Setting Resource Limits on CentOS/RedHat/Oracle Linux

While you can use Warden to automatically set resource limits, you may want to set limits manually.

Rather than relying on Warden to set resource limits automatically using ulimit, you can use the following procedure to set the limits manually.

1. Edit /etc/security/limits.conf and add a line to set the resource limits. For example, set the resource limits to 64K.

```
<MAPR_USER> - nofile 64000
```

2. Edit /etc/security/limits.d/90-nproc.conf to add a similar line.

```
<MAPR_USER> - nproc 64000
```

3. Check that the /etc/pam.d/su file contains the following settings:

```
#%PAM-1.0
auth
                sufficient
                                pam_rootok.so
# Uncomment the following line to implicitly trust users in the "wheel" group.
                sufficient
                                pam_wheel.so trust use_uid
# Uncomment the following line to require a user to be in the "wheel" group.
                                pam_wheel.so use_uid
#auth
               required
auth
                include
                                system-auth
               sufficient
                                pam_succeed_if.so uid = 0 use_uid quiet
account
account
               include
                                system-auth
password
                include
                                system-auth
session
                include
                                system-auth
session
                required
                                pam_limits.so
session
                optional
                                pam xauth.so
```

- 4. Use ulimit to verify settings.
- 5. Reboot the system.
- 6. Run the following command as the MapR user (not root) at a command line: ulimit -n