

# **PLANNED ANALYSES FOR TESTING EXISTENCE OF SPONGE PARAHOX**

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**LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS**

SOWH	Swofford-Olsen-Waddell-Hillis
AU	Approximately unbiased
ML	Maximum likelihood
NJ	Neighbor-joining

**1 INTRODUCTION: BACKGROUND INFORMATION AND SCIENTIFIC RATIONALE****1.1 BACKGROUND INFORMATION**

It has been proposed that the calcareous sponges *Sycon ciliatum* and *Leucosolenia complicata* have an ortholog of the ParaHox gene Cdx (Fortunato et al., 2014).

**1.2 RATIONALE**

This document serves as an *a priori* established protocol laying out our planned phylogenetic experiments to test whether the *Sycon ciliatum* and *Leucosolenia complicata* homeobox genes reported to be Cdx orthologs are truly *bona fide* orthologs of Cdx (or any other Hox/ParaHox gene).

**1.3 OBJECTIVES**

We will test the sensitivity of results acquired in Fortunato et al. (2014) to methods, models, and taxon sampling. In addition, we will apply the Swofford-Olsen-Waddell-Hillis (SOWH) and the approximately unbiased (AU) tests to evaluate the robustness of all topologies to relative alternative hypotheses.

**2 STUDY DESIGN AND ENDPOINTS**

- 1- Repeat the phylogenetic analyses performed in the Fortunato et al. (2014) using the same data matrix, software, and models.
  - a) Prottest3.0 to determine the best suitable model of sequence evolution (Fortunato et al. (2014) found LG+G to be the best model).
  - b) Neighbour-joining (NJ) analysis in Phylip v.3.696, maximum-likelihood (ML) analysis in PhyML v.3.0, and Bayesian analysis in MrBayes v.3.1.2.
- 2- Apply these additional phylogenetic methods on the Fortunato et al. (2014) data matrix
  - a) To test for sensitivity to the model we will conduct NJ analyses using the protdist and neighbor programs in Phylip v.3.696 with all models available in protdist (i.e., JTT, PMB, PAM and Kimura) with gamma; all other settings being default.
  - b) To test for sensitivity to method and model we will conduct ML analyses using RAxML v. 8.2.10 with the following models: PROTGAMMALG, PROTGAMMAJTT, PROTGAMMAWAG, and PROTGAMMAAUTO with 100 fast bootstraps. We anticipate PROTGAMMAAUTO will

choose LG based on previous homeodomain analyses, in which case the PROTGAMMAAUTO would be redundant and not considered.

- c) To test for sensitivity to method and model we will run the following Bayesian analyses using MrBayes v3.2.6 with the following execution blocks (to test if there is sensitivity to the model and the method):

- i. `prset aamodelpr = fixed(LG); lset rates = gamma;`
- ii. `prset aamodelpr = fixed(WAG); lset rates = gamma;`
- iii. `prset aamodelpr = fixed(JTT); lset rates = gamma;`
- iv. `prset aamodelpr = mixed; lset rates = gamma;`

Each of the above blocks will include the following additional commands:

```
mcmc mcmcdiagn=no nruns=2 ngen=5000000 printfreq=5000 samplefreq=500
nchains=5 savebrlens=yes;
mcmc;
sumt filename=FILE.nex nRuns=2 Relburnin=YES BurninFrac=.25
Contype=Allcompat;
```

- v. We will use the program TRACER v1.6 to test for convergence of all paired runs, stopping runs when ESS reaches 200

- 3- To test for the sensitivity to taxon sampling, we will create a custom dataset that includes the 60-amino acid sequences from HomeoDB of the subclasses HOXL and NKL from human, beetle, amphioxus, and fruitfly. In addition, to these we will add the HOXL and NKL datasets from *Capitella teleta*, *Crassostrea gigas*, and *Nematostella vectensis* from Zwarzycz et al. (2016). Lastly, we will include the putative Cdx genes from *Sycon ciliatum* and *Leucosolenia complicata*.
- 4- We will run the following analyses on this custom dataset:
  - a) NJ analyses using the protdist and neighbor programs in Phylip v.3.696 10 (same models & parameters specified in 2a)
  - b) ML analyses using RAxML v. 8.2.10 (same models & parameters specified in 2b)
  - c) Bayesian analyses using MrBayes v3.2.6 (same models & parameters specified in 2c)
- 5- Hypothesis testing. We will apply the AU test as implemented in CONSEL v 1.20 and the SOWH test as implemented in sowhat v0.36 on both the original alignment from Fortunato et al (2014) as well as our custom datasets. We will use a single model of evolution (the model chosen automatically by PROTGAMMAAUTO for each dataset—likely PROTGAMMALG) for the SOWH test. We will test the following hypotheses:
  - a. Fortunato dataset: ((LcoCdx,SciCdx,BfICdx,TcaCad1,TcaCad2),all,other,sequences)
  - b. Fortunato dataset: ((all,Hox,and,ParaHox),LcoCdx,SciCdx,all,other,sequences)
  - c. Custom dataset: ((all,Cdx,plus,LcoCdx,SciCdx),all,other,sequences)
  - d. Custom dataset: ((all,Hox,and,ParaHox),LcoCdx,SciCdx,all,other,sequences)

### 3 WORK COMPLETED SO FAR WITH DATES

Date: 5 June 2017 – created new dataset (proposed in 3)

Date: 5 June 2017 – performed RAxML with PROTGAMMAAUTO on new dataset (proposed in 4b)

Date: 8 June 2017 – performed RAxML with PROTGAMMAAUTO on Fortunato set (proposed in 2b)

### 4 LITERATURE REFERENCES

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## APPENDIX

Version	Date	Significant Revisions