Servidor de Piezas

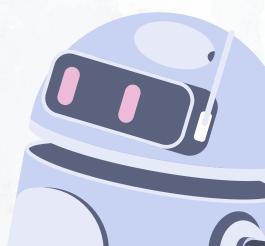




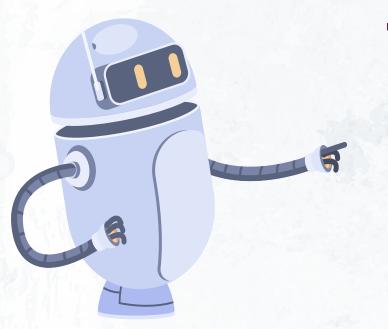


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<u>Índice</u>



01 --> Funcionamiento

02 → Metodología

03 -- Demostración

<u>01</u> →



FUNCIONAMIENTO

Propósito del servidor

¿Cómo realiza la conexión?

Puertos utilizados

Futuras implementaciones



<u>02</u> →

METODOLOGÍA



Clases implementadas

** main.cpp PiecesServer.cpp PiecesServer.hpp Queue.hpp ** Socket.cpp Socket.hpp

Main.cpp

```
int main (int argc, char** argv) {
  (void) argc;
  (void) argv;
  signal(SIGINT, signal handler);
  signal(SIGTERM, signal handler);
  signal(SIGSTOP, signal handler);
  PiecesServer::getInstance().readLegoSourceFile();
  PiecesServer::getInstance().readLegoSourceFile("legoDragonTest.txt");
  PiecesServer::getInstance().startServer();
  return EXIT SUCCESS; /** Return exit status indicating successful program completion */
```

PiecesServer

<u>.cpp</u>

```
void PiecesServer::startServer() {
 Socket* client;
 this->clientSocket->Bind(CLIENT PORT);
 this->clientSocket->Listen(5);
 this->clientSocket->SSLInitServer("esjojo.pem", "key.pem");
 this->browserSocket->Bind(BROWSER PORT);
 this->browserSocket->Listen(5);
 std::cout << "listening" << std::endl;</pre>
 this->browserListenThread =
     std::shared ptr<std::thread>
      (new std::thread(listenBrowserConnections, this));
 this->browserRequestHandler =
     std::shared ptr<std::thread>
      (new std::thread(processBrowserRequests, this));
 this->clientRequestHandler =
     std::shared ptr<std::thread>
      (new std::thread(processClientRequests, this));
```

```
while (true) {
  std::cout << "Listening to client connections" << std::endl;</pre>
  client = this->clientSocket->Accept();
  if ((int)(size t)client == -1 || client == nullptr || this->closing)
    this->clientQueue.push(nullptr);
    break;
  this->clientQueue.push(client);
if (!this->closing) {
this->clientRequestHandler->join();
std::cout << "Client threads joined" << std::endl;</pre>
this->clientSocket->Close();
delete this->clientSocket;
```

PiecesServer

.hpp

```
static void processBrowserRequests(PiecesServer* server) {
  Socket* client = nullptr;
 while (true) {
    client = server->browserQueue.pop(); // Pop a client from the browser queue
   if ((int)(size t)client == -1 || client == nullptr) {
     break;
   processBrowserRequest(client, server->legos);
    std::cout << "Browser request served" << std::endl;</pre>
  server->clientSocket->Close();
```

```
static void processBrowserRequest (Socket* client,
   const std::map<std::string, size t>& legos) {
 std::cout << "Serving browser request" << std::endl;</pre>
 std::string response =
      "HTTP/1.0 200\r\n"
      "Content-type: text/html; charset=UTF-8\r\n"
      "Server: AttoServer v1.1\r\n"
      "\r\n"
      // send html format and title
      "<!DOCTYPE html>\n"
      "<html>\n"
      "<html lang=\"en\">\n"
         <meta charset=\"UTF-8\"/>\n"
         <title>Figures Server Pieces List </title>\n"
          <style>body {font-family: monospace}</style>\n"
          <h1>Figures Server Pieces List</h1>\n"
      "<TABLE BORDER=1 BGCOLOR=\"pink\" CELLPADDING=5 ALIGN=LEFT>\n"
      "<TR> <TH> Cantidad </TH> <TH> Descripción </TH> </TR>\n";
```

```
for (auto it = legos.begin();
   it != legos.end();
   it++) {
 if (it->second != 0) {
    response.append("<TR><TD ALIGN=center> ");
   response.append(std::to string(it->second));
    response.append(
        "</TD>\n"
        "<TD ALIGN=center> ");
   response.append(it->first);
    response.append(
      "</TD>\n"
      "</TR>\n");
```



```
// close table and html doc
response.append(
    "</TR></TABLE>\n"
    "</html>");

// send all bytes
client->Write(
    response.c_str(),
    response.size()
    );
}
```

```
static void listenBrowserConnections(PiecesServer* piecesServer) {
 Socket* client:
 while (true) {
    std::cout << "Listening to browser connections" << std::endl;</pre>
    client = piecesServer->browserSocket->Accept();
   if ((int)(size t)client == -1 || client == nullptr || piecesServer->closing) {
      std::cout << "Ending browser connections thread" << std::endl;</pre>
      piecesServer->browserQueue.push(nullptr);
      break:
    std::cout << "Browser connection accepted\n" << std::endl;</pre>
    piecesServer->browserQueue.push(client);
```

```
static void processClientRequests(PiecesServer* server) {
 Socket* client = nullptr;
 while (true) {
   client = server->clientQueue.pop(); // Pop a client from the client queue
   // Check if there is an error in popping the client or if the server is closing
   if ((int)(size t)client == -1 || client == nullptr) {
     break;
   client->SSLCreate(server->clientSocket); // Create an SSL context for the client
    client->SSLAccept(); // Perform SSL handshake with the client
    processClientRequest(client, server->legos); // Process the client request
```

```
static void processClientRequest (Socket* client,
   std::map<std::string, size t>& legos) {
 char response[2];
 memset(response, 0, 2);
 response[0] = '0';
 std::vector<std::pair<std::string, size t>> requestedPieces;
 processRequest(client, requestedPieces);
 size t piecesFountAmount = 0;
 for (size t piece = 0; piece < requestedPieces.size(); piece++) {
   if (legos[requestedPieces[piece].first] >=
        requestedPieces[piece].second) {
      piecesFountAmount++;
```

```
if (piecesFountAmount == requestedPieces.size()) {
  for (size t piece = 0; piece < requestedPieces.size(); piece++) {</pre>
    if (legos[requestedPieces[piece].first] != 0) {
      legos[requestedPieces[piece].first] -=
        requestedPieces[piece].second;
  response[0] = '1';
client->SSLWrite(
    response,
```

Queue.hpp

```
void push(const dataType& data) {
  this->canAccess.lock(); // Acquire the lock to access the queue
  this->queue.push(data); // Push the data to the queue
  this->canAccess.unlock(); // Release the lock
  sem post(&this->canConsume); // Signal the semaphore to unblock consumers
dataType pop() {
  sem wait(&this->canConsume); // Wait until there is an element available in the queue
  this->canAccess.lock(); // Acquire the lock to access the queue
  dataType& resultData = this->queue.front(); // Get the front element of the queue
  this->queue.pop(); // Remove the front element from the queue
  this->canAccess.unlock(); // Release the lock
  return resultData; // Return the popped element
```

<u>03</u> →

DEMOSTRACIÓN



¡GRACIAS POR SU ATENCIÓN!

