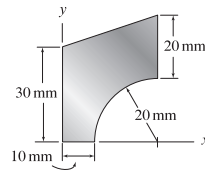
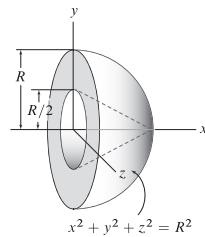


For the area shown, use composite shapes to determine the x and y positions of the centroid.

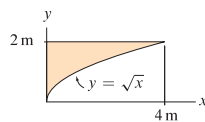


The solid shown consists of a hemisphere with a conical cavity. Use composite shapes to determine the x , y , and z locations of the centroid. Express your answers in terms of R .

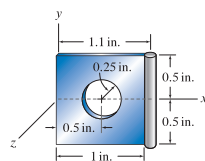


For the area shown, use integration to determine the x and y positions of the centroid.

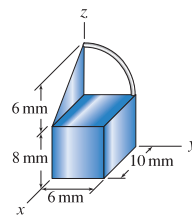
- Use a horizontal area element.
- Use a vertical area element.



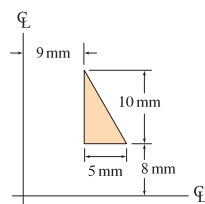
A square plate having 1.25 lb/in.^2 weight has a circular hole. Along the right-hand edge of the plate, a circular cross section rod having 0.75 lb/in. weight is welded to it. Determine the x position of the center of gravity.



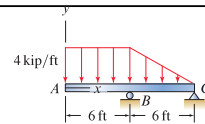
The object shown consists of a rectangular solid, a plate and a quarter-circular wire, with masses as follows: solid: 0.0005 g/mm^3 , plate: 0.01 g/mm^2 , wire: 0.05 g/mm . Determine the coordinates of the center of mass.



A solid is produced by rotating a triangular area 360° about the vertical axis of revolution shown. Determine the volume and surface area of the solid.



- For the distributed loading shown, develop an expression (or multiple expressions if needed) for the distributed force w as a function of position x .
- Use integration (Eqs. (7.41) and (7.43) on p. 433) with the results of Part (a) to determine the total force produced by the distributed load and the x position of its line of action.
- Determine the support reactions using the results of Part (b).
- Determine the support reactions using composite shapes for the distributed load.



A uniform curved beam with circular shape and weight W has a built-in support at A . Determine the support reactions. Express your answers in terms of parameters such as W and R .

