Introdução à Análise de dados em FAE

(18 de Outubro de 2024)

Lista 3

Professores: Dilson Damião, Eliza Melo e Maurício Thiel

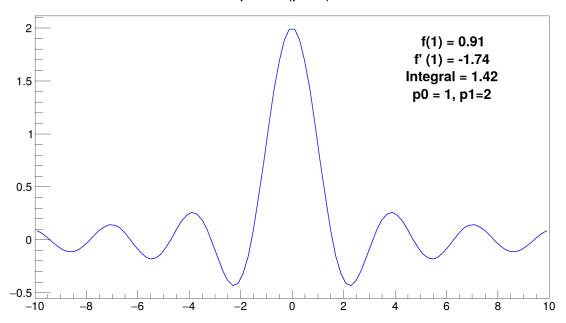
Nome: José Gonçalves Chaves Junior

EXERCICIO 1

Criar o arquivo com a função correspondente:

```
#include "TCanvas.h"
   #include "TF1.h"
   #include "TMath.h"
   #include <iostream>
   double f(double *x, double *c_i) {
6
       return (c_i[0] * TMath::Sin(c_i[1] * x[0])) / x[0];
7
8
   void plotFunction(double p0, double p1) {
10
       TF1 *func = new TF1("p0*sin(p1*x)/x", f, -10, 10, 5);
11
       func -> SetParameters(p0, p1);
12
13
       TCanvas *c1 = new TCanvas("c1", "Function Plot", 1920, 1080);
14
       func -> SetLineColor(kBlue);
15
       func -> Draw();
16
       // valor para x=1
17
       double x0 = 1.0;
18
       double funcValue = func->Eval(x0);
19
       std::cout << "f(x) = 1: " << funcValue << std::endl;
20
       // derivada em x = 1
21
       double funcDerivative = func->Derivative(x0);
22
       std::cout << "f'(1) = : " << funcDerivative << std::endl;</pre>
23
       // integral de 0 a 3
24
       double integralValue = func->Integral(0, 3);
25
       std::cout << "Integral de 0 a 3: " << integralValue << std::endl;</pre>
26
       // Legenda
27
       TPaveText *pt = new TPaveText(0.65, 0.65, 0.85, 0.85, "NDC");
28
       pt->SetBorderSize(0);
29
       pt->SetFillColor(0);
30
       pt->AddText(Form("f(1) = %.2f", funcValue));
31
       pt->AddText(Form("f' (1) = %.2f", funcDerivative));
32
       pt->AddText(Form("Integral = %.2f", integralValue));
33
       pt->AddText("p0 = 1, p1=2");
34
       pt->Draw();
35
       c1->SaveAs("plots/function_plot.png");
36
   }
37
38
   int main() {
39
       double p0 = 1.0;
40
       double p1 = 2.0;
41
       plotFunction(p0, p1);
42
   }
43
```

p0*sin(p1*x)/x



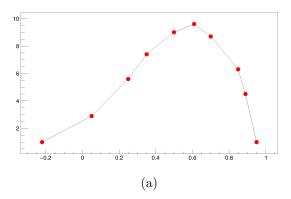
EXERCICIO 2

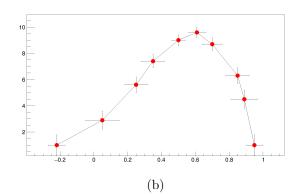
(a)

```
#include "TGraph.h"
   #include "TGraphErrors.h"
   #include "TCanvas.h"
3
   #include "iostream"
4
6
   void plot_graph() {
7
      std::ifstream file("graphdata.txt");
        TGraph *plot = new TGraph();
        TCanvas *c1 = new TCanvas("c1","data",1920,1080);
10
11
        double x,y;
12
        while (1) {
13
            file >> x >> y;
14
            plot -> SetPoint(plot -> GetN(), x, y);
15
            if (file.eof()){break;}
16
   }
17
        11
18
        plot ->SetMarkerStyle(20);
19
        plot -> SetMarkerSize(3);
20
        plot -> SetMarkerColor(kRed);
^{21}
        11
22
       plot ->Draw("APL");
23
        c1 \rightarrow SaveAs("ex_2.png");
24
   }
25
```

(b)

```
void plot_err() {
1
       TCanvas *c1 = new TCanvas ("c1", "Plot com erros", 1920, 1080);
2
       TGraphErrors *plot_errors = new TGraphErrors();
3
       std::ifstream file("graphdata_error.txt");
5
       if (!file.is_open()) {
6
            std::cerr << "Error: Could not open the file!" << std::endl;</pre>
            return;
8
       }
9
       11
10
       double x,y, e_x, e_y;
11
       while (1) {
            file >> x >> y >> e_x >> e_y;
13
            plot_errors -> SetPoint(plot_errors -> GetN(), x, y);
            plot_errors ->SetPointError(plot_errors ->GetN()-1,e_x,e_y);
15
            if (file.eof()){break;}
16
       }
17
       11
18
       plot_errors -> SetMarkerStyle(20);
19
       plot_errors -> SetMarkerSize(3);
20
       plot_errors -> SetMarkerColor(kRed);
21
22
23
       plot_errors -> Draw("APL");
       c1->SaveAs("ex_2b.png");
24
   }
25
```



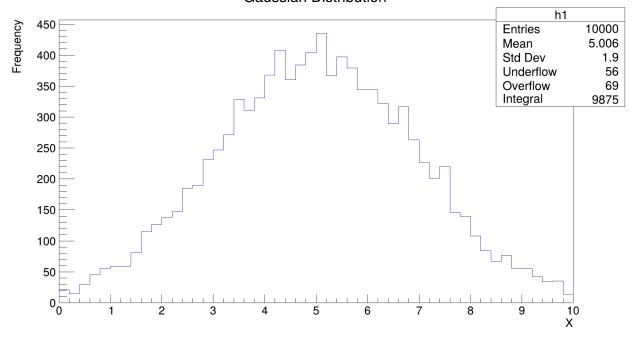


EXERCICIO 3

```
#include "TH1F.h"
   #include "TCanvas.h"
2
   #include "TRandom.h"
3
   #include "TStyle.h"
4
   #include "TPaveStats.h"
5
   void plot_gaussian_histogram() {
7
8
       TCanvas *c1 = new TCanvas("c1", "Gaussian Histogram", 1920, 1080);
9
10
       TH1F *h1 = new TH1F("h1", "Gaussian Distribution; X; Frequency", 50, 0, 10);
11
       for (int i = 0; i < 10000; ++i) {</pre>
12
           double random_value = gRandom->Gaus(5, 2);
13
           h1->Fill(random_value);
14
       }
15
16
```

```
gStyle->SetOptStat(1111111); // Default stats box settings
17
       h1->Draw();
18
       double skewness = h1->GetSkewness();
20
       double kurtosis = h1->GetKurtosis();
21
       TPaveStats *stats = (TPaveStats*)h1->FindObject("stats");
22
       if (stats) {
23
           stats->SetTextColor(kBlack);
24
25
   double skewness = h1->GetSkewness();
26
   double kurtosis = h1->GetKurtosis();
27
28
       // R
   TPaveStats *stats = (TPaveStats*)h1->FindObject("stats");
30
   if (stats) {
31
32
       stats->AddText(Form("Skewness = %.5f", skewness));
33
       stats->AddText(Form("Kurtosis = %.5f", kurtosis));
34
35
   }
       stats->SetY1NDC(0.6);
36
37
       c1->Modified();
38
       c1->Update();
39
       c1->SaveAs("gaussian_histogram.png");
40
   }
41
```

Gaussian Distribution



EXERCICIO 4

```
#include "TFile.h"
#include "TTree.h"
#include "TCut.h"
#include "TH1F.h"
#include "TCanvas.h"
#include "TString.h"
```

```
#include "TRandom.h"
7
   #include "TSystem.h"
   void plot_momentum() {
10
       TCanvas *c1 = new TCanvas("c1", "Momentum Histogram", 1920, 1080);
11
       TFile *file = new TFile("tree.root");
12
       TTree *tree = (TTree*)file->Get("tree1");
13
       if (!tree) {
14
            std::cerr << "Error: Tree not found!" << std::endl;</pre>
15
            file->Close();
16
            return;
17
       }
18
       //
19
       TH1F *h1 = new TH1F("histogram", "Total Momentum distribution", 132,0,200);
20
^{21}
       //
22
       float px,py,pz,ebeam;
23
       tree->SetBranchAddress("px",&px);
24
       tree->SetBranchAddress("py",&py);
25
       tree->SetBranchAddress("pz",&pz);
26
       tree -> SetBranchAddress("ebeam", &ebeam);
27
28
       float sumEbeam = 0;
29
       Int_t nEntries = tree->GetEntries();
30
       for (Int_t i =0; i < nEntries; i++) {</pre>
31
            tree->GetEntry(i);
            sumEbeam += ebeam;
33
34
       float meanEbeam = sumEbeam/nEntries;
35
       TCut *cutEbeam = new TCut(Form("ebeam < %f || e beam > %f", meanEbeam - 0.2,
36
           meanEbeam + 0.2));
       tree->Draw("sqrt(px**2 + py**2 + pz**2)",*cutEbeam);
37
       c1->SaveAs("momentum_hist.png");
38
40
```

sqrt(px**2 + py**2 + pz**2) {ebeam < 149.800351 || e beam > 150.200351}

