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lab10: main.c list.c files.c
      gcc -pthread -o lab10 main.c list.c files.c -I.
      ./lab10 contactData.txt contactBinData.bin autosaveToBin.bin\
#ifndef lab10
#define lab10
/* Base File - contains all global variables, function declarations, and
structure definitions */
/* CONTACT NODE - a node containing the contact information */
struct CONTACT NODE {
    char name[50];
    char phoneNumber[50];
    struct CONTACT NODE *PREV;
    struct CONTACT NODE *NEXT;
};
/* LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES - an array in which each head index represents an
alphabetical letter*/
struct CONTACT NODE *LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[26];
/* Mutex for locking and unlocking threads */
pthread mutex t autosave mutex;
/* Functions list */
void insert(char newName[50], char newPhoneNumber[50]);
void delete(char oldName[50]);
void show();
void show letter(char letter);
void save textfile(char filename[50]);
void read textfile(char filename[50]);
void write binaryfile(char filename[50]);
void print binaryfile(char filename[50]);
void reverse(struct CONTACT NODE *nodeP1, struct CONTACT NODE *nodeP2, int
void * autosaveToBin(void * filename);
#endif
/* Mods */
```

#include <stdio.h>

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "lab10.h"
/* main.c - contains the function main() and is the centric file of the
project */
/*
Phone Book 7.1:
A directory program in which the computer allows the user to add, delete, or
display contacts.
Commands:
1 - Adds a new contact to the directory
2 - Delete an old contact from the directory
3 - Show a table of all contacts
4 - Show a table of all contacts with names of a specified starting letter
5 - Record directory contents into a binary file
6 - Show a table of the binary file contents in readable text
7 - Reverses the order of contents
8 - Quit and save directory to file
Requirements (to add on top of PHONEBOOK 7.0):
> Create a thread that would save the directory contents to a separate binary
file every five seconds
    - The thread and the program must run separately yet concurrently
    - Use to sleep function to initiate the five second pauses
    - Locks should be used when changing the list, handling the auto-save
file, and killing the thread
*/
/* MAIN */
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    /* Create Directory and Recall FILEs, if nonexistent */
   FILE *DIRECTORY = fopen(argv[1], "a");
   FILE *BINARYRCL = fopen(argv[2], "ab");
   FILE *FAUTOSAVE = fopen(argv[3], "ab");
   /* Introduces the user to the program and lists out the possible commands
* /
   char openingMessage[1000] = "\n"
    "#======#\n"
    "| PHONE BOOK 7.1 (AUTOSAVE ADDED) |\n"
    "#======#\n"
```

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"1 -> Create a new contact for the directory\n"
   "2 -> Delete a contact off of the directory\n"
   "3 -> Show all known contacts in the directory in alphabetical order\n"
   "4 -> Show all known contacts that start with a specified letter\n"
   "5 -> Stores current directory in a separate file\n"
   "6 -> Recalls the stored directory from the separate file\n"
   "7 -> Show all known contacts in the directory in reverse alphabetical
order\n"
   "8 -> Quits the program and saves to file\n"
   "9 -> Shows the contents of the autosaved file\n"
   "NOTE: Please start names with letter and keep all inputs under 50
words\n\n";
   printf("%s", openingMessage);
   /* Set up the titles used to introduce tables */
   char contactListTitle[100] =
   "#=====#\n"
   "| LIST OF CONTACTS |\n"
   "#=====#\n";
   char contactListTitle2[100] =
   "#======#\n"
   "| LIST OF CONTACTS 0 |\n"
   "#=====#\n";
   char contactListTitle3[150] =
   "#=====#\n"
   "| LIST OF CONTACTS RCL |\n"
   "#=====#\n";
   char contactListTitle4[150] =
   "#=====#\n"
   "| LIST OF CONTACTS REV |\n"
   "#=====#\n";
   char contactListTitle5[150] =
   "#=====#\n"
   "| LIST OF CONTACTS ASF |\n"
   "#=====#\n";
     /* Initialize LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES */
     int i; for (i=0;i<26;i++) LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[i] = NULL;
     read textfile(argv[1]);
     /* Define parsing variables*/
     char callNumber, callNumberMSG[50], phoneNumber[50], name[50],
letterMSG[50], letter;
     /* Define, initialize, and start the thread */
     pthread t THREAD FOR AUTOSAVE; void *autosave ret;
     pthread create(&THREAD FOR AUTOSAVE, NULL, autosaveToBin, (void *)
argv[3]);
```

```
/* Start Game Loop */
      for (;;) {
          /* Get user input */
          // NOTE: fgets also copies returns so the string length of a single
inputedcharacter = 2
          printf(">>> "); fgets(callNumberMSG, sizeof(callNumberMSG), stdin);
          if (strlen(callNumberMSG) == 2) callNumber = callNumberMSG[0];
          else {printf("***ERROR: Please enter a single character.\n");
continue;}
          /* Parse user input */
          switch(callNumber) {
              /* 1 - adds a new contact to the directory*/
              case '1':
                  /* Get new contact information from user */
                  printf("Name: "); fgets(name, sizeof(name), stdin);
name[strlen(name)-1] = ' \setminus 0';
                  printf("Phone Number: "); fgets(phoneNumber, sizeof(name),
stdin); phoneNumber[strlen(phoneNumber)-1] = '\0';
                  /* Creates new contact and inserts said contact into
directory*/
                  insert(name, phoneNumber); break;
              /* 2 - subtract a contact from the directory */
              case '2':
                  /* Get name for deletion */
                  printf("Name (for deletion): "); fgets(name, sizeof(name),
stdin); name[strlen(name)-1] = ' \setminus 0';
                  /* Delete contact associated with name off the directory */
                  delete(name); break;
              /* 3 - show all contacts */
              case '3':
                  /* Print introduction message and tabuluated contacts */
                  printf("%s", contactListTitle);
                  show(); break;
              /* 4 - show all contacts starting with a specific letter */
              case '4':
                  /* Get letter from the user */
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printf("Enter a Letter: "); fgets(letterMSG, sizeof(name),
stdin); letter = letterMSG[0];
                  /* Parse letter here and change introduction message */
                  if (letter >= 97 && letter <= 122) letter -= 32;
                  else if (letter < 65 || letter > 90) {printf("***ERROR:
Please type a alphabetical letter\n"); break;}
                  contactListTitle2[42] = letter;
                  /* print introduction message and tabuluated contacts */
                  if (strlen(letterMSG) == 2) {
                      printf("%s", contactListTitle2);
                      show letter(letter);
                  } else printf("***ERROR: Please type a alphabetical
letter\n");
                 break;
            /* 5 - Save current directory to binary file */
            case '5':
                /* Print a statement and save directory to binary file*/
                printf("Saving to RCL (binary file)...\n");
                write binaryfile(argv[2]);
                break;
            /* 6 - Show binary file contents */
            case '6':
                /* Print introductory message and tabulate
contentspthread cancel(thread1) */
                printf("%s", contactListTitle3);
                print binaryfile(argv[2]);
                break;
            /* 7 - Show all contacts in reverse order and retrieve the
original list after you're done*/
            case '7':
                /* Print introduction message and tabuluate contacts */
              printf("%s", contactListTitle4);
              reverse (NULL, NULL, 0);
              show();
              reverse (NULL, NULL, 0);
              break;
          /* 8 - save the directory to file and quits */
          case '8':
              printf("Thank you for using PHONE BOOK 7.1.\n");
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save textfile(argv[1]); write binaryfile(argv[2]);
              fclose(DIRECTORY); fclose(BINARYRCL); fclose(FAUTOSAVE);
              pthread cancel(THREAD FOR AUTOSAVE);
              return 0;
            /* 9 - print the file from the auto-save thread */
            case '9':
                printf("%s",contactListTitle5);
            print binaryfile(argv[3]);
              break;
          /* End of switch statement */
          default:
              printf("***ERROR: Please type a valid command.\n");
          }
      }
}
/* Mods */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "lab10.h"
/* list.c - file containing functions that directly interact with the data
pertaining to the contacts */
/* insert - creates a new contact, and, through iteration, ensures that the
name is not a duplicate and places it into the appropriate *
            alphabetical position in the linked-lists under
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES.*/
void insert(char newName[50], char newPhoneNumber[50]) {
    /* Find the index of the appropriate linked-list using the first letter of
the given name */
    char letter = newName[0]; int letterIndex;
    if (letter >= 65 && letter <= 90) letterIndex = (int) letter - 65;
    else if (letter >= 97 && letter <= 122) letterIndex = (int) letter - 97;
    else {printf("***ERROR: Please start names with a letter\n"); return;}
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i =
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex];
    /* Creates new contact and initialize data variables */
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```
struct CONTACT NODE *newContact = (struct CONTACT NODE *)
malloc(sizeof(struct CONTACT NODE));
    strcpy(newContact->name, newName);
    strcpy(newContact->phoneNumber, newPhoneNumber);
    /* After newName has been implemented into the newContact, set newName to
uppercase (for case insentitivity) */
    int i; for (i=0;i<strlen(newName); i++) if (newName[i] >= 97 && newName[i]
<= 122) newName[i] -= 32;
    /* Case 1: Empty: Make the new contact the head */
    if (contact node i == NULL) {
        newContact->NEXT = NULL;
        newContact->PREV = NULL;
        LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex] = newContact;
        return;
    /* Starts iterating over LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES */
    char savedName[50], savedName2[50];
    while (contact node i != NULL) {
      /* Cast all character to uppercase for comparison */
        strcpy(savedName, contact node i->name);
        for (i=0; i < strlen(savedName); i++) if (savedName[i] >= 97 \&\&
savedName[i] <= 122) savedName[i] -= 32;</pre>
        if (contact node i->NEXT != NULL) {
             strcpy(savedName2,contact node i->NEXT->name);
             for (i=0; i < strlen(savedName2); i++) if (savedName2[i] >= 97 \& \&
savedName2[i] <= 122) savedName2[i] -= 32;</pre>
      }
        /* Check for duplicate */
        if (strcmp(savedName, newName) == 0) {
            printf("***ERROR: A contact with this name already exist in the
directory; please choose another name\n");
           return;
        /* Case 2: Before Head: Make the new contact the head and place it
before the former */
        if (contact node i->PREV == NULL && strcmp(newName, savedName)<0) {
            LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex] = newContact;
            newContact->PREV = NULL;
            newContact->NEXT = contact node i;
            contact node i->PREV = newContact;
            return;
        }
```

```
/* Case 3: After Tail: Assign the new contact after the tail */
        else if (contact node i->NEXT == NULL && strcmp(newName,
savedName) > 0) {
            newContact->PREV = contact node i;
            newContact->NEXT = NULL;
            contact node i->NEXT = newContact;
        }
        /* Case 4: Middle: Change adjacent nodes and insert new node between
       else if (strcmp(newName, savedName2) < 0 && strcmp(newName, savedName) > 0)
{
            newContact->PREV = contact node i;
            newContact->NEXT = contact node i->NEXT;
            contact node i->NEXT->PREV = newContact;
            contact node i->NEXT = newContact;
            return;
        }
        /* Next iteration */
        contact node i = contact node i->NEXT;
   }
/* delete - indentifies the contact with the given name through iteration, use
"free" to delete it, and conjoin adjacent lists */
void delete(char* oldName) {
    /* Find the index of the appropriate linked-list using the first letter of
the given name */
    char letter = oldName[0]; int letterIndex;
    if (letter >= 65 && letter <= 90) letterIndex = (int) letter - 65;
    else if (letter >= 97 && letter <= 122) letterIndex = (int) letter - 97;
    else {printf("***ERROR: Please start names with a letter\n"); return;}
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i =
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex];
    /* Cast oldName to uppercase */
    int i; for (i=0;i<strlen(oldName); i++) if (oldName[i] >= 97 && oldName[i]
<= 122) oldName[i] -= 32;
    /* Starts iterating over LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES */
    char savedName[50];
    while (contact node i != NULL) {
          /* Case current node name to uppercase */
        strcpy(savedName, contact node i->name);
```

```
for (i=0; i < strlen(savedName); i++) if (savedName[i] >= 97 &&
savedName[i] <= 122) savedName[i] -= 32;</pre>
        /* Check if the old name is equal to the one in the current node */
        if (strcmp(oldName, savedName) == 0) {
            /* Case 1: Dead Single: Delete the head */
            if (contact node i->PREV == NULL && contact node i->NEXT == NULL)
{
                free(LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex]);
                LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex] = NULL;
                return;
            }
            /* Case 2: Dead Head: Delete the head, and make the next node the
new head */
            else if (contact node i->PREV == NULL) {
                free(LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex]);
                LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letterIndex] = contact node i->NEXT;
                return;
            /* Case 3: Dead Tail: Delete the tail, and adjust the second-last
node */
            else if (contact node i->NEXT == NULL) {
                free(contact node i);
                contact node i->PREV->NEXT = NULL;
                return;
            /* Case 4: Conjoined Middle: Delete the current node and link
adjacent nodes */
            else {
                free(contact node i);
                contact node i->PREV->NEXT = contact node i->NEXT;
                contact node i->NEXT->PREV = contact node i->PREV;
                return;
            }
        }
        /* Next iteration */
        contact node i = contact node i->NEXT;
    } printf("***ERROR: Contact associated with given name is not found\n");
}
```

```
/* reverse() - Reverse the order of all linked lists (DEFAULT: index should
equal 0) */
void reverse(struct CONTACT NODE *nodeP1, struct CONTACT NODE *nodeP2, int
    /* Base case: index = 26 */
    if (index == 26) return;
    /* Recursive Case 1: Head does not exist */
    if (LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index] == NULL) {return reverse(NULL, NULL,
index+1);}
    /* Recursive Case 2: Node arguments are both NULL */
    if (nodeP1 == NULL) {
       nodeP1 = LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index];
        nodeP2 = LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index];
        while (nodeP2->NEXT != NULL) nodeP2 = nodeP2->NEXT;
        return reverse(nodeP1, nodeP2, index);
    }
    /* Recursive Case 3: Both are center */
    if (nodeP1 == nodeP2 || nodeP1->PREV == nodeP2) {return reverse(NULL,
NULL, index+1);}
    /* Recursive Case 4: Both are outliers */
    if (nodeP1->PREV == NULL) {
        char tn[50], tpn[50];
        strcpy(tn, nodeP1->name);
        strcpy(tpn, nodeP1->phoneNumber);
        strcpy(LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index]->name, nodeP2->name);
        strcpy(LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index]->phoneNumber,
nodeP2->phoneNumber);
        strcpy(nodeP2->name, tn);
        strcpy(nodeP2->phoneNumber, tpn);
        return reverse(LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[index]->NEXT, nodeP2->PREV,
index);
    }
    /* Recursive Case 5: Switch nodes and move towards center */
    else {
       char tn[50], tpn[50];
        strcpy(tn, nodeP2->name);
        strcpy(tpn, nodeP2->phoneNumber);
        strcpy(nodeP2->name, nodeP1->name);
        strcpy(nodeP2->phoneNumber, nodeP1->phoneNumber);
        strcpy(nodeP1->name, tn);
        strcpy(nodeP1->phoneNumber, tpn);
        return reverse(nodeP1->NEXT, nodeP2->PREV, index);
```

```
}
```

```
/* Mods */
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <pthread.h>
#include "lab10.h"
/* files.c - files for functions that writes and recalls data from .txt and
.bin files */
/* read textfile() - creates and writes nodes of the linked-lists based on the
names and phone numbers written on the text file ^{\star}/
void read textfile(char filename[50]) {
    /* Refer to contactData.txt */
    FILE *DFP = fopen(filename, "r");
    /* Find the number of characters in the file; if it doesn't have more than
201 chars, escape this function */
    /* NOTE: 202 chars is the string length of the intro */
    fseek(DFP, 0, SEEK END); int lengthOfFile = (int) ftell(DFP);
    if (lengthOfFile<201+1) return;</pre>
    /* Create variables for iteration and move in-front of introduction */
    fseek (DFP, 202, SEEK SET);
    char name[50], phoneNumber[50], test[3];
    /* Start parsing text from contactData.txt */
    while (getc(DFP) != EOF) {
        /* Get strings of 50 chars */
        fseek (DFP, -1, SEEK CUR);
        fgets(name, 50+1, DFP);
        fgets(phoneNumber, 50, DFP);
        /* Trim the ending spaces because they are annoying */
        int i;
        for (i=strlen(name)-1; i>=0; i--){
            if (name[i] == ' ') name[i] = ' 0';
            else if (name[i] == '\0') continue;
            else break;
        for (i=strlen(phoneNumber)-1; i>=0; i--){
            if (phoneNumber[i] == ' ') phoneNumber[i] = '\0';
```

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else if (phoneNumber[i] == '\0') continue;
           else break;
       }
       /* Adjust DFP position over newline and insert reminiscent contact*/
       fseek(DFP, 2, SEEK CUR);
       insert(name, phoneNumber);
   }
   /* Close FILE */
   fclose(DFP); return;
}
/* save textfile() - prints the names and phone numbers from the linked-list
nodes onto the text file */
void save textfile(char filename[50]) {
   /* Refer to contactData.txt */
   FILE *DFP = fopen(filename, "w");
   /* Write the beginning of the file */
   char *fileIntro = "Names
Number
                                               \n"
"-----
----\n";
   fprintf(DFP, fileIntro, "%s");
   /* Start iterating over lists */
   struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i; int i, j;
   for (i=0; i<26; i++) {
       contact node i = LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[i];
       while (contact node i != NULL) {
           /* Explanation:
              1) print name
              2) print (50 - length of String name) spaces
              3) repeat step 1-2 with phoneNumber
              4) print newline */
           fprintf(DFP, "%s", contact node i->name);
           for (j=0; j<(50-strlen(contact node i->name)); j++) fprintf(DFP, "
");
           fprintf(DFP, "%s", contact node i->phoneNumber);
           for (j=0; j<(50-strlen(contact node i->phoneNumber)); j++)
fprintf(DFP, " ");
           fprintf(DFP, "\n");
```

```
/* Next Iteration */
            contact node i = contact node i->NEXT;
       }
    }
    /* Close FILE */
    fclose(DFP); return;
}
/* write binaryfile - writes the current linked-list nodes into a binary file
void write binaryfile(char filename[50]) {
    /* Refer to contactBinData.txt */
    FILE *DFP = fopen(filename, "wb");
    /* Start iterating over lists */
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i; int i;
    for (i=0; i<26; i++) {
          contact node i = LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[i];
        while (contact node i != NULL) {
           fwrite(contact node i, sizeof(struct CONTACT NODE), 1, DFP);
             contact node i = contact node i->NEXT;
          }
    }
    /* Close FILE */
    fclose(DFP); return;
}
/* print binaryfile - retrieves the data from the binary file and displays it
into a table */
void print binaryfile(char filename[50]) {
    /* Refer to contactBinData.txt */
    FILE *DFP = fopen(filename, "rb");
    /* Start iterating over file contents */
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i= (struct CONTACT_NODE*)
malloc(sizeof(struct CONTACT NODE));
    while (fread(contact node i, sizeof(struct CONTACT NODE), 1, DFP) == 1) {
         printf("%s : %s\n", contact node i->name,
contact node i->phoneNumber);
    } printf("\n");
    /* Close FILE */
```

```
fclose(DFP); return;
}
/* show - Iterates over each contact of the linked-lists in
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES to print their information */
void show() {
    /* Start iterating over LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES */
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i; int i;
    for (i=0;i<26;i++) {
        /* Loop over linked-lists */
        contact node i = LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[i];
        while (contact node i != NULL) {
           printf("%s : %s\n", contact node i->name,
contact node i->phoneNumber);
           contact node i = contact node i->NEXT;
    /* Exit function */
    } printf("\n"); return;
}
/* show letter - Identifies the index of LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES associated
with the alphabet letter and only iterates over contacts
                 associated with that index/letter */
void show letter(char letter) {
    /* Assign the iterative contact to the appropriate index of
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES, based on the letter */
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i =
LETTER HEAD CONTACT NODES[letter-65];
    /* Start iterating over lists */
    while (contact node i != NULL) {
        printf("%s : %s\n", contact node i->name,
contact node i->phoneNumber);
        contact_node_i = contact_node_i->NEXT;
    /* Exit Function */
    } printf("\n"); return;
}
void * autosaveToBin(void * filename) {
    struct CONTACT NODE *contact node i; int i;
```

```
for (;;) {
    pthread_mutex_lock(&autosave_mutex);
    FILE * DFP = fopen( (char *) filename, "wb");
    for (i=0;i<26;i++) {
        contact_node_i = LETTER_HEAD_CONTACT_NODES[i];
        while (contact_node_i != NULL) {
            fwrite(contact_node_i, sizeof(struct CONTACT_NODE), 1, DFP);
            contact_node_i = contact_node_i->NEXT;
        }
    }
    fclose(DFP);
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&autosave_mutex);
    sleep(5);
}
```