

CS2313 Data Structures

Assignment 2: Stacks and Queues

1. Evaluating Postfix Notation (20 points)

Sketch of algorithm for evaluating postfix strings that you are implementing:

- (1) Create stack s .
- (2) For each token, x , in the postfix expression (these tokens will be passed to your function in a queue):
 - 1 If x is “true” or “false” push it into the stack s .
 - 2 Else if x is a unary operator
 - i If you do not have at least one operand in s , you should return an error in the boolean.
 - ii pop an operand, $op1$, from s
 - iii compute $x\ op1$ (see unary table)
 - iv push the result into s
 - 3 Else if x is a binary operator
 - i If you do not have at least two operands in s , you should return an error in the boolean.
 - ii pop an operand, $op2$, from s
 - iii pop an operand, $op1$, from s
 - iv compute $op1\ op2\ x$ (see binary table)
 - v push the result into s
- (3) If s contains more than one operand after all of the tokens are evaluated you should return an error in the boolean.
- (4) Otherwise pop and return the only value in s .

Operator Type	Usage	Calculation
unary operator	$op1$ NOT	$!op1$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ AND	$op1 \ \&\& \ op2$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ NAND	$!(op1 \ \&\& \ op2)$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ OR	$op1 \ \ op2$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ NOR	$!(op1 \ \ op2)$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ XOR	$op1 \ != \ op2$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ COND	$!op1 \ \ op2$
binary operator	$op1\ op2$ BICOND	$op1 \ == \ op2$

HINT: You can use *Boolean.valueOf(string s)* to convert a string to a boolean and *Boolean.toString(boolean b)* to convert a boolean to a String.

Deliverables: Your solution should be submitted in the provided file “ComputePostfixFormula.java”. Also attach any additional files you create to solve this problem. Upload these files to Canvas under Assignment 2. **Do not zip your files.** To receive full credit, your code must compile and execute.