

# Exercises of Linux commands

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First of all, we have to make some changes to “articles.csv”. Fields (columns) in our file are separated by “,” -s. However, in some cases ( in particular with the titles), we have some “,” -s that don’t work as a separator. Thus, we have removed (and substituted by “\_”) and we have created a new file called “articles corrected.csv” with all the changes.

```
sed 's/','[[:space:]]'/_/g' articles.csv | sed 's/'_Cast'/'_Cast'/' > articles_corrected.csv
```

## 1 Question

Take a look at the last 10 lines of the articles file. Which command are you going to use? Modify the command to show just the last line of the file.

We will use the command *tail*.

```
tail -10 articles_corrected.csv
```

```
04 Jan 2017,Article,Seth Kenlon,By Jove! It's a lightweight alternative to Vim,14,/article/17/1/jove-lightweight-alternative-vim,Text editors,1346
04 Jan 2017,Article,Preston Ward,DronePan: An app that captures panoramas views with your aircraft,2,/article/17/1/dronepan,Hardware,533
03 Jan 2017,Article,Shawn Powers,4 hot skills for Linux pros in 2017,10,/article/17/1/yearbook-4-hot-skills-linux-pros-2017,"2016 Open Source Yearbook Yearbook_Careers",708
03 Jan 2017,Article,Anna Ossowski,What does cross stitch have to do with programming? More than you think,5,/article/17/1/traditional-arts-crafts-code-programming,"JavaScript_Programming",1997
03 Jan 2017,Article,Mihai Raulea,Tapitoo OpenCart: An open source e-commerce mobile app,1,/article/17/1/tapitoo-opencart,Mobile,1127
03 Jan 2017,Article,Sam Knuth,Avoid echo chambers and make open decisions,1,/open-organization/17/1/avoid-echo-chambers-make-open-decisions,The Open Organization,723
02 Jan 2017,Article,Richard Fontana,7 notable legal developments in open source in 2016,3,/article/17/1/yearbook-7-notable-legal-developments-2016,"2016 Open Source Yearbook Yearbook_Licensing",2359
02 Jan 2017,Article,Scott Nesbitt,3 tips for effectively using wikis for documentation,1,/article/17/1/tips-using-wiki-documentation,"Documentation_Wiki",710
02 Jan 2017,Article,Jen Wike Huger,The Opensource.com preview for January,0,/article/17/1/editorial-preview-january,,358
02 Jan 2017,Poll,Jason Baker,What is your open source New Year's resolution?,1,/poll/17/1/what-your-open-source-new-years-resolution,,186
```

```
tail -1 articles_corrected.csv
```

```
02 Jan 2017,Poll,Jason Baker,What is your open source New Year's resolution?,1,/poll/17/1/what-your-open-source-new-years-resolution,,186
```

## 2 Question

Extract all lines that belong to January 6th from the articles.csv file and store them in a new file named “reyes.csv”. Check that the first line of the new file has expected values.

```
grep -i "06 Jan" articles_corrected.csv > reyes.csv
head -1 reyes.csv
```

```
06 Jan 2017,Article,Jen Wike Huger,"Top 5: Hot programming trends_How Linux got to be Linux_and more",0,/article/17/1/top-5-january-6,Top 5,241
```

## 3 Question

Use the original csv to find which entries have 0 at the comment count only for those entries from January 25th.

```
awk -F ',' 'NF==5 {if($5 == 0)print $0}' articles.csv | grep -i "25 Jan"
```

## 4 Question

Now count the number of entries of Q3 and compare it with the total number of entries.

```
grep -i "25 jan" articles.csv | cut -d "," -f5 | grep "0" | wc -l  
  
wc -l articles.csv
```

In the first case we obtain only 2 entries while we obtain 93 in the total number of entries file.

## 5 Question

Now use *mRNA.bed* file. In this file, we are interested in the exon sizes of each entry. They are located in field number 11. Now you have to get the exon sizes of the first 10 entries of the file.

```
cut -d ' ' -f11 mRNA.bed | head -10
```

```
541,322,429,  
385,143,144,186,125,573,  
258,19,143,144,186,125,573,  
370,107,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263,  
315,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,101,  
370,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,257,  
370,104,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263,  
370,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263,  
293,93,81,72,132,87,72,86,133,189,275,  
203,96,81,72,132,87,72,86,133,189,275,
```

## 6 Question

How would you remove the last comma?

```
cut -d ' ' -f11 mRNA.bed | head -10 | sed 's/.$//'
```

The dot indicates any character in sed and the \$ indicates the end of the line. In other words "\$." means, delete the last character only. Result:

```
541,322,429  
385,143,144,186,125,573  
258,19,143,144,186,125,573  
370,107,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263  
315,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,101  
370,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,257  
370,104,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263  
370,113,97,101,57,77,163,98,80,263  
293,93,81,72,132,87,72,86,133,189,275  
203,96,81,72,132,87,72,86,133,189,275
```

## 7 Question

How would get the smallest size from each of the records? The result should provide a number for each line of the input.

We will use the next reasoning:

- First we extract the 11th column and print 10 first values, remove the last “,” and save it into “first\_exon\_sizes.txt” using the command:

```
cut -d ' ' -f11 mRNA.bed | head -10 | sed 's/.$//' > first_exon_sizes.txt
```

- Then, we replace the delimiter “,” by “ ” and print the minimum value of each line using the command:

```
sed 's/,/ /g' first_exon_sizes.txt |  
awk '{m=$1;for(i=1;i<=NF;i++)if($i<m)m=$i;print "min of line",NR": ",m$}'
```

However we can do everything in the same line by using the command:

```
cut -d ' ' -f11 mRNA.bed | head -10 | sed 's/,/ /g' |  
awk '{m=$1;for(i=1;i<=NF;i++)if($i<m)m=$i;print "min of line",NR": ",m$}'
```

With the result:

```
min of line 1: 322  
min of line 2: 125  
min of line 3: 19  
min of line 4: 57  
min of line 5: 57  
min of line 6: 57  
min of line 7: 57  
min of line 8: 57  
min of line 9: 72  
min of line 10: 72
```

## 8 Question

How would you now sort the records so that the first number shown is the smallest exon size? Again, the answer must provide a sorted list of numbers for each line of the input.

```
cut -d ' ' -f11 mRNA.bed | head -10 | sed 's/,/ /g' |  
awk '{m=$1;for(i=1;i<=NF;i++)if($i<m)m=$i;print "min of line",NR": ",m$}' | sort -k5n
```

With the results:

```
min of line 3: 19  
min of line 4: 57  
min of line 5: 57  
min of line 6: 57  
min of line 7: 57  
min of line 8: 57  
min of line 10: 72  
min of line 9: 72  
min of line 2: 125  
min of line 1: 322
```

## 9 Question

Now get the 10 largest exons of chr1 stored in *mRNA.bed*.

```
grep -i "chr1" mRNA.bed | cut -d ' ' -f11 | sed 's/,/ /g' |  
awk '{m=$1;for(i=1;i<=NF;i++)if($i>m)m=$i;print "max of line",NR": ",m}' | sort -k5nr | head -10
```

With the results:

```
max of line 323: 7713  
max of line 5224: 5616  
max of line 8124: 5239  
max of line 2039: 4755  
max of line 3559: 4154  
max of line 998: 4075  
max of line 8445: 3897  
max of line 613: 3882  
max of line 5439: 3875  
max of line 3341: 3757
```

## 10 Question

Now modify Q9 script to receive as a parameter the number of exons to search for.

In this exercise we have the program on the script *get\_maximum.sh*:

```
#!/bin/bash  
Axon_number=$1  
echo \We are going to calculate the largest \"$Axon_number\" axons in chr1.  
grep -i "chr1" mRNA.bed | cut -d ' ' -f11 | sed 's/,/ /g' > largest_axons.txt  
awk '{m=$1;for(i=1;i<=NF;i++)if($i>m)m=$i;print "max of line",NR": ",m}' largest_axons.txt |  
sort -k5nr | head -$Axon_number
```

For instance we can calculate the 7 largest exons:

```
./get_maximum.sh 7
```

```
max of line 323: 7713  
max of line 5224: 5616  
max of line 8124: 5239  
max of line 2039: 4755  
max of line 3559: 4154  
max of line 998: 4075  
max of line 8445: 3897
```

## 11 Question

Get the first 10 records of *articles.csv* with largest number of comments from the original csv file.

```
sort -nr -t ',' -k5 articles.csv | head -10
```

```

17 Jan 2017,Poll,Opensource.com,What is your favorite Linux distribution?,174,/poll/17/1/what-your-favorite-linux-distribution,"Linux Poll",278
26 Jan 2017,Article,David Both,Using rsync to back up your Linux system,19,/article/17/1/rsync-backup-linux,"Linux Command line",1838
25 Jan 2017,Article,Don Watkins,Solid state drives in Linux: Enabling TRIM for SSDs,19,/article/17/1/solid-state-drives-linux-enabling-trim-ssds,Linux,573
09 Jan 2017,Article,Jeremy Garcia,Troubleshooting tips for the 5 most common Linux issues,18,/article/17/1/yearbook-linux-troubleshooting-tips,"2016 Open Source Yearbook_Yearbook_The Queue column_Linux",794
18 Jan 2017,Article,David Both,10 reasons to use Cinnamon as your Linux desktop environment,14,/article/17/1/cinnamon-desktop-environment,Linux,1296
04 Jan 2017,Article,Seth Kenlon,By Jove! It's a lightweight alternative to Vm,14,/article/17/1/jove-lightweight-alternative-vm,Text editors,1346
04 Jan 2017,Article,Daniel J Walsh,50 ways to avoid getting hacked in 2017,14,/article/17/1/yearbook-50-ways-avoid-getting-hacked,"Yearbook_2016 Open Source Yearbook_Security and encryption_Containers_Docker_Linux",2143
30 Jan 2017,Article,David Egts,How to get up and running with sweet Orange Pi,12,/article/17/1/how-to-orange-pi,"Hardware_How-tos and tutorials",933
24 Jan 2017,Article,Stefano Maffulli,Brotli: A new compression algorithm for faster Internet,12,/article/17/1/brotli-compression-algorithm,Internet,590
25 Jan 2017,Article,Jen Mike Huger,Happy birthday to Opensource.com: 7 years of open source,11,/article/17/1/happy-birthday-7,Opensource.com community,244

```

## 12 Question

Modify your previous script to receive a number as a parameter  $N$  and then show the top  $N$  entries with more comments.

We will use the program on the script `topNentries.sh`:

```

#!/bin/bash
N=$1
sort -nr -t ',' -k5 articles_corrected.csv | head -N

```

And for instance, we can show the 7th top entries with more comments:

```
./topNentries.sh 7
```

```

17 Jan 2017,Poll,Opensource.com,What is your favorite Linux distribution?,174,/poll/17/1/what-your-favorite-linux-distribution,"Linux Poll",278
26 Jan 2017,Article,David Both,Using rsync to back up your Linux system,19,/article/17/1/rsync-backup-linux,"Linux Command line",1838
25 Jan 2017,Article,Don Watkins,Solid state drives in Linux: Enabling TRIM for SSDs,19,/article/17/1/solid-state-drives-linux-enabling-trim-ssds,Linux,573
09 Jan 2017,Article,Jeremy Garcia,Troubleshooting tips for the 5 most common Linux issues,18,/article/17/1/yearbook-linux-troubleshooting-tips,"2016 Open Source Yearbook_Yearbook_The Queue column_Linux",794
18 Jan 2017,Article,David Both,10 reasons to use Cinnamon as your Linux desktop environment,14,/article/17/1/cinnamon-desktop-environment,Linux,1296
04 Jan 2017,Article,Seth Kenlon,By Jove! It's a lightweight alternative to Vm,14,/article/17/1/jove-lightweight-alternative-vm,Text editors,1346
04 Jan 2017,Article,Daniel J Walsh,50 ways to avoid getting hacked in 2017,14,/article/17/1/yearbook-50-ways-avoid-getting-hacked,"Yearbook_2016 Open Source Yearbook_Security and encryption_Containers_Docker_Linux",2143

```

## 13 Question

Now we are going to create a new `articles.csv` where we get a different output data layout using `awk` tool. INPUT: Post date, Content type, Author, Title, Comm count, Path, Tags, Word count OUTPUT: Title; Comment count; Word count; Post date

```

awk -F ',' '{print $4","$5","$8","$1}' articles_corrected.csv > articles_Q13.txt
head -10 articles_Q13.txt

```

```

Title,Comment count,Word count,Post date
Book review: Ours to Hack and to Own,0,660,31 Jan 2017
5 new guides for working with OpenStack,2,419,31 Jan 2017
Be the open source supply chain,1,1668,31 Jan 2017
Developing open leaders,1,768,31 Jan 2017
How to get up and running with sweet Orange Pi,12,933,30 Jan 2017
4 ways to improve your security online right now,3,1242,30 Jan 2017
"WOOTConf 2017: Lockpicking Willie Nelson developers and more",1,844,30 Jan 2017
"From hobbyist to professional_new analyst papers_and more OpenStack news",0,327,30 Jan 2017
How communities in India support privacy and software freedom,0,453,28 Jan 2017

```

## 14 Question

Now create a new `article2.csv` format where we cut the Title text to 10 characters and we get only the last level of the Path.

```

#!/bin/bash
cut -d ',' -f4 articles_corrected.csv | cut -c1-10 > cut_titles.csv
cut -d ',' -f6 articles_corrected.csv | cut -f5 -d '/' > cut_path.csv
paste cut_titles cut_path > pasted_title_path.csv
head -10 pasted_title_path.csv

```

Title	Path
Book review	review-book-ours-to-hack-and-own
5 new guid	openstack-tutorials
Be the ope	be-open-source-supply-chain
Developing	developing-open-leaders
How to get	how-to-orange-pi
4 ways to	4-ways-improve-your-online-security
" WOOTConf	women-open-technology-miniconf
"From hobb	openstack-news-january-30
How commun	how-communities-india-support-privacy-software-freedom