import pandas as pd

## Importar Datos

```
station_col_names = ['id', 'station', 'municipality', 'lat', 'lng']
```

station\_df = pd.read\_csv("/content/drive/MyDrive/data\_stations.txt", names=station\_col\_names, header=None, delimiter=',', quotecha station\_df

<b>→</b>	id	station	municipality	lat	lng	
0	3	Colleges of the Fenway	Boston	42.340021	-71.100812	ılı
1	4	Tremont St. at Berkeley St.	Boston	42.345392	-71.069616	+/
2	5	Northeastern U / North Parking Lot	Boston	42.341814	-71.090179	
3	6	Cambridge St. at Joy St.	Boston	42.361285	-71.065140	
4	7	Fan Pier	Boston	42.353412	-71.044624	
	•••					
132	141	Powder House Circle	Somerville	42.400877	-71.116772	
133	142	Packard Ave / Powderhouse Blvd	Somerville	42.404490	-71.123413	
134	143	Somerville Hospital at Highland Ave / Crocker St	Somerville	42.390820	-71.109420	
135	144	Teele Square at 239 Holland St	Somerville	42.402763	-71.126908	
136	145	Summer St at Cutter St	Somerville	42.394002	-71.120406	
137 r	ows × 5	5 columns				

Pasos siguientes:

Generar código con station\_df

trips\_col\_names = ['id', 'duration', 'start\_date', 'start\_station', 'end\_date', 'end\_station', 'bike\_number', 'sub\_type', 'zip\_coc
trips\_df = pd.read\_csv('/content/drive/MyDrive/data\_trips.txt', names=trips\_col\_names, header=None, delimiter=',', quotechar="'",
trips\_df

	id	duration	start_date	start_station	end_date	end_station	bike_number	sub_type	zip_code	birth_da
0	1	9	2011-07-28 10:12:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:12:00	99.0	B00468	Registered	97217.0	197
1	2	220	2011-07-28 10:21:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:25:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2215.0	196
2	3	100	2011-07-28 10:33:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:34:00	99.0	B00456	Registered	2108.0	194
3	4	64	2011-07-28 10:35:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:36:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2116.0	198
4	5	12	2011-07-28 10:37:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:37:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	97214.0	198
•••			•••							
1566952	1579021	720	2013-11-30 23:30:00	130.0	2013-11- 30 23:42:00	90.0	T01341	Registered	02141	
1566953	1579022	480	2013-11-30 23:32:00	67.0	2013-11- 30 23:40:00	88.0	T01328	Registered	02143	
1566954	1579023	540	2013-11-30 23:32:00	137.0	2013-11- 30 23:41:00	133.0	T01310	Casual	NaN	N
4										

```
# Comprobar que los valores de 'sub type' solo son 'Registered' y 'Casual'
trips df['sub type'].unique()
array(['Registered', 'Casual'], dtype=object)
# Rellenar los valores Nan con 'Not Known'
trips df['gender'] = trips df['gender'].fillna('Not Known')
# Sustituir las entradas con valor 'Male ' por 'Male'
trips df['gender'] = trips df['gender'].replace('Male ', 'Male')
# Comprobar que los valores de 'gender' solo son 'Male' y 'Female'
trips df['gender'].unique()
⇒ array(['Male', 'Female', 'Not Known'], dtype=object)
# Convertir fechas
trips_df['start_date'] = pd.to_datetime(trips_df['start_date'])
trips df['end date'] = pd.to datetime(trips df['end date'])
# Eliminar bicicletas sin codigo
trips df = trips df[trips df['bike number'] != ' ']
```

## Normalizar Datos

```
bikes_df = trips_df[['bike_number']].drop_duplicates().reset_index(drop=True)
bikes_df
```

<b>₹</b>		bike_number	
	0	B00468	ılı
	1	B00554	+/
	2	B00456	
	3	B00550	
	4	B00580	
	•••		
	1159	B00642	
	1160	B00652	
	1161	B00630	
	1162	B00624	
	1163	B01491	
	1164 ro	ws × 1 columns	

```
people_df = trips_df[['zip_code', 'birth_date', 'gender']].drop_duplicates().reset_index(drop=True)
people_df
```

<b>→</b>		zip_code	birth_date	gender	$\blacksquare$
	0	97217.0	1976.0	Male	11.
	1	2215.0	1966.0	Male	+/
	2	2108.0	1943.0	Male	
	3	2116.0	1981.0	Female	
	4	97214.0	1983.0	Female	
	4454	02121	0.0	Female	
	4455	01741	0.0	Male	
	4456	03823	0.0	Female	

4459 rows × 3 columns

02493

y02143

4457

4458

0.0 Female

0.0 Female

trips\_df = trips\_df.merge(people\_df, on=['zip\_code', 'birth\_date', 'gender'], how='left', suffixes=('', '\_people'))
trips\_df

	id	duration	start_date	start_station	end_date	end_station	bike_number	sub_type	zip_code	birth_da
0	1	9	2011-07-28 10:12:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:12:00	99.0	B00468	Registered	97217.0	197
1	2	220	2011-07-28 10:21:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:25:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2215.0	196
2	3	100	2011-07-28 10:33:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:34:00	99.0	B00456	Registered	2108.0	194
3	4	64	2011-07-28 10:35:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:36:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2116.0	198
4	5	12	2011-07-28 10:37:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:37:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	97214.0	198
•••	•••									
1566951	1579021	720	2013-11-30 23:30:00	130.0	2013-11- 30 23:42:00	90.0	T01341	Registered	02141	
1566952	1579022	480	2013-11-30 23:32:00	67.0	2013-11- 30 23:40:00	88.0	T01328	Registered	02143	
1566053	1579022	5/10	2013-11-30	1 <b>27</b> N	2013-11- an	1 <b>2</b> 2 N	TN121N	Cacual	NaN	N

trips\_df = trips\_df.merge(bikes\_df, on='bike\_number', how='left', suffixes=('', '\_bike'))
trips\_df

	id	duration	start_date	start_station	end_date	end_station	bike_number	sub_type	zip_code	birth_da
0	1	9	2011-07-28 10:12:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:12:00	99.0	B00468	Registered	97217.0	197
1	2	220	2011-07-28 10:21:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:25:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2215.0	196
2	3	100	2011-07-28 10:33:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:34:00	99.0	B00456	Registered	2108.0	194
3	4	64	2011-07-28 10:35:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:36:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	2116.0	198
4	5	12	2011-07-28 10:37:00	99.0	2011-07- 28 10:37:00	99.0	B00554	Registered	97214.0	198
•••	•••									
1566951	1579021	720	2013-11-30 23:30:00	130.0	2013-11- 30 23:42:00	90.0	T01341	Registered	02141	
1566952	1579022	480	2013-11-30 23:32:00	67.0	2013-11- 30 23:40:00	88.0	T01328	Registered	02143	
1566053	1570022	540	2013-11-30	127 በ	2013-11- จก	122 በ	T01210	Cacual	NaN	N

## Métricas

- 1. ¿Cual es la media de la duración de los viajes? ¿ Numero total de trayectos ?
- 2. Minutos de bicileta segun edad del cliente
- 3. Y si tienes en cuenta sólo los viajes reales (supongamos que son los que duran más de 1 minuto) ¿Cuántas bicicletas hay registradas?
- 4. Distribucion del grado de obsolescencia del parque de bicicletas , considerando que la vida util es de 1.800 viajes
- 5. ¿Puedes mostrarme una tabla con las bicicletas y el número de viajes que han realizado?
- 6. ¿Puedes mostrarme una tabla con las 10 bicicletas con más viajes nulos realizados (los de menos de 60 segundos?

- 7. ¿Cual es la bicicleta que más se ha usado segun las edades de los conductores?
- 8. ¿Qué bicicletas han sido usadas en más de 2.000 viajes de al menos 3 minutos?
- 9. Análisis temporal de los datos

```
# 1
mean_trip = trips_df['duration'].mean()
print("Duración media (minutos):", mean_trip)
total trips = trips df['id'].count()
print("Número total de trayectos:", total_trips)
> Duración media (minutos): 911.5683497175415
    Número total de trayectos: 1566956
# 2
from datetime import datetime
current_year = datetime.now().year
ages df = trips df[['birth date', 'duration']]
ages_df = ages_df.dropna()
ages_df = ages_df[ages_df['birth_date'] > 0]
ages_df['age'] = current_year - ages_df['birth_date']
ages df = ages df.drop(columns=['birth date'])
minutes by age = ages df.groupby('age')['duration'].sum().reset index()
minutes_by_age
```

۷ŏ	J/.U	კყე∠∠ၓၓ
29	58.0	4031539
30	59.0	3520872
31	60.0	2750997
32	61.0	3811476
33	62.0	3990603
34	63.0	3008824
35	64.0	2987984
36	65.0	3329319
37	66.0	2763740
38	67.0	3300911
39	68.0	2395627
40	69.0	2080205
41	70.0	1658179
42	71.0	2315216
43	72.0	1746417
44	73.0	866014
45	74.0	1360049
46	75.0	919980
47	76.0	530976
48	77.0	725843
49	78.0	663327
50	79.0	420769
51	80.0	166450
52	81.0	71752
53	82.0	200676
54	83.0	48281

55	84.0	48122
56	85.0	49224
57	86.0	34010
58	90.0	21514
59	92.0	4182

Pasos siguientes:

Generar código con minutes by age

```
#-3
real trips = trips df[trips df['duration'] > 1]
real trips count = real trips.groupby('bike number')['id'].count()
print('Viajes totales reales:', real trips count.sum())
print('Bicicletas totales registradas:', real_trips_count.count())
→ Viajes totales reales: 1562109
    Bicicletas totales registradas: 1163
#4
bike_trip_counts = trips_df.groupby('bike_number')['id'].count()
obsolescence_df = bike_trip_counts.to_frame(name='num_trips')
obsolescence df['obsolescence'] = obsolescence df['num trips'] / 1800
obsolescence df = obsolescence df.drop(columns=['num trips']).reset index()
obsolescence_df = obsolescence_df.sort_values(by='obsolescence')
obsolescence_df
# obsolescence_df['obsolescence'].describe()
```

$\overline{}$				
		bike_number	obsolescence	
	777	T01064	0.005556	ıl.
	554	B00542	0.013889	+/
	152	B00137	0.015556	
	232	B00218	0.018333	
	841	T01129	0.027222	
	575	B00563	1.146667	
	571	B00559	1.156111	
	560	B00548	1.164444	
	281	B00268	1.165556	
	503	B00490	1.175556	
	1163 ו	rows × 2 column	S	

Pasos siguientes: Generar código con obsolescence\_df

```
#5
bikes_trip_count = trips_df.groupby('bike_number')['id'].count().reset_index()
bikes_trip_count.columns = ['bike_number', 'num_trips']
bikes_trip_count
```

₹		bike_number	num_trips	
	0	A07799	223	ılı
	1	A07800	247	+/
	2	A07807	325	
	3	A07808	278	
	4	A07809	267	
	•••			
	1158	T01448	1261	
	1159	T01449	1344	
	1160	T01450	1297	
	1161	T01460	844	
	1162	b00225	1545	
	1163 ro	ws × 2 columns		

```
#6
null_trips = trips_df[trips_df['duration'] < 60]
null_trip_counts = null_trips.groupby('bike_number')['id'].count().reset_index()
null_trip_counts.columns = ['bike_number', 'num_null_trips']
top_10_null_trips = null_trip_counts.sort_values(by='num_null_trips', ascending=False).head(10)
top_10_null_trips</pre>
```

→		bike_number	num_null_trips	⊞
	162	B00156	27	11.
	722	T01054	26	+//
	333	B00330	22	_
	523	B00523	22	
	272	B00269	19	
	561	B00562	19	
	463	B00460	19	
	496	B00495	18	
	363	B00360	18	
	83	B00075	18	

Pasos siguientes: Generar código con top\_10\_null\_trips

```
#7
```

```
bike_age_usage = trips_df[['id','birth_date', 'duration', 'bike_number']]

bike_age_usage = bike_age_usage.dropna()
bike_age_usage = bike_age_usage[bike_age_usage['birth_date'] > 0.0]
bike_age_usage['age'] = current_year - bike_age_usage['birth_date']
bike_age_usage = bike_age_usage.drop(columns=['birth_date'])

bike_age_usage = bike_age_usage.groupby(['age', 'bike_number'])['id'].count().reset_index()
bike_age_usage.columns = ['age', 'bike_number', 'num_trips']

most_used_bike_per_age = bike_age_usage.loc[bike_age_usage.groupby('age')['num_trips'].idxmax()]
most_used_bike_per_age
```

<b>Z</b> 3U <b>Z</b> 3	J/.U	BUU4UZ	۷/
23539	58.0	B00075	24
24409	59.0	B00120	21
25674	60.0	B00583	16
26463	61.0	B00562	21
27010	62.0	B00285	22
27671	63.0	B00123	18
28389	64.0	B00018	16
29587	65.0	B00407	17
30105	66.0	B00114	18
30820	67.0	B00023	17
32062	68.0	B00490	14
32808	69.0	B00471	12
33306	70.0	B00202	10
33954	71.0	B00127	14
34879	72.0	B00292	13
35374	73.0	B00061	10
36346	74.0	B00471	9
36954	75.0	B00471	8
37364	76.0	B00360	7
37736	77.0	B00195	8
38175	78.0	B00070	5
38858	79.0	B00531	5
38944	80.0	B00006	2
39062	81.0	B00032	2
39185	82.0	B00064	3
39352	83.0	B00074	2

39371	84.0	B00078	2
39441	85.0	B00054	2
39534	86.0	B00590	3
39537	90.0	B00240	1
39543	92.0	B00068	1

Pasos siguientes:

Generar código con most\_used\_bike\_per\_age

```
#8
trips_ge3 = trips_df[(trips_df['duration'] >= 3)]
trips_ge3_counts = trips_ge3.groupby('bike_number')['id'].count()
bikes_over_2000_trips = trips_ge3_counts[trips_ge3_counts > 2000].reset_index()
bikes_over_2000_trips.columns = ['bike_number', 'num_trips']
bikes_over_2000_trips
```

<b>→</b>		bike_number	num_trips	
	0	B00118	2013	ıl.
	1	B00268	2092	+/
	2	B00329	2010	
	3	B00372	2017	
	4	B00391	2040	
	5	B00444	2014	
	6	B00490	2114	
	7	B00548	2093	
	8	B00559	2076	
	9	B00563	2060	