

# Reading Comprehension

### INTRODUCTION: UNED DISTANCE LEARNING METHODOLOGY

"Nowadays we live in the digital era and the era of technology is turning our lives upside down at such a fast pace that it is a bit overwhelming for university students to decide on the relevant technology that can enhance their study habits, especially, if they are enrolled in a distance college.

The learning methodology found in the Spanish University of Distance Education (UNED) is based on the hypothesis that if students are able to make the most of the improvements which technology brings to their lives, they will improve if they use study materials that are related to their routine tasks on their laptops, smartphones, or tablets.

In fact, most online courses at UNED make use of electronic or digital materials that one not only can download online easily, but also read offline as well, provided that one has the right software installed on one's computer, laptop or smartphone.

Besides, these online courses have many other advantages over traditional face-to-face lectures such as the promptness one gets from Internet, since there is no need to wait to receive anything, and study materials are easy to download without any delays.

The UNED platform ALF aims to allow students to: (i) have access to study materials; (ii) manage and share documents; (iii) upload timed online activities; and (iv) conduct a fluid communication with their teachers and classmates.

As any standard university, undergraduate students at UNED need to be finally examined through a final in-situ exam at a registered center. This is in fact a compulsory requirement to complete their degree subjects" (Escobar, 2016, page 45).

Source: Escobar Álvarez, M. A. (2016). "L2 English learning and performance through online activities: A case study". In E. Martin Monje, I. Elorza & B. García Riaza (Eds.): *Technology-Enhanced Language Learning for Specialized Domains* (pp. 47-58). Devon (Uk): Routledge Research in Education.

UNIT 1 Education Reading Comprehension

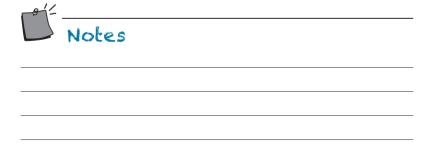


## Exercise (see answers on page 259)

### Exercise 1:

Choose the answer which you think is best according to the article.

- 1) The expression to turn someone's life upside down means that...
  - a) You are not affected by a given situation.
  - b) Your life changes completely.
- 2) What aspect of the learning methodology at UNED is emphasized in the second paragraph?
  - a) Its applicability across different devices.
  - b) Its effort.
  - c) Its price.
  - d) Its competitiveness.
- 3) Why do most online courses at UNED make use of digital materials?
  - a) Due to their university status.
  - b) Due to their price.
  - c) Because they can only be read offline.
  - d) Because they can also be read offline.
- 4) In the fourth paragraph of the text, it is argued that traditional face-to-face lectures have many advantages over online courses, since students can download study materials at any given time. True or false?
  - a) True.
  - b) False.





## Glossary

nowadays	adv.	actualmente, hoy en día
to turn sth. upside down	v expr.	cambiar algo por completo
pace	n.	ritmo
overwhelming	adj.	abrumador, -a
to enhance	V.	mejorar, aumentar, realzar
to enroll	V.	inscribirse, matricularse
hypothesis (pl. hypotheses)	n.	hipótesis
task	n.	tarea, deber
in fact	adv.	de hecho, en realidad
as well	adv.	también
advantage	n.	ventaja
promptness	n.	rapidez, punctualidad
to aim (to)	V.	pretender, tener como objetivo
to allow	v.	permitir
to manage	V.	gestionar
standard	adj.	común, estándar
undergraduate student	n.	estudiante universitario
compulsory	adj.	obligatorio, -a
requirement	n.	requisito





## **Use of English**

### **Language Point: Nouns and Pronouns**

### 1. COMMON NOUNS AND PROPER NAMES

#### • Common nouns

car, dog, chair (singular) → cars, dogs, chairs (plural). milk, sugar, air, oil (substances with no plural form).

### Proper names

People: Mary, John, Susan, Philip.

Cities: London, Madrid, New York, Amsterdam.

Rivers and Lakes: The Thamesis, The Mississipi, The Rhin, Lake Erie.

Mountains: The Pyrenees, The Alps, Mt. Olympus, San Juan Hill.

Monuments: The Eiffel Tower, The Statue of Liberty, The White House,

The Golden Gate Bridge.

Schools and Universities: Cape Elementary School, Harvard University.

Subjects: Physics, Mathematics, Philosophy, Grammar.

Remember: Proper names with a capital letter.

### 2. PRONOUNS

**Pay attention:** Subject and object pronouns replace nouns that are either subjects or objects in the sentence.

Personal Pronouns: I, You, He, She, It, We, You, They.

Examples: I have a small cottage.

You have a dog.

He teaches English.

She works in London.

It is a big city.

We love chocolate.

You live in Madrid.

They are from Burgos.

Object Pronouns: me, you, him, her, it, us, you, them.

**Examples:** Mary likes me.

Peter likes you.

The children like him.

The child likes her.

The woman likes us.

The man likes you.

The boy likes them.

**Pay attention:** Possessive adjectives and possessive pronouns are two different ways to show possession in English.

Possessive Adjectives: my, your, his, her, its, our, your, their.

**Examples:** This is my book.

That is **your** book.

This is his book.

This is **her** magazine.

This is its leg.

These are our books.

These are **your** books.

Those are their books.

Possessive Pronouns: mine, yours, his, hers, ours, yours, theirs.

**Examples:** This book is **mine**.

That book is **yours**.

The book is his.

The magazine is hers.

These books are ours.

The books are yours.

Those books are theirs.





### Exercises (see answers on pages 259-260)

#### Exercise 1:

Match the questions with the correct answers.

- 1) Who are you?
- 2) Where do you live?
- 3) Where do you work?
- 4) What do you teach?
- 5) Where do you go on holidays?
- 6) Do you have a house there?
- a) No, I rent a small cottage in Poole.

Use of English

- b) I go to the South of England.
- c) I teach English.
- d) I work at the Museum of Arts.
- e) I live in Madrid.
- f) I am Linda.

### Exercise 2:

Use the correct personal pronouns to replace the words in brackets.

- 1) \_\_\_\_\_ is dreaming. (Mary)
  2) \_\_\_\_ is green. (The tree)
- 3) \_\_\_\_\_ are on the wall. (The pictures)
- 4) \_\_\_\_\_ is running. (The cat)
- 5) \_\_\_\_\_ are watching TV. (My friend and I)
- 6) \_\_\_\_\_ are in the parking lot. (The cars)
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_ likes his bike. (Tom)

### Exercise 3:

Turn the subject pronoun into the corresponding object pronouns by filling the blanks in the following examples.

1) I	$\rightarrow$	Peter likes
2) You	$\rightarrow$	Molly invited
3) She	$\rightarrow$	Sue knows
4) He	$\rightarrow$	John and Peter visited
5) It	$\rightarrow$	Anne bought in the shop.
6) We	$\rightarrow$	The inspectors asked
7) You	$\rightarrow$	The neighbors saw at the party.

- 8) They  $\rightarrow$  My parents listened to \_\_\_\_\_.
- Exercise 4:

Possessive Adjective or Possessive Pronoun? Fill in the gaps with the corresponding pronoun.

1) I	$\rightarrow$	dog is big.
2) You	$\rightarrow$	car is new.
<ol> <li>She</li> </ol>	$\rightarrow$	The brown cat is
4) He	$\rightarrow$	The house is
5) It	$\rightarrow$	tail is short.
6) We	$\rightarrow$	The children are
7) You	$\rightarrow$	The problem is
8) they	$\rightarrow$	sister works downtow



## **Oral Skills**

## 1. READ THROUGH THESE DEFINITIONS AND FILL IN THE BLANKS IN THE CONVERSATION BELOW BETWEEN A CLERK AND A STUDENT WHO WANTS TO ENROLL AT HARVARD UNIVERSITY



### Definitions

- **Dorm:** a college or university building containing living quarters for students. Also dormitory, residence hall, students residence, hall (of residence).
- Campus: the grounds and buildings of an institution, especially a college, a university or other institution of learning, a hospital, or a corporation. Plural: campuses.
- **To register:** to enroll officially or formally, especially in order to vote or attend classes.
- **Majors:** a field of study chosen as an academic specialty.
- Programmes: syllabuses or curricula.
- Class: a group of students who are taught together, usually at a regularly scheduled time and in the same subject.
- Cafeteria: a dining area, at a school or office building, where meals may be purchased or brought from home and eaten.
- College: incorporated within a university, an institution of higher learning that grants the bachelors degrees in liberal arts or science or both.
- University: an institution for higher learning with teaching and research facilities, typically including a graduate school and professional schools that award master's degrees and doctorates and an undergraduate

- division that awards bachelor's degrees.
- **Credits:** official certification or recognition that a student has successfully completed a course of study.
- **Professor:** a college or university teacher who ranks above an associate professor.
- **Teacher:** a person whose occupation is teaching others especially children.
- **Club:** a group of people organized for a common purpose, especially a group that meets regularly.
- **Honour societies:** an organization to which students are admitted in recognition of academic achievement.
- **Greek life:** social organization at a college or university, traditionally consisting of students and designated by Greek letters.
- Fraternity: social organization at a college or university, traditionally consisting of male students and designated by Greek letters.
- **Sorority:** social organization at a college or university, traditionally consisting of female students and designated by Greek letters.
- **Tuition:** a fee for instruction, especially at a college, university, or private schools.

>

**Fee:** a fixed sum charged, as by an institution or by law, for a service or privilege.

UNIT 1 Education Oral Skills



**Loan:** a sum of money that is lent, usually with an interest fee.

**Scholarship:** financial aid provided for a scholar because of academic merit.

Facilities: a building, room, array of equipment, or a number of such things, designed to serve a particular function.

Library: a place in which reading materials, such as books, periodicals, and newspapers, and often other materials such as musical and video recordings, are kept for use or lending.

**Freshman:** a student in the first yearclass of a high school, college, or university.

**Syllabus:** an academic document that communicates information about a specific course (plural: **syllabuses**).

**Curriculum:** the totality of student experiences that occur in the

educational process (plural: **curricula**).

**Sophomore:** a second-year student in a US college.

**Junior:** a student who is in the third year of a US high school or college.

**Senior:** a student in the fourth year of a college.

**Trimester:** one of the three terms into which an academic year is divided in some universities and colleges.

**Quatrimester:** one of the two terms into which an academic year is divided in some universities and colleges.

**Semester:** one of the two divisions of twelve to eighteen weeks each of an academic year in some universities and colleges.

**Residence hall:** a building providing sleeping and residential quarters for large numbers of people.



### Exercise (see answers on page 260)

### Conversation 1:

Fill in the blanks.

**CLERK:** Good morning, how can I help you?

**STUDENT:** I would like to know how to (1) \_\_\_\_\_\_ for classes: Online or in person?

**CLERK:** You can register both ways. The deadline is the 1st of August.

**STUDENT:** I spent my (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ year at Cornell, so I would like to transfer my first-year credits to Harvard. How can I do that?

**CLERK:** Just send an application form with your transcripts.

STUDENT: OK, thanks. But, first, I'd like to know about the prerequisitites for certain (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ and (4) \_\_\_\_\_.



(6) online. You will see the terms, that is (7) fr	rom September to December and from
February to June with a special winter term cons	sisting of three weeks in January.
STUDENT: Where can I buy books?	
CLERK: You can buy all your books at the univers you can borrow them from the (8)	
STUDENT: Where exactly is the library?	
CLERK: It's very easy. Here, take a (9)the buildings.	map so you can find all
STUDENT: By the way, I'd also like to know h activities such as honour societies and (10)	-
CLERK: Sure, are you not interested in Gree (11) and (12)	
participate in a variety of fun and rewarding activ	vities.
<b>STUDENT:</b> And what about housing? My home is every day.	
<b>CLERK:</b> We can provide you with a room in a (1 comfy and well-equipped.	. They are
STUDENT: Can you also tell me about the meal p	lans?
CLERK: Sure. We have several (14) food and eat it there or buy food there at a very that include a certain number of meals per week	low cost. You can also buy meal plans
STUDENT: Talking about costs, aside from tuition	n, do I have to pay for room and board?
<b>CLERK:</b> Yes, but if you are short of money, you can	apply for (15)
and financial aid, which will certainly help you w	rith your payments.
STUDENT: Is it easy to reach a professor with qu	estions about class?
<b>CLERK:</b> Absolutely, our teaching staff are really a our quality features at Harvard. We also provide fitness facilities	9
Notes	
Makaa	

UNIT 1 Education Oral Skills

# 2. NICKY WILLIAMS IS A SIXTEEN-YEAR-OLD ENGLISH STUDENT WHO LIVES IN MANCHESTER. HER YOUNGER SISTER PAT ASKS HER ABOUT WHAT SHE DOES AT SCHOOL. ANALYSE VOCABULARY AND EXPRESSIONS. YOU CAN WRITE ANOTHER CONVERSATION FOLLOWING THIS PATTERN

**PAT:** Why is sixteen such an important age for you at school?

**NICKY:** Because I have to decide which course I will take in order to pass the exams that will allow me to go to university.

**PAT:** What are your subjects this year?

**NICKY:** My subjects are Spanish, French, English, History, Latin, Mathematics, Web Design and Physical Education. But I'm mostly interested in modern languages.

PAT: You seem very busy. What is your timetable?

**NICKY:** I have classes from 9 to 12:30, with only one break of a quarter of an hour at 11 o'clock. At 12.30 there is a longer break for lunch. Most of the students stay at school and have lunch there, but some of them, who live nearby, go home and come back an hour later. Classes are resumed at 1:30 and they go on until 4:00 o'clock.

PAT: Oh, and what about sports?

**NICKY:** I have Physical Education classes two afternoons a week, either in the gymnasium or on the playing fields.

PAT: But you also belong to the school football team.

**NICKY:** Yeah! And we have organized a league with the students from other schools, and we play a match every Saturday. You know, sometimes my teammates and I stay on in order to train for the next match.

PAT: Tell me about your youth club.

**NICKY:** My friends and I usually meet there two or three evenings a week. The club is a lively place, and there is always a lot of things to do there. We spend lots of time listening to music, playing videogames or just talking. Since many members of the youth club are girls, we very often dance to music.

PAT: But you also like painting, don't you?

**NICKY:** Absolutely. One of my hobbies is painting and I spend a great deal of my time at the club painting posters. Some boys and girls take painting very seriously and have long discussions about art.

PAT: Oh, Nicky, when do you do your homework?

NICKY: Easy! After 4 o'clock when I arrive home. I go straight to my bedroom to study the lessons for the next day.

**PAT:** Nice! I do really love when the whole family has dinner together in the evening. I want to be like you when I am older.

## 3. READ AND LISTEN TO THIS CONVERSATION BETWEEN A UNED PROFESSOR AND A STUDENT. ANALYSE VOCABULARY AND EXPRESSIONS. YOU CAN WRITE ANOTHER CONVERSATION FOLLOWING THIS PATTERN

STUDENT: Good morning, Professor Johnson.

PROFESSOR: Good morning, Mr Smith.

**STUDENT:** I'm in my senior year and I'd like to know about the "must do's" or compulsory subjects for the English Studies degree.

**PROFESSOR:** Of course, to earn your degree you must take all the subjects indicated in our guidelines. You can find them online.

**STUDENT:** I'd like to focus on English Literature. How many subjects do I have to study?

**PROFESSOR:** Our course of study focuses on the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries and it's divided into two semesters. We deal with drama, novel, essay and poetry.

STUDENT: How can I obtain the books and other materials?

**PROFESSOR:** All the recommended texts are online but if you prefer printed versions you can purchase them at the bookshop or on the Internet.

STUDENT: I'm worried about how I'm going to be assessed.

**PROFESSOR:** I know exams are horrible but they have to be done. Like I said, the subject is divided into two semesters, four units each. Then, you'll have two exams, one in February and another one in June.

**STUDENT:** Can I also write papers?

**PROFESSOR:** Of course you can. You'll have the opportunity to see what the exam is like if you write a couple of Continuous Assessment Tests. That way you can do some research on the subject.

STUDENT: And what about electives?

**PROFESSOR:** Oh, Irish Literature is an interesting one in the first semester. You'll delve into the most remarkable English-speaking authors from the first written texts to contemporary writers such as James Joyce and Iris Murdoch.

**STUDENT:** Professor, I'd like your opinion about my own timetable. How can I organize my time?

**PROFESSOR:** I recommend you dedicate two or three hours every day to your studies in addition to participating in the forums. That's where students exchange academic ideas and professors provide you with useful information.

**STUDENT:** And what about tutorials?

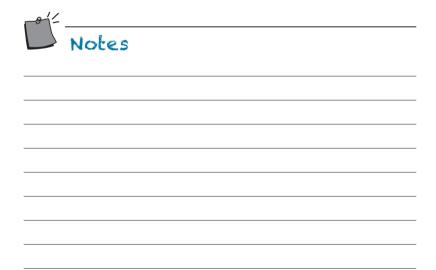
**PROFESSOR:** Yes, they are available for every student. Qualified professors and teachers deal with the different subjects at least twice a week.

STUDENT: Last question. How can I contact my professors?

**PROFESSOR:** We are available by phone and email and, on occasions, you can also visit us at our offices.

**STUDENT:** Thanks very much for the information, ma'am.

PROFESSOR: At your service.





## Glossary

subject	n.	asignatura
break	n.	recreo
lunch	n.	comida del mediodía
league	n.	liga
teammates	n.	compañeros, -as de equipo
match	n.	partido
youth	n.	juventud
hobby	n.	afición
dinner	n.	comida principal del día
to focus	v.	concentrar(se)
to assess	v.	evaluar
elective	n.	optativa
timetable	n.	horario
forums	n.	foros
qualified	adj.	cualificado, -a
available	adj.	disponible
I		

	97-
W	\
м	
- 1	

### Notes



## **Writing Skills**

### AT THE UNIVERSITY

### **Writing: Text Structure**

Nowadays people write different texts to communicate with other people: family, friends, teachers, classmates, etc. Some examples are letters, e-mails and posts on online forums. Letters and emails have a specific structure.

The main parts of these texts are:

- 1. Date.
- 2. Opening.
- 3. Body (the content depends on the purpose).
- 4. Pre-closing.
- 5. Closing.
- 6. Your name.

Some options for the opening:

Hi Jenny,	very informal	
Hello Jenny,	informal	
Dear Jenny,	informal	
Dear teacher(s) and classmates,	formal (appropriate for an academic online forum)	
Dear Mrs Smith,	formal (for women)	
Dear Ms Smith,	formal (for women)	
Dear Mr Smith,	formal (for men)	
Dear Jenny Smith,	formal	
Dear Sir or Madam,	very formal	

### Some options for the closing:

See you,	very informal	
Take care,	very informal	
Best wishes,	informal	
All the best,	informal	
Regards,	formal (appropriate for an academic online forum)	
Best regards,	formal (appropriate for an academic online forum)	
Kind regards,	formal (appropriate for an academic online forum)	
Yours sincerely,	very formal	

UNIT 1 Education Writing Skills

See an example of a letter for a friend:



Dear Jenny, 2

I'm writing to tell you that today is my first day at university. I finally decided to study Psychology at the UNED. Right now I'm actually in the library looking for some books that I have to read.

I'm happy with my decision. I feel that this is a very good university. Since it's a distance university, I can organize my timetable myself. Also, there is an online forum where the students can ask their teachers about their questions and concerns. Later on, I'm going to post my first question about one of my favorite subjects on the class forum. Isn't that exciting?

Anyway, I'm going to study very hard over the next four years to get my degree. I suppose that I'm going to have less time for friends and family, so I hope we can keep in touch by letter or e-mail.

- 4 Looking forward to hearing from you soon.
- (5) All the best,
- (6) Ana

Pay attention: In e-mails and posts on online forums, it is necessary to write a subject. For example: "My first day at university", or "Questions about exercise 1".



## Glossary

1		97	
	nowadays	adv.	actualmente
	people	n.	gente
	to write	V.	escribir
	to communicate	V.	comunicar
	family	n.	familia
	friend	n.	amigo, -a
	teacher	n.	profesor, -a
	classmate	n.	compañero, -a de clase
	letter	n.	carta
	e-mail	n.	correo electrónico
	post	n.	mensaje (en un foro en línea)
	online forum	n.	foro en línea
	specific	adj.	específico, -a
	structure	n.	estructura
	date	n.	fecha
	opening	n.	apertura
	body	n.	cuerpo del texto
	purpose	n.	propósito
	pre-closing	n.	fórmula de cierre
	closing	n.	cierre (nombre del emisor)
	library	n.	biblioteca
	distance university	n.	universidad a distancia
	timetable	n.	horario
	to post	v.	subir (un mensaje en un foro en línea)





## Exercises (see answers on pages 260-261)

Exercise 1:				
Fill in the blanks	in the follow	ing text with thes	e words.	
teacher	term	page	understand	
post	manual	regards	question	
Subject: Questions	-			
Dear (1)	and classma	ites,		
		o ask a (3) for this subject, spec	about some elements of ifically on page 135.	
	complex for me		term "cognition". The definitio e a more simple explanation o	
	Second, the link to the webpage of the "International Association of Applied Psychol gy", included on (7) 140, is not working. Does anyone know how to accet his resource?			
I hope you can help	me!			
Thanks in advance.				
Best (8)	,			
Laura				
Exercise 2:				
Reply to this e-m	ail.			
Subject: Some new	'S			
Hello Hugo,				
	How are you? I hope you and your family are well. I really wanted to write to you soone but I've been very busy over the last few months.			
As you know, this is the last year at university. My final project is quite difficult and requires a lot of time and preparation. Fortunately, my advisor at the UNED has helpe me a lot since the beginning, and now I am finally ready to submit it. I'm a bit nervou but I'm sure everything will go well, because I've worked hard. My exam is next week				
Please write back a after my last exam.	nd tell me how	you are. It would be	great to have dinner togethe	
See you soon.				
Best wishes,				
Max				