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# 001 - Webstrike

### Overview

#### • Scenario:

A suspicious file was identified on a company web server, raising alarms within the intranet. The Development team flagged the anomaly, suspecting potential malicious activity. To address the issue, the network team captured critical network traffic and prepared a PCAP file for review. Your task is to analyze the provided PCAP file to uncover how the file appeared and determine the extent of any unauthorized activity.

• Skills Covered: IP address lookup (Geolocation), User-Agent Identify, Exploits finding

## **Tools Used**

• Wireshark - PCAP (Packet Capture)

# Questions

### 1. Identifying the geographical origin of the attack

I saw the IP 117.11.88.124 is asking for something related to admin. I know something's off here. It's an attacker that's why I put it into IP address lookup.

```
74 36270 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=64240 Len:
       70 57.535331
                             117.11.88.124
                                                        24.49.63.79
                                                                                   TCP
       71 57.535455
72 57.535544
                             24.49.63.79
117.11.88.124
                                                                                                  74 80 → 36270 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Wi
66 36270 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=642
16 GET /admin/uploads HTTP/1.1
                                                        117.11.88.124
                                                                                   TCP
                                                        24.49.63.79
                                                                                   TCP
       74 57.538175
                             24.49.63.79
                                                                                                  66 80 → 36270 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=351 Win=6
                                                        117.11.88.124
       75 57.538483
                             24.49.63.79
                                                        117.11.88.124
                                                                                   HTTP
                                                                                                 558 HTTP/1.1 404 Not Found (text/html)
                                                                                                  66 36270 → 80 [ACK] Seq=351 Ack=493 Win
       76 57.538547
                             117.11.88.124
                                                        24.49.63.79
                                                                                   TCP
       77 62.538698
                             117.11.88.124
                                                        24.49.63.79
                                                                                   TCP
                                                                                                  66 36270 → 80 [FIN, ACK] Seq=351 Ack=49
  Frame 73: 416 bytes on wire (3328 bits), 416 bytes captured (3328 bits)
 Ethernet II, Src: VMware_c0:00:09 (00:50:56:c0:00:09), Dst: VMware_61:97:cd (00:0c:29:61:97:cd)
Internet Protocol Version 4, Src: 117.11.88.124, Dst: 24.49.63.79
Transmission Control Protocol, Src Port: 36270, Dst Port: 80, Seq: 1, Ack: 1, Len: 350

→ Hypertext Transfer Protocol
→ GET /admin/uploads HTTP/1.1\r\n
Host: shoporoma.com\r\n

      User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86 64; rv:109.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/115.0\r\n
      Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,*/*;q=0.8\r\n
      Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5\r\n
      Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate\r\n
      Connection: keep-alive\r\n
      Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1\r\n
       [Full request URI: http://shoporoma.com/admin/uploads]
       [HTTP request 1/1]
       [Response in frame: 75]
```

So it's in China.

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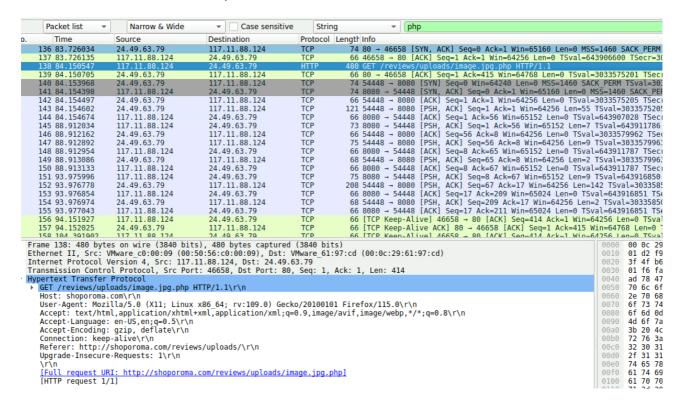
### 2. Attacker's User-Agent

Knowing which browser attacker is using can provide some information.

#### 3. Malicious web shell

A web shell is a shell-like interface that enables a web server to be remotely accessed, often for the purposes of cyberattacks. A web shell is unique in that a web browser is used to interact with it. Web shells are most commonly written in PHP

We know web shell are commonly in PHP. Use filter to find it.



#### 4. Exfiltrated file

We know in HTTP POST is data sending, use filter to find it.

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