# NYPD\_Shooting\_Incidents\_Report

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### Introduction

### Purpose

This assignment will show my ability to complete all steps in the data science process in a reproducible manner by producing a report on the NYPD Shooting Incident Data (Historic).

#### Question

I want to determine if a demographic (age or race) as well as location are good indicators to determine whether a shooting incident was fatal or not. Will my models be able to predict this?

#### **Description of Data**

List of every shooting incident that occurred in NYC going back to 2006 through the end of the previous calendar year.

This is a breakdown of every shooting incident that occurred in NYC going back to 2006 through the end of the previous calendar year. This data is manually extracted every quarter and reviewed by the Office of Management Analysis and Planning before being posted on the NYPD website. Each record represents a shooting incident in NYC and includes information about the event, the location and time of occurrence. In addition, information related to suspect and victim demographics is also included. This data can be used by the public to explore the nature of shooting/criminal activity. Please refer to the attached data footnotes for additional information about this dataset.

Source https://catalog.data.gov/dataset/nypd-shooting-incident-data-historic

### Step 1:

### **Import Libraries**

```
library(tidyverse)
library(ggplot2)
```

### Step 2:

### Import the Dataset

```
# Declare url
url_in <- "https://data.cityofnewyork.us/api/views/833y-fsy8/rows.csv"
# Read data from url
shootings_data <- read_csv(url_in)</pre>
```

# # Display every column glimpse(shootings\_data)

```
## Rows: 27,312
## Columns: 21
## $ INCIDENT KEY
                          <dbl> 228798151, 137471050, 147998800, 146837977, 58~
## $ OCCUR DATE
                          <chr> "05/27/2021", "06/27/2014", "11/21/2015", "10/~
## $ OCCUR_TIME
                          <time> 21:30:00, 17:40:00, 03:56:00, 18:30:00, 22:58~
## $ BORO
                          <chr> "QUEENS", "BRONX", "QUEENS", "BRONX", "BRONX", ~
## $ LOC_OF_OCCUR_DESC
                          ## $ PRECINCT
                          <dbl> 105, 40, 108, 44, 47, 81, 114, 81, 105, 101, 2~
## $ JURISDICTION_CODE
                          <dbl> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 0, 2, 2~
## $ LOC_CLASSFCTN_DESC
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, NA, "MULTI DWE~
## $ LOCATION_DESC
## $ STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG <1gl> FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE, ~
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "25-44", NA, NA, NA, NA, "25-4~
## $ PERP AGE GROUP
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "M", NA, NA, NA, NA, "M", NA, ~
## $ PERP SEX
## $ PERP_RACE
                          <chr> NA, NA, NA, NA, "BLACK", NA, NA, NA, NA, "BLAC~
## $ VIC AGE GROUP
                          <chr> "18-24", "18-24", "25-44", "<18", "45-64", "25~
                          ## $ VIC SEX
                          <chr> "BLACK", "BLACK", "WHITE", "WHITE HISPANIC", "~
## $ VIC RACE
                          <dbl> 1058925.0, 1005028.0, 1007667.9, 1006537.4, 10~
## $ X COORD CD
## $ Y_COORD_CD
                          <dbl> 180924.0, 234516.0, 209836.5, 244511.1, 262189~
## $ Latitude
                          <dbl> 40.66296, 40.81035, 40.74261, 40.83778, 40.886~
                          <dbl> -73.73084, -73.92494, -73.91549, -73.91946, -7~
## $ Longitude
## $ Lon_Lat
                          <chr> "POINT (-73.73083868899994 40.662964620000025)~
```

## Step 3:

**Tidying and Transforming Dataset** 

Remove any unnecessary columns from the dataset (anything not related to demographics, borough or if the shooting was fatal).

Create factors as they are used to work with categorical variables and regression later.

Remove NA values from the records.

Source https://r4ds.had.co.nz/factors.html

I do not these columns: INCIDENT\_KEY, OCCUR\_DATE, OCCUR\_TIME, PRECINCT, JURIS-DICTION\_CODE, LOCATION\_DESC, LOC\_CLASSFCTN\_DESC, LOC\_OF\_OCCUR\_DESC, X\_COORD\_CD, Y\_COORD\_CD, Latitude, Longitude, Lon\_Lat, PERP\_SEX, VIC\_SEX.

```
Longitude,
                     Lon_Lat,
                     PERP SEX,
                      VIC SEX
                    ))
# Treat categorical variables as factors to be used in regression analysis
shootings_data$BORO <- as.factor(shootings_data$BORO)</pre>
shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP <- as.factor(shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP)
shootings_data$PERP_RACE <- as.factor(shootings_data$PERP_RACE)
shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP <- as.factor(shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP)</pre>
shootings_data$VIC_RACE <- as.factor(shootings_data$VIC_RACE)</pre>
shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG <- as.factor(shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG)
# Lets remove any data that is incomplete (has NA) as that will not be useful for our analysis
shootings_data <- shootings_data %>% drop_na()
# Display the summary
summary(shootings_data)
              BORO
##
                        STATISTICAL MURDER FLAG PERP AGE GROUP
## BRONX
                 :5425
                        FALSE: 14408
                                                 18-24 :6222
## BROOKLYN
                :6642
                        TRUE : 3560
                                                 25-44 :5687
                                                 UNKNOWN:3148
## MANHATTAN
                 :2542
##
   QUEENS
                 :2728
                                                 <18
                                                       :1591
## STATEN ISLAND: 631
                                                 (null): 640
##
                                                 45-64 : 617
##
                                                 (Other): 63
            PERP_RACE
                           VIC_AGE_GROUP
                                                                    VIC RACE
##
                                 :2027
                           <18
                                          AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE:
## BLACK
                 :11432
## WHITE HISPANIC: 2341
                                          ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
                           1022
                                : 1
                                                                           307
                          18-24 :6518
                                                                        :12252
## UNKNOWN
                : 1802
                                          BLACK
## BLACK HISPANIC: 1314
                           25-44 :7939
                                         BLACK HISPANIC
                                                                        : 1800
                          45-64 :1290
## (null) : 640
                                         UNKNOWN
                                                                            48
## WHITE
                     283
                           65+
                               : 137
                                          WHITE
                                                                           552
## (Other)
                          UNKNOWN: 56
                                                                        : 3001
                 : 156
                                          WHITE HISPANIC
Step 4:
Visualizing, Analyzing, and Modeling Data
Create tables to display the breakdown of shootings and fatal shootings by race and age.
```

```
# Breakdown the victims by race
table(shootings_data$VIC_RACE,
      shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
##
##
                                     FALSE TRUE
##
     AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE
                                         8
                                              0
##
     ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
                                       228
                                             79
##
     BLACK
                                      9901 2351
```

1492 308

##

BLACK HISPANIC

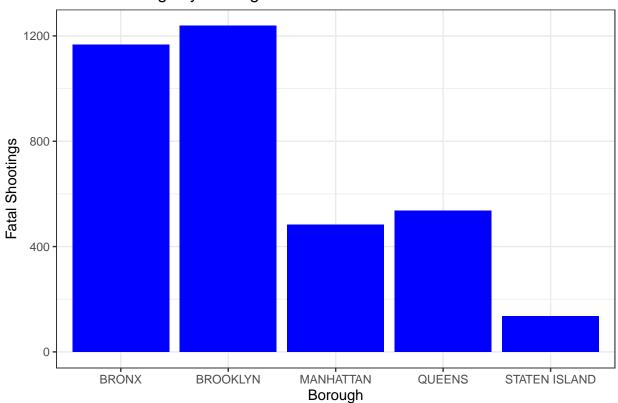
```
42
##
    UNKNOWN
                                             6
##
    WHTTF.
                                      398
                                           154
                                     2339 662
    WHITE HISPANIC
##
# Breakdown the perpetrators by race
table(shootings_data$PERP_RACE,
      shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
                                    FALSE TRUE
##
     (null)
                                      545
                                            95
##
     AMERICAN INDIAN/ALASKAN NATIVE
                                            0
     ASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER
                                            48
##
                                      106
                                     9053 2379
##
     BLACK
##
     BLACK HISPANIC
                                     1054
                                           260
##
     UNKNOWN
                                     1699
                                           103
##
     WHITE
                                     173 110
     WHITE HISPANIC
                                     1776 565
# Breakdown the victims by age group
table(shootings_data$VIC_AGE_GROUP,
      shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
           FALSE TRUE
             1746 281
##
     <18
     1022
##
                1
    18-24
           5356 1162
##
##
    25-44
             6195 1744
##
     45-64
              971 319
##
     65+
                95
                     42
    UNKNOWN
                     12
##
                44
# Breakdown the perpetrators by age group
table(shootings_data$PERP_AGE_GROUP,
      shootings_data$STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG
)
##
##
            FALSE TRUE
##
     (null)
              545
                   95
##
     <18
              1304 287
##
     1020
                1
              4920 1302
##
     18-24
##
    224
                1
                      0
##
     25-44
              4163 1524
##
    45-64
              399 218
##
    65+
               35
                   25
##
    940
                1
                      0
    UNKNOWN 3039 109
```

#### Create charts to compare as well

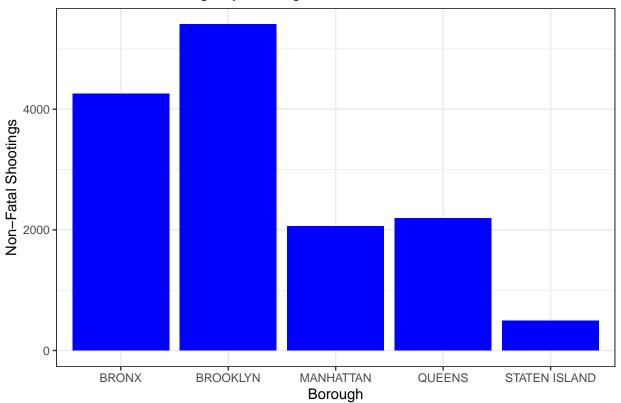
# Create charts to show the distribution of fatal shootings by age, race and borough. shootings\_data %>%

```
filter(STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG == TRUE) %>%
ggplot(aes(x = BORO)) +
geom_bar(fill = "blue")+
theme_bw()+
labs(x = "Borough",
    y = "Fatal Shootings",
    title = "Fatal Shootings by Borough")
```

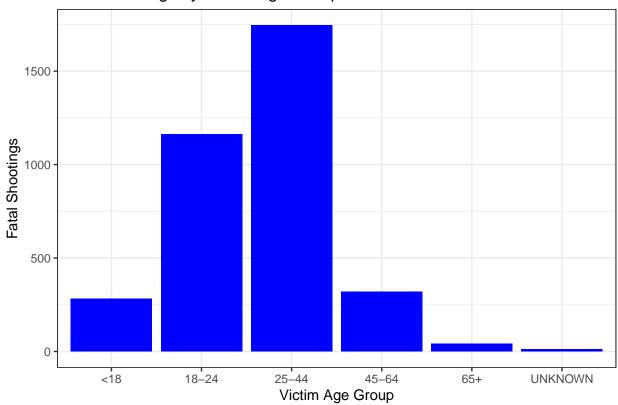
# Fatal Shootings by Borough



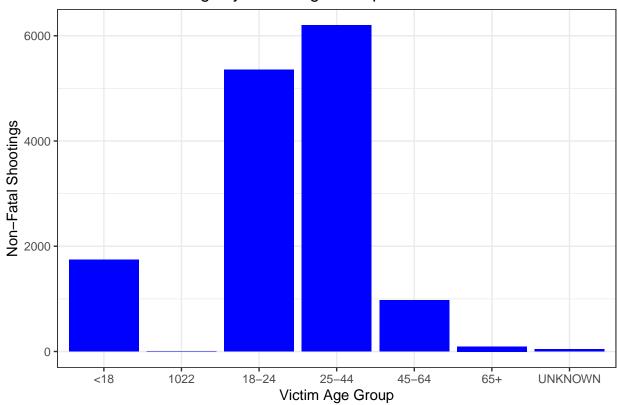
# Non-Fatal Shootings by Borough



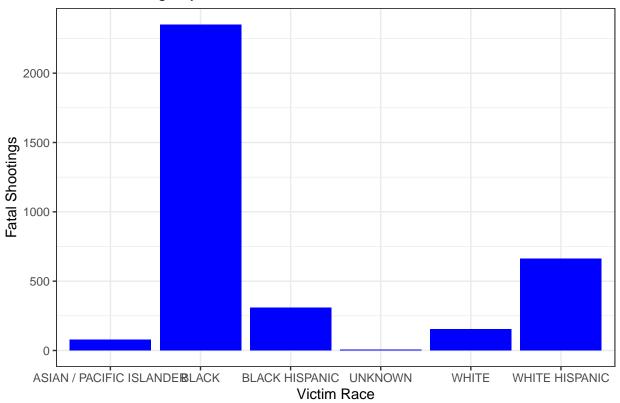
# Fatal Shootings by Victim Age Group



# Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Age Group

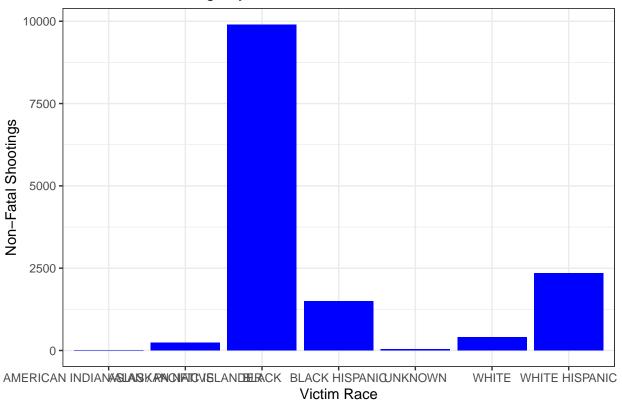


# Fatal Shootings by Victim Race



```
shootings_data %>%
  filter(STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG == FALSE) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = VIC_RACE)) +
  geom_bar(fill = "blue")+
  theme_bw()+
  labs(x = "Victim Race",
        y = "Non-Fatal Shootings",
        title = "Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Race")
```

# Non-Fatal Shootings by Victim Race



The majority of victims as well as perpetrators of shootings both fatal and non-fatal are Black. The majority of victims as well as perpetrators of shootings both fatal and non-fatal are between the age groups 18-24 and 25-44 at the time of writing. Brooklyn and the Bronx experience the most shooting incidents.

#### Analysis

In order to analyze the data further, I am going to use regression analysis as this is the best use case because we have categorical data. I used this **Source**: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/regression-with-categorical-variables-in-r-programming/ as a reference.

I want to determine what demographic / location data is a good predictor on the outcome of a shooting incident. To answer my question from above. I selected as my independent variable as STATISTI-CAL\_MURDER\_FLAG, and I chose my dependent variables as VIC\_AGE\_GROUP, VIC\_RACE, BORO.

```
# Regression is a multi-step process for estimating the relationships between a dependent variable and
glm_model <- glm(STATISTICAL_MURDER_FLAG ~ VIC_AGE_GROUP + VIC_RACE + BORO, data = shootings_data, fami
summary(glm_model)</pre>
```

```
## VIC AGE GROUP18-24
                                      0.29513
                                                 0.07209
                                                           4.094 4.24e-05 ***
## VIC_AGE_GROUP25-44
                                                           7.867 3.62e-15 ***
                                                 0.06996
                                      0.55040
## VIC AGE GROUP45-64
                                      0.67944
                                                 0.09185
                                                           7.397 1.39e-13 ***
## VIC_AGE_GROUP65+
                                                           4.783 1.73e-06 ***
                                      0.94459
                                                 0.19750
## VIC AGE GROUPUNKNOWN
                                      0.57366
                                                 0.34746
                                                           1.651
                                                                  0.09874
## VIC RACEASIAN / PACIFIC ISLANDER 11.43038
                                                           0.100 0.92053
                                               114.57020
## VIC RACEBLACK
                                                                  0.92280
                                     11.10313
                                               114.57013
                                                           0.097
## VIC RACEBLACK HISPANIC
                                     10.91468
                                               114.57014
                                                           0.095
                                                                  0.92410
## VIC RACEUNKNOWN
                                     10.48014
                                               114.57101
                                                           0.091
                                                                  0.92712
## VIC_RACEWHITE
                                     11.47184
                                               114.57017
                                                           0.100
                                                                  0.92024
## VIC_RACEWHITE HISPANIC
                                     11.22623
                                               114.57013
                                                           0.098 0.92194
## BOROBROOKLYN
                                     -0.19593
                                                 0.04727
                                                          -4.145 3.40e-05 ***
                                                          -2.901 0.00372 **
## BOROMANHATTAN
                                     -0.17633
                                                 0.06079
## BOROQUEENS
                                     -0.15469
                                                 0.05954
                                                          -2.598 0.00938 **
## BOROSTATEN ISLAND
                                     -0.06473
                                                 0.10411
                                                          -0.622 0.53411
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 17889
                             on 17967
                                       degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 17712
                             on 17951
                                      degrees of freedom
## AIC: 17746
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 11
```

Given that the p-value for the predictor variable for VIC\_AGE\_GROUP18-24, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP25-44, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP45-64, VIC\_AGE\_GROUP65+, BOROBROOKLYN, BOROMANHATTAN, and BOROQUEENS is less than 0.05, means that they have a statistically significant relationship with the response variable in the model. **Source**: https://www.statology.org/interpret-prz-logistic-regression-output-r/

After reviewing the evidence in my regression analysis and table data. It appears that the age and location are determining factors in the outcome of a shooting incident. There is no statistical evidence that race has is a determining factor in the outcome of a shooting incident.

#### Bias

I tried to limit my own personal bias by staying true to the data and not jumping to conclusions. I let the data speak for itself when it comes to the statistical significance of a determining factor. I really had no dog in the fight it was fun to try and figure out which factors mattered the most.