

Ch 3 Worked Out Example 3.5

Problem:

In a TCP connection , sliding window parameters are as follows:

At the Sender:

SendBuffer = 1024 Bytes

LastByteWritten = 1184

LastByteSent = 556

LastByteAcked = 412

At the Receiver:

RcvBuffer = 768 Bytes

LastByteRead = 256

LastByteAcked = 412

- How many bytes are waiting in the receiver's buffer to be picked up by the receiving application?
- What is the size of rwnd?
- What is the number of the last byte that the receiver can accept?
- How many more bytes can the sender safely transmit without overflowing the receiver's buffer? In other words, what is the size of swnd?
- How many more bytes can the sending application write into the sender's buffer?

Answers:

- $\text{LastByteAcked} - \text{LastByteRead} = 412 - 256 = 156 \text{ Bytes}$
- $\text{RcvBuffer} - (\text{LastByteAcked} - \text{LastByteRead}) = 768 - (412 - 256) = 612 \text{ Bytes}$
- $\text{LastByteRead} + \text{RcvBuffer} = 256 + 768 = 1024$
- $\text{rwnd} - (\text{LastByteSent} - \text{LastByteAcked}) = 612 - (556 - 412) = 468 \text{ Bytes}$
- $\text{LastByteAcked} + \text{SendBuffer} - \text{LastByteWritten} = 412 + 1024 - 1184 = 252 \text{ Bytes}$

TCP Flow Control Example

Worked out Example 3.5

