

nDisplay Render in Unreal 5.6 (Low Level – Deep Dive)

Render Cycle

Everything starts in the main GameThread. In case you don't know, there are three main threads involved in rendering, these are:

GameThread (frame n) → RenderThread (frame n+1) -> RHI (Render Hw Interface, frame n+1 or n+2)

and for now we can ignore RHI because it is just a helper offloader for RenderFrame. They go in sync meaning that they are not independent. They can only be one frame off each other, so that if one blocks the next will block one frame afterwards. They do not share memory, because data is copied. For every class Data in GameThread there is a DataProxy in RenderThread.

This document is meant to help understand nDisplay render, but the general render pipeline is very similar and in fact shares a lot of code with the pipeline discussed below. Other topics relating to nDisplay –which is a broad topic- are not covered in this document.

As mentioned before, everything starts in GameThread, in either UGameViewportClient or some derived class; nDisplay uses a special subclass, which is required to implement a method call Draw():

```
 7   L  NAME CLASS  DISPLAYCLUSTERVIEWPORTCLIENT GENERATED
 8
 9   UCLASS()
10  <> class DISPLAYCLUSTER_API UDisplayClusterViewportClient
11    : public UGameViewportClient
12  {
13    GENERATED_BODY()
14
15  public:
16    UDisplayClusterViewportClient(FVTableHelper& Helper);
17    virtual ~UDisplayClusterViewportClient();
18
19    virtual void Init(struct FWorldContext& WorldContext, UGameInstance*
20      OwningGameInstance, bool bCreateNewAudioDevice = true) override;
21    virtual void Draw(FViewport* Viewport, FCanvas* SceneCanvas) override;
22
23    virtual FSceneViewport* CreateGameViewport(TSharedPtr<SViewport>
24      InViewportWidget) override;
25
26  protected:
27  #if WITH_EDITOR
28    virtual bool Draw_PIE(FViewport* InViewport, FCanvas* SceneCanvas);
29  #endif /*WITH_EDITOR*/
30  };
31
```

The GameEngine ticks (updates) the World (level) objects and calls to all viewports to draw (a viewport is like a render window)

Call Stack

Search (Ctrl+E) View all Threads

Name
nDisplay.exe!UDisplayClusterViewportClient::Draw(FViewport * InViewport, FCanvas * SceneCanvas) Line 779
nDisplay.exe!Fviewport::Draw(bool bShouldPresent) Line 1816
nDisplay.exe!UGameEngine::RedrawViewports(bool bShouldPresent) Line 787
nDisplay.exe!UGameEngine::Tick(float DeltaSeconds, bool bIdleMode) Line 1993
nDisplay.exe!UDisplayClusterGameEngine::Tick(float DeltaSeconds, bool bIdleMode) Line 364
nDisplay.exe!FEngineLoop::Tick() Line 5625
[Inline Frame] nDisplay.exe!Engine::Tick() Line 60
nDisplay.exe!GuardedMain(const wchar_t * CmdLine) Line 187
nDisplay.exe!LaunchWindowsStartup(HINSTANCE__ * hInInstance, HINSTANCE__ * hPrevInstance, char * _formal, int nCmdShow, const wchar_t * CmdLine) Line 271
nDisplay.exe!WinMain(HINSTANCE__ * hInInstance, HINSTANCE__ * hPrevInstance, char * pCmdLine, int nCmdShow) Line 340
[Inline Frame] nDisplay.exe!invoke_main() Line 102
nDisplay.exe!_scrt_common_main_seh() Line 288
kernel32.dll!00007ffedd24e8d0
ntdll.dll!00007ffeed5c34c0

```

774
775     void UGameEngine::RedrawViewports( bool bShouldPresent /*= true */ )
776     {
777         SCOPE_CYCLE_COUNTER(STAT_RedrawViewports);
778         CSV_SCOPED_TIMING_STAT_EXCLUSIVE(ViewportMisc);
779         if ( GameViewport != NULL )
780         {
781             GameViewport->LayoutPlayers();
782             if ( GameViewport->Viewport != NULL )
783             {
784                 GameViewport->Viewport->Draw(bShouldPresent);
785             }
786         }
787     }

```

In our case it ends up in `DisplayClusterViewportClient::Draw()` which is a pretty long function, but the most important parts –at least for now- are:

- 1) Create resources to render frame render (see below on this)

```

471.
472
473     // Gather all view families first
474     TArray<FSceViewFamilyContext*>& ViewFamilies;
475
476     // Initialize new render frame resources
477     FDisplayClusterRenderFrame RenderFrame;
478     if (!DCRenderDevice->BeginNewFrame(InViewport, MyWorld, RenderFrame))
479     {
480         // skip rendering: Can't build render frame
481         return;
482     }

```

- 2) And Render of the ViewFamilies

DisplayCluster...opyTexture.cpp DisplayCluster...ortClient.cpp LaunchWindows.cpp SceneViewExtension.h DisplayCluster...ewExtensions.h ModuleManager.h ModuleManager.cpp SceneView.h

```

UE5
775     if (GDisplayClusterSingleRender)
776     {
777         GetRendererModule().BeginRenderingViewFamilies(
778             SceneCanvas, MakeAnyView(reinterpret_cast<FSceViewFamily*>(&ViewFamilies.GetData()), ViewFamilies.Num()));
779     }
780     else
781     {
782     }
783

```

Think of a `SceneViewFamily` as scene + a group of views (and think of a view as a render target texture, viewmatrix, and projection matrix) associated with a viewport render. It is not clear why many views are needed per family but it might be the case that one view correspond to the main POV, while other views might be used for light shadowsmaps, cubemap reflection views, etc.

In `BeginRenderingViewFamilies` a `SceneRenderBuilder` is used to create one or more Renderers, in our case a `DeferredShadingSceneRenderer` is created. Notice in the following picture that the renderers are first created (line 5082) and then added to the builder with a lambda that will be used to call `RenderViewFamily_RenderThread` in the `RenderThread` (line 5110). The use of lambdas to inject code meant for the `RenderThread` inside `GameThread` code is pervasive in Unreal code.

```

5888 TArray<FSceneRenderers*> FSceneRenderBuilder::CreateLinkedSceneRenderers(ViewFamilies, Canvas->GetHitProxyConsumer());
5889 SetupDebugViewModes(SceneRenderers); // Tim import
5890
5891 if (!bShowHitProxies)
5892 {
5893     for (int32 ReflectionIndex = 0; ReflectionIndex < Scene->PRHI->NumPlanarReflectionComponents; ++ReflectionIndex)
5894     {
5895         UPaperReflectionComponent* ReflectionComponent = Scene->PRHI->GetPlanarReflectionComponent(ReflectionIndex);
5896         for (FSceneRenderer* SceneRenderer : SceneRenderers)
5897         {
5898             if (HasRayTracedOverlay(SceneRenderer->ViewFamily))
5899             {
5900                 continue;
5901             }
5902             Scene->UpdatePlanarReflectionContents(ReflectionComponent, SceneRenderer);
5903         }
5904     }
5905     FSceneRenderers::PreallocateCrossGPUFences(SceneRenderers);
5906     // Flush if the current show flags can't be merged with the current set renders already added.
5907     SceneRenderBuilder.FlushIfIncompatible(ViewFamilies[0])>EngineShowFlags;
5908 }
5909
5910 for (FSceneRenderer* SceneRenderer : SceneRenderers)
5911 {
5912     SceneRenderer->ViewFamily.DisplayInternalData.Setup(World);
5913     SceneRenderBuilder.AddRenderer(SceneRenderer, bShowHitProxies ? TEXT("HitProxies") : TEXT("ViewFamilies"),
5914     [] (FRDGBuilder& GraphBuilder, const FSceneRenderFunctionInputs& Inputs)
5915     {
5916         RenderViewFamily_RenderThread(GraphBuilder, Inputs.Renderer, Inputs.SceneUpdateInputs);
5917     });
5918 }
5919
5920 SceneRenderBuilder.AddRenderCommand([SceneRenderers = MoveTemp(SceneRenderers)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
5921 {
5922     CleanupViewFamilies_RenderThread(RHICmdList, SceneRenderers);
5923 };
5924
5925 SceneRenderBuilder.Execute();
5926
5927 // Force kick the RT if we've got RT polling on.
5928 // This saves us having to wait until the polling period before the scene draw starts executing.
5929 if (GRenderThreadPollingOn)
5930 {
5931     FTaskGraphInterface::Get().WakeNamedThread(ENamedThreads::GetRenderThread());
5932 }

```

Once the SceneRenderBuilder has been filled with renderers, it is executed:

```

5105
5106     for (FSceneRenderer* SceneRenderer : SceneRenderers)
5107     {
5108         SceneRenderer->ViewFamily.DisplayInternalData.Setup(World);
5109
5110         SceneRenderBuilder.AddRenderer(SceneRenderer, bShowHitProxies ? TEXT("HitProxies") : TEXT("ViewFamilies"),
5111         [] (FRDGBuilder& GraphBuilder, const FSceneRenderFunctionInputs& Inputs)
5112         {
5113             RenderViewFamily_RenderThread(GraphBuilder, Inputs.Renderer, Inputs.SceneUpdateInputs);
5114         });
5115     }
5116
5117
5118     SceneRenderBuilder.AddRenderCommand([SceneRenderers = MoveTemp(SceneRenderers)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
5119     {
5120         CleanupViewFamilies_RenderThread(RHICmdList, SceneRenderers);
5121     };
5122
5123     SceneRenderBuilder.Execute();
5124
5125     // Force kick the RT if we've got RT polling on.
5126     // This saves us having to wait until the polling period before the scene draw starts executing.
5127     if (GRenderThreadPollingOn)
5128     {
5129         FTaskGraphInterface::Get().WakeNamedThread(ENamedThreads::GetRenderThread());
5130     }
5131 }
5132
5133

```

This is what execute does:

```

100
101     void FSceneRenderBuilder::Execute()
102     {
103 #if !USE_NULL_RHI
104         if (Processor)
105         {
106             Processor->Execute();
107             Processor = nullptr;
108         }
109     }
110
111

```

Processor is just a for loop in the GameThread that executes operations

```

785
786     void FSceneRenderProcessor::Execute()
787     {
788         checkf(!bInsideGroup, TEXT("FSceneRenderBuilder::Execute called within scene render group scope %s. You must end the scope first."), *GroupNodes.GetTail()>Name);
789     #endif
790 
791     > #if WITH_GPUEBUGCRASH [Active Preprocessor Block]
792 
793         UE::RenderCommandPipe::FSyncScope SyncScope;
794         FUniformExpressionCacheAsyncUpdateScope AsyncUpdateScope;
795         TOptional<UE::RendererCore::DumpGPU::FDumpScope> GpuDumpScope;
796         TOptional<RenderCaptureInterface::FScopedCapture> GpuCaptureScope;
797 
798         for (FOp Op : Ops)
799         {
800             switch (Op.Type)
801             {
802                 case FOp::EType::BeginGroup:[{ ... }]
803                 break;
804                 case FOp::EType::EndGroup:[{ ... }]
805                 break;
806                 case FOp::EType::FunctionCall:
807                     {
808                         (*Op.Data.FunctionCall)();
809                     }
810                     break;
811                 case FOp::EType::Render:
812                     {
813                         FRenderNode& RenderNode = *Op.Data.Render;
814 
815                         ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(SceneRenderBuilder_Render)([this, &RenderNode] (FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
816                         {
817                             LLM_SCOPE(CELLMTag::SceneRender);
818                             RenderState.GroupEvent.Begin(RenderState.Group, RHICmdList, FGroupEventLocation::SceneRenderCommand);
819 
820                             ON_SCOPE_EXIT
821                             {
822                                 RenderState.GroupEvent.End(RHICmdList, FGroupEventLocation::SceneRenderCommand);
823                             };
824                         });
825                     }
826             }
827         }
828     }
829 
```

We focus on **FOp::EType::Render** operations, which starts with

ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND lambda to enqueue work in the Render Thread (here happens the main transition from GameThread to Render Thread). This lambda will be called when the Render Thread gets to it a few moments later, and it will - among other things - create an FRDGBuilder GraphBuilder, and pass it to the function of the render operation. The render node operation is the lambda that we passed to the AddRenderer function above:

```

139     if (Renderer.ViewFamily.EngineShowFlags.Rendering && !RenderState.bSceneUpdateConsumed)
140     {
141         SceneUpdateInputs.Emplace();
142         SceneUpdateInputs->Scene = Scene;
143         SceneUpdateInputs->XSystem = Scene->FXSystem;
144         SceneUpdateInputs->FeatureLevel = Scene->GetFeatureLevel();
145         SceneUpdateInputs->ShaderPlatform = Scene->GetShaderPlatform();
146         SceneUpdateInputs->GlobalShaderMap = GetGlobalShaderMap(SceneUpdateInputs->ShaderPlatform);
147         SceneUpdateInputs->Renderers = ActiveRenderers;
148         SceneUpdateInputs->ViewFamilies = ActiveViewFamilies;
149         SceneUpdateInputs->Views = ActiveViews;
150         SceneUpdateInputs->CommonShowFlags = CommonShowFlags;
151     }
152 
153     const FSceneRenderFunctionInputs FunctionInputs(&Renderer, SceneUpdateInputs ? &SceneUpdateInputs.GetValue() : nullptr, *RenderNode.Name, *RenderState.FullPath);
154 
155     FRDGBuilder GraphBuilder(RHICmdList, RDG_EVENT_NAME("%", FunctionInputs.FullPath), ERDGBuilderFlags::Parallel, Scene->GetShaderPlatform());
156     FSceneRenderBase::SetActiveInstance(GraphBuilder, &Renderer);
157 
158     #if WITH_MGPU
159     if (Renderer.ViewFamily.bForceCopyCrossGPU)
160     {
161         GraphBuilder.EnableForceCopyCrossGPU();
162     }
163     #endif
164 
165     if (!Renderer.ViewFamily.EngineShowFlags.HitProxies)
166     {
167         VISUALIZE_TEXTURE_BEGIN_VIEW(Scene->GetFeatureLevel(), Renderer.Views[0].GetViewKey(), FunctionInputs.FullPath, Renderer.Views[0].bIsSceneCapture);
168     }
169 
170     const bool bRenderCalled = RenderNode.Function(GraphBuilder, FunctionInputs);
171 
```

GraphBuilder is simply put a container where all the renderpasses and resources (such as textures, meshes, etc) will be stored, prior to execution during the **RenderNode.Function()** call. After that it will be executed and the renderpasses will be run.

```

172     // The final graph builder is responsible for flushing resources.
173     if (RenderNode.Renderer == Renderers.Last())
174     {
175         GraphBuilder.SetFlushResourcesRHI();
176     }
177 
178     GraphBuilder.Execute();
179 
180     Cleanup(RHICmdList, &Renderer);
181 }; 
```

So what happens in **RenderNode.Function()** call?

A ton of things (thousands of lines, including calls to functions of thousands of lines, unreal rendering is very rich, see for yourself), but let's state a few examples:

RenderBasePass

```
2599
2600     1 if (!bHasRayTracedOverlay)
2601     {
2602         RenderBasePass(<this>, GraphBuilder, Views, SceneTextures, DBufferTextures, BasePassDepthStencilAccess, ForwardScreenSpaceShadowMaskTexture, InstanceCullingManager, bManiteEnabled, Scene->ManiteShadingCommands); // 2ms elapsed
2603
2604         if (!bAllowReadInfluencerBasePass)
2605     }
```

Lights and Lighting

```
2957     const FSortedLightSetSceneInfo& SortedLightSet = *GatherAndSortLightsTask.GetResult();
2958
2959     RenderLights(GraphBuilder, SceneTextures, LightingChannelsTexture, SortedLightSet);    ⚡ 3ms elapsed
2960
2961     // Do DiffuseIndirectComposite after Lights so that async Lumen work can overlap
2962     RenderDiffuseIndirectAndAmbientOcclusion(
2963         GraphBuilder,
2964         SceneTextures,
2965         LumenFrameTemporaries,
2966         LightingChannelsTexture,
2967         /* bCompositeRegularLumenOnly */ true,
2968         /* bIsVisualizePass */ false,
2969         AsynclumenIndirectLightingOutputs);
2970
2971     // Render diffuse sky lighting and reflections that only operate on opaque pixels
2972     RenderDeferredReflectionsAndSkyLighting(GraphBuilder, SceneTextures, LumenFrameTemporaries, DynamicBentNormalAOTextures);
2973
2974     #if !(UE_BUILD_SHIPPING || UE_BUILD_TEST)
2975         // Renders debug visualizations for global illumination plugins
2976         RenderGlobalIlluminationPluginVisualizations(GraphBuilder, LightingChannelsTexture);
2977     #endif
2978
2979     AddSubsurfacePass(GraphBuilder, SceneTextures, Views);
2980
2981 }
```

FX, etc.

```
3212     }
3213 
3214     RenderOpaqueFX(GraphBuilder, GetSceneViews(), GetSceneUniforms(), FXSystem, FeatureLevel, SceneTextures.UniformBuffer);    ⏴ 1ms elapsed
3215 
3216     FRenderModule& RendererModule = static_cast<FRenderModule&>(GetRendererModule());
```

Notice GraphBuilder is the first parameter in each step. As mentioned GraphBuilder accumulates render passes and resources that are required for rendering. Notice this is only a “TODO” accumulation phase, nothing really gets rendered at this moment, not until GraphBuilder executes.

As an example of a single step, render shadow maps includes its passes:

```
    true /*VSM page marking*/);
2788 }
2789 ShadowSceneRenderer.RenderVirtualShadowMaps(GraphBuilder, bNaniteEnabled,
2790     SingleLayerWaterPrePassResult, FrontLayerTranslucencyData, FroxelRenderer);
2790 };
```

Name	Value
AppDispatcher	(AppDispatcher::Function->Set Prequisites=empty) AppDispatcherScope::AllocatedToReturn=0x0000000000000000 _
AsyncDeleteData	(SyncDeleteData::Function->Set Prequisites=empty) AsyncDeleteScope::AllocatedToReturn=0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
AsyncDelete	(SyncDeleteData::Function->Set Prequisites=empty) AsyncDeleteScope::AllocatedToReturn=0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
RootAllocatorScope	(RootAllocatorScope::Function->Set Prequisites=empty) RootAllocatorScope::AllocatedToReturn=0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
RootAllocator	(RootAllocatorScope::Function->Set Prequisites=empty) RootAllocatorScope::AllocatedToReturn=0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
BuilderName	0x00007f811a5d4170 "2"
ProloguePass	0x00007f811a5d4170 "2"
BindAllAsyncComputeFence	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
BindAllAsyncCompute	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
KlippontReorderPassMerge	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
AsyncComputePassCount	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
PassCount	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
DispatchPatches	0x0000000000000000 _ _ _
Patches	[Any] -> 0x0000000000000000
+ [0]	0x0000000000000000
+ [1]	0x0000000000000000
+ [2]	0x0000000000000000
+ [3]	0x0000000000000000
+ [4]	0x0000000000000000
+ [5]	0x0000000000000000
+ [6]	0x0000000000000000
+ [7]	0x0000000000000000
+ [8]	0x0000000000000000
+ [9]	0x0000000000000000
+ [10]	0x0000000000000000
+ [11]	0x0000000000000000
+ [12]	0x0000000000000000
+ [13]	0x0000000000000000
+ [14]	0x0000000000000000
+ [15]	0x0000000000000000
+ [16]	0x0000000000000000
+ [17]	0x0000000000000000

Notice at the bottom of the last picture the accumulated resources such as Buffers and Textures.

Create resources for Frame Render

On every frame, on game thread `DisplayClusterViewportClient::Draw()` creates the `rendertarget` resources for each viewport (`InViewport`) at `BeginNewFrame(...)`, and assigns its render target to the `ViewFamily`

```
475 // Initialize new render frame resources
476 FDisplayClusterRenderFrame RenderFrame;
477 if (!DCRenderDevice->BeginNewFrame(InViewport, MyWorld, RenderFrame))
478 {
479     // skip rendering: Can't build render frame
480     return;
481 }
482
483 IDisplayClusterViewportManager* RenderFrameViewportManager = RenderFrame.GetViewportManager();
484 if (!RenderFrameViewportManager)
485 {
486     // skip rendering: Can't find render manager
487     return;
488 }
489
490 // Handle special viewports game-thread logic at frame begin
491 DCRenderDevice->InitializeNewFrame();
492
493 for (FDisplayClusterRenderFrameTarget& DCRenderTarget : RenderFrame.RenderTargets)
494 {
495     for (FDisplayClusterRenderFrameTargetViewFamily& DCViewFamily : DCRenderTarget.ViewFamilies)
496     {
497         // Create the view family for rendering the world scene to the viewport's render target
498         ViewFamilies.Add(new FSceneViewFamilyContext(RenderFrameViewportManager->CreateViewFamilyConstructionValues(
499             DCRenderTarget,
500             MyWorld->Scene,
501             EngineShowFlags,
502             false
503             // bAdditionalViewFamily (filled in later, after list of families is known, and optionally reordered)
504         )));
505         FSceneViewFamilyContext& ViewFamily = *ViewFamilies.Last();
506 }
```

This in turns calls...

```
572     ...
573     bool FDisplayClusterViewportManager::BeginNewFrame(FViewport* InViewport, FDisplayClusterRenderFrame& OutRenderFrame)
574     {
575         check(IsInGameThread());
576
577         ...
578
579         // Update scene rect size
580         UpdateSceneRenderTargetSize();
581
582         // Build new frame structure
583         if (!RenderFrameManager->BuildRenderFrame(InViewport, ImplGetCurrentRenderFrameViewports(), OutRenderFrame)) < 3ms elapsed
584         {
585             return false;
586         }
587
588         // Allocate resources for frame
589         if (!RenderTargetManager->AllocateRenderFrameResources(InViewport, ImplGetCurrentRenderFrameViewports(), OutRenderFrame))
590         {
591             return false;
592         }
593     } const FIntPoint RenderFrameSize = OutRenderFrame.FrameRect.Size();
```

During these calls a new render target resource is allocated for each viewport and assigned to it in each view of each family, with then resource enum

`EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets ...`

I have marked with breakpoints the allocation and the assignment. Also keep in mind the new (render target) resource that is assigned to the viewport with the enum

EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets is also returned via `InOutRenderFrame` through the iterator in line 149 (shown again highlighted here):

```
129     bool FDisplayClusterRenderTargetManager::AllocateRenderFrameResources(FViewport* InViewport, const TArray<TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewport, ESPMode::ThreadSafe>> InViewports, FDisplayClusterRenderFrame& InOutRenderFrame)
130     {
131         bool bResult = true;
132
133         if(ResourcesPool->BeginReallocateResources(InViewport, Configuration->GetRenderFrameSettings()))
134         {
135             // ReAllocate Render targets for all viewports
136             for (FDisplayClusterRenderTarget& FrameRenderTargetIt : InOutRenderFrame.RenderTargets)
137             {
138                 if (FrameRenderTargetIt.bShouldUseRenderTarget)
139                 {
140                     const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceSettingsFlags CustomFlags = ImplGetCustomFlags(FrameRenderTargetIt.CaptureMode);
141                     const EPixelFormat CustomFormat = ImplGetCustomFormat(FrameRenderTargetIt.CaptureMode);
142
143                     // reallocate
144                     TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportResource, ESPMode::ThreadSafe> NewResource = ResourcesPool->AllocateResource(EmptyString,
145                     FrameRenderTargetIt.RenderTargetSize, CustomFormat, EDisplayClusterViewportResourceSettingsFlags::RenderTarget | CustomFlags);
146                     if (NewResource.IsValid())
147                     {
148                         // Set RenderFrame resource
149                         FrameRenderTargetIt.RenderTargetResource = NewResource;
150
151                         // Assign for all views in render target families
```

This will allow it to be used when creating the view family later, see below. In fact as it says in the comments, these render targets resources are both the view family render destination, and can later be accessed via `InternalRenderTargetResource`, which will be used later

```

12
13     /**
14      * Internal types of DC viewport resources
15      * These types are used to point to actual instances of the resources in the viewport.
16      */
17     enum class EDisplayClusterViewportResource : uint8
18     {
19         // View family render to this resources
20         // This is the resource that can be pointed to using the enum values:
21         // - 'EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetEntireRectResource'
22         // - 'EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource'
23         RenderTargets,
24     };

```

Other viewport internal resources (for warping) are allocated at this step as well, see code.

At the very end of AllocateRenderFrameResources you see a call to AllocateFrameTargets

```

234     }
235
236     // Allocate frame targets for all visible on backbuffer viewports
237     FIntPoint ViewportSize = InViewport ? InViewport->GetSizeXY() : FIntPoint(0, 0);
238
239     if (!AllocateFrameTargets(ViewportSize, InOutRenderFrame))
240     {
241         UE_LOG(LogDisplayClusterViewport, Error, TEXT("DisplayClusterRenderTargetManager: Can't allocate frame
242             targets."));
243         bResult = false;
244     }
245
246     ResourcesPool->EndReallocateResources();
247
248     return bResult;
249 }

bool FDisplayClusterRenderTargetManager::AllocateFrameTargets(const FIntPoint& InViewportSize, FDisplayClusterRenderFrame& InOutRenderFrame)
{
    // ICVFX internal viewports are invisible and do not use output frame resources.
    // In case of off-screen rendering this texture is not used.
    if (!Configuration->GetRenderFrameSettings().ShouldUseOutputFrameTargetableResources())
    {
        // Skip creating output resources if there are no visible viewports. This will save GPU memory.
        return true;
    }

    const uint32 FrameTargetsAmount = Configuration->GetRenderFrameSettings().GetViewPerViewportAmount();
    const FIntPoint DesiredRTTSize = Configuration->GetRenderFrameSettings().GetDesiredRTTSize(InViewportSize);
    FIntPoint TargetLocation(ForceInitToZero);

    // Offset for stereo rendering on a monoscopic display (side-by-side or top-bottom)
    const FIntPoint TargetOffset;
    DesiredRTTSize.X < InViewportSize.X ? DesiredRTTSize.X : 0,
    DesiredRTTSize.Y < InViewportSize.Y ? DesiredRTTSize.Y : 0
};

// Reallocate frame target resources
TArray<TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportResource, ESPMode::ThreadSafe>> NewFrameTargetResources;
TArray<TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportResource, ESPMode::ThreadSafe>> NewAdditionalFrameTargetableResources;

for (uint32 FrameTargetsIt = 0; FrameTargetsIt < FrameTargetsAmount; FrameTargetsIt++)
{
    TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportResource, ESPMode::ThreadSafe> NewResource = ResourcesPool->AllocateResource(EmptyString, InOutRenderFrame.FrameRect.Size(), PF_Unknown,
        EDisplayClusterViewportResourceSettingsFlags::RenderTargetableTexture);
    if (NewResource.IsValid())
    {
        if (EnumHasAnyFlags(NewResource->GetResourceState(), EDisplayClusterViewportResourceState::Initialized) == false)
        {
            // Log: New resource created
            UE_LOG(LogDisplayClusterViewport, Verbose, TEXT("Created new RenderFrame resource (%dx%d)", NewResource->GetResourceSettings().GetSizeX(), NewResource-
                >GetResourceSettings().GetSizeY()));
        }

        // calc and assign backbuffer offset (side_by_side, top_bottom)
        NewResource->SetBackbufferFrameOffset(InOutRenderFrame.FrameRect.Min + TargetLocation);
        TargetLocation += TargetOffset;
        NewFrameTargetResources.Add(NewResource);
    }
}

```

Frame Target RenderTargetableTexture is also allocated, and stored in
EDisplayClusterViewportResource::OutputFrameTargetableResources

```

307
308     // Assign frame resources for all visible viewports
309     for (FDisplayClusterRenderFrameTarget& RenderTargetIt : InOutRenderFrame.RenderTargets)
310     {
311         for (FDisplayClusterRenderFrameTargetViewFamily& ViewFamileIt : RenderTargetIt.ViewFamilies)
312         {
313             for (FDisplayClusterRenderFrameTargetView& ViewIt : ViewFamileIt.Views)
314             {
315                 FDisplayClusterViewport* ViewportPtr = static_cast<FDisplayClusterViewport*>(ViewIt.Viewport.Get());
316                 if (ViewportPtr && ViewportPtr->GetRenderSettings().bVisible)
317                 {
318                     ViewportPtr->GetViewportResourcesImpl(EDisplayClusterViewportResource::OutputFrameTargetableResources) = NewFrameTargetResources;
319                     ViewportPtr->GetViewportResourcesImpl(EDisplayClusterViewportResource::AdditionalFrameTargetableResources) = NewAdditionalFrameTargetableResources;
320
321                     // Adjust viewports frame rects. This offset saved in 'BackbufferFrameOffset'
322                     if (ViewportPtr->GetContexts().IsValidIndex(ViewIt.ContextNum))
323                 }
324             }
325         }
326     }

```

Now with all these resources, we turn to the view family creation. The first thing one has to figure out is how does the view family render on the

EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets resources. After the creation of the frame resources, the view families are created:

```

493     for (FDisplayClusterRenderTarget& DCRenderTarget : RenderFrame.RenderTargets)
494     {
495         for (FDisplayClusterRenderTargetViewFamily& DCViewFamily : DCRenderTarget.ViewFamilies)
496         {
497             // Create the view family for rendering the world scene to the viewport's render target
498             ViewFamilies.Add(new FSceneViewFamilyContext(RenderFrameViewportManager->CreateViewFamilyConstructionValues(
499                 DCRenderTarget,
500                 MyWorld->Scene,
501                 EngineShowFlags,
502                 false           // bAdditionalViewFamily (filled in later, after list of families is known, and optionally reordered)
503             )));
504         }
505     }

```

Notice how the DCRenderTarget corresponds to the RenderFrame.RenderTargets that is none other than the OutRenderFrame created in BeginNewFrame(...) which contains all these newly created resources, including of course the render target.

This FSceneViewFamilyContext is a SceneViewFamily

```

2572     /**
2573      * A view family which deletes its views when it goes out of scope.
2574      */
2575     class FSceneViewFamilyContext : public FSceneViewFamily
2576     {
2577

```

And it receives the render target via the Construction Values

```

493     for (FDisplayClusterRenderTarget& DCRenderTarget : RenderFrame.RenderTargets)
494     {
495         for (FDisplayClusterRenderTargetViewFamily& DCViewFamily : DCRenderTarget.ViewFamilies)
496         {
497             // Create the view family for rendering the world scene to the viewport's render target
498             ViewFamilies.Add(new FSceneViewFamilyContext(RenderFrameViewportManager-
499                 >CreateViewFamilyConstructionValues(
500                     DCRenderTarget,
501                     MyWorld->Scene,
502                     EngineShowFlags,
503                     false           // bAdditionalViewFamily (filled in later, after list of families
504                         is known, and optionally reordered)
505             )));
506     }

```

Construction values harvests the render target from the InFrameTarget

```

753     FSceneViewFamily::ConstructionValues FDisplayClusterViewportManager::CreateViewFamilyConstructionValues(
754         const FDisplayClusterRenderTarget& InFrameTarget,
755         FSceneInterface* InScene,
756         FEngineShowFlags InEngineShowFlags,
757         const bool bInAdditionalViewFamily) const
758     {
759
760         bool bResolveScene = true;
761
762         // Sets the engine flags corresponding to the capture mode.
763         IDisplayClusterViewportManager::SetupEngineShowFlags(InFrameTarget.CaptureMode, InEngineShowFlags);
764
765         const FDisplayClusterRenderTargetSettings& RenderFrameSettings = Configuration->GetRenderFrameSettings();
766
767         // A special case for DCRA previewing in a scene to avoid double use of PP.
768         if(RenderFrameSettings.IsPostProcessDisabled()) { ... }
769
770         // A special use case is setting up alpha channel capture:
771         // (When using the DC viewport rendering pipeline).
772         switch (InFrameTarget.CaptureMode) { ... }
773
774         FRenderTarget* RenderTarget = InFrameTarget.RenderTargetResource.IsValid() ? InFrameTarget.RenderTargetResource-
775             >GetViewportResourceRenderTarget() : nullptr;
776         return FSceneViewFamily::ConstructionValues(RenderTarget, InScene, InEngineShowFlags)
777             .SetResolveScene(bResolveScene)
778             .SetRealtimeUpdate(true)
779             .SetAdditionalViewFamily(bInAdditionalViewFamily);
780     }

```

And thus **EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets** resource gets assigned to the view family as its render target.

```
2971
2972     FSceneViewFamily::FSceneViewFamily(const ConstructionValues& CVS)
2973     :
2974         ViewMode(VMI_Lit),
2975         RenderTarget(CVS.RenderTarget),
2976         RenderTargetDepth(CVS.RenderTargetDepth),
2977         Scene(CVS.Scene),
2978         EngineShowFlags(CVS.EngineShowFlags),
2979         Time(CVS.Time)
```

Shaders and Uniforms

A Renderer's (such as DeferredRenderer) View Family is an object of type FViewFamilyInfo, which includes SceneTextures, that are initialized in the Render Method

```
1441
1442     void FDeferredShadingSceneRenderer::Render(FRDGBuilder& GraphBuilder, const FSceneRenderUpdateInputs* SceneUpdateInputs)
1443     {
1444         if (!ViewFamily.EngineShowFlags.Rendering)
1445         {
1446             return;
1447         }
1448
1449
1450         ...
1451
1452
1453
1454
1455
1456
1457
1458
1459
1460
1461
1462
1463
1464
1465
1466
1467
1468
1469
1470
1471
1472
1473
1474
1475
1476         FSceneTextures::InitializeViewFamily(GraphBuilder, ViewFamily, FamilySize);
1477         FSceneTextures& SceneTextures = GetActiveSceneTextures();
1478
1479     }
```

For every render pass there might be one or more shader associated, and each shader needs different shader parameters. During `DeferredShadingSceneRenderer::Render` method, the code modifies `SceneTextures.UniformBuffer` struct to deliver to each render pass, for instance here a uniform buffer with scene color is created.

```
3181 // Rebuild scene textures to include scene color.  
3182 SceneTextures.UniformBuffer = CreateSceneTextureUniformBuffer(GraphBuilder, &SceneTextures, FeatureLevel,  
3183     SceneTextures.SetupMode);  
3184  
3185 if (!bHasRayTracedOverlay)
```

`SetupMode` variable has the information of what elements (mostly textures) have to be present in the uniform buffer in each step. This work is done in `SetupSceneTextureUniformBuffer`

```
1100
1101 TRDGUniformBufferRef<FSceneTextureUniformParameters> CreateSceneTextureUniformBuffer(
1102     FRDBuilder& GraphBuilder,
1103     const FSceneTextures* SceneTextures,
1104     ERHIFeatureLevel::Type FeatureLevel,
1105     ESceneTextureSetupMode SetupMode)
1106
1107 {
1108     FSceneTextureUniformParameters* SceneTexturesParameters = GraphBuilder.AllocParameters<FSceneTextureUniformParameters>
1109     (
1110         );
1111     SetupSceneTextureUniformParameters(GraphBuilder, SceneTextures, FeatureLevel, SetupMode, *SceneTexturesParameters);
1112     return GraphBuilder.CreateUniformBuffer(SceneTexturesParameters);
1113 }
```

If a texture is not needed / used in the shader, a placeholder is inserted

```

1005 void SetupSceneTextureUniformParameters(
1006     FRDGBuilder& GraphBuilder,
1007     const FSceneTextures* SceneTextures,
1008     ERHIFeatureLevel::Type FeatureLevel,
1009     ESceneTextureSetupMode SetupMode,
1010     FSceneTextureUniformParameters& SceneTextureParameters)
1011 {
1012     const FRDGSys

```

Here a Black texture placeholder is first set to `SceneTextureParameters.SceneColorTexture` (line 1016), but then because `SetupMode` has 'SceneColor' flag active, the actual `SceneTextures->Color.Resolve` texture is passed to the uniform buffer for the next set of shaders.

Rendering on the Render Target

During `DeferredShadingSceneRenderer::Render`, an RDGTexture family texture is created with the `ViewFamily`

```

2335 FRDGTextureRef ViewFamilyTexture = TryCreateViewFamilyTexture(GraphBuilder, ViewFamily);
2336 FRDGTextureRef ViewFamilyDepthTexture = TryCreateViewFamilyDepthTexture(GraphBuilder, ViewFamily);
2337 if (RendererOutput == ERendererOutput::DepthPrepassOnly)
2338 {

```

The texture in fact is already there because it was created in `BeginFrame` above and associated to the `ViewFamily`, see above, it is in `ViewFamily.RenderTarget` and it includes a `RenderTargetTexture`, here it is obtained and registered in `Graph RDGBuilder` as external texture (so `GraphBuilder` does not try to delete it at the end of the frame).

```

32     FRDGTextureRef TryCreateViewFamilyTexture(FRDGBuild
33     {
34         FRHITexture* TextureRHI = ViewFamily.RenderTarget->GetRenderTargetTexture();
35         FRDGTextureRef Texture = nullptr;
36         if (TextureRHI)
37         {
38             Texture = RegisterExternalTexture(GraphBuilder, TextureRHI, TEXT("ViewFamilyTexture"));
39             GraphBuilder.SetTextureAccessFinal(Texture, ERHIAccess::RTV);
40         }
41         return Texture;
42     }
43 }

```

This `ViewFamilyTexture` is added to the postprocess inputs

```

3513     FPostProcessingInputs PostProcessingInputs;
3514     PostProcessingInputs.ViewFamilyTexture = ViewFamilyTexture;
3515     PostProcessingInputs.ViewFamilyDepthTexture = ViewFamilyDepthTexture;
3516     PostProcessingInputs.CustomDepthTexture = SceneTextures.CustomDepth.Depth;
3517     PostProcessingInputs.ExposureIlluminance = ExposureIlluminance;
3518     PostProcessingInputs.SceneTextures = SceneTextures.UniformBuffer;
3519     PostProcessingInputs.bSeparateCustomStencil = SceneTextures.CustomDepth.bSeparateStencilBuffer;
3520     PostProcessingInputs.PathTracingResources = PathTracingResources;
3521
3522     FRDGTextureRef InstancedEditorDepthTexture = nullptr; // Used to pass instanced stereo depth data from primary to secondary views
3523

```

And attached at the very end of the postprocess pass to gather the results of postprocess

```

3576     }
3577
3578     AddPostProcessingPasses(
3579         GraphBuilder,
3580         View, ViewIndex,
3581         GetSceneUniforms(),
3582         bAnyLumenActive,
3583         ViewPipelineState.DiffuseIndirectMethod,
3584         ViewPipelineState.ReflectionsMethod,
3585         PostProcessingInputs,
3586         NaniteResults,
3587         InstanceCullingManager,
3588         &VirtualShadowMapArray,
3589         LumenFrameTemporaries,
3590         SceneWithoutWaterTextures,
3591         TSRFlickeringInput,
3592         InstancedEditorDepthTexture);
3593
3594

```

First it is recovered inside the method

```

346     void AddPostProcessingPasses(
347         FRDGraphBuilder& GraphBuilder,
348         const FViewInfo& View,
349         int32 ViewIndex,
350         FSceneUniformBuffer& SceneUniformBuffer,
351         bool bAnyLumenActive,
352         EDiffuseIndirectMethod DiffuseIndirectMethod,
353         EReflectionsMethod ReflectionsMethod,
354         const FPostProcessingInputs& Inputs,
355         const Nanite::FRasterResults* NaniteRasterResults,
356         FInstanceCullingManager& InstanceCullingManager,
357         FVirtualShadowMapArray* VirtualShadowMapArray,
358         FLumenSceneFrameTemporaries& LumenFrameTemporaries,
359         const FSceneWithoutWaterTextures& SceneWithoutWaterTextures,
360         FScreenPassTexture* TSRFlickeringInput,
361         FRDGTextureRef& InstancedEditorDepthTexture)
362     {
363         RDG_CSTAT_EXCLUSIVE_SCOPE(GraphBuilder, RenderPostProcessing);
364         QUICK_SCOPE_CYCLE_COUNTER(STAT_PostProcessing_Process);
365         using namespace UE::Renderer::PostProcess;
366
367         check(IsInRenderingThread());
368         #if DO_CHECK || USING_CODE_ANALYSIS
369         check(View.VerifyMembersChecks());
370         #endif
371         Inputs.Validate();
372
373         FScene* Scene = View.Family->Scene->GetRenderScene();
374
375         const FIntRect PrimaryViewRect = View.ViewRect;
376
377         const FSceneTextureParameters SceneTextureParameters = GetSceneTextureParameters(GraphBuilder, Inputs.SceneTextures);
378
379         const FScreenPassRenderTarget ViewFamilyOutput = FScreenPassRenderTarget::CreateViewFamilyOutput(Inputs.ViewFamilyTexture, View);
380         const FScreenPassRenderTarget ViewFamilyDepthOutput = FScreenPassRenderTarget::CreateViewFamilyOutput(Inputs.ViewFamilyDepthTexture, View);
381

```

And then it is made the end point of a pass sequence that overrides the final target

```

470
499 const TCHAR* PassNames[] =
500 {
501     TEXT("MotionBlur"),
502     TEXT("PostProcessMaterial (SceneColorBeforeBloom)"),
503     TEXT("Tonemap"),
504     TEXT("EXAA"),
505     TEXT("PostProcessMaterial (SceneColorAfterTonemapping)"),
506     TEXT("VisualizeLumenScene"),
507     TEXT("VisualizeDepthOfField"),
508     TEXT("VisualizeStationaryLightOverlap"),
509     TEXT("VisualizeLightCulling"),
510     TEXT("VisualizePostProcessStack"),
511     TEXT("VisualizeSubstrate"),
512     TEXT("VisualizeLightGrid"),
513     TEXT("VisualizeSkyAtmosphere"),
514     TEXT("VisualizeSkyLightIlluminanceMeter"),
515     TEXT("VisualizeLightFunctionAtlas"),
516     TEXT("VisualizeLevelInstance"),
517     TEXT("VisualizeVirtualShadowMaps_PreEditorPrimitives"),
518     TEXT("SelectionOutline"),
519     TEXT("EditorPrimitive"),
520     TEXT("VisualizeVirtualShadowMaps_PostEditorPrimitives"),
521     TEXT("VisualizeVirtualTexture"),
522     TEXT("VisualizeShadingModels"),
523     TEXT("VisualizeeBufferHints"),
524     TEXT("VisualizeSubsurface"),
525     TEXT("VisualizeeBufferOverview"),
526     TEXT("VisualizeLumenSceneOverview"),
527     TEXT("VisualizeHDR"),
528     TEXT("visualizeLocalExposure"),
529     TEXT("VisualizeMotionVectors"),
530     TEXT("VisualizeTemporalUpscaler"),
531     TEXT("PixelInspector"),
532     TEXT("HMDDistortion"),
533     TEXT("HighResolutionScreenshotMask"),
534 #if UE_ENABLE_DEBUG_DRAWING
535     TEXT("DebugPrimitive"),
536 #endif
537     TEXT("PrimaryUpscale"),
538     TEXT("SecondaryUpscale"),
539     TEXT("AlphaInvert")
540 };
541
542 static_assert(static_cast<uint32>(EPass::MAX) == UE_ARRAY_COUNT(PassNames), "EPass does not match PassNames.");
543
544 TOVERRIDEPassSequence<EPass> PassSequence(ViewFamilyOutput);
545 PassSequence.SetNames(PassNames, UE_ARRAY_COUNT(PassNames));
546 PassSequence.SetEnabled(EPass::VisualizeStationaryLightOverlap, FEngineShowFlags_StationaryLightOverlap);
547

```

Warping

Jump now back to GameThread, towards the end of UDisplayClusterViewportClient::Draw, well after View Families have been rendered –and all its lambdas have been enqueued in the render thread-, we find a final step (line 831):

```

825
826     {
827         //ensure canvas has been flushed before rendering UI
828         SceneCanvas->Flush_GameThread();
829
830         // After all render target rendered call nDisplay frame rendering
831         RenderFrameViewportManager->RenderFrame(InViewport);
832
833         OnDrawn().Broadcast();
834
835         // Allow the viewport to render additional stuff
836         PostRender(DebugCanvasObject);
837     }

```

Notice the InViewport that is passed. It is of type FViewport*

```

389
390     void UDisplayClusterViewportClient::Draw(FViewport* InViewport, FCanvas*
391         SceneCanvas)
392     {

```

RenderFrame in turn calls ViewportManagerProxy::ImplRenderFrame_GameThread():

```

882
883     void FDisplayClusterViewportManager::RenderFrame(FViewport* InViewport)
884     {
885         LightCardManager->RenderFrame();
886
887         ViewportManagerProxy->ImplRenderFrame_GameThread(InViewport);
888     }

```

Proxies are allowed to have GameThread methods as long as they do not touch their data members in that same thread, and in fact this last method will only enqueue a few more lambdas in the render thread. These lambdas come after all the previous ones, and since they run in order, you can imagine that when RenderThread gets to run these, all the previous RenderThread lambdas will be already executed. Now focus on UpdateDeferredResources_RenderThread:

```

191  void FDisplayClusterViewportManagerProxy::ImplRenderFrame_GameThread(FViewport* InViewport)
192  {
193      ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_Setup)
194      [InViewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList){ ... };
195
196      ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_CrossGPUTransfer)
197      [InViewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this), OutputViewport = InViewport](FRHICmdListImmediate&
198      & RHICmdList){ ... };
199
200      ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_UpdateDeferredResources)
201      [ViewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
202      {
203          RHT_BREADCRUMB_EVENT_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_ViewportManager_UpdateDeferredResources,
204          "nDisplay_ViewportManager_UpdateDeferredResources");
205          SCOPED_GPU_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_ViewportManager_UpdateDeferredResources);
206
207          // Update viewports resources: vp/texture overlay, OCIO, blur, nummips, etc
208          ViewportManagerProxy->UpdateDeferredResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
209      });
210  }
211
212
213
214
215
216
217
218
219
220
221
222
223
224
225
226
227
228
229
230
231
232
233
234
235
236
237
238
239
240
241
242

```

This method goes through every viewport proxy (remember we switched to render thread because it's running in the lambda) and updates its resources

```

288  void FDisplayClusterViewportManagerProxy::UpdateDeferredResources_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList) const
289  {
290      check(IsInRenderingThread());
291
292      // Viewports in the CurrentRenderFrameViewportProxies list are already sorted using GetPriority_RenderThread().
293      for (const TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy, ESPMode::ThreadSafe>& ViewportProxy : ImplGetCurrentRenderFrameViewportProxies_RenderThread())
294      {
295          if (ViewportProxy.IsValid())
296          {
297              ViewportProxy->UpdateDeferredResources(RHICmdList);
298          }
299      }
300  }
301

```

Inside of the update there is a texture copy with the following source and destination

```

255  EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType Src ResourceType = EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource;
256
257
258  // pre-Pass 0 (Projection policy): The projection policy can use its own method to resolve 'InternalRenderTargetResource' to 'InputShaderResource'
259  if (ProjectionPolicy.IsValid() && ProjectionPolicy->ResolveInternalRenderTargetResource_RenderThread(RHICmdList, this, &SourceViewportProxy))
260  {
261      Src ResourceType = EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource;
262  }
263
264  if (GetOpenColorIOMode() == EDisplayClusterViewportOpenColorIOMode::Resolved)
265  {
266      // Pass 0: OCIO + Linear gamma
267      // At this point Resolver go to use RDG
268      OpenColorIO->AddPass_RenderThread(
269          FDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtilsSettings(),
270          GetShadersAPI().CreateTextureUtils_RenderThread(RHICmdList)
271          ->SetInput(&SourceViewportProxy, Src ResourceType)
272          ->SetOutput(this, EDisplayClusterViewport::Src ResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource(2 ^ 2));
273  }
274  else
275  {
276      // Pass 0: Linear gamma
277      GetShadersAPI().CreateTextureUtils_RenderThread(RHICmdList)
278      ->SetInput(&SourceViewportProxy, Src ResourceType)
279      ->SetOutput(this, EDisplayClusterViewport::Src ResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource(2 ^ 2));
280  }
281
282
283  // (Anti) Disc 1: Generate min postprocess effort for render target texture part for all contexts

```

Source is of type InternalRenderTargetResource, but we will see in a moment that the actual resource used as input is type RenderTargets (i.e. the ViewFamily render target resource, where postprocess rendering is performed) as it gets translated.

First GetTextureParametersFromViewport is called

```
445 TSharedRef<IDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtils> FDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtils::SetInput(
446     const IDisplayClusterViewportProxy* InViewportProxy,
447     const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InResourceType,
448     const int32 InContextNum)
449 {
450
451     const FDisplayClusterShadersTextureParameters NewTextureParameters = GetTextureParametersFromViewport(InViewportProxy, InResourceType);
452
453     if (InContextNum == INDEX_NONE)
454     {
455         // Override entire input parameters.
456         SetInputEncoding(NewTextureParameters.ColorEncoding);
457         for (const TPair<uint32, FDisplayClusterShadersTextureViewport>& TextureIt : NewTextureParameters.TextureViewports)
458         {
459             SetInput(TextureIt.Value, TextureIt.Key);
460         }
461     }
462     else if (NewTextureParameters.TextureViewports.Contains(InContextNum))
```

Then Resources (with Rects) are obtained from InViewportProxy

```
398 FDisplayClusterShadersTextureParameters FDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtils::GetTextureParametersFromViewport(
399     const IDisplayClusterViewportProxy* InviewportProxy,
400     const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InResourceType)
401 {
402     using namespace UE::DisplayClusterShaders::Private;
403
404     FDisplayClusterShadersTextureParameters OutTextureParameters;
405
406     TArray<FRHITexture*> Textures;
407     TArray<FIntRect> TextureRects;
408     if (InviewportProxy && InviewportProxy->GetResourcesWithRects_RenderThread(InResourceType, Textures, TextureRects))
409         && Textures.Num() == TextureRects.Num())
410     {
411         // Get resource color encoding
412         OutTextureParameters.ColorEncoding = InviewportProxy->GetResourceColorEncoding_RenderThread(InResourceType);
413     }
414 }
```

Which after a couple jumps gets to this function

```
78
79     bool FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::ImplGetResources_RenderThread(const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InExtResourceType, TArray<FRHITexture*>&
80     OutResources, const int32 InRecursionDepth) const
81     {
82         using namespace UE::DisplayCluster::ViewportProxy;
83         check(IsInRenderingThread());
84
85         const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InResourceType = GetResourceType_RenderThread(InExtResourceType);
86
87         // Override resources from other viewport
88         if (ShouldOverrideViewportResource(InResourceType))
89         {
90             if (InRecursionDepth < DisplayClusterViewportProxyResourcesOverrideRecursionDepthMax)
91             {
92                 return GetRenderingViewportProxy().ImplGetResources_RenderThread(InExtResourceType, OutResources, InRecursionDepth + 1);
93             }
94
95             return false;
96         }
97
98         OutResources.Empty();
99
100        switch (InResourceType)
101        {
102            case EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource2D:
103            case EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetEntireRectResource:
104            case EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource:
105            {
106                bool bResult = false;
107
108                if (Contexts.Num() > 0)
109                {
110                    // 1. Replace RTT from configuration
111                    if (!bResult && PostRenderSettings.Replace.IsEnabled()) [ ... ]
112
113                    // 2. Replace RTT from UVLightCard:
114                    if (!bResult && EnumsHasAnyFlags(RenderSettingsICVFX.RuntimeFlags, EDisplayClusterViewportRuntimeICVFXFlags::UVLightcard)) [ ... ]
115
116                    // 3. Finally Use InternalRTT
117                    if (!bResult)
118                    {
119                        bResult = Resources.GetRHIResources_RenderThread(EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets, OutResources);
120                    }
121                }
122            }
123        }
124    }
125
126    // ...
127
128    // ...
129
130    // ...
131
132    // ...
133
134    // ...
135
136    // ...
137
138    // ...
139
140    // ...
141
142    // ...
143
144    // ...
145
146    // ...
147
148    // ...
149
150
151
152
153
154 }
```

Notice in line 99 how InResourceType in the switch gets translated from **EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InternalRenderTargetResource**, to the queried **EDisplayClusterViewportResource::RenderTargets**, just as the enum comment said it would be.

In the end, `Resolve()` just means a texture copy, where `source` is the render target color for the viewport as just shown, and `output` is the resource marked as the `InputShaderResource` type:

```
274     else
275     {
276         // Pass 0: Linear gamma
277         GetShadersAPI().CreateTextureUtils_RenderThread(RHICmdList)
278             ->SetInput(&SourceViewportProxy, SrcResourceType)
279             ->SetOutput(this, EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource)
280             ->Resolve();
281     }
282 }
```

As mentioned resolve just means a texture copy of its contents

After a couple jumps it all ends in commands for copy texture

```
618
619     inline void TransitionAndCopyTexture(FRHICmdList& RHICmdList, FRHITexture* SrcTexture, FRHITexture* DstTexture, const FRHICopyTextureInfo& Info)
620     {
621         if (3ms elapsed)
622             check(SrcTexture && DstTexture);
623             check(SrcTexture->GetNumSamples() == DstTexture->GetNumSamples());
624
625         if (SrcTexture == DstTexture)
626         {
627             RHICmdList.Transition({
628                 :FRHITransitionInfo(SrcTexture, ERHIAccess::Unknown, ERHIAccess::SRVMask)
629             });
630             return;
631         }
632
633         RHICmdList.Transition({
634             :FRHITransitionInfo(SrcTexture, ERHIAccess::Unknown, ERHIAccess::CopySrc),
635             :FRHITransitionInfo(DstTexture, ERHIAccess::Unknown, ERHIAccess::CopyDest)
636         });
637
638         RHICmdList.CopyTexture(SrcTexture, DstTexture, Info);
639
640         RHICmdList.Transition({
641             :FRHITransitionInfo(SrcTexture, ERHIAccess::CopySrc, ERHIAccess::SRVMask),
642             :FRHITransitionInfo(DstTexture, ERHIAccess::CopyDest, ERHIAccess::SRVMask)
643         });
644     }
```

Hence the render target color is in its destination, everything is ready for warping, let's jump back to where we left off, to the next lambda:

```
192     void FD3DClusterViewportManagerProxy::ImplRenderFrame_GameThread(FViewport* InViewport)
193     {
194         ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_Setup)(
195             [InviewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList){ ... });
196
197         ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_CrossGPUTransfer)(
198             [InviewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this), OutputViewport = Inviewport](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList){ ... });
199
200         ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_UpdateDeferredResources)(
201             [ViewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this)](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
202             {
203                 RHT_BREADCRUMB_EVENT_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_VisualManager_UpdateDeferredResources, "nDisplay_VisualManager_UpdateDeferredResources");
204                 SCOPED_GPU_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_VisualManager_UpdateDeferredResources);
205
206                 // Update viewports resources: vp/texture overlay, OCIO, blur, nummips, etc
207                 ViewportManagerProxy->UpdateDeferredResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
208             });
209
210         ENQUEUE_RENDER_COMMAND(DisplayClusterRenderFrame_WarpBlend)(
211             [InviewportManagerProxy = SharedThis(this), OutputViewport = Inviewport](FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList)
212             {
213                 RHT_BREADCRUMB_EVENT_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_VisualManager_WarpBlend, "nDisplay_VisualManager_WarpBlend");
214                 SCOPED_GPU_STAT(RHICmdList, nDisplay_VisualManager_WarpBlend);
215
216                 const FD3DClusterViewportManagerProxy* ViewportManagerProxy = &InviewportManagerProxy.Get();
217
218                 ViewportManagerProxy->PostProcessManager->HandleBeginUpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy);
219
220                 // Update the frame resources: post-processing, warping, and finally resolving everything to the frame resource
221                 ViewportManagerProxy->UpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList); // 1ms elapsed
222
223                 ViewportManagerProxy->PostProcessManager->HandleEndUpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy);
224
225                 // Postrender notification before copying final image to the backbuffer
226                 IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostFrameRender_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy, OutputViewport);
227             });
228
229         // Postrender notification before copying final image to the backbuffer
230         IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostFrameRender_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy, OutputViewport);
231     }
232 }
```

In this lambda, first the render targets are cleared (remember that its contents have been just copied so its ok to clear it)

```

321
328     void FDisplayClusterViewportManagerProxy::UpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList) const
329     {
330         check(IsInRenderingThread());
331
332         // Do postprocess before warpblend
333         PostProcessManager->PerformPostProcessViewBeforeWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, this);
334
335         // Support viewport overlap order sorting:
336         TArray<TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy>, ESPMode::ThreadSafe> SortedViewportProxy = ImplGetCurrentRenderFrameViewportProxies_RenderThread();
337         SortedViewportProxy.Sort(
338             []([const TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy>, ESPMode::ThreadSafe& VP1, const TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy>, ESPMode::ThreadSafe& VP2]
339             {
340                 return VP1->GetRenderSettings_RenderThread().OverlapOrder < VP2->GetRenderSettings_RenderThread().OverlapOrder;
341             }
342         );
343
344         // Clear frame RTT resources before viewport resolving
345         const bool bClearFrameRTTEnabled = CVarClearFrameRTTEnabled.GetValueOnRenderThread() != 0;
346         if (bClearFrameRTTEnabled)
347         {
348             ImplClearFrameTargets_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
349
350         }
351
352     DisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPreWarp_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, this);
353
354
302     void FDisplayClusterViewportManagerProxy::ImplClearFrameTargets_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate&
303     | RHICmdList) const
304     {
305         TArray<FRHITexture*> FrameResources;
306         TArray<FRHITexture*> AdditionalFrameResources;
307         TArray<FIntPoint> TargetOffset;
308
309         if (GetFrameTargets_RenderThread(FrameResources, TargetOffset, &AdditionalFrameResources))
310         {
311             for (FRHITexture* FrameResourceIt : FrameResources)
312             {
313                 FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::FillTextureWithColor_RenderThread(RHICmdList,
314                     FrameResourceIt, FLinearColor::Black);
315             }
316         }
317     }

```

Render commands fill the render target texture with black

```

61
62     void FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::FillTextureWithColor_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList, FRHITexture* InRenderTargetTexture, const
63     | FLinearColor& InColor)
64     {
65         if (InRenderTargetTexture) ≤ 2ms elapsed
66         {
67             FRHIRenderPassInfo RPInfo(InRenderTargetTexture, ERenderTargetActions::DontLoad_Store);
68             RHICmdList.Transition(FRHITransitionInfo(InRenderTargetTexture, ERHIAccess::Unknown, ERHIAccess::RTV));
69             RHICmdList.BeginRenderPass(RPInfo, TEXT("nDisplay_FillTextureWithColor"));
70
71             const FIntPoint Size = InRenderTargetTexture->GetSizeXY();
72             RHICmdList.Setviewport(0, 0, 0.0f, Size.X, Size.Y, 1.0f);
73             DrawClearQuad(RHICmdList, FLinearColor::Black);
74
75         }
76     }
77 }

```

Then warping is invoked

```

353
354     // Handle warped viewport projection policy logic:
355     for (uint8 WarpPass = 0; WarpPass < (uint8)EWarpPass::COUNT; WarpPass++) ≤ 1ms elapsed
356     {
357         // Update deferred resources for viewports
358         for (CTSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy>, ESPMode::ThreadSafe& ViewportProxyIt : SortedViewportProxy)
359         {
360             // Iterate over visible viewports:
361             if (ViewportProxyIt.IsValid() && ViewportProxyIt->GetRenderSettings_RenderThread().bVisible)
362             {
363                 if (ViewportProxyIt->ShouldApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread())
364                 {
365                     const TSharedPtr<IDisplayClusterProjectionPolicy>, ESPMode::ThreadSafe& PrjPolicy = ViewportProxyIt->GetProjectionPolicy_RenderThread();
366                     switch ((EWarpPass)WarpPass)
367                     {
368                         case EWarpPass::Begin:
369                             IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPreWarpViewport_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportProxyIt.Get());
370                             PrjPolicy->BeginWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportProxyIt.Get());
371                             break;
372
373                         case EWarpPass::Render:
374                             PrjPolicy->ApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportProxyIt.Get());
375                             break;
376
377                         case EWarpPass::End:
378                             PrjPolicy->EndWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportProxyIt.Get());
379                             IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostWarpViewport_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportProxyIt.Get());
380                             break;
381
382                         default:
383                             break;
384                     }
385                 }
386             }
387         }
388
389         // per-frame handle
390         PostProcessManager->HandleUpdateFrameResourcesAfterWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, this);
391
392         // Per-view postprocess
393     }

```

Notice that input for warping is the output of the previous RenderTargets copy. This was the output for the copy:

```

274     else
275     {
276         // Pass 0: Linear gamma
277         GetShadersAPI().CreateTextureUtils_RenderThread(RHICmdList)
278             ->SetInput(SSourceViewportProxy, SrcResourceType)
279             ->SetOutput(this, EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource)
280             ->Resolve();
281     }
282 
```

And this is the input for warping

```

221     void FDisplayClusterProjectionEasyBlendPolicy::ApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList, const IDisplayClusterViewportProxy*
222     InviewportProxy)
223     {
224         check(IsInRenderingThread());
225         check(InviewportProxy);
226         if (!PolicyViewDataProxy.IsValid())
227         {
228             return;
229         }
230         // Get inout rmp resources ref from viewport
231         TArray<FRHITexture>& InputTextures, OutputTextures;
232         if (InviewportProxy->GetResources_RenderThread(EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource, InputTextures)
233             && InviewportProxy->GetResources_RenderThread(EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::AdditionalTargetableResource, OutputTextures))
234         {
235             check(InputTextures.Num() == OutputTextures.Num());
236             check(InviewportProxy->GetContexts_RenderThread().Num() == InputTextures.Num());
237             TRACE_CUPROFILER_EVENT_SCOPE(FDisplayClusterProjectionEasyBlendPolicy::ApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread);
238
239             // Warp all viewport contexts
240             for (Int32 ContextNum = 0; ContextNum < PolicyViewInfoProxy.Num(); ContextNum++)
241             {
242                 if (InputTextures.IsValidIndex(ContextNum) && OutputTextures.IsValidIndex(ContextNum))
243                 {
244                     PolicyViewDataProxy->ApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, PolicyViewInfoProxy[ContextNum], InputTextures[ContextNum], OutputTextures[ContextNum],
245                         [ContextNum], RHIViewportProxy);
246                 }
247             }
248         }
249     }
250 
```

Warping uses two textures - input (InputShaderResource, the RenderTargets color just copied) and output (AdditionalTargetableResource, a render target resource created in BeginNewFrame)- and the warping mesh, as well as the point of view. Notice how the output texture is first transitioned from unknown to Render (RTV) and then to RTV to Present.

```

151     // Setup In/Out Easyblend textures
152     RHICmdList.TransitionFromTransitionInfo(OutputTexture, ERHIAccess::Unknown, ERHIAccess::RTV);
153     // Insert outer query that encloses the whole batch
154     RHICmdList.EnqueueLambda(
155         [ ViewData = SharedThis(this), InputTexture = InputTexture, OutputTexture = OutputTexture, InViewLocation = InViewInfo.ViewLocation](FRHICmdList& ExecutingCmdList)
156     {
157         // Block multi-thread access to EasyBlendMeshData
158         TScopeLock<EScopeType> ViewData->EasyBlendMeshDataAccess();
159         TShareRef<FDisplayClusterProjectionEasyBlendLibraryDX12> EasyBlendAPI = FDisplayClusterProjectionEasyBlendLibraryDX12::Get();
160
161         ID3D12DynamicRHI* D3D12DynamicRHI = ID3D12DynamicRHI::Get();
162         if (ID3D12DynamicRHI)
163         {
164             return;
165         }
166
167         // Ensure EasyBlend uses the same GPU device as the source texture to support multi-GPU configurations
168         const uint32 DevIndex = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetResourceDeviceIndex(InputTexture);
169         ID3D12Device* D3D12Device = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetDevice(DevIndex);
170         if (ID3D12Device)
171         {
172             return;
173         }
174
175         // Update view location for proxy
176         const EasyBlendSDKError Result1 = EasyBlendAPI->EasyBlendSDK_SetEyePoint(ViewData->EasyBlendMeshData.Get(), InViewLocation.X, InViewLocation.Y, InViewLocation.Z);
177
178         // Initialize EasyBlend internals
179         if (!ViewData->bIsRenderResourcesInitialized)
180         {
181             const EasyBlendSDKError Result2 = EasyBlendAPI->EasyBlendSDK_InitializeDX12_Device(ViewData->EasyBlendMeshData.Get(), D3D12Device);
182             if (!EasyBlendSDK_SUCCESS(Result2))
183             {
184                 ViewData->bIsRenderResourcesInitialized = false;
185             }
186         }
187     }
188
189     ViewData->IsRenderResourcesInitialized = true;
190
191     ID3D12Resource* SrcTexture = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetResource(InputTexture);
192     ID3D12Resource* DestTexture = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetResource(OutputTexture);
193     const D3D12_CPU_DESCRIPTOR_HANDLE RTVHandle = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetRenderTargetView(OutputTexture);
194     ID3D12GraphicsCommandList* D3D12GraphicsCommandList = D3D12DynamicRHI->RHIGetGraphicsCommandList(ExecutingCmdList, DevIndex);
195
196     if (SrcTexture && DestTexture && D3D12GraphicsCommandList)
197     {
198         // Render EasyBlend on proxy
199         const EasyBlendSDKError Result2 = EasyBlendAPI->EasyBlendSDK_TransformInputToOutputDX12_CommandList(ViewData->EasyBlendMeshData.Get(),
200             SrcTexture, DestTexture, RTVHandle,
201             D3D12GraphicsCommandList);
202     }
203
204     RHICmdList.Transition(FRHITransitionInfo(OutputTexture, ERHIAccess::RTV, ERHIAccess::Present));
205
206     return true;
207 } 
```

However the real presentation to the backbuffer happens later and it is a bit involved. After warping a post resolve step is executed

```

374
395     // Post resolve to Frame RTT
396     // All warp&blend results are now inside AdditionalTargetableResource. Viewport images of other
397     // projection policies are still stored in the InputShaderResource.
398     for (TSharedPtr<FDisplayClusterViewportProxy, ESPMode::ThreadSafe>& ViewportProxyIt :
399         SortedViewportProxy)
400     {
401         // Iterate over visible viewports:
402         if (ViewportProxyIt.IsValid() && ViewportProxyIt->GetRenderSettings_RenderThread().bVisible)
403         {
404             ViewportProxyIt->PostResolveViewport_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
405         }
406     }
407     IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostWarp_RenderThread().Broadcast(
408         RHICmdList, this);
409     PostProcessManager->PerformPostProcessFrameAfterWarpBlend_RenderThread(RHICmdList, this);

```

In this step the texture result of warping is copied from AfterWarpBlendTargetableResource to OutputTargetableResources

```

160
161     void FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::PostResolveViewport_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList) const
162     {
163         // resolve warped viewport resource to the output texture
164         ResolveResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList, EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::AfterWarpBlendTargetableResource,
165                                         EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::OutputTargetableResource);
166
167         // Implement ViewportRemap feature
168         ImplViewportRemap_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
169     }

```

When in fact AfterWarpBlendTargetableResource becomes our friend InputShaderResource in yet another Unreal's sleight of hand:

```

98
99     EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::Get ResourceType_RenderThread(const
100    | EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType& In ResourceType) const
101
102    {
103        check(IsInRenderingThread());
104
105        switch (In ResourceType)
106        {
107            case EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::BeforeWarpBlendTargetableResource:
108                return EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource;
109
110            case EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::AfterWarpBlendTargetableResource:
111                return ShouldApplyWarpBlend_RenderThread() ?
112                    EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::AdditionalTargetableResource :
113                    EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::InputShaderResource;

```

This step is just a texture copy again:

```

228
229     bool FDisplayClusterViewportProxy::ImplResolveResources_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList, FDis
230     EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InExtResourceType, const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType OutExtResour
231     {
232         using namespace UE::DisplayCluster::ViewportProxy;
233
234         check(IsInRenderingThread());
235         check(SourceProxy);
236
237         const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType InResourceType = SourceProxy->GetResourceType_RenderThread(InExtR
238         const EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType OutResourceType = GetResourceType_RenderThread(OutExtResourceType
239
240         if (InResourceType == EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::MipsShaderResource)
241         {
242             // RenderTargetMips not allowed for resolve op
243             return false;
244         }
245
246         FDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtilsSettings TextureUtilsSettings;
247         // The mode used to blend textures
248         if (OutResourceType == EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::OutputPreviewTargetableResource)
249         {
250             // The preview texture should use only RGB colors and ignore the alpha channel.
251             // The alpha channel may or may not be inverted in third-party libraries.
252             TextureUtilsSettings.OverrideAlpha = EDisplayClusterShaderTextureUtilsOverrideAlpha::Set_Alpha_One;
253         }
254
255         TSharedRef<IDisplayClusterShadersTextureUtils> TextureUtils =
256             GetShadersAPI().CreateTextureUtils_RenderThread(RHICmdList)
257             ->SetInput(SourceProxy, InExtResourceType)
258             ->SetOutput(this, OutExtResourceType);
259
260         if (InExtResourceType == EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::AfterWarpBlendTargetableResource
261             && OutExtResourceType == EDisplayClusterViewportResourceType::OutputTargetableResource
262             && DisplayDeviceProxy.IsValid()
263             && DisplayDeviceProxy->HasFinalPass_RenderThread())
264         {
265             // Custom resolve at external Display Device
266             DisplayDeviceProxy->AddFinalPass_RenderThread(TextureUtilsSettings, TextureUtils);
267         }
268         else
269         {
270             // Standard resolve:
271             TextureUtils->Resolve(TextureUtilsSettings);    ≤ 1ms elapsed
272         }
273
274     }
275
276     return true;
277 }

```

Then in `ResolveFrameTargetToBackBuffer` the texture is finally copied to the true and only viewport rendertarget, with `OutputViewport->GetRenderTargetTexture()` as destination

```

253     // Update the frame resources: post-processing, warping, and finally resolving everything to the frame resource
254     ViewportManagerProxy->UpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList);
255
256     ViewportManagerProxy->PostProcessManager->HandleEndUpdateFrameResources_RenderThread(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy);
257
258     // Postrender notification before copying final image to the backbuffer
259     IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostFrameRender_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy, OutputViewport);
260
261     if (OutputViewport)
262     {
263         if (FRHITexture* FrameOutputRTT = OutputViewport->GetRenderTargetTexture())
264         {
265             // For quadbuf stereo copy only left eye, right copy from OutputFrameTarget
266             // @todo Copy QuadBuf_Lefteye/(mono,sbs,tp) to separate RTT, before UI and debug rendering
267             // @todo QuadBuf_Lefteye copied latter, before present
268             if (ViewportManagerProxy->ConfigurationProxy->GetRenderFrameSettings().ShouldUseStereoRenderingOnMonoscopicDisplay())
269             {
270                 ViewportManagerProxy->ResolveFrameTargetToBackBuffer_RenderThread(RHICmdList, 1, 0, FrameOutputRTT, FrameOutputRTT->GetSizeXY());
271             }
272
273             ViewportManagerProxy->ResolveFrameTargetToBackBuffer_RenderThread(RHICmdList, 0, 0, FrameOutputRTT, FrameOutputRTT->GetSizeXY());    ≤ 2ms elapsed
274
275             // Finally, notify about backbuffer update
276             IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostBackbufferUpdated_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, OutputViewport);
277             PRAGMA_DISABLE_DEPRECATED_WARNINGS
278             IDisplayCluster::Get().GetCallbacks().OnDisplayClusterPostBackbufferUpdate_RenderThread().Broadcast(RHICmdList, ViewportManagerProxy, OutputViewpo
279             PRAGMA_ENABLE_DEPRECATED_WARNINGS
280         }
281     }

```

And the frame target is the source

```

631     bool FDisplayClusterViewportManagerProxy::ResolveFrameTargetToBackBuffer_RenderThread(FRHICmdListImmediate& RHICmdList, const
632     uint32 InContextNum, const int32 DestArrayIndex, FRHITexture* DestTexture, FVector2D WindowSize) const
633     {
634         check(IsInRenderingThread());
635
636         if (!DestTexture)
637         {
638             return false;
639         }
640
641         // Output texture must supports quadbuffer stereo.
642         if (DestArrayIndex > 0)
643         {
644             // Check if the backbuffer texture has a second slice for stereo.
645             const bool bStereoTexture = DestTexture->GetDesc().Dimension == ETextureDimension::Texture2DArray && DestTexture->GetDesc
646             .ArraySize > 1;
647             if (!bStereoTexture)
648             {
649                 return false;
650             }
651
652             TArray<FRHITexture*> FrameResources;
653             TArray<FIntPoint> TargetOffsets;
654             if (GetFrameTargets_RenderThread(FrameResources, TargetOffsets) && FrameResources.IsValidIndex(InContextNum))
655             {
656                 // Use internal frame textures as source
657                 if (FRHITexture* FrameTexture = FrameResources[InContextNum])
658                 {
659                     FIntRect SrcRect(FIntPoint::ZeroValue, FrameTexture->GetDesc().Extent);
660
661                     const FIntPoint& DestOffset = TargetOffsets[InContextNum];
662                     FIntRect DestRect(DestOffset, DestOffset + FrameTexture->GetDesc().Extent);
663
664                     // Check if resources with the specified regions can be resolved.
665                     if (!FDisplayClusterViewportHelpers::GetValidResourceRectsForResolve(FrameTexture->GetDesc().Extent, DestTexture->GetDes
666                     .Extent, SrcRect, DestRect))
667                     {
668                         // The SrcRect or DestRect is invalid.
669                         return false;
670                     }
671
672                     FRHICopyTextureInfo CopyInfo;
673
674                     CopyInfo.SourceSliceIndex = 0;
675                     CopyInfo.DestSliceIndex = DestArrayIndex;
676
677                     CopyInfo.SourcePosition = FIntVector(SrcRect.Min.X, SrcRect.Min.Y, 0);
678                     CopyInfo.DestPosition = FIntVector(DestRect.Min.X, DestRect.Min.Y, 0);
679
680                     CopyInfo.Size = FIntVector(DestRect.Width(), DestRect.Height(), 0);
681
682                     TransitionAndCopyTexture(RHICmdList, FrameTexture, DestTexture, CopyInfo); ≤ 1ms elapsed
683
684                     return true;
685                 }
686             }
687         }
688     }

```

Tadah! And an image is produced.

TODO: Analyze whether FDisplayClusterMeshProjectionRenderer could be an example source for custom warping.