

Direct several subdomains to a single backend with haproxy

▲ 9 I'm using haproxy to direct route for several applications running on a single server. For one of the domains in use there are several dozens of subdomains that should be directed to one of a few applications.

▼ Currently, I list all of those subdomains in a separate line. My frontend configuration looks like this:



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```
frontend http-in
  bind *:80

  acl alpha      hdr(host) -i alpha.com
  acl beta       hdr(host) -i beta.com
  acl gamma00    hdr(host) -i apple.gamma.com
  acl gamma01    hdr(host) -i banana.gamma.com
  acl gamma02    hdr(host) -i cherry.gamma.com
  acl gamma03    hdr(host) -i durian.gamma.com
  acl gamma04    hdr(host) -i elderberry.gamma.com
  acl gamma05    hdr(host) -i fig.gamma.com
  acl gamma06    hdr(host) -i grapefruit.gamma.com
  acl gamma      hdr(host) -i gamma.com

  use_backend a if alpha
  use_backend b if beta
  use_backend sub1 if gamma00
  use_backend sub1 if gamma01
  use_backend sub1 if gamma02
  use_backend sub2 if gamma03
  use_backend sub2 if gamma04
  use_backend sub2 if gamma05
  use_backend sub2 if gamma06
  use_backend g if gamma

  default_backend default
```

Is there a way to achieve a similar result in more concise form? Is such listing effective, or would it be better to switch to a regex at some point?

Heh, your question contains the keyword `regex`, which is in fact your answer, I believe. Also note that you can use `hdr_beg` instead of `hdr` so that you can enumerate the subdomains only. Finally, it should be possible to collapse your `gamma00-06` ACLs to just two ACLs, one for `sub1` and one for `sub2`, simply by using the same `acl <title>` in the ACL line. – Felix Frank Jun 10 '14 at 12:19 ✎

▲ 13 To keep performance at a maximum (avoiding a regex every hit) but still cleaning up the config, I'd use an external file for your ACLs here. For example let's say you had a file called `/etc/haproxy/sub1urls`, which was exactly this:

```
apple.gamma.com
banana.gamma.com
cherry.gamma.com
```



Then in your config the ACL could simply be:

```
acl is_sub1 hdr(host) -i -f /etc/haproxy/sub1urls
```

Putting the other hosts in a `sub2urls` file the same way reduces your config down to:

```
frontend http-in
  bind *:80
```

```
acl alpha      hdr(host) -i alpha.com
acl beta       hdr(host) -i beta.com
acl is_sub1    hdr(host) -i -f /etc/haproxy/sub1urls
acl is_sub2    hdr(host) -i -f /etc/haproxy/sub2urls
acl gamma      hdr(host) -i gamma.com

use_backend a  if alpha
use_backend b  if beta
use_backend sub1 if is_sub1
use_backend sub2 if is_sub2
use_backend g  if gamma

default_backend default
```

This makes it very easy to maintain those other files, since they're just lists of hosts. It opens up the list of who can edit them and exposes less risk as well. For example, we have people editing these ACL lists like this in puppet who don't have to know the HAProxy config syntax at all.
