9.7. LABS



Exercise 9.5: Using StorageClass to Dynamically provision a volume

StorageClasses in Kubernetes simplify and automate the process of provisioning and managing storage resources, provide users with the flexibility to choose appropriate storage types for their workloads, and help administrators enforce policies and manage storage infrastructure more effectively. StorageClasses enables dynamic provisioning of storage resources. Without StorageClasses, administrators have to manually create PersistentVolumes (PVs) for each PersistentVolumeClaim (PVC) made by users. With StorageClasses, this process is automated. When a user creates a PVC and specifies a StorageClasses, the system automatically creates a corresponding PV that meets the requirements.

1. Begin by listing to see if we have any storage class available on our cluster.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl get sc

No resources found
```

We dont have any StorageClass created. Before we can create the sc, we need to deploy the provisioner. Kubernetes
doesn't include an internal NFS provisioner. We need to use an external provisioner to create a StorageClass for NFS.
Let us deploy a nfs provisioner.

```
"nfs-subdir-external-provisioner" has been added to your repositories
```

```
NAME: nfs-subdir-external-provisioner
LAST DEPLOYED: Mon Jan 8 12:11:39 2024
NAMESPACE: default
STATUS: deployed
REVISION: 1
TEST SUITE: None
```

3. The installation also created a StorageClass for us.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl get sc
```

```
NAME PROVISIONER

→ ALLOWVOLUMEEXPANSION AGE

nfs-client cluster.local/nfs-subdir-external-provisioner Delete Immediate

→ true 12m
```

4. List to see if there are any PV and PVC available. Clean up in previous lab should have removed all of them.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl get pv,pvc
```

```
No resources found
```



5. Create a YAML file for the new pvc.

```
student@cp:~$ cp /home/student/LFS258/SOLUTIONS/s_09/pvc-sc.yaml .
student@cp:~$ vim pvc-sc.yaml
```



pvc-sc.yaml

```
1 apiVersion: v1
2 kind: PersistentVolumeClaim
3 metadata:
    name: pvc-one
5 spec:
    storageClassName: nfs-client
6
    accessModes:
    - ReadWriteMany
9
     resources:
10
       requests:
          storage: 200Mi
11
12
```

6. Create and verify when the new pvc is created, a dynamic volume is provisioned.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl create -f pvc-sc.yaml
```

```
persistentvolumeclaim/pvc-one created
```

student@cp:~\$ kubectl get pv,pvc

```
NAME
                                                              CAPACITY
                                                                        ACCESS MODES
                                                                                        RECLAIM
\hookrightarrow POLICY STATUS CLAIM
                                         STORAGECLASS REASON AGE
persistentvolume/pvc-71149612-33f1-4b18-916d-c67f79aca797
                                                              200Mi
                                                                         RWX
                                                                                         Delete
\hookrightarrow Bound
           default/pvc-one
                               nfs-client
                                                         28s
NAME
                                 STATUS
                                          VOLUME
                                                                                       CAPACITY
→ ACCESS MODES STORAGECLASS
                                  AGE
persistentvolumeclaim/pvc-one Bound
                                          pvc-71149612-33f1-4b18-916d-c67f79aca797
                                                                                       200Mi
                                                                                                  RWX
\hookrightarrow nfs-client
                   28s
```

7. Create a new pod to use the pvc.

```
student@cp:~$ cp /home/student/LFS258/SOLUTIONS/s_09/pod-sc.yaml .
student@cp:~$ vim pod-sc.yaml
```



pod-sc.yaml

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
name: web-server
spec:
containers:
```



9.7. LABS 3



```
- image: nginx
      name: web-container
       volumeMounts:
9
       - name: nfs-volume
10
         mountPath: /usr/share/nginx/html
11
   volumes:
12
    - name: nfs-volume
13
     persistentVolumeClaim:
14
15
         claimName: pvc-one
```

8. Create the pod using the file.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl create -f pod-sc.yaml
```

```
pod/web-server created
```

9. Create a new file and copy it inside the pod.

```
student@cp:~$ echo "Welcome to the demo of storage class" > index.html
student@cp:~$ kubectl cp index.html web-server:/usr/share/nginx/html
```

10. The file was copied on to the default location of the nginx server. Instead of the ephemeral read-write layer of the container, the file is saved on the NFS server as we have made use of the PV.

```
student@cp:~$ ls -l /opt/sfw/default-pvc-one-pvc-<Hit the Tab key>
```

```
-rw-rw-r-- 1 student 37 Jan 8 13:08 index.html
```

11. Cleanup by deleting the pod, volume claim.

```
student@cp:~$ kubectl delete pod/web-server pvc/pvc-one
```

```
pod "web-server" deleted
persistentvolumeclaim "pvc-one" deleted
```

