

High-Power LED Driver Using The TPS40200

ABSTRACT

The reference design in Figure 1 is capable of driving four 500-mA LEDs in series, using the TPS40200. The circuit diagram and a brief application note describe how to change the average output current and the number of LEDs in series. With minor component changes the output current can be reduced, or it may be increased in excess of 1 A to accommodate other types of LEDs.

1 TPS40200 Characteristics:

- Input Voltage Range 4.5 to 52 V
- Output Voltage (700 mV to 90% V_{in})
- 200 mA Internal P-FET Driver
- Voltage Feed-Forward Compensation
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Programmable Fixed Frequency (35–500 kHz) Operation
- Programmable Short Circuit Protection
- Hiccup Overcurrent Fault Recovery
- Programmable Closed Loop Soft Start
- 700 mV 1% Reference Voltage
- External Synchronization
- Small 8-Pin SOIC (D) Package



2 TPS40200 Reference Design

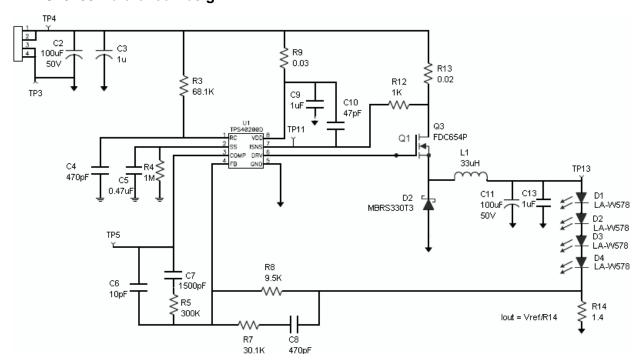


Figure 1. Reference Schematic

2.1 Bill of Materials

Table 1. TPS40200 BOM - 500mA LED Driver

COUNT	RefDes	Value	Description	Size	Part Number	Mfr
2	C2, C11	100μF	Capacitor, Aluminum, 100µF, 50V, 20%	8,3 mm × 8,3 mm	EEV-FK1J101P	Panasonic
3	C3, C9, C13	1μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1µF, 50V, X7R, 20%	603	Std	TDK
2	C4, C8	470pF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 470pF, 50V, X7R, 20%	603	Std	TDK
1	C5	0.470pF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.470pF, 50V, X7R, 20%	603	Std	TDK
1	C6	10μF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 10µF, 50V, X7R, 20%	603	Std	TDK
1	C7	1500pF	Capacitor, Ceramic, 1500pF, 50V, X7R, 20%	603	Std	TDK
1	D2	MBRS330T3	Dual_Schottky_Diode, 6A, 40V	Dpak	MBRD640CTT4	On Semi
2	J1, J2	ED1514	Terminal Block, 2pin, 6A, 3,5mm	0.27 × 0.25	ED1514	OST
1	L1	33μΗ	Inductor, SMT, 33μH, 3.2A, 0.047Ω	½ inch sq"	SLF12575T-330M3R2	TDK
1	Q2	FQPF13N06	MOSFET, N-ch, 60V, 2.8A -0.110Ω	TO220	FQPF13N06	Fairchild
1	U1	TPS40200D	IC, Low Cost Sync Buck Controller	SO-8	TPS40200D	TI
1	R3	68.1KΩ	Resistor, Chip, 68.1kΩ, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R4	1ΜΩ	Resistor, Chip, 1MΩ, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R5	300ΚΩ	Resistor, Chip, 300kΩ, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R7	30.1ΚΩ	Resistor, Chip, 30.1kΩ, 1/2W, 1%	2010	Std	Std
1	R8	9.5ΚΩ	Resistor, Chip, 9.5kΩ, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R9	0.03Ω	Resistor, Chip, 0.03Ω, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R12	1ΚΩ	Resistor, Chip, 1kΩ, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R13	0.02Ω	Resistor, Chip, 0.02-Ω, 1/16W, 1%	0603	Std	Std
1	R14	1.4Ω	Resistor, Chip, 1.4-Ω, 1W, 1%		Std	Std
6	TP1, TP3 TP4, TP5, TP8, TP9		Test Point, Red, 1m	0.038	5000 RED	Keystone



COUNT	RefDes	Value	Description	Size	Part Number	Mfr	
3	TP2, TP6, TP7		Test Point, Black, 1mm	0.038	5001 Black	Keystone	
NOTES: 1.	These assemblies are ESD sensitive, ESD precautions shall be observed.						
2.	These assemblies must be clean and free from flux and all contaminants. Use of no clean flux is not acceptable.						
3.	These assemblies must comply with workmanship standards IPC-A-610 Class 2.						
4.	Ref designators marked with an asterisk ('**') cannot be substituted. All other components can be substituted with equivalent MFR's components.						

3 Driving 500-mA LEDs With The TPS40200

The TPS40200 can be used to drive a wide range of LED types. With a maximum duty cycle of 90%, it can drive a series of LEDs up to 90% of the applied input voltage.

The voltage input range of the TPS40200 is from 4.5 V to 52 V. It can be readily determined how many LEDs can be driven in series by the following formula.

• Number of series LEDs = (D x V_{IN}) ÷ V_{F}

Where:

 V_{IN} = the input voltage applied to the TPS40200

D = the maximum duty cycle obtainable by the controller, with the TPS40200 this is 90%

V_F = the worst case maximum forward voltage drop of the particular LED, including the stackup of all affecting tolerances

Example:

Using a white LED (PN - LW W5SG) with a maximum forward voltage drop (V_F) of approximately 5 V, and driven at the maximum value of 500 mA with an input voltage of 24 V, the reference design could drive up to 4 of these LEDs without stress.

Number of series LEDs = (0.9 x 24) ÷ 5 = 4 LEDs

Setting the RMS drive current:

Since the internal reference (V_{REF}) of the TPS40200 is 700 mV, the current-sense resistor R14 is set by the following formula:

$$I_{OUT} = V_{RFF} \div R14$$

Where:

I_{OUT} = LED RMS current

The reference circuit is designed to drive the white LED with 500 mA.

Solving the equation for R14 gives us 1.4 Ω .

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third-party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Following are URLs where you can obtain information on other Texas Instruments products and application solutions:

Products		Applications	
Amplifiers	amplifier.ti.com	Audio	www.ti.com/audio
Data Converters	dataconverter.ti.com	Automotive	www.ti.com/automotive
DSP	dsp.ti.com	Broadband	www.ti.com/broadband
Interface	interface.ti.com	Digital Control	www.ti.com/digitalcontrol
Logic	logic.ti.com	Military	www.ti.com/military
Power Mgmt	power.ti.com	Optical Networking	www.ti.com/opticalnetwork
Microcontrollers	microcontroller.ti.com	Security	www.ti.com/security
Low Power Wireless	www.ti.com/lpw	Telephony	www.ti.com/telephony
		Video & Imaging	www.ti.com/video
		Wireless	www.ti.com/wireless

Mailing Address: Texas Instruments

Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2006, Texas Instruments Incorporated