

# segmentation

March 6, 2022

```
[ ]: from PIL import Image
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from scipy.ndimage import measurements, morphology
from skimage.morphology import disk
from skimage.segmentation import clear_border, mark_boundaries
from skimage.measure import label, regionprops, perimeter
from skimage.filters import roberts, sobel
from scipy import ndimage as ndi
import os
from tqdm import tqdm
import cv2
```

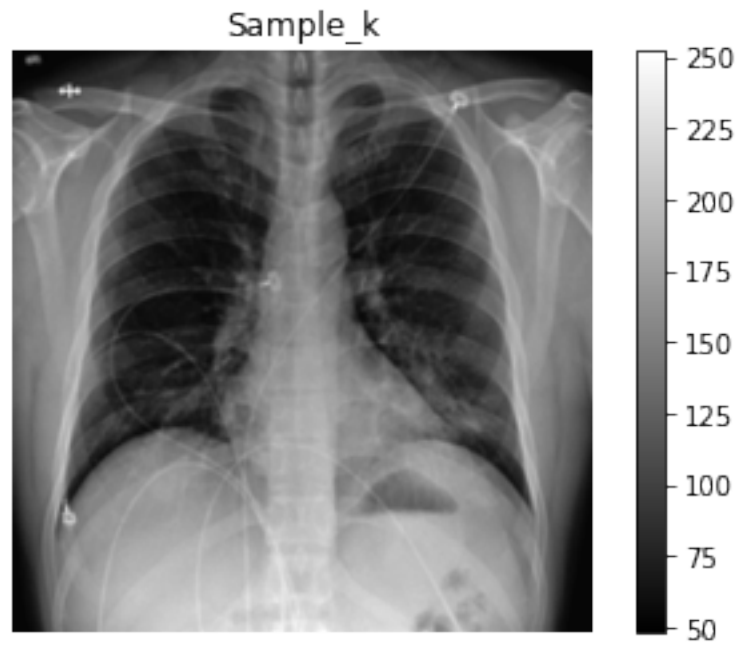
## 1 Segmentation Steps

```
[ ]: im_RGB = Image.open(r'COVID-38.png')
im_RGB.size
```

```
[ ]: (299, 299)
```

```
[ ]: plt.imshow(im_RGB, cmap='gray')
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('Sample_k')
plt.axis('off')
```

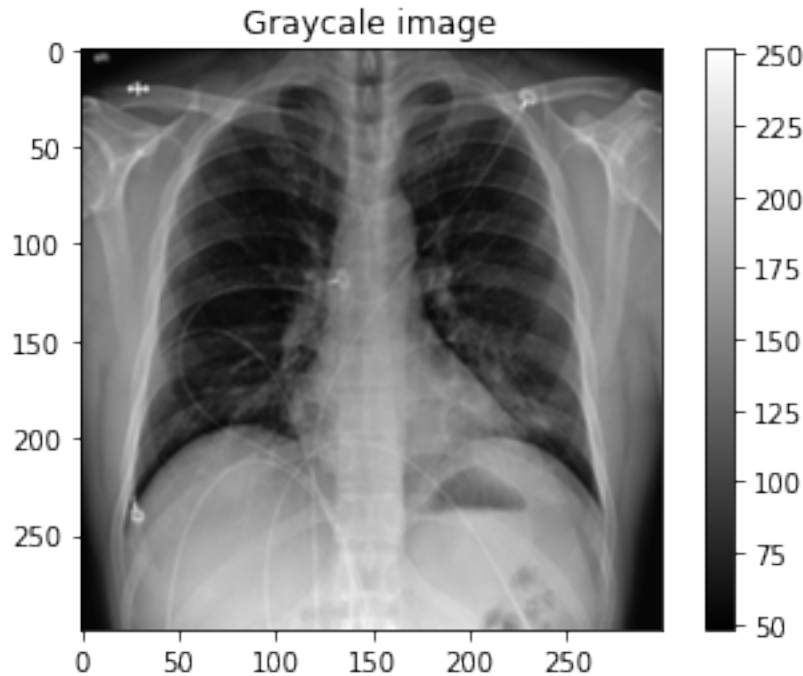
```
[ ]: (-0.5, 298.5, 298.5, -0.5)
```



```
[ ]: im_gray = im_RGB.convert("L")  
     im_gray_array = np.array(im_gray)  
     im_gray_array1 = im_gray_array
```

```
[ ]: plt.imshow(im_gray_array,cmap='gray')  
     cbar = plt.colorbar()  
     plt.title('Graycale image')
```

```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Graycale image')
```



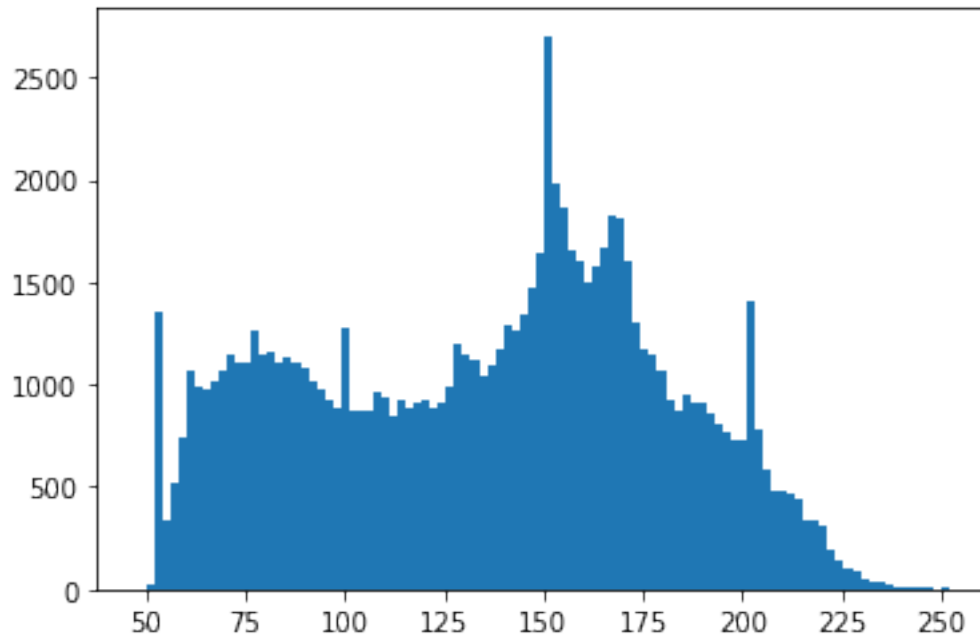
```
[ ]: plt.hist(im_gray_array.flatten(),bins=100)
```

```
[ ]: (array([3.000e+00, 2.400e+01, 1.354e+03, 3.400e+02, 5.220e+02, 7.430e+02,
1.063e+03, 9.910e+02, 9.790e+02, 1.021e+03, 1.072e+03, 1.144e+03,
1.110e+03, 1.105e+03, 1.257e+03, 1.142e+03, 1.158e+03, 1.109e+03,
1.139e+03, 1.110e+03, 1.084e+03, 1.010e+03, 9.810e+02, 9.190e+02,
8.850e+02, 1.283e+03, 8.660e+02, 8.700e+02, 8.770e+02, 9.670e+02,
9.330e+02, 8.410e+02, 9.260e+02, 8.810e+02, 9.120e+02, 9.200e+02,
8.880e+02, 9.090e+02, 9.840e+02, 1.203e+03, 1.146e+03, 1.116e+03,
1.036e+03, 1.098e+03, 1.168e+03, 1.286e+03, 1.264e+03, 1.336e+03,
1.475e+03, 1.638e+03, 2.703e+03, 1.984e+03, 1.860e+03, 1.659e+03,
1.601e+03, 1.497e+03, 1.571e+03, 1.672e+03, 1.823e+03, 1.811e+03,
1.609e+03, 1.305e+03, 1.177e+03, 1.152e+03, 1.064e+03, 9.290e+02,
8.710e+02, 9.490e+02, 9.150e+02, 9.110e+02, 8.600e+02, 8.120e+02,
7.620e+02, 7.340e+02, 7.320e+02, 1.408e+03, 7.770e+02, 5.900e+02,
4.780e+02, 4.830e+02, 4.620e+02, 4.410e+02, 3.380e+02, 3.370e+02,
3.170e+02, 1.980e+02, 1.390e+02, 1.020e+02, 8.600e+01, 4.500e+01,
3.900e+01, 3.500e+01, 1.900e+01, 1.600e+01, 1.300e+01, 1.100e+01,
7.000e+00, 4.000e+00, 1.000e+00, 4.000e+00]),
array([ 48.   , 50.04, 52.08, 54.12, 56.16, 58.2 , 60.24, 62.28,
64.32, 66.36, 68.4 , 70.44, 72.48, 74.52, 76.56, 78.6 ,
80.64, 82.68, 84.72, 86.76, 88.8 , 90.84, 92.88, 94.92,
96.96, 99.   , 101.04, 103.08, 105.12, 107.16, 109.2 , 111.24,
113.28, 115.32, 117.36, 119.4 , 121.44, 123.48, 125.52, 127.56,
```

```

129.6 , 131.64, 133.68, 135.72, 137.76, 139.8 , 141.84, 143.88,
145.92, 147.96, 150. , 152.04, 154.08, 156.12, 158.16, 160.2 ,
162.24, 164.28, 166.32, 168.36, 170.4 , 172.44, 174.48, 176.52,
178.56, 180.6 , 182.64, 184.68, 186.72, 188.76, 190.8 , 192.84,
194.88, 196.92, 198.96, 201. , 203.04, 205.08, 207.12, 209.16,
211.2 , 213.24, 215.28, 217.32, 219.36, 221.4 , 223.44, 225.48,
227.52, 229.56, 231.6 , 233.64, 235.68, 237.72, 239.76, 241.8 ,
243.84, 245.88, 247.92, 249.96, 252.  ]),
<BarContainer object of 100 artists>)

```



```

[ ]: c=1.4 #contras
    b = 0 #brightness
    im_gray_array = c*np.int16(im_gray_array)+b
    im_gray_array = np.uint8(np.maximum(np.minimum(im_gray_array,255),0))

```

```

[ ]: th = 180
    im_bin = (im_gray_array > th) | (im_gray_array < 25)
    im_bin = 1-im_bin

```

```

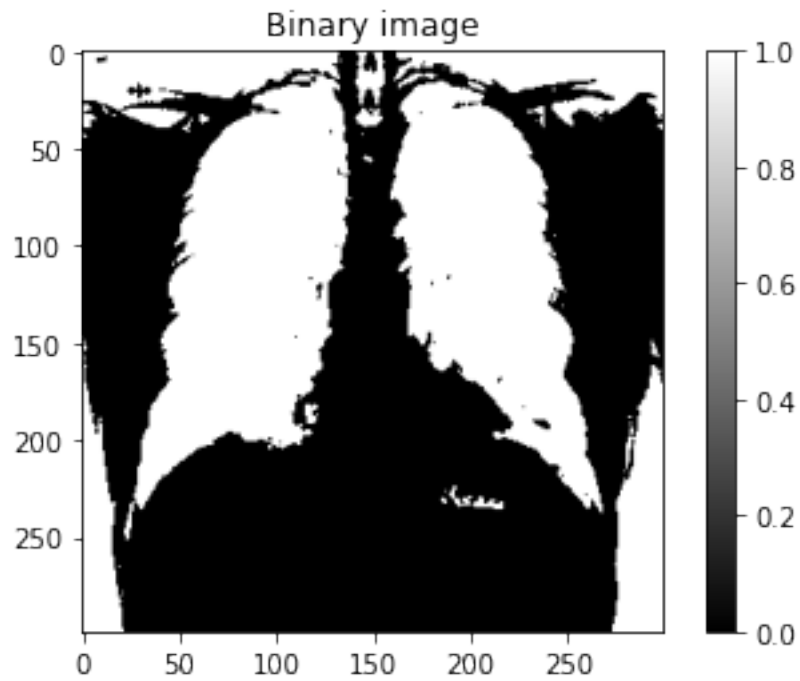
[ ]: plt.imshow(im_bin,cmap='gray')
    cbar = plt.colorbar()
    plt.title('Binary image')

```

```

[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'Binary image')

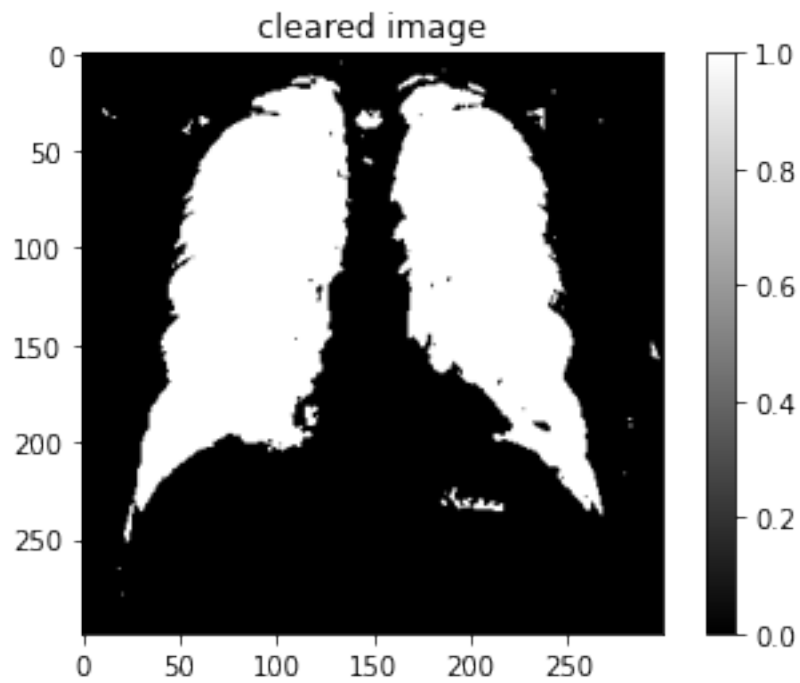
```



```
[ ]: #Remove the blobs connected to the border of the image.
```

```
cleared = clear_border(im_bin)
plt.imshow(cleared,cmap='gray')
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('cleared image')
```

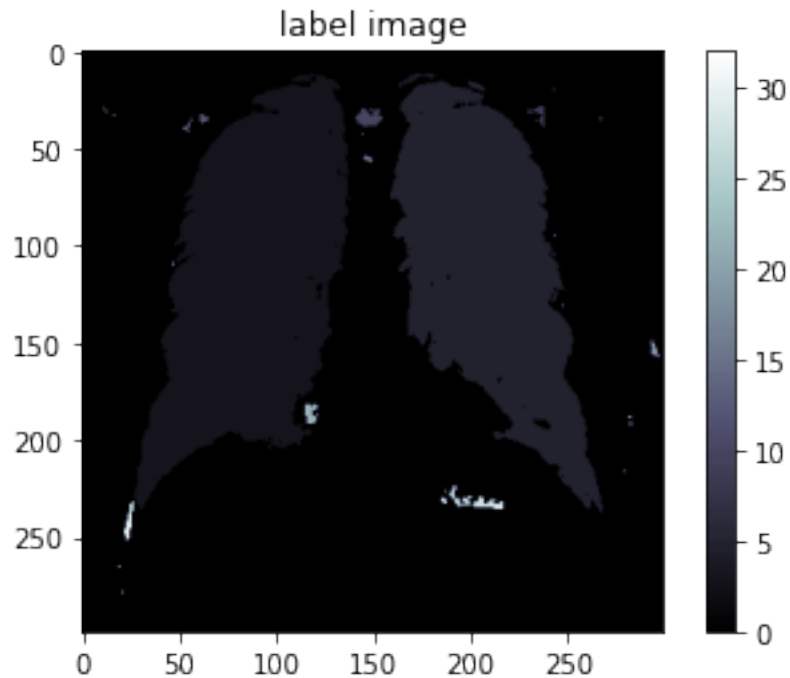
```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'cleared image')
```



```
[ ]: #label the image

label_image = label(cleared)
plt.imshow(label_image,cmap=plt.cm.bone)
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('label image')
```

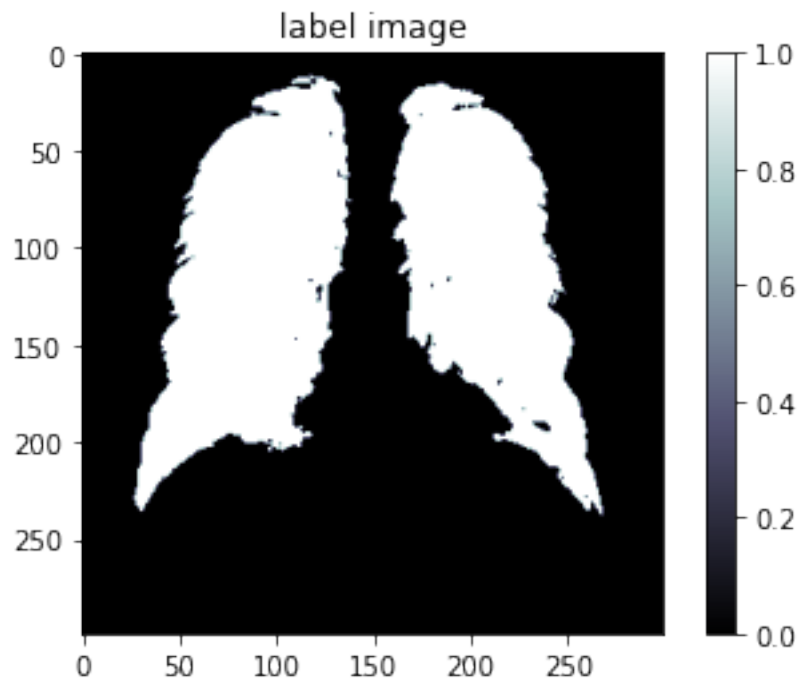
```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'label image')
```



```
[ ]: #Keep the labels with 2 largest areas.
areas = [r.area for r in regionprops(label_image)]
areas.sort()
if len(areas) > 2:
    for region in regionprops(label_image):
        if region.area < areas[-2]:
            for coordinates in region.coords:
                label_image[coordinates[0], coordinates[1]] = 0
binary = label_image > 0

plt.imshow(binary, cmap=plt.cm.bone)
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('label image')
```

```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'label image')
```

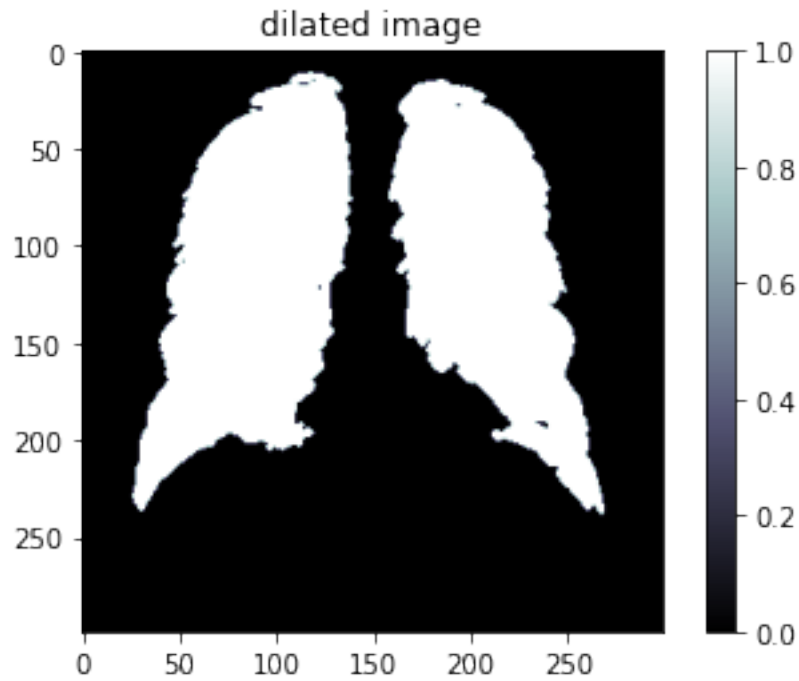


```
[ ]: #dilation operation with a disk of radius 2. This operation is separate the  
      ↪lung nodules attached to the blood vessels.
```

```
binary = morphology.binary_dilation(binary)  
plt.imshow(binary, cmap=plt.cm.bone)  
cbar = plt.colorbar()  
plt.title('dilated image')
```

```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'dilated image')
```

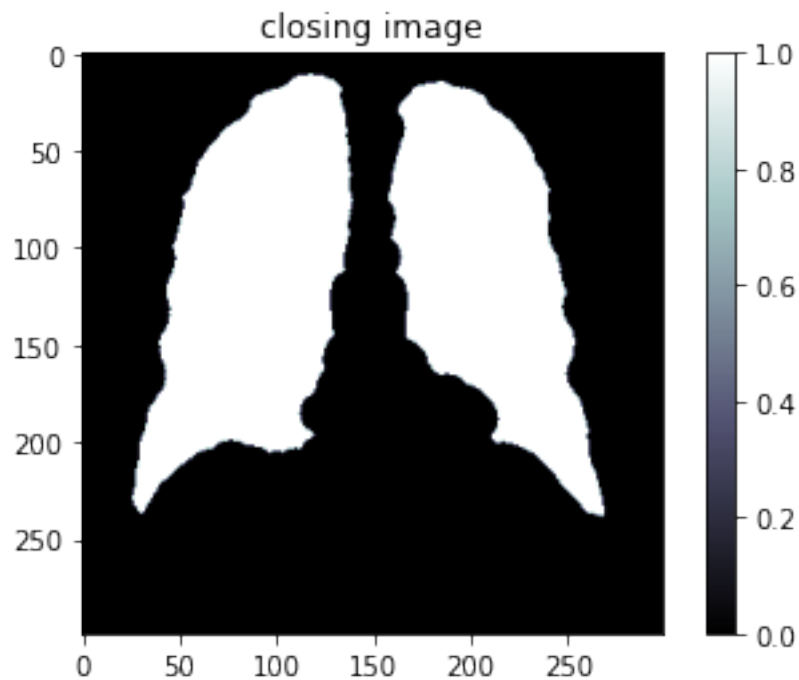




```
[ ]: #Closure operation with a disk of radius 10. This operation is to keep nodules  
      ↪ attached to the lung wall.
```

```
selem = disk(10)  
binary = morphology.binary_closing(binary, selem)  
plt.imshow(binary, cmap=plt.cm.bone)  
cbar = plt.colorbar()  
plt.title('closing image')
```

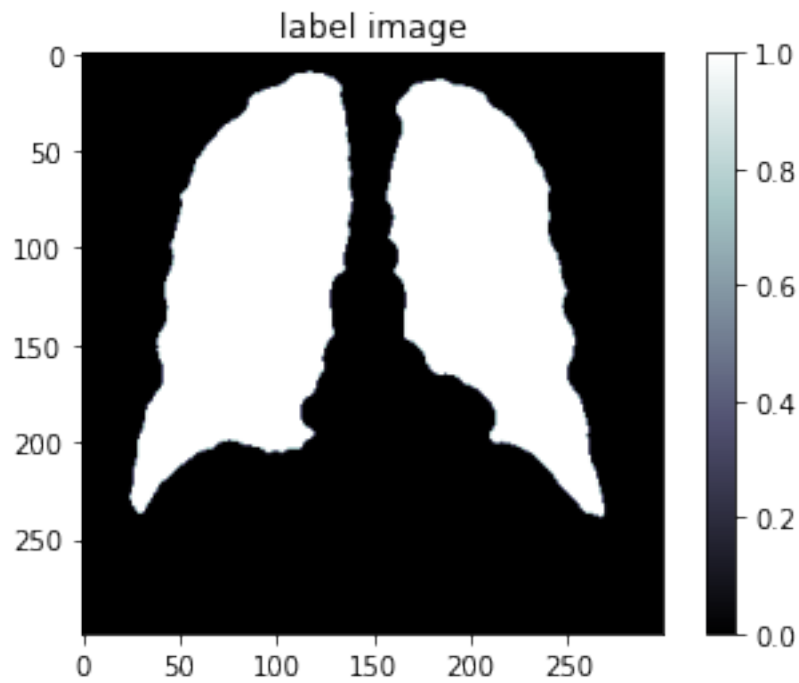
```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'closing image')
```



```
[ ]: #Fill in the small holes inside the binary mask of lungs.
```

```
edges = roberts(binary)
binary = ndi.binary_fill_holes(edges)
plt.imshow(binary, cmap=plt.cm.bone)
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('label image')
```

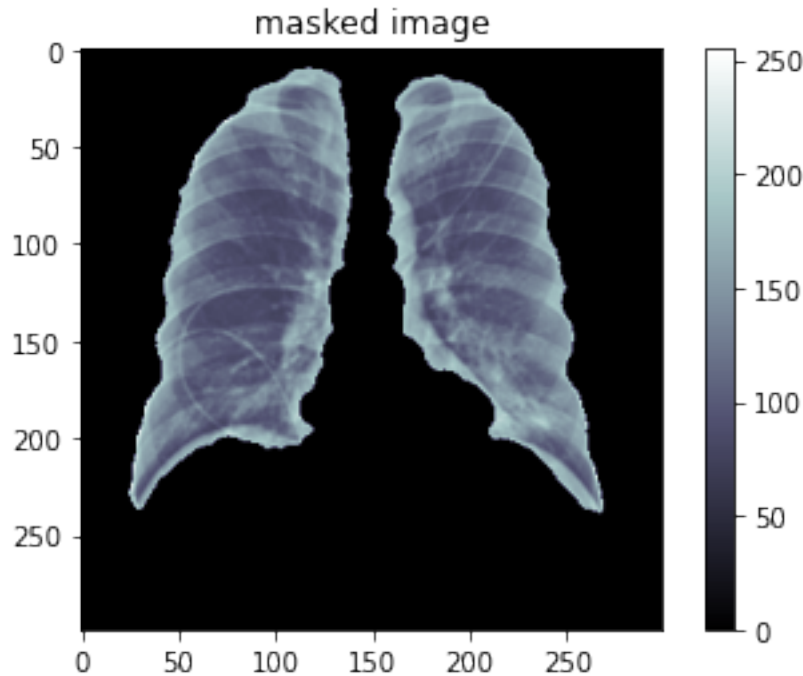
```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'label image')
```



```
[ ]: #Superimpose the binary mask on the input image.
```

```
get_high_vals = binary == 0  
im_gray_array[get_high_vals] = 0  
plt.imshow(im_gray_array, cmap=plt.cm.bone)  
cbar = plt.colorbar()  
plt.title('masked image')
```

```
[ ]: Text(0.5, 1.0, 'masked image')
```



```
[ ]: '''
def make_mb_image(i_img, i_gt, i_pred, ds_op=lambda x: x[:, :4, :4]):
    n_img = (i_img - i_img.mean()) / (2 * i_img.std()) + 0.5
    c_img = plt.cm.bone(n_img)[:, :, :3]
    c_img = mark_boundaries(ds_op(c_img), label_img=ds_op(i_pred), color =
    ↪ (1, 0, 0), mode='thick')
    ↪
    ↪ c_img = mark_boundaries(c_img, label_img=ds_op(i_gt), color=(0, 1, 0), mode='thick|')
    return c_img

plt.imshow(make_mb_image(im_gray_array1, im_bin, binary))

'''
```

```
[ ]: "\ndef make_mb_image(i_img, i_gt, i_pred, ds_op=lambda x: x[:, :4, :4]):\n    n_img\n    = (i_img - i_img.mean()) / (2 * i_img.std()) + 0.5\n    c_img =\n    plt.cm.bone(n_img)[:, :, :3]\n    c_img = mark_boundaries(ds_op(c_img), label_img=ds_op(i_pred), color =\n    (1, 0, 0), mode='thick')\n    c_img = mark_boundaries(c_img, label_img=ds_op(i_gt), color=(0, 1, 0), mode='thick|')\n    return c_img\n\nplt.imshow(make_mb_image(im_gray_array1, im_bin, binary))\n\n"
```

```
[ ]: def image_print(im):
```

```
plt.imshow(im,cmap=plt.cm.bone)
cbar = plt.colorbar()
plt.title('masked image')
```

```
[ ]: imagePaths = []
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk(r'C:
↳\Users\josep\Desktop\covid\COVID-19_Radiography_Dataset\Covid'):
    for filename in filenames:
        if (filename[-3:] == 'png'):
            imagePaths.append(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
imagePaths.sort(key=lambda x:str (x[:-5]))
```

## 2 Covid Segmentation

```
[ ]: def covid_segementation(path, plot=False):

    count = 0
    for i in tqdm(path):
        count = count+1
        im_RGB = cv2.imread(i)
        im_gray = cv2.cvtColor(im_RGB,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        im_gray_array = np.array(im_gray)
        c=1.4 #contras
        b = 0 #brightness
        im_gray_array = c*np.int16(im_gray_array)+b
        im_gray_array = np.uint8(np.maximum(np.minimum(im_gray_array,255),0))
        th = 180
        im_bin = (im_gray_array > th) | (im_gray_array < 25)
        im_bin = 1-im_bin
        cleared = clear_border(im_bin)
        label_image = label(cleared)
        areas = [r.area for r in regionprops(label_image)]
        areas.sort()
        if len(areas) > 2:
            for region in regionprops(label_image):
                if region.area < areas[-2]:
                    for coordinates in region.coords:
                        label_image[coordinates[0], coordinates[1]] = 0
        binary = label_image > 0
        binary = morphology.binary_dilation(binary)
        selem = disk(10)
        binary = morphology.binary_closing(binary, selem)
        edges = roberts(binary)
        binary = ndi.binary_fill_holes(edges)
        get_high_vals = binary == 0
        im_gray_array[get_high_vals] = 0
```

```

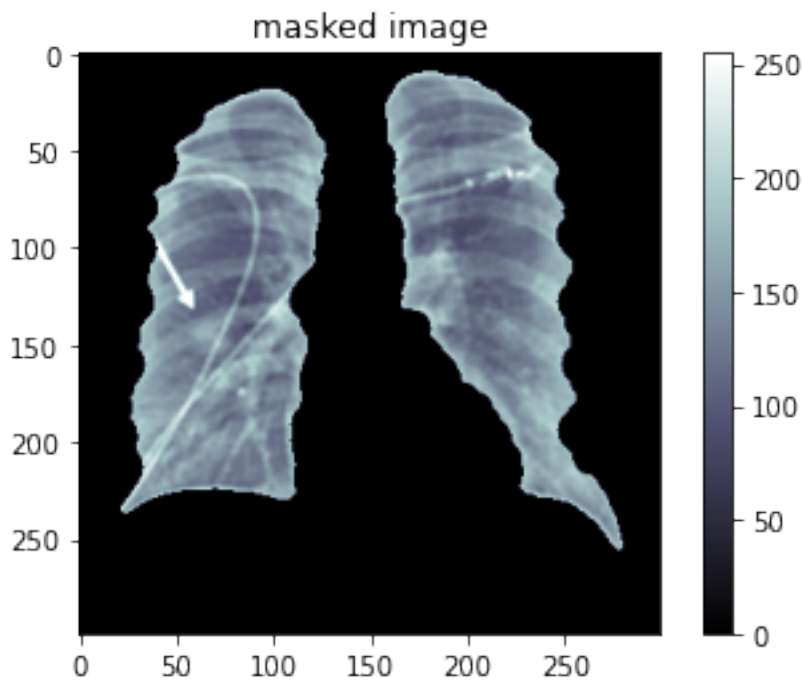
        cv2.imwrite(f'segmentation/Covid - Segemented/Covid_seg_{count}'.
→png',im_gray_array)

    if plot == True:
        image_print(im_gray_array)

```

```
[ ]: test = covid_segementation(imagePaths, True)
```

100%| | 3616/3616 [03:05<00:00, 19.44it/s]



```

[ ]: imagePath = []
for dirname, _, filenames in os.walk(r'C:
→\Users\josep\Desktop\covid\COVID-19_Radiography_Dataset\Normal'):
    for filename in filenames:
        if (filename[-3:] == 'png'):
            imagePath.append(os.path.join(dirname, filename))
imagePaths.sort(key=lambda x:str (x[:-5]))
len(imagePaths)

```

```
[ ]: 3616
```

### 3 Normal Lungs Segmentation

```
[ ]: def Normal_segementation(path, plot=False):

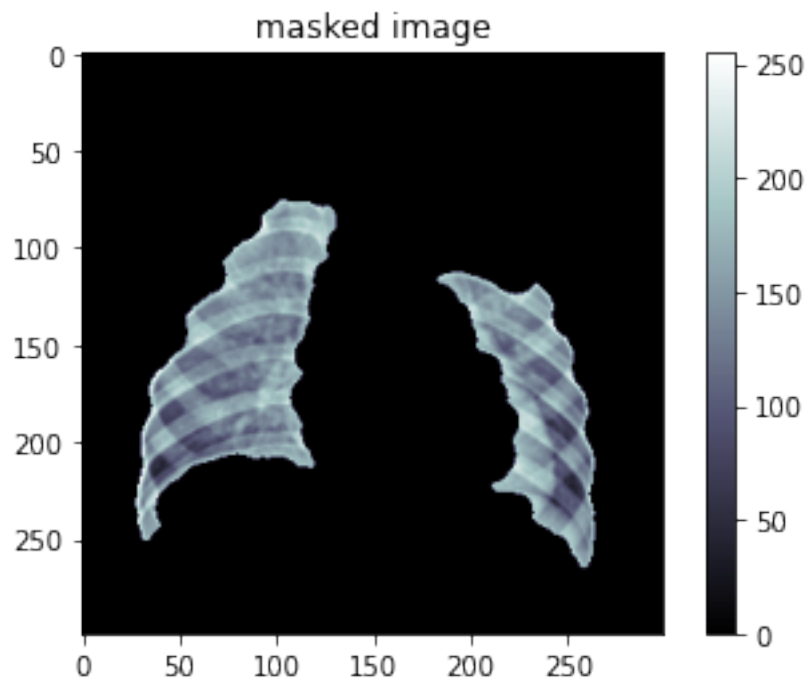
    count = 0
    for i in tqdm(path):
        count = count+1
        im_RGB = cv2.imread(i)
        im_gray = cv2.cvtColor(im_RGB,cv2.COLOR_BGR2GRAY)
        im_gray_array = np.array(im_gray)
        c=1.4 #contras
        b = 0 #brightness
        im_gray_array = c*np.int16(im_gray_array)+b
        im_gray_array = np.uint8(np.maximum(np.minimum(im_gray_array,255),0))
        th = 180
        im_bin = (im_gray_array > th) | (im_gray_array < 25)
        im_bin = 1-im_bin
        cleared = clear_border(im_bin)
        label_image = label(cleared)
        areas = [r.area for r in regionprops(label_image)]
        areas.sort()
        if len(areas) > 2:
            for region in regionprops(label_image):
                if region.area < areas[-2]:
                    for coordinates in region.coords:
                        label_image[coordinates[0], coordinates[1]] = 0
        binary = label_image > 0
        binary = morphology.binary_dilation(binary)
        selem = disk(10)
        binary = morphology.binary_closing(binary, selem)
        edges = roberts(binary)
        binary = ndi.binary_fill_holes(edges)
        get_high_vals = binary == 0
        im_gray_array[get_high_vals] = 0

        cv2.imwrite(f'segmentation/Normal - Segemented/Normal_seg_{count}.
↪png',im_gray_array)

    if plot == True:
        image_print(im_gray_array)
```

```
[ ]: test = Normal_segementation(imagePaths, True)
```

100%| | 3616/3616 [03:09<00:00, 19.06it/s]



[ ]: