# Merging time series data by row

CASE STUDIES: MANIPULATING TIME SERIES DATA IN R

**Lore Dirick**

Manager of Data Science Curriculum at Flatiron School
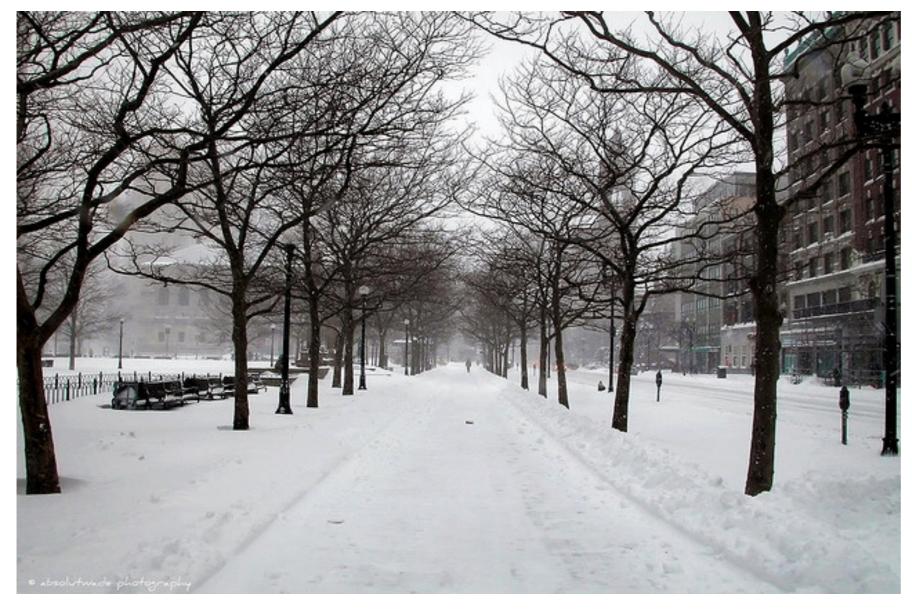
# Merging using rbind()

- xts objects are automatically ordered in time

- Merging xts objects using `rbind()` preserves order

# Weather data

- Practice with Boston area weather data



[1] Beau Wade, https://www.flickr.com/people/absolutwade/

# Let's practice!

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# Merging time series data by column

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datacamp

# Preparing to merge

- Check periodicity and coverage

```
periodicity(temps_xts)
```

```
Daily periodicity from 2007-01-01 to 2015-12-31
```

```
periodicity(flights_xts)
```

```
Monthly periodicity from 2010-01-01 to 2015-12-01
```

# Preparing to merge

- Subset data to include similar coverage

```
temps_xts_2 <- temps_xts["2010/2015"]
```

- Convert periodicity

```
temps_monthly <- to.period(temps_xts_2,
                           period = "months")
```

- Note: can only convert to a lower frequency

# Using merge() with xts

- Order of `merge()` determines order of columns

- Order of rows is based on time index

```
flights_temps <- merge(flights_xts, temps_monthly)
head(flights_temps)
```

```
            flights    temps
2010-01-01     8912 36.12903
2010-02-01     8418 37.71429
2010-03-01     9637 42.22581
2010-04-01     9363 51.26667
2010-05-01     9360 56.87097
2010-06-01     9502 63.56667
```

# Let's practice!

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# Time series data workflow

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# Workflow for merging

1. Encode all time series objects to xts

```
data_1_xts <- as.xts(data_1, order.by = index)
```

2. Examine and adjust periodicity

```
periodicity(data_1_xts)
to.period(data_1_xts, period = "years")
```

3. Merge xts objects

```
merged_data <- merge(data_1_xts, data_2_xts)
```

# Let's practice!

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