# NYPD\_Shooting\_Incidents\_Report

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#### 2023-11-21

### Introduction

#### Purpose

This assignment will show my ability to complete all steps in the data science process in a reproducible manner by producing a report on the NYPD Shooting Incident Data (Historic).

#### Question

I want to determine if a demographic (age or race) as well as location are good indicators to determine whether a shooting incident was fatal or not. Will my models be able to predict this?

#### **Description of Data**

List of every shooting incident that occurred in NYC going back to 2006 through the end of the previous calendar year.

This is a breakdown of every shooting incident that occurred in NYC going back to 2006 through the end of the previous calendar year. This data is manually extracted every quarter and reviewed by the Office of Management Analysis and Planning before being posted on the NYPD website. Each record represents a shooting incident in NYC and includes information about the event, the location and time of occurrence. In addition, information related to suspect and victim demographics is also included. This data can be used by the public to explore the nature of shooting/criminal activity. Please refer to the attached data footnotes for additional information about this dataset.

Source https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/nypd-shooting-incident-data-historic

### Step 1:

#### **Import Libraries**

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
```

### Step 2:

#### Import the Dataset

```
url_in <- "https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv"
shootings_data <- read_csv(url_in)
glimpse(shootings_data) # Display every column</pre>
```

```
## Rows: 27,312
## Columns: 21
## $ INCIDENT KEY
                          <dbl> 228798151, 137471050, 147998800, 146837977, 58~
                          <chr> "05/27/2021", "06/27/2014", "11/21/2015", "10/~
## $ OCCUR_DATE
## $ OCCUR TIME
                          <time> 21:30:00, 17:40:00, 03:56:00, 18:30:00, 22:58~
## $ BORO
                          <chr> "QUEENS", "BRONX", "QUEENS", "BRONX", "BRONX", "
## $ LOC OF OCCUR DESC
                          <dbl> 105, 40, 108, 44, 47, 81, 114, 81, 105, 101, 2~
## $ PRECINCT
## $ JURISDICTION_CODE
                          <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2~
## $ LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC
                          ## $ LOCATION_DESC
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, "MULTI DWE~
## $ STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG <1gl> FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, ~
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "25-44", NA, NA, NA, NA, "25-4~
## $ PERP AGE GROUP
## $ PERP SEX
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "M", NA, NA, NA, NA, "M", NA, ~
## $ PERP_RACE
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "BLACK", NA, NA, NA, NA, "BLAC~
                          <chr> "18-24", "18-24", "25-44", "<18", "45-64", "25~
## $ VIC_AGE_GROUP
## $ VIC_SEX
                          <chr> "BLACK", "BLACK", "WHITE", "WHITE HISPANIC", "~
## $ VIC RACE
## $ X_COORD_CD
                          <dbl> 1058925.0, 1005028.0, 1007667.9, 1006537.4, 10~
                          <dbl> 180924.0, 234516.0, 209836.5, 244511.1, 262189~
## $ Y COORD CD
## $ Latitude
                          <dbl> 40.66296, 40.81035, 40.74261, 40.83778, 40.886~
## $ Longitude
                          <dbl> -73.73084, -73.92494, -73.91549, -73.91946, -7~
                          <chr> "POINT (-73.73083868899994 40.662964620000025)~
## $ Lon_Lat
```

### Step 3:

**Tidying and Transforming Dataset** 

Remove any unnecessary columns from the dataset (anything not related to demographics, borough or if the shooting was fatal).

Create factors as they are used to work with categorical variables and regression later.

Remove NA values from the records.

Source https://r4ds.had.co.nz/factors.html

I do not these columns: INCIDENT\_KEY, OCCUR\_TIME, PRECINCT, JURISDICTION\_CODE, LOCATION\_DESC, LOC\_CLASSFCTN\_DESC, LOC\_OF\_OCCUR\_DESC, X\_COORD\_CD, Y\_COORD\_CD, Latitude, Longitude, Lon\_Lat, PERP\_SEX, VIC\_SEX.

```
# Drop the columns
shootings_data <- shootings_data %>% select(-c(
                       INCIDENT_KEY,
                      OCCUR_TIME,
                      PRECINCT,
                       JURISDICTION CODE,
                      LOCATION DESC,
                      LOC CLASSFCTN DESC,
                      LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC,
                      X_COORD_CD,
                      Y COORD CD,
                      Latitude,
                      Longitude,
                      Lon_Lat,
                      PERP_SEX,
                      VIC_SEX
```

```
))
# Treat categorical variables as factors to be used in regression analysis
shootings data$BORO <- as.factor(shootings data$BORO)</pre>
shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP <- as.factor(shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP)</pre>
shootings data PERP RACE <- as.factor(shootings data PERP RACE)
shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP <- as.factor(shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP)</pre>
shootings_data$VIC_RACE <- as.factor(shootings_data$VIC_RACE)</pre>
shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG <- as.factor(shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG)
# Lets remove any data that is incomplete (has NA) as that will not be useful for our analysis
shootings_data <- shootings_data %>% drop_na()
# Display the summary
summary(shootings_data)
     OCCUR_DATE
                                   BORO
                                              STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG PERP_AGE_GROUP
##
##
  Length: 17968
                        BRONX
                                     :5425
                                             FALSE: 14408
                                                                      18-24 :6222
```

```
TRUE : 3560
                                                                  25-44 :5687
##
   Class :character
                      BROOKLYN
                                   :6642
## Mode :character
                      MANHATTAN
                                   :2542
                                                                  UNKNOWN:3148
##
                      QUEENS
                                   :2728
                                                                  <18
                                                                         :1591
##
                      STATEN ISLAND: 631
                                                                  (null): 640
                                                                  45-64 : 617
##
##
                                                                  (Other):
##
            PERP RACE
                          VIC AGE GROUP
                                                                  VIC RACE
                 :11432
                                 :2027
                                         AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE:
##
  BLACK
                          <18
   WHITE HISPANIC: 2341
                          1022
                                 : 1
                                         ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
                                                                         307
##
                 : 1802
## UNKNOWN
                          18-24 :6518
                                         BLACK
                                                                      :12252
## BLACK HISPANIC: 1314
                          25-44 :7939
                                         BLACK HISPANIC
                                                                      : 1800
                          45-64 :1290
                : 640
## (null)
                                         UNKNOWN
                                                                          48
## WHITE
                 : 283
                                 : 137
                                         WHITE
                                                                         552
                          65+
                          UNKNOWN: 56
## (Other)
                 : 156
                                        WHITE HISPANIC
                                                                      : 3001
```

#### Step 4:

Visualizing, Analyzing, and Modeling Data

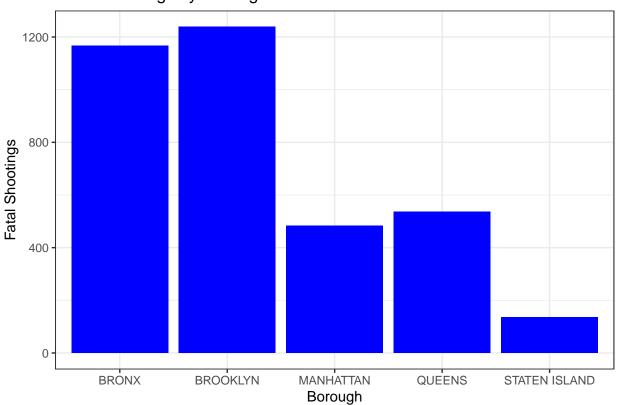
Create tables to display the breakdown of shootings and fatal shootings by race and age.

```
##
##
                                     FALSE TRUE
##
     AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE
                                         8
                                               0
     ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
                                              79
##
                                        228
##
     BLACK
                                       9901 2351
##
     BLACK HISPANIC
                                       1492
                                             308
##
                                               6
     UNKNOWN
                                        42
     WHITE
                                        398
                                            154
```

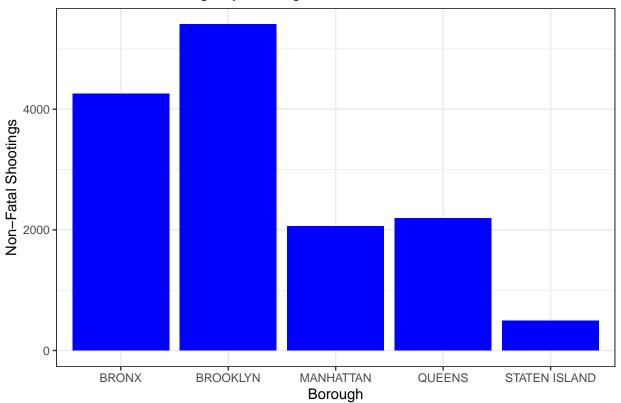
```
## WHITE HISPANIC
                                   2339 662
# Breakdown the perpetrators by race
table(shootings_data$PERP_RACE,
     shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
                                  FALSE TRUE
##
     (null)
                                    545
                                          95
##
    AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE
                                    2
                                          0
    ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
##
                                    106
                                         48
##
    BLACK
                                   9053 2379
    BLACK HISPANIC
##
                                   1054 260
##
    UNKNOWN
                                   1699 103
##
    WHITE
                                    173 110
##
    WHITE HISPANIC
                                   1776 565
# Breakdown the victims by age group
table(shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP,
     shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
    <18
           1746 281
##
    1022
##
              1
##
    18-24 5356 1162
    25-44 6195 1744
##
##
    45-64
             971 319
##
    65+
              95
                  42
##
    UNKNOWN
               44 12
# Breakdown the perpetrators by age group
table(shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP,
     shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
            FALSE TRUE
##
    (null)
            545 95
##
    <18
            1304 287
##
    1020
               1
##
    18-24
             4920 1302
##
    224
              1
##
    25-44
             4163 1524
##
    45-64
             399 218
              35 25
##
    65+
##
    940
               1
    UNKNOWN 3039 109
##
```

### Create charts to compare as well

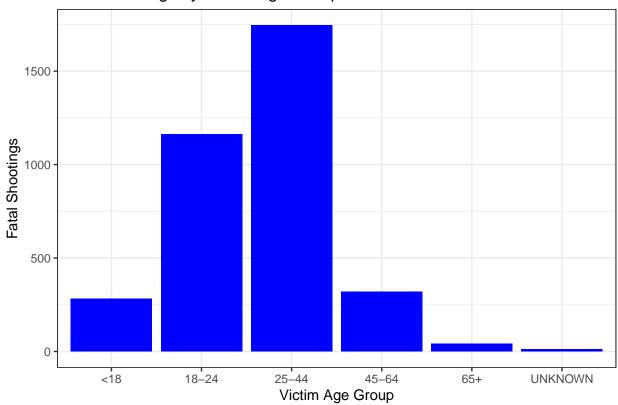
## Fatal Shootings by Borough



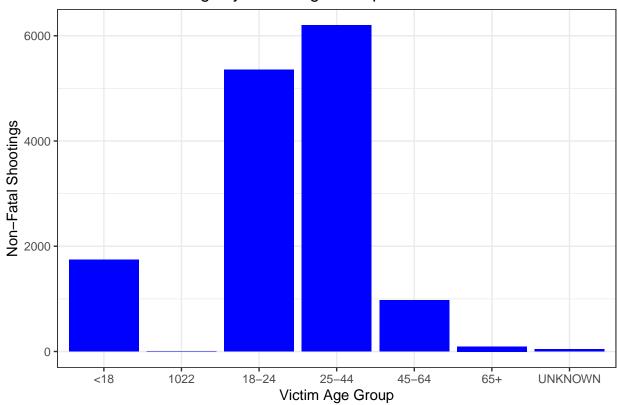
# Non-Fatal Shootings by Borough



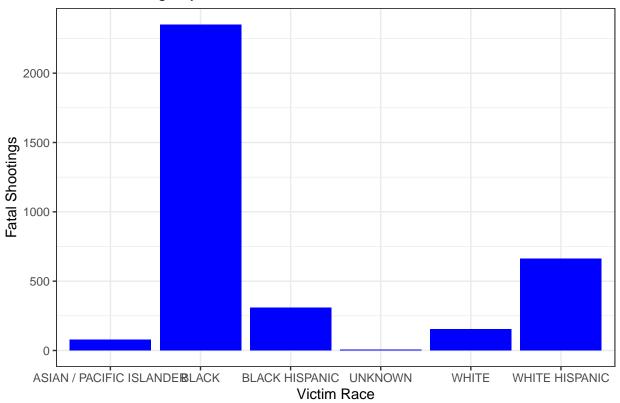
# Fatal Shootings by Victim Age Group



# Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Age Group

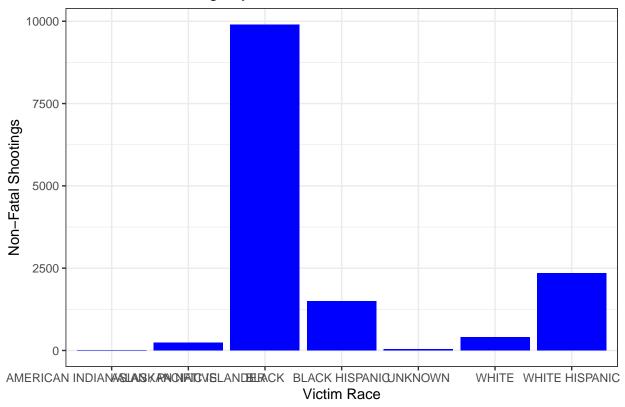


# Fatal Shootings by Victim Race



```
shootings_data %>%
  filter(STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG == FALSE) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = VIC_RACE)) +
  geom_bar(fill = "blue")+
  theme_bw()+
  labs(x = "Victim Race",
        y = "Non-Fatal Shootings",
        title = "Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Race")
```

## Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Race



The majority of victims as well as perpetrators of shootings both fatal and non-fatal are Black. The majority of victims as well as perpetrators of shootings both fatal and non-fatal are between the age groups 18-24 and 25-44 at the time of writing. Brooklyn and the Bronx experience the most shooting incidences.

#### Analysis

In order to analyze the data further, I am going to use regression analysis as this is the best use case because we have categorical data. I used this **Source**: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/regression-with-categorical-variables-in-r-programming/ as a reference.

I want to determine what demographic / location data is a good predictor on the outcome of a shooting incident. To answer my question from above. I selected as my independent variable as STATISTI-CAL\_MURDER\_FLAG, and I chose my dependent variables as VIC\_AGE\_GROUP, VIC\_RACE, BORO.

```
# Regression is a multi-step process for estimating the relationships between a dependent variable and glm_model <- glm(STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG ~ VIC_AGE_GROUP + VIC_RACE + BORO, data = shootings_data, fami summary(glm_model)
```

```
## VIC AGE GROUP18-24
                                      0.29513
                                                 0.07209
                                                           4.094 4.24e-05 ***
## VIC_AGE_GROUP25-44
                                                           7.867 3.62e-15 ***
                                                 0.06996
                                      0.55040
## VIC AGE GROUP45-64
                                      0.67944
                                                 0.09185
                                                           7.397 1.39e-13 ***
## VIC_AGE_GROUP65+
                                                           4.783 1.73e-06 ***
                                      0.94459
                                                 0.19750
## VIC AGE GROUPUNKNOWN
                                      0.57366
                                                 0.34746
                                                           1.651
                                                                  0.09874
## VIC RACEASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER 11.43038
                                                           0.100 0.92053
                                               114.57020
## VIC RACEBLACK
                                                                  0.92280
                                     11.10313
                                               114.57013
                                                           0.097
## VIC RACEBLACK HISPANIC
                                     10.91468
                                               114.57014
                                                           0.095
                                                                  0.92410
## VIC RACEUNKNOWN
                                     10.48014
                                               114.57101
                                                           0.091
                                                                  0.92712
## VIC_RACEWHITE
                                     11.47184
                                               114.57017
                                                           0.100
                                                                  0.92024
## VIC_RACEWHITE HISPANIC
                                     11.22623
                                               114.57013
                                                           0.098 0.92194
## BOROBROOKLYN
                                     -0.19593
                                                 0.04727
                                                          -4.145 3.40e-05 ***
                                                          -2.901 0.00372 **
## BOROMANHATTAN
                                     -0.17633
                                                 0.06079
## BOROQUEENS
                                     -0.15469
                                                 0.05954
                                                          -2.598 0.00938 **
## BOROSTATEN ISLAND
                                     -0.06473
                                                 0.10411
                                                          -0.622 0.53411
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 17889
                             on 17967
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 17712
                             on 17951
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 17746
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 11
```

Given that the p-value for the predictor variable for VIC\_AGE\_GROUP18-24, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP25-44, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP45-64, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP65+, BOROBROOKLYN, BOROMANHATTAN, and BOROQUEENS is less than 0.05, means that they have a statistically significant relationship with the response variable in the model. **Source**: https://www.statology.org/interpret-prz-logistic-regression-output-r/

After reviewing the evidence in my regression analysis and table data. It appears that the age and location are determining factors in the outcome of a shooting incident. There is no statistical evidence that race has is a determining factor in the outcome of a shooting incident.

#### Bias

I tried to limit my own personal bias by staying true to the data and not jumping to conclusions. I let the data speak for itself when it comes to the statistical significance of a determining factor. I really had no dog in the fight it was fun to try and figure out which factors mattered the most.