

Precise Weed and Maize Classification through Convolutional Neuronal Networks

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2nd IEEE Ecuador Technical Chapters Meeting, October 2017



Presentation Outline

Introduction

Used Hardware and Software

Image Processing

Dataset

Convolutional Neural Networks

Tested Architectures

Tuning cNET

Estimated performance of cNET 16 filters

Conclusion



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Introduction

Introduction

- ▶ Maize is one of the most important crops of the world.
- ▶ Weed can affect maize crop yield up to 5000 Kg/Ha.¹
- ▶ Robotics has had significant contributions to Precision Agriculture.
- ▶ Artificial Intelligence reached near-to-human precision.

Purpose of the present study

- ▶ Obtain samples to conform a dataset
- ▶ Segment samples
- ▶ Test different network architectures of Convolutional Neural Networks for Maize and Weed Classification
- ▶ Benchmark the best network architecture to analyze processing time
- ▶ Optimize the network processing speed



¹suarez2005distintos

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Used Hardware and Software

Hardware

1. Raspberry Pi 3.
2. Pi camera V2.1.
3. Nvidia graphic Card GTX950M.

Software

1. OpenCV Library
2. Caffe framework
3. Ubuntu 16.04
4. PIXEL Distribution derived from Debian.



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Image Processing

- ▶ Acquire an RGB image through RPi Camera v2.1
- ▶ Detect contours and crop image to the contour
- ▶ Normalize Green Channel and then $S = 2 * G - R - B^2$
- ▶ OTSU Thresholding
- ▶ Mask image

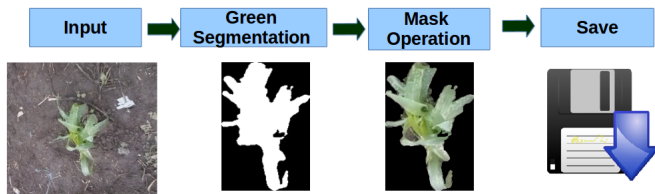


Figure: The process of image processing, **por lo pronto**

²wang2013path



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Dataset

- ▶ Samples obtained in Pillaro-Tungurahua-Ecuador
- ▶ Images obtained in its initial stage(3-7 leaves) .
- ▶ Rotated images every 30° to improve plant detection ³
- ▶ 1/5 of the total images chosen randomly to validate training

Table: Dataset distribution of each class

Images	Maize	Weed
Original	2835	880
Rotated	34222	10762
Training	25695	8560
Validation	8325	2000



³sladojevic2016deep

Samples

► Maize Plants (*Zea mays*)



Figure: Normal architecture in a Convolutional Neural Network

► Weed Plants (*Zea mays*)



Figure: Normal architecture in a Convolutional Neural Network

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Convolutional Neural Networks(CNN)

- ▶ Highly accurate method for image classification
- ▶ A class of deep, feed-forward artificial neural networks
- ▶ Tested on classification of plants,^{4 5 6}
- ▶ Multiple architectures and applications

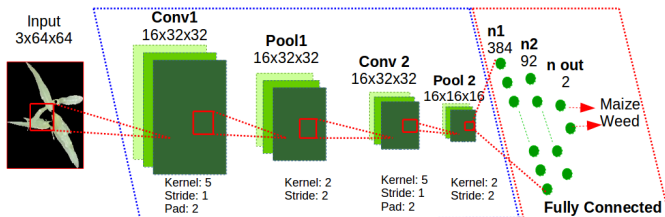


Figure: Normal architecture in a Convolutional Neural Network

⁴cheng2015feature

⁵potena2016fast

⁶di2016automatic



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Tested Architectures

- ▶ LeNET and AlexNet(Caffe Zoo Model)
- ▶ cNET and sNET ⁷
- ▶ 3000 iterations in each training

Table: Comparison of the 4 types of CNN in training the dataset

Parameters	LeNet	AlexNet	cNET	sNET
Input size of images	32x32	64x64	64x64	64x64
Layers numbers	9	11	8	4
Number of parameters	652500	20166688	6421568	135872
Accuracy(%)	86.48	93.86	96.4	80.4
Loss(%)	32.80	15.32	13.72	15.32



⁷potena2016fast

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cNET Performance

1. cNET can be improved by decreasing the number of filters
2. Images can be batched and also Caffe can be multithreaded
3. Both nets were trained with 9000 iterations

Table: Comparison between cNET of 16 and 64 filters

Parameters	cNET 16 filters	cNET 64 filters
Number of parameters	1651376	6421568
Accuracy(%)	97.26	96.40
Loss(%)	8.39	13.72



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Estimated performance of cNET 16 filters

- ▶ A test dataset with 202 images of each class was used
- ▶ 18 plants can be found in a single image approximately to be classified

Table: Test of complete image classification in FPS

Parameter	GPU	CPU	Raspberry Pi
Method	One Core	Multithreading	Multithreading
Time(s)	0.0171	0.196	2.714
FPS	58.47	5.08	0.36



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Conclusion

- ▶ cNET showed the best results in classification of maize and weed
- ▶ The reduction of the number of filters decreased the processing time and increased the network accuracy
- ▶ GPU showed the best results, but with Multithreading and Batching CPU and Raspberry Pi can improve its processing time
- ▶ Due to the limitations of the Raspberry Pi, it can't be used to classify in real time, but a Neural Module(such as Intel Movidius) can improve that result



Thanks!

