



MSC. DATA SCIENCE & ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE

ADVANCED DEEP LEARNING

Dr Alessandro BETTI

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# Assignment 1

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# 1 Exercise 1

## 2 Exercise 2

### 2.1 Question 1

I was not familiar with the PyTorch library, so I had to perform some research in order to know how its methods/classes work. I consulted several sources, including the following, which were useful in order to answer this question:

1. <https://discuss.pytorch.org/t/how-sgd-works-in-pytorch/8060/2>
2. <https://discuss.pytorch.org/t/performing-mini-batch-gradient-descent-or-stochastic-gradient-descent-on-a-mini-batch/21235>
3. <https://pytorch.org/docs/stable/generated/torch.optim.SGD.html>

According to those sources, PyTorch's SGD actually computes a full-batch (vanilla) Gradient Descent, based on the data that is passed to it. It is my understanding that in order to perform actual mini-batch (*i.e.* where  $1 < \text{batch size} < \text{number of observations}$ ), one simply needs to give subsets of the data at each iteration.

In our case, we use the full dataset in `outputs = net(inputs)`, which is why we perform full-batch GD, although we call the `optim.SGD` class.

### 2.2 Question 2

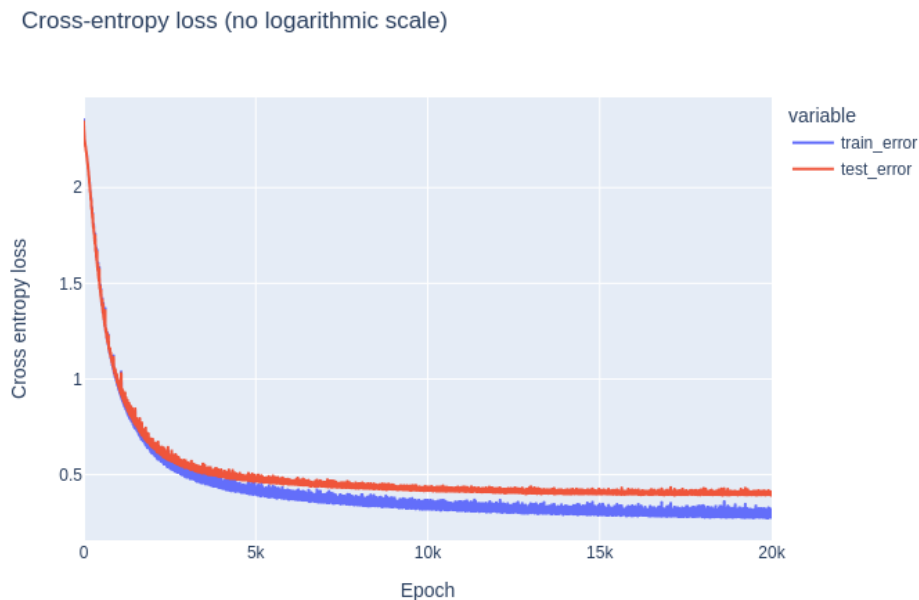


Figure 1: Comparison of cross entropy loss between train and test dataset with linear scale (architecture  $2 \times 10$  fully-connected).

Cross-entropy loss (logarithmic scale)

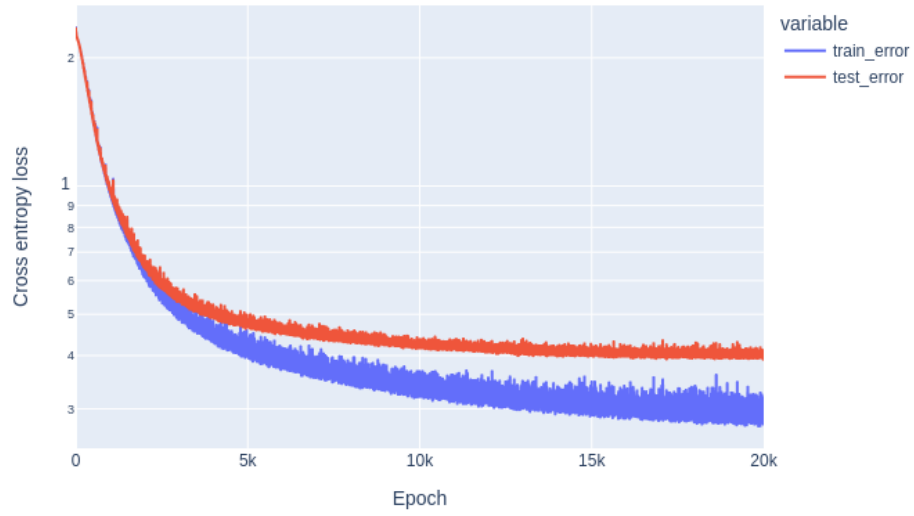


Figure 2: Comparison of cross entropy loss between train and test dataset with log scale (architecture  $2 \times 10$  fully-connected).

**2.3 Question 3**

**2.4 Question 4**

**2.5 Question 5**

**2.6 Question 6**

**2.7 Question 7**