C++

程式語言 (二)

Introduction to Programming (II)

Friend Functions & Friend Classes

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Platform/IDE



OnlineGDB (https://www.onlinegdb.com/)



Real-Time Collaborative Online IDE

(https://ide.usaco.guide/)

Textbooks (We focusing on C++11)

- Learn C++ Programming by Refactoring (由重構學習 C++ 程式設計). Pang-Feng Liu (劉邦鋒). NTU Press. 2023.
- C++ Primer. 5th Edition. Stanley B. Lippman, Josée Lajoie, Barbara E. Moo. 2019.
- *Effective C++*. Scott Meyers. O'Reilly. 2016.
- *Thinking in C++*. *Vol. 1: Introducing to Standard C++*. 2nd Edition. Bruce Eckel. Prentice Hall PTR. 2000.

Useful Resources

- Tutorialspoint
 - https://www.tutorialspoint.com/cplusplus/index.htm
 - Online C++ Compiler
- Programiz
 - https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming
- LEARN C++
 - https://www.learncpp.com/
- MIT OpenCourseWare Introduction to C++
 - https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-096-introduction-to-c-january-iap-2011/pages/lecture-notes/
- Learning C++ Programming
 - https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming
- GeeksforGeeks
 - https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/c-plus-plus/

Friend Functions

Friend Functions

Refer to the material at https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/friend-function-class

- A friend function can access the private and protected data of a class.
- We declare a friend function using the **friend** keyword **inside** the body of the class.

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Distance {
   private:
        int meter;

        // friend function
        friend int addFive(Distance);

   public:
        Distance() : meter(0) {}

};
```

```
// friend function definition
int addFive(Distance d) {

   //accessing private members from the friend function
   d.meter += 5;
   return d.meter;
}

int main() {
   Distance D;
   cout << "Distance: " << addFive(D);
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Exercise

- Try to make the friend function be "protected" or "public".
- See what we will get.

Another Example (Accessing two classes)

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// forward declaration
class ClassB:
class ClassA {
public:
     // constructor to initialize numA to 12
     ClassA() : numA(12) {}
private:
     int numA;
     // friend function declaration
     friend int add(ClassA, ClassB);
};
```

```
class ClassB {
public:
     // constructor to initialize numB to 1
     ClassB() : numB(1) {}
private:
     int numB;
     // friend function declaration
     friend int add(ClassA, ClassB);
};
// access members of both classes
int add(ClassA objectA, ClassB objectB) {
    return (objectA.numA + objectB.numB);
int main() {
    ClassA objectA;
    ClassB objectB;
    cout << "Sum: " << add(objectA, objectB);</pre>
    return 0:
```

Friend Classes

Friend Classes

Refer to the material at https://www.programiz.com/cpp-programming/friend-function-class

Take a whole class as a friend.

```
class ClassB;
class ClassA {
   // ClassB is a friend class of ClassA
   friend class ClassB;
class ClassB {
```

• When a class is declared a friend class, all the member functions of the friend class become friend functions.

Example

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
// forward declaration
class ClassB:
class ClassA {
private:
    int numA;
    // friend class declaration
    friend class ClassB:
public:
    // constructor to initialize numA to 12
    ClassA() : numA(12) {}
};
```

```
class ClassB {
private:
    int numB;
public:
    // constructor to initialize numB to 1
    ClassB() : numB(1) \{ \}
    // member function to add numA
    // from ClassA and numB from ClassB
    int add() {
        ClassA objectA;
        return objectA.numA + numB;
};
```

```
int main() {
   ClassB objectB;
   cout << "Sum: " << objectB.add();
   return 0;
}</pre>
```

Another Example

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Box {
   double width:
  public:
      friend void printWidth (Box box);
      void setWidth( double wid );
};
// Member function definition
void Box::setWidth( double wid ) {
   width = wid;
```

```
void printWidth( Box box ) {
   cout << "Width of box : " << box.width</pre>
        <<endl:
// Main function for the program
int main() {
   Box box;
   box.setWidth(10.0);
   // Use friend function to print the width.
   printWidth(box);
   return 0;
```

An Example for Book Sales

https://onlinegdb.com/HIWcKZZEeJ

```
#include <iostream>
                                                                              double Bulk quote::net price(size t cnt) {
//using namespace std;
                                                                                   if (cnt >= min qty)
                                                                                       return cnt * (1-discount) * price;
// Below we define the base class
                                                                                   else
class Quote {
                                                                                       return cnt * price;
   friend bool book_compare(Quote &item1, Quote &item2);
public:
    Ouote() = default:
   Quote(const std::string &book, double sales price):
                                                                              bool book_compare(Quote &item1, Quote &item2) {
       bookNo(book), price(sales price) { }
                                                                                   return item1.price > item2.price;
   std::strinq isbn() const { return bookNo; }
                                                                              }
   //returns the total sales price for the specified number of items
   virtual double net price(std::size t n)
                                                                              int main() {
       { return n * price; }
   virtual "Quote() = default; // dynamic binding for the destructor
                                                                                   Quote item("TKU in Love", 100.0);
private:
                                                                                   std::cout << "BOOK: " << item.isbn();
   std::string bookNo;
                                                                                   std::cout << ", total cost: " << item.net price(10) << std::endl;
protected:
                                                                                   Bulk quote bulk("TKU Indeed", 100.0, 5, 0.2);
   double price = 0.0;
                                                                                   std::cout << "BOOK: " << bulk.isbn();
};
                                                                                   std::cout << ", total cost: " << bulk.net price(10) << std::endl;</pre>
//Below we define a class derived from the base class Quote
                                                                                   if (book compare(item, bulk))
class Bulk_quote : public Quote {
                                                                                       std::cout << bulk.isbn() << " is cheaper!" << std::endl;</pre>
public:
                                                                                   else
   Bulk quote() = default;
                                                                                       std::cout << bulk.isbn() << " is cheaper!" << std::endl;</pre>
   Bulk quote(const std::string &book, double p, std::size t qty, double disc):
                                                                                   return 0:
       Quote(book, p), min_qty(qty), discount(disc) { }
   double net price(std::size t) override;
private:
   std::size_t min_qty = 0; // minimum purchase for the discount to apply
   double discount = 0.0; // the discount to apply
   //std::size t total = 0; // a acount for the total sold volumes
```

Friend Function Can NOT be Inherited

https://onlinegdb.com/hY6UxF2eL

```
#include <iostream>
                                  void display() {
using namespace std;
                                     MyDerivedClass derived;
class MyBaseClass {
   protected:
      int. x:
   public:
      MyBaseClass() {
         x = 20;
      friend void display();
};
class MyDerivedClass : public MyBaseClass {
   private:
      int v;
   public:
      MyDerivedClass() {
         x = 40;
};
```

```
int main() {
   display();
   return 0;
}
```

Exercise

```
class rectangle {
  public:
    typedef double unit;
    unit area();
    void set(unit wd, unit ht);
  private:
    unit width;
    unit height;
};

class triangle
  public:
    typedef in
    unit area(
        void set(unit area());
    void area();
    void set(unit area());
    vo
```

```
class triangle {
  public:
     typedef int unit;
     unit area();
     void set(unit wd, unit ht);
  private:
     unit width;
     unit height;
};
```

```
int main() {// DO NOT modify main()
    rectangle::unit x1, y1;
    rectangle obj1;
    cin >> x1 >> y1;
    triangle::unit x2, y2;
    triangle obj2;
    cin >> x2 >> y2;
    obj1.set(x1,y1);
    obj2.set(x2,y2);
    cout << area_sum(obj1, obj2) << endl;
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

```
Sample input: 2 5 3 6
```

```
Sample output: 19
```

Discussions & Questions