

# MATH 117: Exam # 2

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Due: 11/6/2020 11:59pm

Don't forget to vote!

**Please show your work for the following problems. These problems have solutions that are easily found online, so most of your grade will be based on your explanation. Good luck!**

## 1

Assume  $r, n, P, A$  are constant. Solve for  $t$  in the compound interest formula:

$$A = P \left( 1 + \frac{r}{n} \right)^{nt}.$$

Show you're work.

## 2

Assume that  $a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, k, l > 0$  are constants. Condense

$$a \log_b(c) + \log_d(e) + \frac{\log_f(g)}{h} + \log_j(k + l)$$

into a single logarithm with base  $b$ . Show you're work.

## 3

The formula for an increasing population is given by  $P(t) = P_0 e^{rt}$  where  $P_0$  is the initial population and  $r > 0$  is constant. Derive a general formula for the time  $t$  it takes for the population to increase by a factor of  $M$ . Show you're work. (Hint: We have done this when  $M = 2$ .)

## 4

Assume  $P_0, D, P > 0$  is constant After  $D$  days a sample of radon-222 has decayed to  $P_0\%$  of its original amount.

### 4.1

What is the half-life of radon-222, in terms of  $P_0$  and  $D$ ? (The half-life being the time it takes to decay to half of its original amount.) Answer should be in terms of  $P_0, D$ . Show your work.

### 4.2

How long will it take the sample to decay to a percentage  $P$  of its original amount? Solve it in terms of  $P, P_0, D$ . Show your work.

## 5

Solve the following exponential/logarithmic equations for  $x$ , in terms of the constants  $A, B, C, D > 0$ . Warning: Some of your answers will be complex (the imaginary kind of complex, and also possibly the difficult kind of complex). We'll be using the notation:  $\log_{10}(x) = \log(x)$ .

### 5.1

$$\frac{A}{B + Ce^{-x^2}} = D$$

### 5.2

$$\log(x + A) + \log(x + B) = 1$$

### 5.3

$$A^{x^2/2} = B^{x-1}.$$

## Extra Credit

Solve for  $k$  in the equation

$$x^{1/\log(x)} = k.$$