CSC 530/730 – Programming and Data Structure Homework 3 (100 points)

Problems

In this project, we will implement priority queues *using linked lists*, and then use a priority queue to help sort a given group of integer numbers into *non-increasing* order.

1) Implement class PriorityQueueLinkedList as follows:

The class should only include five functions (<u>Do NOT implement any additional functions</u> in the class):

- PriorityQueueLinkedList(): Creates an empty priority queue.
- isEmpty(): Returns true if the priority queue is empty.
- enqueue(int k): Inserts a key k into the priority queue.
- **dequeue()**: Removes the front item from the priority queue and return its key; If the priority queue is empty and has no item to remove, returns -1.
- peekFront(): Reads the key of the front item in the priority queue and return it; Returns -1 if the priority queue is empty.

Let's make the following assumptions on the priority queues:

- All keys in the priority queue are non-negative.
- Duplicated keys are allowed in a priority queue.

Hint:

Note:

- When implementing class PriorityQueueLinkedList, you can borrow ideas from class SortedLinkedList in example project Example08SortedLinkedList
- 2) Write necessary statements in main() function to either allow users to enter keys or let the program randomly generate keys, and then sort them in non-increasing order by using a priority. Here are some examples when running the Homework 3 project.

```
Select from:
1. Read keys
2. Generate keys
3. Sort
0. Quit
Enter keys (negative to stop): 5 2 8 1 4 3 5 2 9 -1
Select from:
1. Read keys
2. Generate keys
3. Sort
Quit
9 8 5 5 4 3 2 2 1
Select from:
1. Read keys
2. Generate keys

    Sort
    Quit

Enter the number of keys to generate: 10
The following keys have been generated: 0 6 6 5 7 2 4 2 0 8
Select from:
1. Read keys
2. Generate keys
3. Sort
Quit
8 7 6 6 5 4 2 2 0 0
Select from:
1. Read keys
2. Generate keys
3. Sort
Quit
Thanks for using my program.
```

- For options 1 and 2 in the menu, the keys entered by the user or generated by the program should be stored into a PriorityQueueLinkedList object.
- When option 2 in the menu is chosen, the user needs to further specify the number of keys, n. Then the program will randomly generate n integer numbers as keys in range 0~(n-1) by using function call nextInt(n) of a Random object.
- For option 3 in the menu, your program should NOT directly traverse the entire sorted linked list and display the keys one by one. Instead, the sorting functionality should be implemented by calling functions isEmpty(), dequeue() of the PriorityQueueLinkedList object that stores the keys.

Submission

Compress the JAVA project folder into a .zip file and submit it on Blackboard.