

# Statistical inference practice

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January 12, 2022

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## 1 Inclass exercise January 12, 2022

### 1.1 Exercise 1

Show that

$$\mathbb{E} \left[ \hat{\mathcal{R}}_S(h) \right] = \mathcal{R}_{D,f}(h) \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbb{E} \left[ \hat{\mathcal{R}}_S(h) \right] &= \mathbb{E} \left[ \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{1}_{h(x_i) \neq y_i} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{E} \left[ \mathbf{1}_{h(x_i) \neq y_i} \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbb{P} (h(x_i) \neq y_i) \\ &= \frac{1}{n} n \mathbb{P} (h(x_i) \neq y_i) \\ &= \mathbb{P} (h(x_i) \neq y_i) \\ &= \mathbb{P} (h(x_i) \neq f(x)) \\ &= \mathcal{R}_{D,f}(h) \end{aligned}$$

## 1.2 Exercise 2

We must prove that the variance of  $\hat{\mathcal{R}}_S(h) \rightarrow 0$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Var} \left[ \hat{\mathcal{R}}_S(h) \right] &= \text{Var} \left[ \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{1}_{h(x_i) \neq y_i} \right] \\ &= \text{Var} \frac{1}{n^2} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{1}_{h(x_i) \neq y_i} \right] \end{aligned}$$

Let the  $Z_i$  be defined as follows:

$$\frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n \mathbf{1}_{h(x_i) \neq f(x_i)} =: \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n Z_i$$

(not finished, see lecture 1 slides)