Practical session 13

Biomedical Data Science

Lucas Fayolle & Jose Valero

Libraries

```
import numpy as np
import random
from scipy import ndimage
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import os
import json

import gc
import tensorflow as tf
from tensorflow import keras
from tensorflow.keras import layers

from tensorflow.keras.models import load_model
```

Data

Data loading

The first step is to load the preprocessed data stored in a file named $processed_data.npz$. This file contains the training and validation datasets, including both the features (x_train , x_val) and their corresponding labels (y_train , y_val). These datasets have been split into training and validation sets in a 70-30 ratio to ensure a robust evaluation of the model's performance.

The processed_data.npz file was created from a set of CT scans, which were processed using the following steps:

- 1. Reading the Scans: Each CT scan was loaded from NIfTI files using the nibabel library.
- 2. Normalization: The pixel intensity values were clipped to the range [-1000, 400] and then normalized to the range [0, 1].
- 3. Resizing: Each scan was resized to have a fixed resolution of 128x128x64 to standardize the data for model input.
- 4. Labeling
 - Scans with normal lung tissue (without signs of viral pneumonia) were labeled as 0.
 - Scans showing severe ground-glass opacifications (indicative of viral pneumonia) were labeled as 1.
- 5. Data Splitting: The dataset was split into training and validation subsets, ensuring balanced representation of both classes.
- 6. Saving: The processed arrays were saved in a compressed .npz file for efficient storage and easy reuse.

This preprocessing ensures the data is clean, standardized, and ready for model training. Below is the code for loading the preprocessed data

```
In [6]:
    data = np.load("processed_data.npz")
    x_train = data["x_train"]
    y_train = data["y_train"]
    x_val = data["x_val"]
    y_val = data["y_val"]
```

As a result of the preprocessing and data preparation steps, we have the following number of samples:

Number of samples in train and validation are 140 and 60.

Data Augmentation

To improve the generalization ability of the model and make it more robust to variations in the data, we apply **data augmentation** during the training phase. Data augmentation artificially expands the training dataset by introducing transformed versions of the original data, which helps the model generalize better and reduces the risk of overfitting.

Augmentation Techniques Applied:

1. Rotation:

- The CT scans are randomly rotated by a small angle chosen from a predefined range (-20° to 20°).
- This simulates variations in the orientation of the scans, which might naturally occur due to patient positioning during imaging.
- After rotation, pixel values are clipped to ensure they remain within the normalized range [0, 1].

2. Channel Expansion:

- Since the data consists of 3D volumes represented as rank-3 tensors (samples, height, width, depth), we add a channel dimension of size 1 at axis 4 to enable 3D convolution operations.
- This transformation changes the shape of the data to (samples, height, width, depth, 1).

Preprocessing Functions:

- Training Preprocessing: During training, each volume is augmented with random rotations and then reshaped to include the
- Validation Preprocessing: For validation data, no augmentation is applied to ensure consistent evaluation. Only the channel dimension is added.

By applying these preprocessing steps, we ensure that the training data is diverse, making the model more robust to unseen variations, while the validation data remains unaltered for accurate performance assessment.

```
In [8]: @tf.function
        def rotate(volume):
             ""Rotate the volume by a few degrees"""
            def scipy_rotate(volume):
                angles = [-20, -10, -5, 5, 10, 20]
                angle = random.choice(angles)
                volume = ndimage.rotate(volume, angle, reshape=False)
                volume[volume < 0] = 0
                volume[volume > 1] = 1
                return volume
            augmented volume = tf.numpy function(scipy rotate, [volume], tf.float32)
            augmented volume.set shape(volume.shape)
            return augmented volume
        def train preprocessing(volume, label):
             ""Process training data by rotating and adding a channel."""
            volume = rotate(volume)
            volume = tf.expand_dims(volume, axis=3)
            return volume, label
        def validation_preprocessing(volume, label):
             """Process validation data by only adding a channel."""
            volume = tf.expand_dims(volume, axis=3)
            return volume, label
```

We now apply the transformations explained earlier and prepare the data for training and validation. We do this in the following steps:

- Shuffling: The training dataset is shuffled to prevent the model from learning patterns based on the order of the data.
- Mapping Preprocessing Functions: For training, we apply train_preprocessing, which includes random rotations and adding a channel dimension. For validation, we apply validation_preprocessing, which only adds the channel dimension to ensure consistent evaluations.
- Batching: The data is divided into batches of size 2 to optimize memory usage and allow for more frequent updates to the model.
- Prefetching: We use prefetch to load the next batch while the current one is being processed, improving training efficiency.

```
In [9]: train_loader = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((x_train, y_train))
    validation_loader = tf.data.Dataset.from_tensor_slices((x_val, y_val))

batch_size = 2
    train_dataset = (
        train_loader.shuffle(len(x_train))
        .map(train_preprocessing)
        .batch(batch_size)
        .prefetch(2)
)

validation_dataset = (
    validation_loader.shuffle(len(x_val))
    .map(validation_preprocessing)
        .batch(batch_size)
        .prefetch(2)
)
```

I0000 00:00:1735057764.895399 35176 gpu_device.cc:2022] Created device /job:localhost/replica:0/task:0/device: GPU:0 with 5563 MB memory: -> device: 0, name: NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, pci bus id: 0000:01:00.0, compute capab ility: 8.9

Due to the small batch size of 2, the datasets are divided into multiple smaller batches to optimize memory usage and facilitate efficient training. Below are the number of batches created for each dataset:

```
In [10]: len(train_dataset)
Out[10]: 70
In [11]: len(validation_dataset)
Out[11]: 30
```

Training

Functions

We now introduce several key functions that serve as building blocks for training and designing a 3D CNN model for our medical imaging task. These functions collectively handle tasks such as training, learning rate scheduling, model architecture design, and implementation of advanced 3D convolutional blocks. Below is a summary of their purpose.

Explanation of train model

This function is responsible for orchestrating the training process of a given model. It includes key steps such as setting up a learning rate schedule, compiling the model, and defining callbacks to monitor performance and manage the learning process. Here's a breakdown of each part:

1. Initialization of Learning Rate Parameters:

- initial lr = 1e-6: The starting learning rate, set to a very small value to ensure stable initial training.
- target lr = 1e-5: The target learning rate after the warm-up phase.
- warmup_epochs = 5 : Specifies the number of epochs during which the learning rate will gradually increase from initial_lr to target_lr . Warm-up phases help the model adjust to training dynamics smoothly, especially in deep networks.

2. Learning Rate Scheduler:

- The nested scheduler function adjusts the learning rate based on the current epoch.
- For the first warmup_epochs , the learning rate linearly increases from initial_lr to target_lr . After the warm-up, it remains constant at target_lr .
- This strategy is used to stabilize training early on and then maintain a consistent learning rate for the remainder of the process.
- 3. Model Compilation: The model is compiled with the following:
 - Loss Function: binary_crossentropy , used for binary classification tasks, as the one we have to solve.
 - Optimizer: Adam, which is widely used for its adaptive learning rate and efficient convergence.
 - Metrics: "acc", accuracy is tracked as a performance metric.

4. Callbacks:

- ModelCheckpoint: Saves the model weights to a file ({model.name}.keras) whenever the validation accuracy improves, ensuring that the best version of the model is preserved.
- EarlyStopping: Monitors validation accuracy and stops training if it does not improve for 15 consecutive epochs, preventing overfitting and saving computational resources.
- LearningRateScheduler: Adjusts the learning rate dynamically at each epoch using the defined scheduler function.

```
In [9]:
    def train_model(model, train_dataset, validation_dataset, epochs=20):
        initial_lr = le-6
        target_lr = le-5
        warmup_epochs = 5

    def scheduler(epoch, lr):
        if epoch < warmup_epochs:
            new_lr = initial_lr + (epoch * (target_lr - initial_lr) / warmup_epochs)
            return new_lr
        else:
            return target_lr

model.compile(
        loss="binary_crossentropy",
            optimizer=keras.optimizers.Adam(learning_rate=initial_lr),</pre>
```

```
metrics=["acc"]
)

checkpoint_cb = keras.callbacks.ModelCheckpoint(
    f"{model.name}.keras", save_best_only=True
)

early_stopping_cb = keras.callbacks.EarlyStopping(monitor="val_acc", patience=15)

lr_scheduler_cb = keras.callbacks.LearningRateScheduler(scheduler, verbose=0)

history = model.fit(
    train_dataset,
    validation_data=validation_dataset,
    epochs=epochs,
    shuffle=True,
    verbose=2,
    callbacks=[checkpoint_cb, early_stopping_cb, lr_scheduler_cb],
)

return history
```

Flexible Model Creation

The build_3d_cnn function is designed to provide a flexible framework for constructing various 3D CNN architectures. It incorporates several parameters to allow modifications, permitting testing of all configurations suggested in the lab boletin. The function can generate models with varying complexity, from standard convolutional layers to advanced architectures incorporating residual and inception blocks.

Key Features:

- Flexibility:
 - The function allows toggling between using standard convolutional layers, residual blocks, or residual inception blocks for feature extraction at each level.
 - Parameters like extra_dense, two_conv_per_level, and pooling enable easy experimentation with network depth and pooling strategies.
- Customization:
 - You can add an extra dense layer before the output by setting extra_dense=True.
 - A second convolutional layer can be added at each level by setting two conv per level=True.
 - The pooling mechanism (MaxPooling or AveragePooling) is adjustable via the pooling parameter.
- Advanced Architectures: By enabling use_residual or use_inception, you can replace standard convolutional layers with more complex residual or inception-based structures, respectively, to experiment with advanced model designs.
- Other Parameters:
 - Adjustable activation functions (activation).
 - Easily configurable number of filters for each convolutional layer via the initial filters list.

```
In [12]: def build 3d cnn(
             width=128,
             height=128,
             depth=64,
             initial_filters=[64, 64, 128, 256],
             extra dense=False,
             two_conv_per_level=False,
             activation="relu",
             pooling="max"
             use residual=False,
             use_inception=False,
         ):
             inputs = keras.Input((width, height, depth, 1))
             x = inputs
             for f in initial_filters:
                 if use residual:
                     x = residual block 3d(
                          Χ,
                         f,
                          activation=activation,
                          kernel_regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
                 elif use_inception:
                     x = residual_inception_block_3d(
                         Х,
                          f,
                          activation=activation.
                          kernel_regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
```

```
else:
        x = layers.Conv3D(
            filters=f,
            kernel size=3,
            padding="same"
            activation=activation,
            kernel regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
        )(x)
        if two_conv_per_level:
            x = layers.Conv3D(
                filters=f,
                kernel size=3,
                padding="same"
                activation=activation,
                kernel_regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
            )(x)
    if pooling == "avg":
        x = layers.AveragePooling3D(pool_size=2)(x)
        x = layers.MaxPool3D(pool_size=2)(x)
    x = layers.BatchNormalization()(x)
x = layers.GlobalAveragePooling3D()(x)
x = layers.Dense(units=512, activation=activation)(x)
\# x = layers.Dropout(0.5)(x)
if extra dense:
    x = layers.Dense(units=100, activation="relu")(x)
outputs = layers.Dense(units=1, activation="sigmoid")(x)
model = keras.Model(inputs, outputs, name=name)
```

Two of the modifications that require our attention are residual_block_3d and residual_inception_block_3d, as they introduce advanced mechanisms for feature extraction. These will be explained in more detail below:

residual block 3d

This function implements a 3D residual block, which is a critical component for deep networks. Residual blocks allow the network to learn residual mappings instead of direct mappings, facilitating gradient flow and preventing vanishing gradient problems in deeper architectures. Key components include:

- 1. **Main Path**: Two 3D convolutional layers with a kernel size of 3x3x3, each followed by batch normalization and activation. These layers extract features while normalizing and activating them.
- 2. **Shortcut Path**: Ensures the input is directly added to the output of the main path. If the input and output dimensions differ, a 1x1x1 convolution is applied to the shortcut to match dimensions.
- 3. Addition and Activation: The shortcut and main path outputs are combined using element-wise addition, followed by an activation function to ensure non-linearity.

```
In [ ]: def residual_block_3d(
            filters,
            activation="relu",
            kernel_regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
        ):
            shortcut = x
            y = layers.Conv3D(
                filters.
                kernel_size=3,
                padding="same",
                activation=None,
                kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
            y = layers.BatchNormalization()(y)
            y = layers.Activation(activation)(y)
            y = layers.Conv3D(
                filters,
                kernel_size=3,
                padding="same",
                activation=None,
                kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
            y = layers.BatchNormalization()(y)
```

```
if x.shape[-1] != filters:
    shortcut = layers.Conv3D(
        filters,
        kernel_size=1,
        padding="same",
        activation=None,
        kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
    )(shortcut)
    shortcut = layers.BatchNormalization()(shortcut)

y = layers.Add()([shortcut, y])
y = layers.Activation(activation)(y)
return y
```

residual inception block 3d

This function combines the ideas of residual blocks and inception modules. Inception modules are designed for multi-scale feature extraction, while residual connections allow efficient gradient propagation. Key components include:

- 1. Path1 (1x1 Convolution): Extracts features with minimal spatial reduction, focusing on localized information.
- 2. Path2 (1x1 followed by 3x3 Convolution): Captures medium-scale features by adding a 3x3 convolution after the 1x1 layer.
- 3. Path3 (1x1 followed by 5x5 Convolution): Focuses on larger spatial features by incorporating a 5x5 convolution after the 1x1 layer.
- 4. Path4 (Pooling): Applies a MaxPooling operation followed by a 1x1 convolution to extract abstracted features from larger receptive fields
- 5. Merging: Combines the outputs of all paths using concatenation, ensuring multi-scale feature representation.
- 6. **Shortcut Connection**: Similar to residual_block_3d , the shortcut path ensures that the input is directly added to the merged paths after a 1x1 convolution (if necessary).
- 7. Output: The combined result is activated using the specified activation function.

```
In [ ]: def residual inception block 3d(
            filters.
            activation="relu",
            kernel_regularizer=keras.regularizers.l2(1e-5)
            """Inception-style 3D residual block."""
            shortcut = x
            path1 = layers.Conv3D(
                filters // 4
                kernel size=1,
                padding="same"
                activation=None,
                kernel regularizer=kernel regularizer
            path1 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path1)
            path1 = layers.Activation(activation)(path1)
            path2 = layers.Conv3D(
                filters // 4,
                kernel size=1
                padding="same"
                activation=None,
                kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
            path2 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path2)
            path2 = layers.Activation(activation)(path2)
            path2 = layers.Conv3D(
                filters // 4,
                kernel size=3,
                padding="same",
                activation=None.
                kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
            ) (path2)
            path2 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path2)
            path2 = layers.Activation(activation)(path2)
            path3 = layers.Conv3D(
                filters // 4,
                kernel size=1,
                padding="same"
                activation=None,
                kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
            )(x)
            path3 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path3)
            path3 = layers.Activation(activation)(path3)
            path3 = layers.Conv3D(
```

```
filters // 4,
    kernel_size=5,
    padding="same"
    activation=None,
    kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
path3 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path3)
path3 = layers.Activation(activation)(path3)
path4 = layers.MaxPool3D(pool_size=3, strides=1, padding="same")(x)
path4 = layers.Conv3D(
   filters // 4,
    kernel size=1,
    padding="same"
    activation=None,
    kernel regularizer=kernel regularizer
path4 = layers.BatchNormalization()(path4)
path4 = layers.Activation(activation)(path4)
merged = layers.Concatenate()([path1, path2, path3, path4])
if merged.shape[-1] != filters:
    merged = layers.Conv3D(
        filters,
        kernel_size=1,
        padding="same"
        activation=None,
        kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
    ) (merged)
    merged = layers.BatchNormalization()(merged)
if shortcut.shape[-1] != filters:
    shortcut = layers.Conv3D(
        filters,
        kernel_size=1,
        padding="same",
        activation=None,
        kernel_regularizer=kernel_regularizer
    )(shortcut)
    shortcut = layers.BatchNormalization()(shortcut)
out = layers.Add()([shortcut, merged])
out = layers.Activation(activation)(out)
return out
```

Configurations

Once the function for creating the model is complete, we move on to the experimentation phase, for which we create a function to manage individual experiments. This function, run_single_experiment, automates the training process, tracks results, and stores outputs for later analysis. Here's what it does:

1. Model Building:

- Builds a 3D CNN model using the parameters defined in the configuration (cfg["params"]).
- Assigns a unique name to the model based on the experiment's configuration.

2. Training:

- Calls the train_model function to train the model on the provided datasets (train_dataset and validation_dataset).
- Extracts the final training and validation accuracy from the training history.

3. Results Tracking:

- Compiles the experiment's results (configuration name, description, and final accuracies).
- Saves these results to a CSV file (results_path), appending them if the file already exists.

4. History and Model Saving:

- Saves the training history as a JSON file for detailed analysis.
- Saves the trained model weights as an .h5 file for future use or deployment.

```
In [13]: def run_single_experiment(config_name, cfg, train_dataset, validation_dataset, epochs=20, results_path="results
    print(f"\n=== Entrenando modelo '{config_name}' ===")
    params = cfg["params"]

    os.makedirs(history_dir, exist_ok=True)
    os.makedirs(models_dir, exist_ok=True)
```

```
model = build 3d cnn(
   width=128,
    height=128,
    depth=64,
    **params,
    name=f"3dcnn {config name}"
model.summary()
history = train model(model, train dataset, validation dataset, epochs=epochs)
final train acc = history.history["acc"][-1]
final_val acc = history.history["val acc"][-1]
result = {
    "config name": config name,
    "description": cfg["description"],
    "final train acc": final train acc,
    "final_val_acc": final_val_acc,
}
if not os.path.exists(results path):
    pd.DataFrame([result]).to_csv(results_path, index=False)
    df = pd.read_csv(results_path)
    df = pd.concat([df, pd.DataFrame([result])], ignore index=True)
    df.to_csv(results_path, index=False)
history_path = os.path.join(history_dir, f"{config_name}_history.json")
with open(history_path, "w") as f:
    json.dump(history.history, f)
model path = os.path.join(models dir, f"{config name} model.h5")
model.save(model path)
del model
tf.keras.backend.clear_session()
gc.collect()
print(f"Resultados guardados en '{results_path}'")
print(f"Historial guardado en '{history_path}'")
print(f"Modelo guardado en '{model_path}'")
```

The tested configurations for the 3D CNN model include various architectural modifications to evaluate their impact on performance. These align with the examples provided in the lab bulletin:

1. original:

- Description: This is the baseline model without any modifications.
- Parameters:
 - No extra dense layer before the output.
 - A single Conv3D layer per level.
 - ReLU as the activation function.
 - MaxPooling3D for down-sampling.
 - No use of residual or inception blocks.

2. extra dense:

- **Description**: Adds a dense layer with 100 units and a ReLU activation function before the final output layer.
- Parameters:
 - Includes an extra dense layer.
 - Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.
- 3. two_conv_per_level:
 - Description: Adds a second Conv3D layer at each level.
 - Parameters:
 - Two Conv3D layers per level.
 - Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.
- 4. relu_to_sigmoid:
 - Description: Replaces ReLU activation functions with Sigmoid activations throughout the network.
 - Parameters:
 - Uses Sigmoid activation instead of ReLU.
 - Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.
- 5. max_to_avg_pooling :
 - Description: Replaces MaxPooling3D layers with AveragePooling3D layers for down-sampling.

• Parameters:

- Uses AveragePooling3D instead of MaxPooling3D.
- Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.

6. residual blocks:

- Description: Replaces standard convolutional layers with 3D residual blocks.
- Parameters:
 - Introduces residual connections to enable gradient flow.
 - Uses an adjusted list of initial filters: [32, 64, 128] (due to computational limitations).
 - Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.

7. inception blocks:

- Description: Replaces standard convolutional layers with 3D residual inception blocks.
- Parameters
 - Incorporates inception-style architecture for multi-scale feature extraction.
 - Uses an adjusted list of initial filters: [32, 64, 128] (due to computational limitations).
 - Other parameters remain unchanged from the baseline.

```
In [14]: models_config = {
              "original": {
                   "description": "Modelo base sin modificaciones",
                  "params": {
                      "extra dense": False,
                      "two conv per level": False,
                      "activation": "relu",
                       "pooling": "max"
                      "use residual": False,
                      "use_inception": False,
                  },
               'extra dense": {
                  "description": "Añade capa Dense de 100 unidades antes de la salida",
                  "params": {
                      "extra dense": True,
                      "two conv per level": False,
                      "activation": "relu",
                       "pooling": "max"
                       "use residual": False,
                      "use inception": False,
                  },
               "two conv per level": {
                  "description": "Agrega una segunda capa Conv3D en cada bloque",
                  "params": {
                       "extra dense": False,
                      "two_conv_per_level": True,
                      "activation": "relu",
                      "pooling": "max"
                      "use_residual": False,
"use_inception": False,
                  },
               relu to sigmoid": {
                  "description": "Cambia la activación ReLU por sigmoid en todas las capas",
                  "params": {
                      "extra_dense": False,
                      "two_conv_per_level": False,
"activation": "sigmoid",
                      "pooling": "max"
                      "use_residual": False,
                       "use inception": False,
                  },
               "max to avg pooling": {
                   "description": "Usa AveragePooling3D en lugar de MaxPooling3D",
                  "params": {
                      "extra dense": False,
                      "two_conv_per_level": False,
                      "activation": "relu",
                      "pooling": "avg",
                      "use residual": False,
                      "use_inception": False,
                  },
              "residual blocks": {
                  "description": "Reemplaza capas conv por bloques residuales",
                      "initial filters" : [32, 64, 128],
                      "extra_dense": False,
```

```
"two_conv_per_level": False,
         "activation": "relu",
         "pooling": "max",
         "use_residual": True,
         "use_inception": False,
    },
},
"inception_blocks": {
    "description": "Reemplaza capas conv por bloques inception 3D",
    ""    ""    ""
         "initial_filters" : [32, 64, 128],
         "extra_dense": False,
         "two_conv_per_level": False,
         "activation": "relu",
         "pooling": "max",
         "use_residual": False,
         "use_inception": True,
    },
},
```

All these models are then trained:

=== Entrenando modelo 'original' ===
Model: "3dcnn_original"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	1,792
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312
max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0
<pre>batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	884,992
max_pooling3d_3 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	0
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	1,024
global_average_pooling3d (GlobalAveragePooling3D)	(None, 256)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	131,584
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

Total params: 1,352,897 (5.16 MB)

Trainable params: 1,351,873 (5.16 MB)

Non-trainable params: 1,024 (4.00 KB)

Epoch 22/50

```
Epoch 1/50
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR
I0000 00:00:1735052972.617718
                              14519 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7fb6080080b0 initialized for platform CUDA (
this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:
I0000 00:00:1735052972.617756 14519 service.cc:156]
                                                     StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Comp
ute Capability 8.9
2024-12-24 16:09:32.661336: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump_mlir_util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr
ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR_CRASH_REPRODUCER_DIRECTORY` to enable.
2024-12-24 16:09:38.953603: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin
g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_reduce_reduce_window_fusion_3', 32 bytes spill stor
es, 32 bytes spill loads
T0000 00:00:1735052978.963309
                              14519 device compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at
most once for the lifetime of the process.
70/70 - 18s - 262ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6852 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6966 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6884 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7119 - learning rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6755 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8198 - learning rate: 4.60
00e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6843 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.1314 - learning rate: 6.40
00e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 9s - 123ms/step - acc: 0.5357 - loss: 0.6933 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9945 - learning rate: 8.200
0e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6745 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.3803 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 7/50
70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6698 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.2347 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 9s - 126ms/step - acc: 0.5429 - loss: 0.6841 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.8755 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6780 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7405 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6481 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.7015 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6552 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5934 - learning rate: 1.000
0e - 05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6582 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5961 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6355 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5891 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6652 - val_acc: 0.6833 - val_loss: 0.5748 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6309 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6104 - learning rate: 1.00
00e - 05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6596 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5959 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6721 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.6058 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6231 - val_acc: 0.6833 - val_loss: 0.5490 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 11s - 159ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6419 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5551 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6406 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.5527 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6514 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5391 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
```

```
70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6598 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5672 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 23/50
        70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6453 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5668 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 24/50
        70/70 - 9s - 125ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6565 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.5887 - learning rate: 1.000
        0e-05
        Epoch 25/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.7214 - loss: 0.6036 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.6161 - learning_rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 26/50
        70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6056 - val acc: 0.7667 - val loss: 0.5151 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 27/50
        70/70 - 9s - 126ms/step - acc: 0.5500 - loss: 0.6580 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5355 - learning rate: 1.000
        Epoch 28/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.7000 - loss: 0.6419 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5487 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 29/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6252 - val_acc: 0.7167 - val_loss: 0.5265 - learning_rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 30/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6265 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5152 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 31/50
        70/70 - 9s - 125ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6278 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5460 - learning rate: 1.000
        Epoch 32/50
        70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6118 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5022 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e - 05
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6321 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5128 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 34/50
        70/70 - 9s - 126ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6358 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5730 - learning rate: 1.000
        0e-05
        Epoch 35/50
        70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.6235 - val_acc: 0.6500 - val_loss: 0.5776 - learning_rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 36/50
        70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6236 - val acc: 0.7667 - val loss: 0.5373 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e - 05
        Epoch 37/50
        70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6043 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.6780 - learning rate: 1.000
        0e-05
        Epoch 38/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.6314 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5255 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 39/50
        70/70 - 10s - 140ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6361 - val acc: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.6071 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 40/50
        70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.5930 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5521 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 41/50
        70/70 - 9s - 124ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.5959 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5088 - learning rate: 1.000
        0e-05
        WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save model(model)`. T
        his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my m
        odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
        Resultados guardados en 'results.csv'
        Historial quardado en 'histories/original history.json'
        Modelo guardado en 'models/original model.h5'
In [16]: # config name = "extra dense"
         # cfg = models_config[config_name]
         # run_single_experiment(
              config_name=config name,
         #
         #
               cfa=cfa.
```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	1,792
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
<pre>max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)</pre>	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312
<pre>max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)</pre>	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	884,992
<pre>max_pooling3d_3 (MaxPooling3D)</pre>	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	0
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	1,024
global_average_pooling3d (GlobalAveragePooling3D)	(None, 256)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	131,584
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 100)	51,300
dense_2 (Dense)	(None, 1)	101

Total params: 1,403,785 (5.36 MB) **Trainable params:** 1,402,761 (5.35 MB)

```
Non-trainable params: 1,024 (4.00 KB)
Epoch 1/50
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR
I0000 00:00:1735053769.679174 17850 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7f05dc026a70 initialized for platform CUDA (
this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:
                                                    StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Comp
10000 00:00:1735053769.679210
                             17850 service.cc:156]
ute Capability 8.9
2024-12-24 16:22:49.724054: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump_mlir_util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr
ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR CRASH REPRODUCER DIRECTORY` to enable.
2024-12-24 16:22:55.354870: I external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda asm compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin
g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input reduce reduce window fusion 3', 32 bytes spill stor
es, 32 bytes spill loads
I0000 00:00:1735053775.364397
                             17850 device compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at
most once for the lifetime of the process.
70/70 - 18s - 263ms/step - acc: 0.5214 - loss: 0.6959 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6969 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6921 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7090 - learning_rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 8s - 118ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6910 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7804 - learning_rate: 4.600
0e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 9s - 133ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6801 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9667 - learning rate: 6.400
0e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6762 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.1269 - learning rate: 8.200
0e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6612 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.3748 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 7/50
```

```
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.5714 - loss: 0.6670 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.2806 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6645 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.2197 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6462 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8959 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 9s - 122ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6599 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7021 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.5429 - loss: 0.6816 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6059 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6684 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5881 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 9s - 124ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6554 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5775 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6611 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.5802 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6600 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5593 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6573 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5725 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 9s - 122ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.6310 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5518 - learning rate: 1.000
0e - 05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6581 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5489 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6545 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5644 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 9s - 122ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6552 - val_acc: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.5353 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6597 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5600 - learning rate: 1.000
0e - 05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 10s - 143ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6472 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5679 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 23/50
70/70 - 9s - 130ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.6246 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5960 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.6430 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5768 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 25/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6653 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5263 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 26/50
70/70 - 11s - 154ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.6435 - val acc: 0.7833 - val loss: 0.5450 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 27/50
70/70 - 8s - 116ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6278 - val acc: 0.5333 - val loss: 0.7481 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 28/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.6857 - loss: 0.5989 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5505 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 29/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6340 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.5174 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 30/50
70/70 - 8s - 121ms/step - acc: 0.7071 - loss: 0.6016 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5451 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 31/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6523 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5622 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 32/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6642 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6202 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 33/50
70/70 - 8s - 121ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6375 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5433 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 34/50
70/70 - 11s - 158ms/step - acc: 0.7000 - loss: 0.6100 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.6009 - learning rate: 1.00
```

00e-05

```
Epoch 35/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6786 - loss: 0.5909 - val acc: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.5921 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 36/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6144 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5422 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 37/50
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6141 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5182 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 38/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.5974 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5348 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 39/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.7357 - loss: 0.5807 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5569 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 40/50
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6425 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.6702 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 41/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6228 - val_acc: 0.5667 - val_loss: 0.6475 - learning_rate: 1.00
```

WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. T his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_m odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

Resultados guardados en 'results.csv'

Historial guardado en 'histories/extra_dense_history.json'

Modelo guardado en 'models/extra dense model.h5'

```
In [17]: # config name = "two conv per level"
         # cfg = models_config[config_name]
         # run single experiment(
               config name=config name,
               cfg=cfg,
         #
               train dataset=train dataset,
         #
              validation dataset=validation dataset,
         #
               epochs=50,
               results path="results.csv",
         #
              history_dir="histories",
         #
               models dir="models"
         # )
```

=== Entrenando modelo 'two_conv_per_level' ===
Model: "3dcnn two conv per level"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	1,792
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	110,656
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256
conv3d_4 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312
conv3d_5 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	442,496
max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512
conv3d_6 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	884,992
conv3d_7 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	1,769,728
max_pooling3d_3 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	0
<pre>batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	1,024
global_average_pooling3d (GlobalAveragePooling3D)	(None, 256)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	131,584
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

Total params: 3,786,433 (14.44 MB)

Trainable params: 3,785,409 (14.44 MB)

Non-trainable params: 1,024 (4.00 KB)

Epoch 1/50

```
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR
I0000 00:00:1735054384.137162 21191 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7f7890002610 initialized for platform CUDA (
this does not quarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:
I0000 00:00:1735054384.137201 21191 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Comp
ute Capability 8.9
2024-12-24 16:33:04.206504: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump mlir util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr
ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR CRASH REPRODUCER DIRECTORY` to enable.
I0000 00:00:1735054384.426640 21191 cuda dnn.cc:529] Loaded cuDNN version 90300
2024-12-24 16:33:09.432594: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation_alarm.cc:65] Trying algorithm eng0{}
for conv (f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3,
3]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64]{0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1_1x1_1x1_1}, dim_labels=bf012_oi012->bf012, custom_call_targ}
conv_result_scale":1,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule":false,"operation_queue_
id":"0","wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while...
2024-12-24 16:33:11.539298: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:133] The operation took 3.1
39492635s
Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv (f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\}) custom-call(f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\})
3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3,3]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64]{0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1 1x1 1x1 1}, dim labels=bf012 oi012-
>bf012, custom call target=" cudnn$convBiasActivationForward", backend config={"cudnn conv backend config":{"ac
tivation mode": "kNone", "conv result scale":1, "leakyrelu alpha":0, "side input scale":0}, "force earliest schedule"
:false, "operation_queue_id": "0", "wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while...
E0000 00:00:1735054396.739921 21191 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc
uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.
E0000 00:00:1735054397.014451 21191 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc
uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.
2024-12-24 16:33:18.215631: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:65] Trying algorithm eng0{}
for conv (f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3,
3[{4,3,2,1,0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1_1x1_1x1_1}, dim_labels=bf012_oi012->bf012, custom_call_target="__cudnn$ for the content of the co
convBackwardInput", backend config={"cudnn conv backend config":{"activation mode":"kNone","conv result scale":1
,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule":false,"operation_queue_id":"0","wait_on_ope
ration queues":[]} is taking a while..
2024-12-24 16:33:19.706127: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:133] The operation took 2.5
22923621s
Trying \ algorithm \ engo\{\} \ for \ conv \ (f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, \ u8[0]\{0\}) \ custom-call (f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, \ u8[0][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,64][2,6
3,2,1,0, f32[64,64,3,3,3]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, window=\{size=3x3x3 \ pad=1\_1x1\_1x1\_1\}, dim\_labels=bf012\_oi012->bf012, cust
om\_call\_target="\_\_cudnn\$convBackwardInput", \ backend\_config=\{"cudnn\_conv\_backend\_config": \{"activation\_mode": "kNonline", backend\_config="." \ kNonline", \ backend\_config=".
e", "conv result scale":1, "leakyrelu alpha":0, "side_input_scale":0}, "force_earliest_schedule":false, "operation_qu
eue id":"0", "wait on operation queues":[]} is taking a while...
2024-12-24 16:33:25.706937: I external/local xla/xla/stream executor/cuda/cuda asm compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin
g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input reduce reduce window fusion 3', 32 bytes spill stor
es, 32 bytes spill loads
I0000 00:00:1735054405.719134 21191 device compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at
most once for the lifetime of the process.
2024-12-24 16:33:48.229762: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:65] Trying algorithm eng0{}
for conv (f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[2,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3,
3]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64]{0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1 1x1 1x1 1}, dim labels=bf012 oi012->bf012, custom call targ
         __cudnn$convBiasActivationForward", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"activation_mode":"kRelu",
conv result scale":1,"leakyrelu alpha":0,"side input scale":0},"force earliest schedule":false,"operation queue
id":"0","wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while...
2024-12-24 16:33:50.328032: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:133] The operation took 3.1
30753194s
Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv (f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\}) custom-call(f32[2,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\})
3,2,1,0, f32[64,64,3,3,3]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, f32[64]\{0\}), window=\{size=3x3x3\ pad=1\_1x1\_1\}, dim\_labels=bf012\_oi012-12
>bf012, custom_call_target="__cudnn$convBiasActivationForward", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"ac
tivation_mode":"kRelu","conv_result_scale":1,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule"
:false, "operation queue id": "0", "wait on operation queues":[]} is taking a while...
70/70 - 53s - 750ms/step - acc: 0.4929 - loss: 0.7022 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7047 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 22s - 311ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6916 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7013 - learning rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 21s - 295ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6912 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7000 - learning_rate: 4.60
00e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 21s - 294ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6890 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7015 - learning rate: 6.40
00e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 22s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6834 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8309 - learning rate: 8.20
00e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6643 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.0052 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 7/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.5214 - loss: 0.6984 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9853 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6640 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9465 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6772 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8349 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
```

```
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6410 - val acc: 0.5500 - val loss: 0.7365 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 22s - 311ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6522 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.6530 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 21s - 296ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6440 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5192 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 21s - 294ms/step - acc: 0.7143 - loss: 0.5951 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5098 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 20s - 293ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6767 - val acc: 0.5500 - val loss: 0.6621 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6337 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5324 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6371 - val_acc: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.5378 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6662 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5565 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.6149 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5958 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 21s - 295ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.6054 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.4917 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 20s - 293ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6323 - val acc: 0.5667 - val loss: 0.8367 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.7000 - loss: 0.6067 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.4917 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.6027 - val_acc: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.5598 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 23/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7143 - loss: 0.5894 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.6940 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6278 - val acc: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.6479 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 25/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7286 - loss: 0.5859 - val acc: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.7409 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 26/50
70/70 - 21s - 295ms/step - acc: 0.7714 - loss: 0.5697 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.4822 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 27/50
70/70 - 22s - 308ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6217 - val acc: 0.6000 - val loss: 0.5855 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 28/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7500 - loss: 0.5701 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.7514 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 29/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7214 - loss: 0.5886 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5204 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 30/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.6929 - loss: 0.5529 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.6008 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 31/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7571 - loss: 0.5611 - val acc: 0.6167 - val loss: 0.8184 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 32/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7643 - loss: 0.5533 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.7165 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 33/50
70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.7286 - loss: 0.5325 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.5902 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 34/50
70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7500 - loss: 0.5437 - val acc: 0.7833 - val loss: 0.6034 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 35/50
70/70 - 21s - 295ms/step - acc: 0.8214 - loss: 0.4713 - val_acc: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.4490 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 36/50
70/70 - 22s - 311ms/step - acc: 0.7500 - loss: 0.5012 - val acc: 0.8000 - val loss: 0.3841 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 37/50
```

70/70 - 20s - 293ms/step - acc: 0.8000 - loss: 0.4463 - val_acc: 0.7500 - val_loss: 0.4871 - learning_rate: 1.00

```
00e-05
        Epoch 40/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7429 - loss: 0.5257 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 1.7318 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 41/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7571 - loss: 0.5241 - val_acc: 0.7833 - val_loss: 0.4338 - learning_rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 42/50
        70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.7286 - loss: 0.5398 - val acc: 0.8167 - val loss: 0.4296 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e - 05
        Epoch 43/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.8000 - loss: 0.4814 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.5536 - learning_rate: 1.00
        Epoch 44/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.8000 - loss: 0.4871 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6197 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 45/50
        70/70 - 22s - 308ms/step - acc: 0.7857 - loss: 0.4733 - val_acc: 0.7667 - val_loss: 0.4777 - learning_rate: 1.00
        Epoch 46/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.8286 - loss: 0.4250 - val acc: 0.8000 - val loss: 0.4305 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e - 05
        Epoch 47/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7429 - loss: 0.4844 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.4576 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Fnoch 48/50
        70/70 - 22s - 308ms/step - acc: 0.8000 - loss: 0.4366 - val acc: 0.8333 - val loss: 0.4390 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 49/50
        70/70 - 20s - 291ms/step - acc: 0.8000 - loss: 0.4336 - val acc: 0.8167 - val loss: 0.4378 - learning rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        Epoch 50/50
        70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.8143 - loss: 0.4382 - val_acc: 0.7667 - val_loss: 0.4948 - learning_rate: 1.00
        00e-05
        WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. T
        his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_m
        odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
        Resultados guardados en 'results.csv'
        Historial guardado en 'histories/two_conv_per_level_history.json'
        Modelo guardado en 'models/two_conv_per_level_model.h5'
In [15]: # config name = "relu to sigmoid"
         # cfg = models_config[config_name]
         # run_single_experiment(
              config name=config name,
         #
               cfg=cfg,
               train dataset=train dataset,
         #
              validation_dataset=validation_dataset,
         #
               epochs=50,
         #
               results_path="results.csv",
               history dir="histories",
         #
               models_dir="models"
         # )
```

70/70 - 20s - 292ms/step - acc: 0.7214 - loss: 0.5207 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.4730 - learning rate: 1.00

70/70 - 21s - 307ms/step - acc: 0.8071 - loss: 0.5003 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.9691 - learning rate: 1.00

00e-05 Epoch 38/50

00e-05 Epoch 39/50

=== Entrenando modelo 'relu to sigmoid' ===

Model: "3dcnn_relu_to_sigmoid"

<pre>input_layer (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	1,792
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
<pre>max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)</pre>	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312
max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	884,992
max_pooling3d_3 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	0
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	1,024
global_average_pooling3d (GlobalAveragePooling3D)	(None, 256)	Θ
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	131,584
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

Output Shape

Param #

Total params: 1,352,897 (5.16 MB) **Trainable params:** 1,351,873 (5.16 MB)

Layer (type)

```
Non-trainable params: 1,024 (4.00 KB)
Epoch 1/50
WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR
I0000 00:00:1735055511.070940 25315 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7f76140186e0 initialized for platform CUDA (
this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:
                                                       StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Comp
I0000 00:00:1735055511.070975
                              25315 service.cc:156]
ute Capability 8.9
2024-12-24 16:51:51.114819: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump_mlir_util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr
ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR CRASH REPRODUCER DIRECTORY` to enable.
I0000 00:00:1735055511.285850
                               25315 cuda_dnn.cc:529] Loaded cuDNN version 90300
I0000 00:00:1735055516.714718
                                25315 device compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at
most once for the lifetime of the process.
70/70 - 17s - 244ms/step - acc: 0.5000 - loss: 0.7277 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7290 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.5000 - loss: 0.7230 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7295 - learning_rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5000 - loss: 0.7175 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7210 - learning rate: 4.600
0e - 06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.5000 - loss: 0.7142 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7009 - learning rate: 6.400
0e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.5286 - loss: 0.6910 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.6991 - learning_rate: 8.20
00e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5286 - loss: 0.6877 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8111 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Fnoch 7/50
70/70 - 8s - 118ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6849 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9131 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6787 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.9201 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 9/50
```

```
70/70 - 11s - 159ms/step - acc: 0.5143 - loss: 0.6964 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8474 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 8s - 119ms/step - acc: 0.5714 - loss: 0.6771 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7280 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6780 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.6231 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 10s - 137ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6831 - val_acc: 0.7167 - val_loss: 0.5929 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6616 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5840 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 9s - 122ms/step - acc: 0.5429 - loss: 0.6831 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5789 - learning rate: 1.000
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6516 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5758 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6954 - val_acc: 0.6667 - val_loss: 0.5801 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 10s - 139ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6612 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5783 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6857 - loss: 0.6598 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5909 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6769 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5722 - learning rate: 1.00
00e - 05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 8s - 121ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6306 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5616 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6650 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5616 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 9s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6456 - val_acc: 0.6833 - val_loss: 0.5516 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 23/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6839 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.5760 - learning rate: 1.000
0e - 05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 8s - 118ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6635 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5688 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 25/50
70/70 - 11s - 151ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6691 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5760 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 26/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6857 - loss: 0.6514 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5525 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 27/50
70/70 - 8s - 118ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6556 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5592 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 28/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6333 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5427 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 29/50
70/70 - 10s - 141ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6620 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5483 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 30/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6694 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5536 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 31/50
70/70 - 8s - 117ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6443 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.5612 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 32/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6499 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5390 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 33/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6620 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5420 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 34/50
70/70 - 8s - 119ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6820 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5545 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 35/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.5714 - loss: 0.6642 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5544 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 36/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6345 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5462 - learning rate: 1.000
```

0e-05

```
Epoch 37/50
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6395 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5301 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 38/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6502 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5353 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 39/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6552 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5334 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 40/50
70/70 - 9s - 135ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6673 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5574 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 41/50
70/70 - 8s - 121ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6593 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5482 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Fnoch 42/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6450 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5383 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 43/50
70/70 - 9s - 134ms/step - acc: 0.5429 - loss: 0.6865 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.5456 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 44/50
70/70 - 8s - 120ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6193 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5233 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
70/70 - 10s - 136ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6188 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5318 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
```

WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. T his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_m odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

Resultados guardados en 'results.csv'

Historial guardado en 'histories/relu_to_sigmoid_history.json'

Modelo guardado en 'models/relu_to_sigmoid_model.h5'

```
In [30]: # config_name = "max_to_avg_pooling"
         # cfg = models_config[config_name]
         # run single experiment(
         #
              config_name=config_name,
               cfg=cfg,
         #
               train_dataset=train_dataset,
               validation dataset=validation dataset,
         #
               epochs=50,
               results path="results.csv",
               history dir="histories",
         #
               models dir="models"
         # )
```

=== Entrenando modelo 'max to avg pooling' ===

Model: "3dcnn_max_to_avg_pooling'

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
input_layer (InputLayer)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 64)	1,792
average_pooling3d (AveragePooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0
batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656
average_pooling3d_1 (AveragePooling3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0
batch_normalization_1 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312
average_pooling3d_2 (AveragePooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0
batch_normalization_2 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 256)	884,992
average_pooling3d_3 (AveragePooling3D)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	0
batch_normalization_3 (BatchNormalization)	(None, 8, 8, 4, 256)	1,024
<pre>global_average_pooling3d (GlobalAveragePooling3D)</pre>	(None, 256)	0
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	131,584
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513

Total params: 1,352,897 (5.16 MB)

Trainable params: 1,351,873 (5.16 MB)

Non-trainable params: 1,024 (4.00 KB)

Epoch 1/50

2024-12-24 16:59:59.650665: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_reduce_select_fusion_3', 88 bytes spill stores, 88 bytes spill loads

ptxas warning : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_reduce_select_fusion_2', 8 bytes spill stores, 8 bytes spill loads

ptxas warning : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_reduce_reduce_window_fusion_3', 40 byte s spill stores, 40 bytes spill loads

```
70/70 - 15s - 217ms/step - acc: 0.4929 - loss: 0.6961 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6983 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 9s - 130ms/step - acc: 0.5357 - loss: 0.6927 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7020 - learning rate: 2.800
0e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.5929 - loss: 0.6830 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6945 - learning rate: 4.60
00e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6741 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7073 - learning_rate: 6.40
00e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6879 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7097 - learning rate: 8.200
0e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 10s - 146ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6670 - val acc: 0.4833 - val loss: 0.6917 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 7/50
70/70 - 10s - 148ms/step - acc: 0.5714 - loss: 0.6853 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7159 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 9s - 129ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6503 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.8325 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 10s - 148ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6942 - val acc: 0.6167 - val loss: 0.6558 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 10s - 148ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6692 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6284 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 9s - 132ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6724 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5969 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6733 - val acc: 0.8167 - val loss: 0.6075 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 10s - 146ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6659 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5535 - learning rate: 1.00
00e - 05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 9s - 129ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6530 - val acc: 0.7500 - val loss: 0.5559 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6602 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.5576 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.5214 - loss: 0.6898 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.5770 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6439 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5486 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 9s - 131ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6534 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5366 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 10s - 145ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6422 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5380 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 10s - 146ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6509 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5737 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 9s - 127ms/step - acc: 0.6500 - loss: 0.6593 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.5526 - learning_rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.5714 - loss: 0.6695 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5655 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Fnoch 23/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6619 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5729 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 9s - 128ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6564 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6030 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
Epoch 25/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6513 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.6070 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 26/50
70/70 - 10s - 144ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6382 - val acc: 0.7833 - val loss: 0.5781 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 27/50
70/70 - 9s - 128ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6575 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5571 - learning rate: 1.000
0e-05
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save model(model)`. T
```

his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. \(\bar{n} \) model.save('my_m

odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

Resultados guardados en 'results.csv' Historial guardado en 'histories/max_to_avg_pooling_history.json' Modelo guardado en 'models/max_to_avg_pooling_model.h5'

```
In [15]: # config_name = "residual_blocks"
# cfg = models_config[config_name]

# run_single_experiment(
# config_name=config_name,
# cfg=cfg,
# train_dataset=train_dataset,
# validation_dataset=validation_dataset,
# epochs=50,
# results_path="results.csv",
# history_dir="histories",
# models_dir="models"
# )
```

=== Entrenando modelo 'residual_blocks' ===
Model: "3dcnn_residual_blocks"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<pre>input_layer (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0	-
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	896	input_layer[0][0]
batch_normalization (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	128	conv3d[0][0]
activation (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	64	input_layer[0][0]
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	27,680	activation[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	128	conv3d_2[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	128	conv3d_1[0][0]
add (Add)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	batch_normalizat… batch_normalizat…
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	add[0][0]
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 32)	0	activation_1[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 32)	128	max_pooling3d[0]
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	55,360	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256	conv3d_3[0][0]
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_5 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	2,112	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_4 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	110,656	activation_2[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256	conv3d_5[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256	conv3d_4[0][0]
add_1 (Add)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	batch_normalizat… batch_normalizat…

activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	add_1[0][0]
<pre>max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)</pre>	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0	activation_3[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256	max_pooling3d_1[
conv3d_6 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	221,312	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	512	conv3d_6[0][0]
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	0	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_8 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	8,320	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_7 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	442,496	activation_4[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	512	conv3d_8[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	512	conv3d_7[0][0]
add_2 (Add)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	0	batch_normalizat… batch_normalizat…
activation_5 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	0	add_2[0][0]
max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0	activation_5[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512	max_pooling3d_2[
global_average_poo (GlobalAveragePool	(None, 128)	0	batch_normalizat…
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	66,048	global_average_p
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513	dense[0][0]

Total params: 939,041 (3.58 MB)

Trainable params: 937,249 (3.58 MB)

Non-trainable params: 1,792 (7.00 KB)

Epoch 1/50

WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR I0000 00:00:1735056348.897209 30876 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7fc878003f20 initialized for platform CUDA (this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:

I0000 00:00:1735056348.897246 30876 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Compute Capability 8.9

2024-12-24 17:05:48.978756: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump_mlir_util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR CRASH REPRODUCER DIRECTORY` to enable.

I0000 00:00:1735056349.352163 30876 cuda dnn.cc:529] Loaded cuDNN version 90300

2024-12-24 17:05:49.810280: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'gemm_fusion_dot_3500', 4 bytes spill stores, 4 bytes spil loads

E0000 00:00:1735056350.765990 30876 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056350.860744 30876 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056350.953668 30876 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056356.841007 30876 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056356.965337 30876 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

2024-12-24 17:06:00.457739: E external/local_xla/xla/service/slow_operation_alarm.cc:65] Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv (f32[32,32,33,3,3]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[2,32,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[2,32,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1_1x1_1x1_1}, dim_labels=bf012_oi012->bf012, custom_call_target="__cudnn\$ convBackwardFilter", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"activation_mode":"kNone","conv_result_scale": 1,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule":false,"operation_queue_id":"0","wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while...

 $2024-12-24\ 17:06:00.793588:\ E\ external/local_xla/xla/service/slow_operation_alarm.cc:133]\ The\ operation\ took\ 1.372615521s$

Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv (f32[32,32,3,3,3,3]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[2,32,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[2,32,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1_1x1_1x1_1}, dim_labels=bf012_oi012->bf012, cust om_call_target="__cudnn\$convBackwardFilter", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"activation_mode":"kNo ne","conv_result_scale":1,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule":false,"operation_queue_id":"0","wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while...

2024-12-24 17:06:05.281364: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_add_reduce_fusion_5', 12 bytes spill stores, 12 byt es spill loads

ptxas warning : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_reduce_reduce_window_fusion_2', 36 byte s spill stores, 36 bytes spill loads

I0000 00:00:1735056365.300942 30876 device_compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at most once for the lifetime of the process.

```
70/70 - 35s - 494ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6944 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7016 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 13s - 185ms/step - acc: 0.5214 - loss: 0.6949 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7134 - learning rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6905 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7265 - learning rate: 4.60
00e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 13s - 184ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6853 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7681 - learning_rate: 6.40
00e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6863 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8154 - learning rate: 8.20
00e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6829 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8656 - learning rate: 1.00
Epoch 7/50
70/70 - 13s - 183ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6693 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.8301 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 14s - 200ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6750 - val_acc: 0.5000 - val_loss: 0.7557 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 14s - 202ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6748 - val acc: 0.5833 - val loss: 0.6600 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.5786 - loss: 0.6778 - val_acc: 0.7333 - val_loss: 0.6216 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 14s - 202ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6513 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6030 - learning rate: 1.00
00e - 05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 13s - 185ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6509 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.6101 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6549 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.6090 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6794 - val acc: 0.6333 - val loss: 0.6123 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 13s - 186ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6675 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.5996 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 14s - 201ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6482 - val_acc: 0.6167 - val_loss: 0.6667 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 13s - 185ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6617 - val acc: 0.6500 - val loss: 0.6226 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 14s - 202ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6670 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5895 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 13s - 185ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6718 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5916 - learning rate: 1.00
00e - 05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 14s - 203ms/step - acc: 0.6643 - loss: 0.6392 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5763 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 13s - 186ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6718 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5705 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 14s - 203ms/step - acc: 0.6357 - loss: 0.6629 - val_acc: 0.7167 - val_loss: 0.5642 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 23/50
70/70 - 14s - 203ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6338 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.5556 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 13s - 184ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6637 - val acc: 0.7167 - val loss: 0.5634 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 25/50
70/70 - 14s - 202ms/step - acc: 0.6571 - loss: 0.6304 - val acc: 0.6667 - val loss: 0.5537 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. T
his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_m ^{\prime}m)
odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.
Resultados guardados en 'results.csv'
Historial guardado en 'histories/residual_blocks_history.json'
```

Modelo guardado en 'models/residual blocks model.h5'

```
# run_single_experiment(
# config_name=config_name,
# cfg=cfg,
# train_dataset=train_dataset,
# validation_dataset=validation_dataset,
# epochs=50,
# results_path="results.csv",
# history_dir="histories",
# models_dir="models"
# )
```

=== Entrenando modelo 'inception_blocks' ===
Model: "3dcnn_inception_blocks"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
<pre>input_layer (InputLayer)</pre>	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0	-
conv3d_1 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	16	input_layer[0][0]
conv3d_3 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	16	input_layer[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d_1[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d_3[0][0]
activation_1 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_3 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
max_pooling3d (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 1)	0	input_layer[0][0]
conv3d (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	16	input_layer[0][0]
conv3d_2 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	1,736	activation_1[0][
conv3d_4 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	8,008	activation_3[0][
conv3d_5 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	16	max_pooling3d[0]
batch_normalization (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d_2[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d_4[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	32	conv3d_5[0][0]
conv3d_6 (Conv3D)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	64	input_layer[0][0]
activation (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_2 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_4 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_5 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 8)	0	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	128	conv3d_6[0][0]

concatenate (Concatenate)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	activation[0][0], activation_2[0][activation_4[0][activation_5[0][
add (Add)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	batch_normalizat… concatenate[0][0]
activation_6 (Activation)	(None, 128, 128, 64, 32)	0	add[0][0]
max_pooling3d_1 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 32)	0	activation_6[0][
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 32)	128	max_pooling3d_1[
conv3d_8 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	528	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_10 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	528	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_8[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_10[0][0]
activation_8 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_10 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
max_pooling3d_2 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_7 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	528	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_9 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	6,928	activation_8[0][
conv3d_11 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	32,016	activation_10[0]
conv3d_12 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	528	max_pooling3d_2[
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_7[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_9[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_11[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	64	conv3d_12[0][0]
conv3d_13 (Conv3D)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	2,112	batch_normalizat…
activation_7 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_9 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_11 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_12 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 16)	0	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	256	conv3d_13[0][0]
concatenate_1 (Concatenate)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	activation_7[0][activation_9[0][activation_11[0]

			activation_12[0]
add_1 (Add)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	batch_normalizat… concatenate_1[0]…
activation_13 (Activation)	(None, 64, 64, 32, 64)	0	add_1[0][0]
max_pooling3d_3 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0	activation_13[0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	256	max_pooling3d_3[
conv3d_15 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	2,080	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_17 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	2,080	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_15[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_17[0][0]
activation_15 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_17 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
max_pooling3d_4 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 64)	0	batch_normalizat…
conv3d_14 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	2,080	batch_normalizat
conv3d_16 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	27,680	activation_15[0]
conv3d_18 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128,032	activation_17[0]
conv3d_19 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	2,080	max_pooling3d_4[
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_14[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_16[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_18[0][0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	128	conv3d_19[0][0]
conv3d_20 (Conv3D)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	8,320	batch_normalizat
activation_14 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_16 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_18 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
activation_19 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 32)	0	batch_normalizat…
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	512	conv3d_20[0][0]
concatenate_2 (Concatenate)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	0	activation_14[0] activation_16[0] activation_18[0] activation_19[0]
add_2 (Add)	(None, 32, 32,	0	batch_normalizat…

	16, 128)		concatenate_2[0]
activation_20 (Activation)	(None, 32, 32, 16, 128)	0	add_2[0][0]
max_pooling3d_5 (MaxPooling3D)	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	0	activation_20[0]
batch_normalizatio (BatchNormalizatio	(None, 16, 16, 8, 128)	512	max_pooling3d_5[
global_average_poo (GlobalAveragePool	(None, 128)	0	batch_normalizat…
dense (Dense)	(None, 512)	66,048	global_average_p
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 1)	513	dense[0][0]

Total params: 295,089 (1.13 MB)

Trainable params: 293,521 (1.12 MB)

Non-trainable params: 1,568 (6.12 KB)

Epoch 1/50

WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR

I0000 00:00:1735056750.525103 32993 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7f8f8c0029a0 initialized for platform CUDA (this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices:

I0000 00:00:1735056750.525164 32993 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Compute Capability 8.9

2024-12-24 17:12:30.693137: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump_mlir_util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR CRASH REPRODUCER DIRECTORY` to enable.

I0000 00:00:1735056751.453684 32993 cuda dnn.cc:529] Loaded cuDNN version 90300

2024-12-24 17:12:32.167337: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'gemm_fusion_dot_7214', 4 bytes spill stores, 4 bytes spil loads

E0000 00:00:1735056758.070992 32993 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056758.178965 32993 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056759.646778 32993 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

E0000 00:00:1735056759.743866 32993 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems.

2024-12-24 17:12:56.956482: I external/local_xla/xla/stream_executor/cuda/cuda_asm_compiler.cc:397] ptxas warnin g : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_add_reduce_fusion_10', 8 bytes spill stores, 8 byte s spill loads

ptxas warning : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_add_reduce_fusion_9', 4 bytes spill sto res, 4 bytes spill loads

ptxas warning : Registers are spilled to local memory in function 'input_add_reduce_fusion_8', 24 bytes spill st ores, 24 bytes spill loads

I0000 00:00:1735056777.003568 32993 device_compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at most once for the lifetime of the process.

```
70/70 - 47s - 668ms/step - acc: 0.4571 - loss: 0.6982 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7165 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-06
Epoch 2/50
70/70 - 14s - 193ms/step - acc: 0.4857 - loss: 0.6946 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7214 - learning rate: 2.80
00e-06
Epoch 3/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.5500 - loss: 0.6924 - val acc: 0.5167 - val loss: 0.7002 - learning rate: 4.60
00e-06
Epoch 4/50
70/70 - 13s - 193ms/step - acc: 0.6071 - loss: 0.6881 - val_acc: 0.4833 - val_loss: 0.7054 - learning_rate: 6.40
00e-06
Epoch 5/50
70/70 - 12s - 175ms/step - acc: 0.5286 - loss: 0.6976 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7206 - learning rate: 8.20
00e-06
Epoch 6/50
70/70 - 13s - 192ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6852 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.7193 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 7/50
70/70 - 12s - 177ms/step - acc: 0.5500 - loss: 0.6847 - val acc: 0.5000 - val loss: 0.6978 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 8/50
70/70 - 14s - 194ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6801 - val_acc: 0.5667 - val_loss: 0.6771 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 9/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6816 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.6659 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 10/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.6429 - loss: 0.6727 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6557 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 11/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6779 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.6497 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 12/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6844 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6436 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 13/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6286 - loss: 0.6700 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6382 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 14/50
70/70 - 14s - 196ms/step - acc: 0.6214 - loss: 0.6709 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6336 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 15/50
70/70 - 12s - 177ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6795 - val acc: 0.7333 - val loss: 0.6332 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 16/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6752 - val_acc: 0.6833 - val_loss: 0.6306 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 17/50
70/70 - 12s - 177ms/step - acc: 0.5643 - loss: 0.6866 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6263 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 18/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6714 - loss: 0.6642 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.6208 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 19/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6664 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6173 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 20/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6000 - loss: 0.6578 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6134 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 21/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6640 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6115 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 22/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.6143 - loss: 0.6613 - val acc: 0.6833 - val loss: 0.6089 - learning rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 23/50
70/70 - 14s - 195ms/step - acc: 0.5857 - loss: 0.6635 - val_acc: 0.7000 - val_loss: 0.6073 - learning_rate: 1.00
00e-05
Epoch 24/50
70/70 - 12s - 178ms/step - acc: 0.5571 - loss: 0.6797 - val acc: 0.7000 - val loss: 0.6069 - learning rate: 1.00
WARNING:absl:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save model(model)`. T
```

WARNING:abst:You are saving your model as an HDF5 file via `model.save()` or `keras.saving.save_model(model)`. T his file format is considered legacy. We recommend using instead the native Keras format, e.g. `model.save('my_m odel.keras')` or `keras.saving.save_model(model, 'my_model.keras')`.

Resultados quardados en 'results.csv'

Historial guardado en 'histories/inception_blocks_history.json'

Modelo guardado en 'models/inception_blocks_model.h5'

Results

Once the models are trained, we proceed to analyze their performance by visualizing accuracy and loss for both the training and validation datasets across epochs. This helps us understand how the models learn over time and identify potential issues such as overfitting or underfitting.

Additionally, we use the best-performing model to make predictions on new or unseen data. This final step evaluates the model's practical utility and provides insights into its real-world performance.

Functions

```
def plot training_history(history, config_name):
In [12]:
             fig, ax = plt.subplots(1, 2, figsize=(20, 5))
             ax = ax.ravel()
             for i, metric in enumerate(["acc", "loss"]):
                 ax[i].plot(history[metric])
                 ax[i].plot(history["val_" + metric])
                 ax[i].set_title(f"{config_name} - {metric.capitalize()}")
                 ax[i].set xlabel("Epochs")
                 ax[i].set_ylabel(metric.capitalize())
                 ax[i].legend(["Train", "Validation"])
                 ax[i].grid(True)
             plt.tight_layout()
             plt.show()
In [13]: def make_predictions(model, x_val = x_val, class_names = ["normal", "abnormal"]):
             predictions = model.predict(np.expand_dims(x_val[0], axis=0))[0]
             scores = [1 - predictions[0], predictions[0]]
             for score, name in zip(scores, class_names):
                 print(
                     f"This model is {100 * score:.2f}% confident that the CT scan is {name}."
```

Performance

Best model

Out[14]:

As a result of all the training processes, we consolidate the performance metrics of each configuration into a summary table. This table is loaded from the results.csv file and displays key information, such as the model configuration, a brief description, and the final training and validation accuracy. By comparing these results, we can identify the best-performing configuration and gain insights into the effectiveness of each architectural modification.

```
In [14]: df_results = pd.read_csv("results.csv")
    df_results
```

	config_name	description	final_train_acc	final_val_acc
0	original	Modelo base sin modificaciones	0.692857	0.750000
1	extra_dense	Añade capa Dense de 100 unidades antes de la s	0.657143	0.566667
2	two_conv_per_level	Agrega una segunda capa Conv3D en cada bloque	0.814286	0.766667
3	relu_to_sigmoid	Cambia la activación ReLU por sigmoid en todas	0.657143	0.716667
4	max_to_avg_pooling	Usa AveragePooling3D en lugar de MaxPooling3D	0.578571	0.716667
5	residual_blocks	Reemplaza capas conv por bloques residuales	0.657143	0.666667
6	inception_blocks	Reemplaza capas conv por bloques inception 3D	0.557143	0.700000

As shown, the best model (the one that generalizes best) is identified by selecting the configuration with the highest validation accuracy. Below are the details of the best-performing model:

- Configuration Name: two conv per level
- Description: Adds a second Conv3D layer at each block.
- Final Training Accuracy: 81.43%
- Final Validation Accuracy: 76.67%

```
In [15]: best_model_row = df_results[df_results['final_val_acc'] == df_results['final_val_acc'].max()].iloc[0]

print("Mejor modelo:\n")
for key, value in best_model_row.items():
    print(f"{key}: {value}")
```

Mejor modelo:

config name: two conv per level

description: Agrega una segunda capa Conv3D en cada bloque

final_train_acc: 0.8142856955528259
final_val_acc: 0.7666666507720947

Analysis of the stories

On the other hand, it is interesting to analyze the training dynamics of each configuration. For this purpose, we load and visualize the training history stored for each model. These visualizations allow us to observe the behavior of accuracy and loss over epochs for both the training and validation datasets.

To achieve this, we iterate through the configurations listed in the results table (df_results["config_name"]) and:

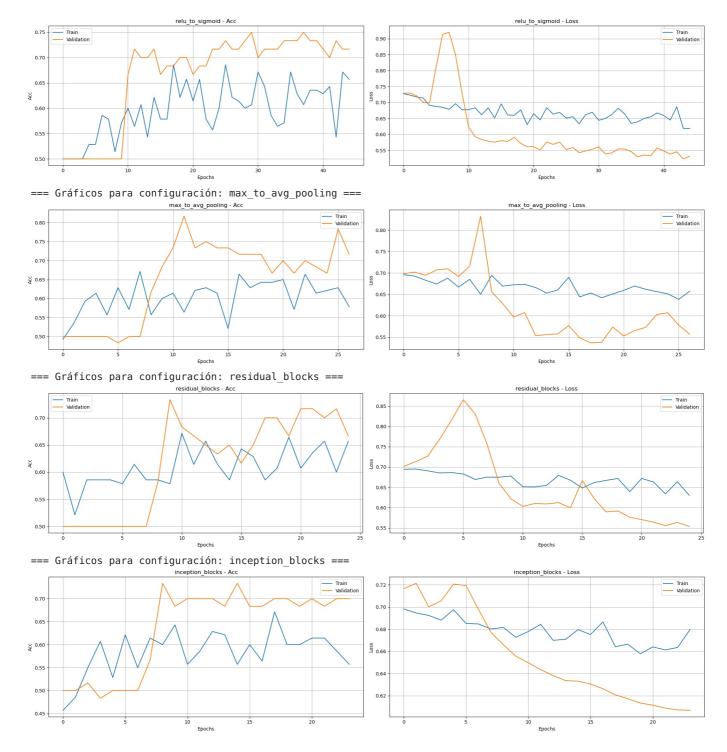
• Load the corresponding training history from the histories directory.

=== Gráficos para configuración: relu_to_sigmoid ===

• For each configuration, plot the training and validation metrics using plot_training_history to provide a clear comparison.

These plots help identify trends such as convergence speed, overfitting, or underfitting, offering deeper insights into the strengths and weaknesses of each model.

```
In [16]: history_dir = "histories"
          for config name in df_results["config name"]:
               history_path = os.path.join(history_dir, f"{config_name}_history.json")
               if os.path.exists(history_path):
                   with open(history_path, "r") as f:
                        history_data = json.load(f)
                    print(f"=== Gráficos para configuración: {config name} ===")
                    plot_training_history(history_data, config_name)
                    print(f"Historial no encontrado para {config_name}: {history_path}")
         === Gráficos para configuración: original ===
                                        original - Acc
                                                                                                         original - Loss
          0.75
        O)
                                                                            0.6
         === Gráficos para configuración: extra_dense ===
                                                                                                        extra dense - Loss
          0.70
                                                                           Loss
          0.55
         === Gráficos para configuración: two_conv_per_level ===
                                    two_conv_per_level - Acc
                                                                                                     two conv per level - Loss
                                                                                                                                     — Train
— Validatio
          0.75
                                                                            12
          0.55
```



General Observations from Training and Validation Plots

- Fluctuations in Validation Accuracy: Many models exhibit considerable fluctuations in validation accuracy across epochs. This behavior is often an indication of insufficient data, making it challenging for the model to generalize consistently.
- Better Validation Accuracy than Training Accuracy: For some configurations, validation accuracy surpasses training accuracy. While this might seem counterintuitive, it can occur due to data augmentation or dropout regularization, which increase variability in training but not in validation. However, it may also hint at overfitting to the validation set due to limited data.
- Insufficient Data for Complex Models: The complexity of some configurations (e.g., residual and inception blocks) seems excessive given the size of the dataset. This likely contributes to the observed instability in training and validation metrics, as these architectures require more data to fully leverage their capacity.

Best model predictions

Finally, we load the best-performing model, as identified from the results, and use it to make predictions:

```
models_dir = "models"
model_path = f"{models_dir}/{best_model_name}_model.h5"

best_model = load_model(model_path)
```

WARNING:absl:Compiled the loaded model, but the compiled metrics have yet to be built. `model.compile_metrics` w ill be empty until you train or evaluate the model.

In [20]: make predictions(best model)

WARNING: All log messages before absl::InitializeLog() is called are written to STDERR I0000 00:00:1735057812.004002 35285 service.cc:148] XLA service 0x7fd17c013dc0 initialized for platform CUDA (this does not guarantee that XLA will be used). Devices: I0000 00:00:1735057812.004043 35285 service.cc:156] StreamExecutor device (0): NVIDIA GeForce RTX 4060, Comp ute Capability 8.9 2024-12-24 17:30:12.019426: I tensorflow/compiler/mlir/tensorflow/utils/dump mlir util.cc:268] disabling MLIR cr ash reproducer, set env var `MLIR_CRASH_REPRODUCER_DIRECTORY` to enable. I0000 00:00:1735057812.068356 35285 cuda dnn.cc:529] Loaded cuDNN version 90300 E0000 00:00:1735057812.831935 35285 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems. E0000 00:00:1735057812.924528 35285 gpu_timer.cc:82] Delay kernel timed out: measured time has sub-optimal acc uracy. There may be a missing warmup execution, please investigate in Nsight Systems. 2024-12-24 17:30:15.458282: E external/local xla/xla/service/slow operation alarm.cc:65] Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv (f32[1,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, u8[0]{0}) custom-call(f32[1,64,128,128,64]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3, 3[4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64][0]), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1_1x1_1x1_1}, dim_labels=bf012_oi012->bf012, custom_call_targ __cudnn\$convBiasActivationForward", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"activation_mode":"kRelu", conv_result_scale":1,"leakyrelu_alpha":0,"side_input_scale":0},"force_earliest_schedule":false,"operation_queue_ id":"0","wait_on_operation_queues":[]} is taking a while... 2024-12-24 17:30:16.018423: E external/local_xla/xla/service/slow_operation_alarm.cc:133] The operation took 1.5 77133748s Trying algorithm eng0{} for conv $(f32[1,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\})$ custom-call $(f32[1,64,128,128,64]\{4,3,2,1,0\}, u8[0]\{0\})$ 3,2,1,0}, f32[64,64,3,3,3]{4,3,2,1,0}, f32[64]{0}), window={size=3x3x3 pad=1 1x1 1x1 1}, dim labels=bf012 oi012->bf012, custom_call_target="__cudnn\$convBiasActivationForward", backend_config={"cudnn_conv_backend_config":{"ac tivation mode": "kRelu", "conv result scale":1, "leakyrelu alpha":0, "side input scale":0}, "force earliest schedule" :false, "operation queue id":"0", "wait on operation queues":[]} is taking a while...

1/1 — **5s** 5s/step

This model is 6.82% confident that the CT scan is normal. This model is 93.18% confident that the CT scan is abnormal.

10000 00:00:1735057817.032426 35285 device_compiler.h:188] Compiled cluster using XLA! This line is logged at most once for the lifetime of the process.