    553 if X_val is None:
    554
             aux_models = self.stack_new_level_aux(
    555
                  X=X, y=y, base_model_names=core_models, level=level + 1,__
 dinfer_limit=infer_limit, infer_limit_batch_size=infer_limit_batch_size,u
    556
             )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:673, in AbstractTrainer.stack_new_level_core(self → X, y, models, X_val, y_val, X_unlabeled, level, base_model_names, stack_name, → ag_args, ag_args_fit, ag_args_ensemble, included_model_types, — ← excluded_model_types, ensemble_type, name_suffix, get_models_func, refit_full —
 670 fit_kwargs = dict(num_classes=self.num_classes)
    672 # FIXME: TODO: v0.1 X unlabeled isn't cached so it won't be available.
 →during refit_full or fit_extra.
--> 673 return self._train_multi(
    674
             X=X_{init},
    675
             y=y,
    676
             X_val=X_val,
    677
             y_val=y_val,
    678
             X_unlabeled=X_unlabeled,
    679
             models=models,
    680
             level=level.
    681
             stack_name=stack_name,
    682
             compute score=compute score,
    683
             fit_kwargs=fit_kwargs,
    684
             **kwargs,
    685 )
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2321, in AbstractTrainer._train_multi(self, X, y,
 omodels, hyperparameter_tune_kwargs, feature_prune_kwargs, k_fold, n_repeats,_
 →n_repeat_start, time_limit, **kwargs)
   2319 if n_repeat_start == 0:
   2320
             time_start = time.time()
-> 2321
             model_names_trained = self._train_multi_initial(
   2322
                  X=X
   2323
                  y=y,
   2324
                  models=models,
   2325
                  k_fold=k_fold,
   2326
                  n_repeats=n_repeats_initial,
   2327
                  hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,
```

```
2328
                 feature_prune_kwargs=feature_prune_kwargs,
   2329
                 time_limit=time_limit,
                 **kwargs,
   2330
   2331
             )
   2332
             n repeat start = n repeats initial
   2333
             if time limit is not None:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:2170, in AbstractTrainer.
 →_train_multi_initial(self, X, y, models, k_fold, n_repeats, __
 hyperparameter tune kwargs, time limit, feature prune kwargs, **kwargs)
   2168 else:
   2169
             time_ratio = hpo_time_ratio if hpo_enabled else 1
-> 2170
             models = self. train multi fold(
   2171
                 models=models,
   2172
                 hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,
                 k_fold_start=0,
   2173
   2174
                 k_fold_end=k_fold,
   2175
                 n_repeats=n_repeats,
   2176
                 n_repeat_start=0,
   2177
                 time_limit=time_limit,
                 time_split=time_split,
   2178
   2179
                 time_ratio=time_ratio,
   2180
                 **fit_args,
   2181
   2183 multi_fold_time_elapsed = time.time() - multi_fold_time_start
   2184 if time limit is not None:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2278, in AbstractTrainer.train_multi_fold(self,_
 →X, y, models, time_limit, time_split, time_ratio, hyperparameter_tune_kwargs,

→**kwargs)

   2276
                 time start model = time.time()
                 time_left = time_limit - (time_start_model - time_start)
   2277
-> 2278 model name trained lst = self. train single full(
             X, y, model, time_limit=time_left,_
 hyperparameter_tune_kwargs=hyperparameter_tune_kwargs_model, **kwargs
   2280 )
   2282 if self.low_memory:
             del model
   2283
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor-/
 →trainer/abstract_trainer.py:2051, in AbstractTrainer._train_single_full(self,,)
 →X, y, model, X_unlabeled, X_val, y_val, X_pseudo, y_pseudo, feature_prune, ushyperparameter_tune_kwargs, stack_name, k_fold, k_fold_start, k_fold_end, ush_repeats, n_repeat_start, level, time_limit, fit_kwargs, compute_score, ush
 ⇔total_resources, **kwargs)
   2047
                 bagged_model_fit_kwargs = self._get_bagged_model_fit_kwargs(
   2048
                     k_fold=k_fold, k_fold_start=k_fold_start,__
 -k fold end-k fold end, n repeats-n repeats, n repeat start-n repeat start
```

```
2049
   2050
                model_fit_kwargs.update(bagged_model_fit_kwargs)
-> 2051
            model_names_trained = self._train_and_save(
   2052
                X=X.
   2053
                y=y,
   2054
                model=model,
   2055
                X val=X val,
   2056
                y_val=y_val,
                X unlabeled=X unlabeled,
   2057
   2058
                stack name=stack name,
   2059
                level=level,
   2060
                compute_score=compute_score,
   2061
                total_resources=total_resources,
   2062
                **model_fit_kwargs,
   2063
   2064 self.save()
   2065 return model_names_trained
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/

→trainer/abstract_trainer.py:1733, in AbstractTrainer._train_and_save(self, X,)

 y, model, X_val, y_val, stack_name, level, compute_score, total_resources, u
 →**model_fit_kwargs)
            model = self._train_single(X_w_pseudo, y_w_pseudo, model, X_val,__
   1731
 →y_val, **model_fit_kwargs)
   1732 else:
-> 1733
            model = self._train_single(X, y, model, X_val, y_val,_
 stotal_resources=total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
   1735 fit end time = time.time()
   1736 if self.weight evaluation:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 otrainer/abstract_trainer.py:1684, in AbstractTrainer._train_single(self, X, y ⊔
 →model, X_val, y_val, total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
   1679 def _train_single(self, X, y, model: AbstractModel, X_val=None, _
 y_val=None, total_resources=None, **model_fit_kwargs) -> AbstractModel:
   1680
   1681
            Trains model but does not add the trained model to this Trainer.
   1682
            Returns trained model object.
   1683
-> 1684
            model = model.fit(X=X, y=y, X_val=X_val, y_val=y_val,_
 stotal_resources=total_resources, **model_fit_kwargs)
            return model
   1685
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 omodels/abstract/abstract_model.py:829, in AbstractModel.fit(self, **kwargs)
    827 self.validate fit resources(**kwargs)
    828 self._validate_fit_memory_usage(**kwargs)
--> 829 out = self._fit(**kwargs)
```

```
830 if out is None:
    831
            out = self
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/core/
 models/ensemble/stacker_ensemble_model.py:169, in StackerEnsembleModel.
 ← fit(self, X, y, compute_base_preds, time_limit, **kwargs)
    167 if time_limit is not None:
            time_limit = time_limit - (time.time() - start_time)
--> 169 return super()._fit(X=X, y=y, time_limit=time_limit, **kwargs)
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 models/ensemble/bagged_ensemble_model.py:266, in BaggedEnsembleModel.
 → fit(self, X, y, X_val, y_val, X_pseudo, y_pseudo, k_fold, k_fold_start, u
 sk_fold_end, n_repeats, n_repeat_start, groups, _skip_oof, **kwargs)
                 # Reserve time for final refit model
    265
                 kwargs["time_limit"] = kwargs["time_limit"] * folds_to_fit /__
 ⇔(folds_to_fit + 1.2)
--> 266 self. fit folds(
            X=X,
    267
    268
            y=y,
    269
            model base=model base,
    270
            X pseudo=X pseudo,
    271
            y_pseudo=y_pseudo,
    272
            k_fold=k_fold,
    273
            k_fold_start=k_fold_start,
    274
            k_fold_end=k_fold_end,
    275
            n_repeats=n_repeats,
    276
            n_repeat_start=n_repeat_start,
    277
            save_folds=save_bag_folds,
    278
            groups=groups,
    279
            **kwargs,
    280 )
    281 # FIXME: Cleanup self
    282 # FIXME: Support `can_refit_full=False` models
    283 if refit folds:
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor/
 omodels/ensemble/bagged_ensemble_model.py:592, in BaggedEnsembleModel.
 fit_folds(self, X, y, model_base, X_pseudo, y_pseudo, k_fold, k_fold_start, k_fold_end, n_repeats, n_repeat_start, time_limit, sample_weight, save_folds,
 →groups, num_cpus, num_gpus, **kwargs)
    590 for fold_fit_args in fold_fit_args_list:
            fold_fitting_strategy.schedule_fold_model_fit(**fold_fit_args)
--> 592 fold_fitting_strategy.after_all_folds_scheduled()
    594 for model in models:
            # No need to add child times or save child here as this already \Box
 ⇔occurred in the fold_fitting_strategy
            self.add_child(model=model, add_child_times=False)
```

```
File /opt/homebrew/anaconda3/envs/ag/lib/python3.10/site-packages/autogluon/cor
 →models/ensemble/fold_fitting_strategy.py:538, in ParallelFoldFittingStrategy.
 ⇔after all folds scheduled(self)
    536 unfinished = job refs
    537 while unfinished:
            finished, unfinished = self.ray.wait(unfinished, num_returns=1)
--> 538
            finished = finished[0]
    539
    540
            try:
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/ray/_private/client_mode_hook.py:105 __
 →in client_mode_hook.<locals>.wrapper(*args, **kwargs)
    103
            if func.__name__ != "init" or is_client_mode_enabled_by_default:
    104
                return getattr(ray, func.__name__)(*args, **kwargs)
--> 105 return func(*args, **kwargs)
File ~/.local/lib/python3.10/site-packages/ray/_private/worker.py:2578, in_u
 ⇔wait(object refs, num returns, timeout, fetch local)
   2576 timeout = timeout if timeout is not None else 10**6
   2577 timeout milliseconds = int(timeout * 1000)
-> 2578 ready_ids, remaining_ids = worker.core_worker.wait(
   2579
            object_refs,
   2580
            num_returns,
            timeout_milliseconds,
   2581
   2582
            worker.current_task_id,
   2583
            fetch_local,
   2584 )
   2585 return ready_ids, remaining_ids
File python/ray/_raylet.pyx:1833, in ray._raylet.CoreWorker.wait()
File python/ray/_raylet.pyx:199, in ray._raylet.check_status()
KeyboardInterrupt:
```

2 Submit

```
[]: import pandas as pd
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    train_data_with_dates = TabularDataset('X_train_raw.csv')
    train_data_with_dates["ds"] = pd.to_datetime(train_data_with_dates["ds"])
    test_data = TabularDataset('X_test_raw.csv')
    test_data["ds"] = pd.to_datetime(test_data["ds"])
    #test data
[ ]: test_ids = TabularDataset('test.csv')
    test_ids["time"] = pd.to_datetime(test_ids["time"])
    # merge test data with test ids
    test_data_merged = pd.merge(test_data, test_ids, how="inner", right_on=["time",__
     #test_data_merged
[]: # predict, grouped by location
    predictions = []
    location_map = {
        "A": 0,
        "B": 1.
        "C": 2
    for loc, group in test_data.groupby('location'):
        i = location_map[loc]
        subset = test_data_merged[test_data_merged["location"] == loc].
     →reset_index(drop=True)
        #print(subset)
        pred = predictors[i].predict(subset)
        subset["prediction"] = pred
        predictions.append(subset)
[]: # plot predictions for location A, in addition to train data for A
    for loc, idx in location_map.items():
        fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(20, 10))
        # plot train data
        train_data_with_dates[train_data_with_dates["location"] == loc].plot(x='ds',__
      # plot predictions
        predictions[idx].plot(x='ds', y='prediction', ax=ax, label="predictions")
        # title
```

```
ax.set_title(f"Predictions for location {loc}")
[]: # concatenate predictions
     submissions_df = pd.concat(predictions)
     submissions df = submissions df[["id", "prediction"]]
     submissions df
[]: # Save the submission DataFrame to submissions folder, create new name based on
      → last submission, format is submission < last submission number + 1>.csv
     # Save the submission
     print(f"Saving submission to submissions/{new_filename}.csv")
     submissions_df.to_csv(os.path.join('submissions', f"{new_filename}.csv"),__
      →index=False)
[]: # save this notebook to submissions folder
     import subprocess
     import os
     subprocess.run(["jupyter", "nbconvert", "--to", "pdf", "--output", os.path.
      →join('notebook pdfs', f"{new filename}.pdf"), "autogluon each location.
      Traceback (most recent call last)
      /Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/autogluon_each_location.ipynb Cell 1
       \hookrightarrowline 4
            <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
       -autogluon each location.ipynb#X23sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=1'>2</a> import subproces
            <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/</pre>
       -autogluon each location.ipynb#X23sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=2'>3</a> import os
      ----> <a href='vscode-notebook-cell:/Users/jorgensandhaug/Desktop/tdt4173/data/
       →autogluon_each_location.ipynb#X23sZmlsZQ%3D%3D?line=3'>4</a> subprocess.
       →run(["jupyter", "nbconvert", "--to", "pdf", "--output", os.path.

→join('notebook_pdfs', f"{new_filename}.pdf"), "autogluon_each_location.ipynb"
)
     NameError: name 'new_filename' is not defined
```