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THESIS FOR THE BACHELOR OF MATHEMATICS

High Dimensional Regression Models

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 The first section

1.1.1 The first subsection

$$\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}\beta + \varepsilon \quad (1.1)$$

We define $\hat{\beta}$ as follows

$$\hat{\beta} := \arg \min_{\beta} \left\{ \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\beta\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\beta\|_1 \right\} \quad (1.2)$$

Lemma 1.1 (Basic Inequality).

$$\frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0)\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq 2 \frac{\varepsilon^T \mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0)}{n} + \lambda \|\beta^0\|_1$$

Proof. By definition of $\hat{\beta}$, we have that

$$\forall \beta \quad \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\beta\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\beta\|_1$$

In particular for $\beta = \beta^0$ we have

$$\frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\beta^0\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda \|\beta^0\|_1$$

We now replace \mathbf{Y} using equation (1.1).

$$\begin{aligned}
& \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\mathbf{Y} - \mathbf{X}\beta^0\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\|(\mathbf{X}\beta^0 + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}) - \mathbf{X}\hat{\beta}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|(\mathbf{X}\beta^0 + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}) - \mathbf{X}\beta^0\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \hat{\beta}) + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \beta^0) + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\langle \mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \hat{\beta}) + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon}, \mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \hat{\beta}) + \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \rangle}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \hat{\beta})\|_2^2 + \|\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\|_2^2 + 2\langle \mathbf{X}(\beta^0 - \hat{\beta}), \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \rangle}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{\|\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0)\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{2\langle \mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0), \boldsymbol{\varepsilon} \rangle}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1 \\
\Rightarrow & \frac{\|\mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0)\|_2^2}{n} + \lambda\|\hat{\beta}\|_1 \leq \frac{2\boldsymbol{\varepsilon}^T \mathbf{X}(\hat{\beta} - \beta^0)}{n} + \lambda\|\beta^0\|_1
\end{aligned}$$

□

To be added

- how to get \hat{b} on page 101.
- where the χ^2 distribution comes from in page 101