Practices for Lesson 5: Using SQL Statements within a PL/SQL Block

Chapter 5

Practice 5: Using SQL Statements Within a PL/SQL

Note: If you have executed the code examples for this lesson, make sure that you execute the following code before starting this practice:

```
DROP table employees2;
DROP table copy emp;
```

In this practice, you use PL/SQL code to interact with the Oracle Server.

- 1. Create a PL/SQL block that selects the maximum department ID in the departments table and stores it in the v max deptno variable. Display the maximum department ID.
 - a. Declare a variable v max deptno of type NUMBER in the declarative section.
 - b. Start the executable section with the BEGIN keyword and include a SELECT statement to retrieve the maximum department id from the departments table.
 - c. Display v max deptno and end the executable block.
 - d. Execute and save your script as lab_05_01_soln.sql. The sample output is as follows:

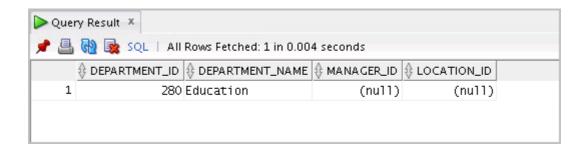
```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

The maximum department_id is: 270
```

- 2. Modify the PL/SQL block that you created in step 1 to insert a new department into the departments table.
 - a. Load the lab_05_01_soln.sql script. Declare two variables:
 v_dept_name of type departments.department_name and
 v_dept_id of type NUMBER.
 Assign 'Education' to v_dept_name in the declarative section.
 - b. You have already retrieved the current maximum department number from the departments table. Add 10 to it and assign the result to v dept id.
 - c. Include an INSERT statement to insert data into the department_name, department_id, and location_id columns of the departments table.
 Use the values in v_dept_name and v_dept_id for department_name and department id, respectively, and use NULL for location id.
 - d. Use the SQL attribute SQL%ROWCOUNT to display the number of rows that are affected.
 - e. Execute a SELECT statement to check whether the new department is inserted. You can terminate the PL/SQL block with "/" and include the SELECT statement in your script.
 - f. Execute and save your script as lab_05_02_soln.sql. The sample output is as follows:

```
PL/SQL procedure successfully completed.

The maximum department_id is : 270
SQL%ROWCOUNT gives 1
```



3. In step 2, you set location_id to NULL. Create a PL/SQL block that updates location id to 3000 for the new department.

Note: If you successfully completed step 2, continue with step 3a. If not, first execute the solution script $/soln/sol_05.sql$. (Task 2 in $sol_05.sql$)

- a. Start the executable block with the BEGIN keyword. Include the UPDATE statement to set location id to 3000 for the new department (v dept id =280).
- b. End the executable block with the END keyword. Terminate the PL/SQL block with "/" and include a SELECT statement to display the department that you updated.
- c. Include a DELETE statement to delete the department that you added.
- d. Execute and save your script as lab_05_03_soln.sql. The sample output is as follows:

