ME 712, Finite Element Method Applications Final Exam, Spring 2004 Closed book, closed notes. One formula sheet to be turned in. Problems must be in order in the blue books.

- 1. Itemize every *stage* from an actual mechanical part to the actual stress prediction using finite elements where errors are incurred, slight or not. One or two sentences/statements for each assumption in the process, maximum! I am looking for generic statements, not a list of all possible specific cases where an error could occur in the modeling process. Nothing should be specific to a case or an element type!
- 2. Obtain the stiffness matrix of a rod (extension: 1-D) using 1 quadratic element with a midnode located at L/4. Use Gauss integration to derive the element matrices. Assume a length l, density  $\rho$ , cross sectional area of A, and a modulus of E. Print out any code that you may write to solve this problem.
- 3. A single standard Euler-Bernoulli beam has constraints of  $v_1 = 0$ ,  $v_2 = \theta_1 L$ , and  $\theta_2 = \theta_1$ . Generate the reduced governing equations using Lagrange multipliers.

$$K = \frac{EI_z}{L^3} \begin{bmatrix} 12 & 6L & -12 & 6L \\ 6L & 4L^2 & -6L & 2L^2 \\ -12 & -6L & 12 & -6L \\ 6L & 2L^2 & -6L & 4L^2 \end{bmatrix}$$
(1)

,

$$M = \frac{m}{420} \begin{bmatrix} 156 & 22L & 54 & -13L \\ 22L & 4L^2 & 13L & -3L^2 \\ 54 & 13L & 156 & -22L \\ -13L & -3L^3 & -22L & 4L \end{bmatrix}$$
 (2)

Hint: Switch to using coordinates of  $\theta L$  in place of  $\theta$  by appropriate 'transformation'.

4. Some of the following matrices have fundamental flaws that violate certain conditions. For each matrix, identify whether the matrix is flawed, and what the flaw/s is/are.

(a)

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(b)

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(c)

$$K = \begin{bmatrix} 24 & -12 & 0 & 6 \\ -12 & 12 & -6 & -6 \\ 0 & -6 & 2 & 4 \\ 6 & -6 & 4 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 24 & -12 & 0 & -6 \\ -12 & 12 & -6 & -6 \\ 6 & -6 & 12 & 4 \\ -6 & -6 & 4 & 12 \end{bmatrix}$$

5. Use area coordinates to determine the first moment of area of a triangular element about the x axis in terms of A and the nodal coordinates, i.e.

$$Q_x = \int_A y \ dA \tag{3}$$

given

$$\int_{A} \xi_1^k \xi_2^l \xi_3^m = 2A \frac{k! \ l! \ m!}{(2+k+l+m)!} \tag{4}$$

6. Find the strain at (x, y) = (0,0) of a bilinear quadrilateral (Q4) element with nodes 1-4 at (0,0), (1,0), (1,2), and (0,2) in terms of  $u_3$  and  $v_3$  (presume all other nodal displacements are zero).