Maze Traversal

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Outline

Maze

2 Implementation



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Maze

2 Implementation



Maze

```
0
0
                   0
                   0
                        0
0
                   0
                                                0
0
                   0
                                                0
                                                     0
                                                               0
0
                        0
0
                   0
                        1
                                                                    1
                   0
                                                0
                                                                    0
                                            0
```

• 0: path; 1: barriers.



Maze > a path from the upper-left corner to the lower-right corner?

0	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1
0	1	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
0	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
1	1	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0
0	1	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	1	1	1	0

• 0: path; 1: barriers.



Moves

NW [≮] [i-1][j-1]	N ↑ [i-1][j]	NE / [i-1][j+1]			
$W \leftarrow [i][j-1]$	X [i][j]	$E o [i][j{+}1]$			
SW / [i+1][j-1]	S ↓ [i-1][j]	SE ∖ [i+1][j+1]			

```
typedef struct {
    short int vert; // vertical direction
    short int horiz; // horizontal direction
} offsets;
offsets move[8];
```



Moves (2/2)

name	dir	move[dir].vert	move[dir].horiz		
N ↑	0	-1	0		
NE /	1	-1	1		
E o	2	0	1		
SE 📐	3	1	1		
S \	4	1	0		
SW 🗸	5	1	-1		
	6	0	-1		
NW <	7	-1	-1		

- next_row = row + move[dir].vert;
- next_col = col + move[dir].horiz;



Outline

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Initial Attempt for Maze Traversal

- A two-dimensional array mark for recording the maze positions that are already checked.
- Use a stack to save current path and direction.
- Return and try another path if we take a hopeless path.
- The stack size:



Functions for Stacks

- Create a stack.
 - Create an empty stack with maximum size MAX_STACK_SIZE.

```
#define MAX_STACK_SIZE 101

typedef struct {
    int key; // can be of other types...
    /* other fields? */
} element;

element stack a[MAX_STACK_SIZE];
int top = -1; // initially no element
```



- IsEmpty
 - Return TRUE if the stack is empty and FALSE otherwise.



- IsEmpty
 - Return TRUE if the stack is empty and FALSE otherwise.
 top < 0
- IsFull
 - Return TRUE if the stack is full and FALSE otherwise.



- IsEmpty
 - Return TRUE if the stack is empty and FALSE otherwise.

- IsFull
 - Return TRUE if the stack is full and FALSE otherwise.

```
top >= MAX_STACK_SIZE-1
```

- Push (or Add)
 - Insert the element into the top of the stack.



- IsEmpty
 - Return TRUE if the stack is empty and FALSE otherwise.

```
top < 0
```

- IsFull
 - Return TRUE if the stack is full and FALSE otherwise.

```
top >= MAX_STACK_SIZE-1
```

- Push (or Add)
 - Insert the element into the top of the stack.

```
stack[++top] = element;
```

- Pop (or Delete)
 - Remove and return the item on the top of the stack.





- IsEmpty
 - Return TRUE if the stack is empty and FALSE otherwise.

```
top < 0
```

- IsFull
 - Return TRUE if the stack is full and FALSE otherwise.

```
top >= MAX_STACK_SIZE-1
```

- Push (or Add)
 - Insert the element into the top of the stack.

```
stack[++top] = element;
```

- Pop (or Delete)
 - Remove and return the item on the top of the stack.

```
return stack[top--];
```



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path()

```
void path () { /* output a path through the maze if such a path exists */
    int i, row, col, next_row, next_col, dir, found = FALSE;
    element position;
   mark[1][1] = 1; top =0; stack[0].row = 1; stack[0].col = 1; stack[0].dir = 0;
    while (top > -1 && !found) {
        position = delete(&top);
        row = position.row; col = position.col; dir = position.dir;
        while (dir < 8 && !found) { /*move in direction dir */
            next_row = row + move[dir].vert;
            next_col = col + move[dir].horiz;
            if (next row == EXIT ROW && next col == EXIT COL)
                found = TRUE;
            else if (maze[next_row][next_col] == 0 && mark[next_row][next_col] == 0) {
                mark[next row][next col] = 1:
                position.row = row; position.col = col; position.dir = ++dir;
                add(&top, position);
                row = next row: col = next col: dir = 0:
            } else ++dir:
        }
    }
   if (found) {
        printf("The path is :\n"); printf("row col\n");
        for (i = 0; i <= top; i++)
            printf("%2d%5d", stack[i].row, stack[i].col);
        printf("%2d%5d\n", row, col);
        printf("%2d%5d\n", EXIT_ROW, EXIT_COL);
    } else printf("The maze does not have a path\n");
}
```

Discussions

