## Joseph Morgan Homework 10.42

CISP440

## 1 Source Code

```
#include <cstdio>
   bool implication (bool a, bool b);
3
   bool bicondition (bool a, bool b);
   bool maybe (bool a, bool b);
   bool because (bool a, bool b);
   bool logic_and (bool a, bool b);
   bool logic_or (bool a, bool b);
   bool logic_xor (bool a, bool b);
   bool logic_not (bool a);
10
11
   int main()
12
   {
13
     bool r1;
14
     bool r2;
15
     bool equiv = true;
16
17
     printf("|_p_q_|_p_or_q_|_~(~p_and_~q)_|\n");
18
     printf("-
19
     for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
20
       for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q) {
21
          r1 = logic_or (p, q);
22
          r2 = logic\_not(logic\_and(logic\_not(p), logic\_not(q)));
23
          if (r1 != r2)
24
            equiv = false;
25
          printf ("|\%i\%i\|\\\n", p, q, r1, r2);
26
       }
27
     }
28
     equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
29
         \_not\_equivalent\setminusn");
     printf("\n\n");
30
     equiv = true;
31
32
     // b
33
34
     printf("|_p_q_r_|_p_&_(q_->_r)_|_(p_&_q)_^_r_|\n");
35
     printf ("-
36
     for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
37
       for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q) {
38
          for (int r = 0; r < 2; +++r) {
39
            r1 = logic_and (p, implication (q, r));
40
            r2 = logic\_xor (logic\_and (p, q), r);
            if (r1 != r2)
42
43
              equiv = false;
            printf ("|\%i\%i\%i\|\%12i\|\%11i\|\n", p, q, r, r1, r2);
44
45
       }
46
47
     equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
48
         \_not\_equivalent\setminusn");
     printf("\n\n");
49
```

```
equiv = true;
50
51
      // c
52
53
      printf(" | \_p\_q\_| \_p\_bicondition\_q\_| \_"(p\_xor\_q)\_| \ "");
54
      printf("-
55
      for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
56
        for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q) {
57
           r1 = bicondition (p, q);
58
           r2 = logic_not (logic_xor (p, q));
59
           if (r1 != r2)
60
             equiv = false;
61
           printf ("|\%i\%i\|\\\n", p, q, r1, r2);
62
        }
63
64
      equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
65
          \_not\_equivalent\setminusn");
      printf("\n\n");
66
      equiv = true;
67
68
      // d
69
70
      printf(" | \_p\_q\_r\_| \_(p\_<->\_q) \_->\_r\_| \_p\_\&\_(~q\_|\_r)\_| \setminus n");
71
72
      for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
73
        for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q) {
74
          for (int r = 0; r < 2; ++r) {
75
             r1 = implication (bicondition (p, q), r);
76
             r2 = logic_and (p, logic_or (logic_not(q), r));
77
             if (r1 != r2)
78
               equiv = false;
79
             printf ("|\%i\%i\%i\%i\|\%14i\|\%12i\|\n", p, q, r, r1, r2);
80
81
        }
82
83
      equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
84
          \_not\_equivalent\setminusn");
      printf("\n\n");
85
      equiv = true;
86
87
      //e
88
89
      printf(" | \_p\_q\_r\_|\_"(p\_->\_(q\_\&\_r))\_|\_p\_\&\_"(q\_\&\_r)\_| \setminus n");
90
      printf("----
91
      for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
92
        for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q)
93
           for (int r = 0; r < 2; ++r) {
94
             r1 = logic_not (implication (p, logic_and (q, r)));
95
             r2 = logic_and (p, logic_not (logic_and (q, r)));
96
             if (r1 != r2)
97
               equiv = false;
98
             printf ("|\%i\%i\%i\|\%15i\|\%12i\|\n", p, q, r, r1, r2);
99
100
        }
101
```

```
102
      equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
103
          \_not\_equivalent\setminusn");
       printf(" \setminus n \setminus n");
104
      equiv = true;
105
106
      // f p \mid (p ? q) \qquad p \& (p @ q)k
107
108
      printf(" | \_p\_q\_| \_p\_| \_(p\_?\_q)\_| \_p\_\&\_(p\_@\_q)\_| \ n");
109
      printf("-
110
      for (int p = 0; p < 2; ++p) {
111
         for (int q = 0; q < 2; ++q) {
112
           r1 = logic_or (p, maybe (p, q));
113
           r2 = logic_and (p, because (p, q));
114
           if (r1 != r2)
115
              equiv = false;
116
           printf ("|\%i\%i\|\%11i\|\%11i\|\n", p, q, r1, r2);
117
         }
118
      }
119
      equiv ? printf("\nExpressions_are_equivalent\n") : printf("\nExpressions_are
120
          _not_equivalent\n");
       printf(" \setminus n \setminus n");
121
      equiv = true;
122
    }
123
124
    bool implication (bool a, bool b)
125
126
      return ((!a) || b);
127
128
129
    bool bicondition (bool a, bool b)
130
131
      return logic_and(implication (a, b), implication (b, a));
132
133
134
    bool maybe (bool a, bool b)
135
    {
136
      if (!a && b)
137
         return true;
138
      return false;
139
140
141
    bool because (bool a, bool b)
142
    {
143
      b = b \% 2;
144
      if (a)
145
         return true;
146
      return false;
147
    }
148
149
    bool logic_and (bool a, bool b)
150
151
      return (a && b);
152
    }
153
```

```
154
   bool logic_or (bool a, bool b)
155
156
      return (a | | b);
157
158
159
    bool logic_xor (bool a, bool b)
160
161
      return (a != b);
162
163
164
   bool logic_not (bool a)
165
166
      return (!a);
167
168
```

## Output

```
\mid p q \mid p or q \mid ~(~p and ~q) \mid
     0 0
                   0
                                      0 |
     0 1
                   1
                                      1
     1 0
                   1
                                      1
5
   | 1 1 |
                   1
                                      1
```

Expressions are equivalent

10			
11	p q r	p & (q -> r)   (p & q)	) ^ r
12			
13	0 0 0	0	0
14	0 0 1	0	1
15	0 1 0	0	0
16	0 1 1	0	1
17	1 0 0	1	0
18	1 0 1	1	1
19	1 1 0	0	1
20	1 1 1	1	0

 $^{23}$  Expressions are not equivalent

```
24
   | p q | p bicondition q | ~(p xor q) |
25
26
     0 0
                             1
                                            1
27
                             0
     0 1
                                            0
28
                             0
     1 0
                                            0
29
                             1
   | 1 1 |
30
31
```

Expressions are equivalent

36					
37	0 0	0	0	0	
38	0 0	) 1	1	0	ĺ
39	0 1	0	1	0	ĺ
40	0 1	1 1	1	0	
41	1 0	0	1	1	
42	1 0	) 1	1	1	
43	1 1	0	0	0	
44	1 1	1 1	1	1	

Expressions are **not** equivalent

49		p	q	r	~(p ->	(q &	r))	p &	$\tilde{q}$	& r	)	
50	_										_	
51		0	0	0			0				0	
52		0	0	1			0				0	
53		0	1	0			0				0	
54		0	1	1			0				0	
55		1	0	0			1				1	
56		1	0	1			1				1	
57		1	1	0			1				1	
58		1	1	1			0				0	

Expressions are equivalent

02												
	p	$\mathbf{q}$	p	(p	?	q)	p	&	(p	@	q)	
64												
65	0	0				0					0	
66	0	1				1					0	
67	1	0				1					1	
68	1	1				1					1	
69												

Expressions are **not** equivalent