Study 3

January 26, 2025

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Read Data

```
## Pull directly from Qualtrics API
qual_data <- fetch_survey(surveyID='SV_8uMcrtMJwiIR6EC',</pre>
                  label = T,
                  convert = F,
                  start_date = "2023-08-11",
                  force_request = T)
men <- c("Larry Page (Co-founder of Google)", "Mark Zuckerberg (Co-founder of Facebook)",
\hookrightarrow "Daymond John (Founder of FUBU)", "Marvin Ellison (CEO of Lowe's)", "Tim Cook (CEO of
→ Apple)", "Sean Combs (Founder of Bad Boy Entertainment)", "Bill Gates (Co-founder of
→ Microsoft)", "Garrett Camp (Co-founder of Uber)", "Charles Koch (CEO of Koch
  Industries)", "James Gorman (CEO of Morgan Stanley)", "Jeff Bezos (Founder of
   Amazon)", "Jeff Weiner (CEO of LinkedIn)", "Michael Bloomberg (Co-founder of
  Bloomberg LP)", "Phil Knight (Co-founder of Nike)", "Sergey Brin (Co-founder of
  Google)", "Stewart Butterfield (CEO of Slack)", "Warren Buffet (CEO of Berkshire
→ Hathaway)", "Sundar Pichai (CEO of Alphabet Inc.)", "James Dimon (CEO of JP Morgan)")
women <- c("Jane Fraser (CEO of Citigroup)", "Oprah Winfrey (CEO of Oprah Winfrey
→ Network)", "Delphine Arnault (CEO of Christian Dior)", "Michelle Buck (CEO of The
→ Hershey Company)", "Mary Barra (CEO of General Motors)", "Rosalind Brewer (CEO of
→ Walgreens)", "Anne Wojcicki (CEO of 23andMe)", "Arianna Huffington (Co-founder of
→ Huffington Post)", "Karen Lynch (CEO of CVS Health)", "Tricia Griffith (CEO of
→ Progressive)", "Tory Burch (Founder of Tory Burch)", "Carol Tome (CEO of UPS)", "Leah
→ Busque (Founder of TaskRabbit)", "Whitney Wolfe Herd (Founder of Bumble)", "Corie
   Barry (CEO of Best Buy)", "Melanie Perkins (Founder of Canva)", "Kathy Warden (CEO of
→ Northrupp Grumman)", "Julia Hartz (Founder of EventBrite)", "Safra Katz (CEO of
→ Oracle)")
technologists <- c('Stewart Butterfield (CEO of Slack)', 'Bill Gates (Co-founder of
→ Microsoft)', 'Jeff Bezos (Founder of Amazon)', 'Jeff Weiner (CEO of LinkedIn)',
→ 'Larry Page (Co-founder of Google)', 'Mark Zuckerberg (Co-founder of Facebook)',
→ 'Sergey Brin (Co-founder of Google)', 'Tim Cook (CEO of Apple)', 'Garrett Camp
→ TaskRabbit)', 'Whitney Wolfe Herd (Founder of Bumble)', 'Corie Barry (CEO of Best
→ Buy)', 'Melanie Perkins (Founder of Canva)', 'Kathy Warden (CEO of Northrupp
   Grumman)', 'Safra Katz (CEO of Oracle)', 'Sundar Pichai (CEO of Alphabet Inc.)')
founders <- c('Sergey Brin (Co-founder of Google)', "Arianna Huffington (Co-founder of
→ Huffington Post)", 'Jeff Bezos (Founder of Amazon)', 'Bill Gates (Co-founder of
→ Microsoft)', 'Larry Page (Co-founder of Google)', 'Daymond John (Founder of FUBU)',
   'Mark Zuckerberg (Co-founder of Facebook)', 'Michael Bloomberg (Co-founder of
→ Bloomberg LP)', 'Phil Knight (Co-founder of Nike)', 'Sean Combs (Founder of Bad Boy
→ Entertainment)', 'Garrett Camp (Co-founder of Uber)', 'Tory Burch (Founder of Tory
   Burch)', 'Leah Busque (Founder of TaskRabbit)', 'Melanie Perkins (Founder of Canva)',
   'Julia Hartz (Founder of EventBrite)', "Whitney Wolfe Herd (Founder of Bumble)")
women_set <- set_names(set_names(women, women), "1")</pre>
men_set <- set_names(set_names(men, men), "0")</pre>
```

```
d0 <- qual data |>
 filter(!is.na(`choice-7`), !is.na(workerId), Finished==1) |>
   female_pick = case_when(`choice-7` %in% women ~ 1,
                        TRUE \sim 0),
        tech_pick = case_when(`choice-7` %in% technologists ~ 1,
                        TRUE \sim 0),
        founder_pick = case_when(`choice-7` %in% founders ~ 1,
                        TRUE \sim 0),
        gender_feedback = ifelse(str_detect(feedback_categories, fixed("Women")), 1, 0),
        sample_list = str_split(sample, pattern = "\\\\\"),
   founder_comp = map_dbl(sample_list, ~ mean(. %in% founders)),
   tech_comp = map_dbl(sample_list, ~ mean(. %in% technologists)),
   male_pool = case_when(pool == 'men' ~ 1,
                  TRUE \sim 0),
   gender_code = case_when(gender=="Man" ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0),
   race_code = case_when(race=="White / Caucasian" ~ 1, TRUE ~ 0)
 mutate(across(starts_with("choice") & !ends_with("7"),
                    ~ifelse(.x %in% women_set, 1, 0))) |>
 dplyr::select(female_pick:gender_feedback, founder_comp:male_pool,
choice-1::choice-7, race, gender, age, gender_code, race_code) |>
 slice(1:1000) # pre-registered sample size
d0_male_pool <- d0 |>
 filter(male_pool==1)
d0 female pool <- d0 |>
 filter(male_pool==0)
# Write the API-pulled data into a CSV file
write.csv(d0, 'Study3.csv', row.names = FALSE, quote = TRUE)
# when reading the csv, use the following command: read.csv('Study3.csv', check.names =
\hookrightarrow F)
```

Variable Names

Variable	Description
gender_feedback	Binary indicator of whether a participant was randomly assigned
	to gender feedback condition.
female_pick	Binary indicator of whether a participant selected a female pan-
	elist for their seventh selection.
tech_pick	Binary indicator of whether a participant selected a technologist
	for their seventh selection.
founder_pick	Binary indicator of whether a participant selected a founder for
	their seventh selection.
founder_comp	Percentage of Founders in the base rate.
tech_comp	Percentage of Technologists in the base rate.
male_pool	Binary indicator of whether a participant was randomly assigned
	to male-dominated pool.
choice-1 to choice-7	The selected panelists
gender	Self-selected gender.
race	Self-selected race.
age	Self-entered age.
gender_code	Dummy code for gender (male $= 1$).
race_code	Dummy code for race (white $= 1$).

Demographics

Excluded Participants: 126

```
##
                         Percentage gender
## 1 Another gender not listed here:
                                       0.2
                                      50.9
## 3
                         Non-binary
                                      0.6
## 4
                              Woman
                                      48.3
##
                           Percentage Race
## 1 American Indian or Alaskan Native 1.1
## 2
            Asian / Pacific Islander 7.9
## 3
            Black or African American 9.1
## 4
                    Hispanic / Latinx 2.9
## 5
                    White / Caucasian 79.0
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
   mean_age sd_age
       <dbl> <dbl>
##
## 1
        43.3 12.6
```

Primary Analysis

Women underrepresented Pool

```
# primary model, no encouragement
r_man <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback, data=d0_male_pool)</pre>
# Display the summary with robust standard errors
robust_summary(r_man)
##
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback, data = d0_male_pool)
## Residuals:
               1Q Median
      Min
                              ЗQ
                                    Max
## -0.5375 -0.3360 -0.3360 0.4625 0.6640
## Coefficients:
                 Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                 ## (Intercept)
## gender_feedback 0.20152
                             0.04360 4.622 4.85e-06 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4868 on 498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04124,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.03931
## F-statistic: 21.42 on 1 and 498 DF, p-value: 4.713e-06
robust_confint(r_man)
##
                     2.5 %
                              97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                 0.2767423 0.3953225
## gender_feedback 0.1158526 0.2871814
```

Men underrepresented Pool

```
# primary model, no encouragement
r_woman <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback, data=d0_female_pool)
# Display the summary with robust standard errors
robust_summary(r_woman)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback, data = d0_female_pool)
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                             3Q
## -0.7291 -0.6185 0.2709 0.3815 0.3815
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 0.72908 0.02816 25.887 < 2e-16 ***
## gender_feedback -0.11061
                             0.04182 -2.645 0.00842 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4664 on 498 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01392,
                                 Adjusted R-squared: 0.01194
## F-statistic: 7.03 on 1 and 498 DF, p-value: 0.008271
robust_confint(r_woman)
                       2.5 %
##
                                 97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                   0.6737476 0.78441969
## gender_feedback -0.1927666 -0.02845297
```

Interaction by Pool

```
# primary model, no encouragement
r3 <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback*male_pool, data=d0)
# Display the summary with robust standard errors
robust_summary(r3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback * male_pool, data = d0)
## Residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                   Max
## -0.7291 -0.5375 0.2709 0.3815 0.6640
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                         ## gender_feedback
                        -0.11061 0.04182 -2.645 0.00829 **
                         ## male_pool
## gender_feedback:male_pool 0.31213 0.06041 5.167 2.88e-07 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4767 on 996 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08316,
                               Adjusted R-squared: 0.0804
## F-statistic: 30.11 on 3 and 996 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
robust_confint(r3)
##
                              2.5 %
                                        97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                         0.6738150 0.78435237
## gender_feedback
                         -0.1926666 -0.02855292
## male_pool
                         -0.4740537 -0.31204882
## gender_feedback:male_pool 0.1935778 0.43067582
```

Robustness

```
## robust to demographic controls
### when women are underrepresented
r3 <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback + gender_code + race_code + age,

    data=d0_male_pool)

# Display the robust_summary with robust standard errors
robust summary(r3)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback + gender_code + race_code +
       age, data = d0_male_pool)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
              1Q Median
                               30
## -0.5860 -0.3784 -0.3163 0.4792 0.6926
## Coefficients:
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                   0.3889032 0.0913795 4.256 2.49e-05 ***
## gender_feedback 0.2029675 0.0440425 4.608 5.17e-06 ***
## gender_code -0.0264340 0.0442683 -0.597
                                                   0.551
                 -0.0344376 0.0554936 -0.621
                                                   0.535
## race_code
## age
                  -0.0002793 0.0018123 -0.154
                                                   0.878
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4878 on 495 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.04291,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: 0.03517
## F-statistic: 5.548 on 4 and 495 DF, p-value: 0.0002245
robust_confint(r3)
##
                         2.5 %
                                    97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                   0.209363720 0.568442608
## gender_feedback 0.116434155 0.289500837
## gender_code -0.113410941 0.060542978
## race_code
                 -0.143469672 0.074594446
                  -0.003840005 0.003281428
## age
## logistic regression
# Fit the logistic regression model
r4 <- glm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback, family = binomial, data=d0_male_pool)
# Odds ratio
tidy_r4 <- tidy(r4, exponentiate = TRUE, conf.int = T)</pre>
print(tidy_r4)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 7
                    estimate std.error statistic
##
    term
                                                     p.value conf.low conf.high
                       <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
##
    <chr>>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                          -5.06 0.000000429
                                                                0.387
                                                                          0.657
## 1 (Intercept)
                       0.506
                                 0.135
## 2 gender_feedback
                       2.30
                                 0.185
                                            4.51 0.00000659
                                                                1.60
                                                                          3.31
summary(r4)
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback, family = binomial,
      data = d0_male_pool)
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                               0.1347 -5.056 4.29e-07 ***
## (Intercept)
                   -0.6810
## gender_feedback 0.8315
                               0.1845
                                       4.506 6.59e-06 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 685.44 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 664.66 on 498 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 668.66
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
## robust to demographic controls
### when women are overrepresented
r5 <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback + gender_code + race_code + age,

→ data=d0_female_pool)

# Display the robust_summary with robust standard errors
robust_summary(r5)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback + gender_code + race_code +
      age, data = d0_female_pool)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               3Q
                                      Max
## -0.7877 -0.6141 0.2575 0.3510 0.4890
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   0.722981
                              0.091418 7.908 1.71e-14 ***
                              0.041987 -2.650 0.00831 **
## gender_feedback -0.111257
## gender_code
                 -0.029459
                              0.042758 -0.689 0.49117
## race_code
                   0.100341
                              0.053700
                                        1.869 0.06228 .
```

```
-0.001370 0.001715 -0.799 0.42480
## age
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.4657 on 495 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02275,
                                  Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 2.88 on 4 and 495 DF, p-value: 0.0223
robust_confint(r5)
                         2.5 %
##
                                     97.5 %
## (Intercept)
                   0.543365403 0.902597014
## gender_feedback -0.193751731 -0.028761432
## gender code
                  -0.113467244 0.054550010
## race code
                  -0.005166878 0.205849478
                  -0.004740774 0.002000215
## age
## logistic regression
# Fit the logistic regression model
r6 <- glm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback, family = binomial, data=d0_female_pool)
# Odds ratio
tidy_r6 <- tidy(r6, exponentiate = TRUE, conf.int = T)</pre>
print(tidy_r6)
## # A tibble: 2 x 7
## term
                    estimate std.error statistic p.value conf.low conf.high
##
                                                            <dbl>
    <chr>
                                           <dbl>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                                       <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                 <dbl>
                                            6.97 3.16e-12
                                                                       3.58
## 1 (Intercept)
                       2.69
                                 0.142
                                                             2.05
## 2 gender_feedback
                       0.602
                                 0.193
                                           -2.63 8.58e- 3
                                                          0.412
                                                                      0.878
summary(r6)
## Call:
## glm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback, family = binomial,
      data = d0_female_pool)
##
## Coefficients:
                  Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
                                      6.971 3.16e-12 ***
                               0.1420
## (Intercept)
                    0.9900
## gender_feedback -0.5069
                               0.1928 -2.629 0.00858 **
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 631.31 on 499 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 624.33 on 498 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 628.33
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
### interaction model
r7 <- lm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback*male_pool + gender_code + race_code + age,

    data=d0)

# Display the robust_summary with robust standard errors
robust summary(r7)
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback * male_pool + gender_code +
      race_code + age, data = d0)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
             1Q Median
                              3Q
                                    Max
## -0.7663 -0.5255 0.2635 0.3988 0.7126
## Coefficients:
                           Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
                          ## (Intercept)
                        -0.1118210 0.0418681 -2.671 0.00769 **
## gender_feedback
## male_pool
                          -0.3920465 0.0413892 -9.472 < 2e-16 ***
                          -0.0293015 0.0306656 -0.956 0.33955
## gender_code
                           0.0337741 0.0386178
                                                0.875 0.38202
## race code
## age
                           -0.0009134 0.0012402 -0.736 0.46160
## gender_feedback:male_pool 0.3149640 0.0605210 5.204 2.37e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4769 on 993 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.08499,
                                Adjusted R-squared: 0.07947
## F-statistic: 15.37 on 6 and 993 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
robust_confint(r7)
                                 2.5 %
                                             97.5 %
##
## (Intercept)
                           0.624982457 0.887478988
## gender feedback
                         -0.193981069 -0.029660966
## male_pool
                          -0.473266843 -0.310826154
                           -0.089478191 0.030875276
## gender code
## race_code
                           -0.042007889 0.109556020
## age
                           ## gender_feedback:male_pool 0.196200295 0.433727691
## logistic regression
# Fit the logistic regression model
r8 <- glm(female_pick ~ gender_feedback*male_pool, family = binomial, data=d0)
# Odds ratio
tidy_r8 <- tidy(r8, exponentiate = TRUE, conf.int = T)</pre>
print(tidy_r8)
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 7
##
   term
                         estimate std.error statistic p.value conf.low conf.high
    <chr>>
##
                          <dbl> <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)
                            2.69
                                     0.142
                                               6.97 3.16e-12
                                                                2.05
                                                                         3.58
## 2 gender_feedback
                            0.602
                                     0.193
                                              -2.63 8.58e- 3
                                                                0.412
                                                                         0.878
## 3 male_pool
                            0.188
                                  0.196
                                              -8.54 1.38e-17
                                                               0.127
                                                                         0.275
## 4 gender_feedback:male~
                            3.81
                                     0.267
                                               5.01 5.31e- 7
                                                                2.26
                                                                         6.45
```

summary(r8)

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = female_pick ~ gender_feedback * male_pool, family = binomial,
      data = d0)
##
## Coefficients:
##
                            Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                             0.9900
                                        0.1420 6.971 3.16e-12 ***
                                        0.1928 -2.629 0.00858 **
## gender_feedback
                            -0.5069
## male_pool
                            -1.6710
                                        0.1957 -8.537 < 2e-16 ***
## gender_feedback:male_pool 1.3384
                                        0.2669 5.015 5.31e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 1373.7 on 999 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 1289.0 on 996 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 1297
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

Figure 4 Code

```
## Man pool
dman_plot <- d0 |>
  filter(male_pool == 1) |>
  dplyr::select(gender_feedback, female_pick) |>
  group_by(gender_feedback) |>
  dplyr::summarise(
   n = n()
   freq = mean(female_pick),
   sd = sd(female_pick) * 100,
   se = (sd(female_pick) / sqrt(n())) * 100
  mutate(gender_feedback = case_when(gender_feedback==1 ~ "Treatment",
                          TRUE ~ "Control")) |>
  rename(Condition = gender_feedback)
## Women Pool
dwoman_plot <- d0 |>
  filter(male_pool == 0) |>
  dplyr::select(gender_feedback, female_pick) |>
  group_by(gender_feedback) |>
  dplyr::summarise(
   n = n(),
   freq = mean(female_pick),
   sd = sd(female_pick) * 100,
   se = (sd(female_pick) / sqrt(n())) * 100
  mutate(gender_feedback = case_when(gender_feedback==1 ~ "Treatment",
                          TRUE ~ "Control")) |>
  rename(Condition = gender_feedback)
df_combined <- bind_rows(</pre>
  dman_plot %>% mutate(Category = "Women Underrepresented\nin Panelist Candidate Set"),
  dwoman_plot %>% mutate(Category = "Women Overrepresented\nin Panelist Candidate Set")
, .id = "id") %>%
  mutate(Category = factor(Category, levels = c('Women Underrepresented\nin Panelist
  → Candidate Set', 'Women Overrepresented\nin Panelist Candidate Set')))
df_link <- df_combined %>%
 filter(Condition == "Treatment" & Category == "Women Underrepresented\nin Panelist
  → Candidate Set"
          Condition == "Control" & Category == "Women Overrepresented\nin Panelist
p_{combined} \leftarrow ggplot(df_{combined}, aes(x = Condition, y = freq*100, fill = Condition)) +
  geom_bar(stat="identity", width = 0.85, position = position_dodge(width = 0.7)) +
  geom_text(aes(label=paste0(sprintf("%.1f", freq*100),"%")),
            position=position_dodge(width=0.7), vjust=5, size = 7, color = "white",
            → family = "Times New Roman") +
  geom_errorbar(aes(ymin=freq*100-se, ymax=freq*100+se), width = .1, position =

→ position_dodge(width = 0.7)) +
```

```
facet_wrap(~factor(Category, c('Women Underrepresented\nin Panelist Candidate Set',
→ 'Women Overrepresented\nin Panelist Candidate Set')), nrow = 1, strip.position =
→ "bottom") +
geom_segment(data = df_combined %>% filter(Category == "Women Underrepresented\nin
→ Panelist Candidate Set" & Condition == "Treatment"),
              aes(x = 1, xend = 2, y = freq*100 + se + 10, yend = freq*100 + se + 10),
              inherit.aes = FALSE) +
  geom_segment(data = df_combined %>% filter(Category == "Women Overrepresented\nin
  → Panelist Candidate Set" & Condition == "Control"),
              aes(x = 1, xend = 2, y = freq*100 + se + 10, yend = freq*100 + se + 10),
              inherit.aes = FALSE) +
  geom text(data = df combined %>% filter(Category == "Women Underrepresented\nin
  → Panelist Candidate Set" & Condition == "Treatment"),
              aes(x = 1.5, xend = 1.5, y = freq*100 + se + 10, yend = freq*100 + se +
              → 10, label = "***", size = 7),
              inherit.aes = FALSE, vjust = 0, family = "Times New Roman", size = 7) +
  geom_text(data = df_combined %% filter(Category == "Women Overrepresented\nin
  → Panelist Candidate Set" & Condition == "Control"),
              aes(x = 1.5, xend = 1.5, y = freq*100 + se + 10, yend = freq*100 + se +
              → 10, label = "***"),
              inherit.aes = FALSE, vjust = 0, family = "Times New Roman", size = 7) +
theme bw() +
scale_fill_manual(values = c("#990000", "#011F5B"), labels = c("No gender feedback
→ provided", "Gender feedback provided"), "") +
scale_y_continuous(labels = function(x) paste0(x,"%"), limits = c(0,100)) +
scale x discrete(labels = c("\"Control\"" = "Not\nShown", "\"Treatment\"" = "Shown")) +
labs(x = "", y = "% of Final Panelists Selected who Were Women") +
theme(text = element_text(family = "Times New Roman"),
     plot.caption = element text(face = "italic", family = "Times New Roman"),
     legend.position = c(0.5, 0.95),
      legend.direction = "horizontal",
      legend.text = element_text(size = 18, family = "Times New Roman"),
      legend.key.size = unit(5, 'mm'),
      legend.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),
      panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
      panel.grid = element_blank(),
     panel.border = element_rect(fill= NA, color = "white"),
     plot.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),
     panel.background = element_rect(fill = "white"),
     axis.title.x = element_text(size = 18, color = "black", family = "Times New
      → Roman"),
     plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5, family = "Times New Roman"),
      axis.title.y = element_text(size = 18, color = "black", family = "Times New
      → Roman"),
      axis.text.x = element_blank(),
      axis.ticks = element_blank(),
     axis.text.y = element_text(size = 18, color = "black", family = "Times New
      → Roman"),
     strip.text = element_text(size = 18, color = "black", family = "Times New
      strip.background = element_rect(colour = "white", fill = "white"))
```

```
# Save the plot with Times New Roman font
# ggsave(".../Manuscript_Figures/Figure-4.pdf", plot = p_combined, width = 10, height = 8,

    units = "in", device = cairo_pdf, family = "Times New Roman")
```