
```

        .syntax            unified
        .cpu               cortex-m4
        .text

// int32_t Return32Bits(void) [COMPLETE];

        .global           Return32Bits
        .thumb_func
        .align
Return32Bits:
        LDR                R0,=10          // R0 <-- 10
        BX                 LR              // return R0

// int64_t Return64Bits(void) [COMPLETE];

        .global           Return64Bits
        .thumb_func
        .align
Return64Bits:
        LDR                R0,=-10
        LDR                R1,=-1          // R0.R1 <-- -10
        BX                 LR              // return R0.R1

// uint8_t Add8Bits(uint8_t x, uint8_t y) [COMPLETE];

        .global           Add8Bits
        .thumb_func
        .align
Add8Bits:
        ADD                R0,R0,R1       // R0 <-- R0 + R1 <-> x = x + y
        UXTB               R0,R0          // extend R0 from 8-bits to 32-bits
        BX                 LR              // return R0

// uint32_t FactSum32(uint32_t x, uint32_t y) ;

        .global           FactSum32
        .thumb_func
        .align
FactSum32:
        PUSH {R4,LR}          // (push R4 to even out registers)
        ADD                R0,R0,R1       // R0 <-- R0 + R1 <-> x = x + y
        BL                 Factorial      // R0 <-- Factorial(R0) <-> x = x!
        POP                 {R4,PC}       // return R0

```

```
// uint32_t XPlusGCD(uint32_t x, uint32_t y, uint32_t z) ;

.global          XPlusGCD
.thumb_func
.align
XPlusGCD:
    PUSH {R4,LR}
    MOV          R4,R0          // save first R0 ("original x" or x`) to R4
    MOV          R0,R1          // R1 --> R0 <-> x = y
    MOV          R1,R2          // R2 --> R0 <-> y = z
    BL           gcd            // R0 <-- gcd(R0,R1) <-> gcd(x,y)
    ADD          R0,R0,R4        // R0 <-- R0 + R4 <-> x = x + x`
    POP          {R4,PC}        // return R0

.end
```

```
.syntax          unified
.cpu            cortex-m4
.text
// void OffBy0(void *dst, const void *src) ;
.global          OffBy0
.thumb_func
.align
OffBy0:
    .rept 250                                // 250 iterations = 1000 bytes to
compile / 4 bytes per iteration
    LDR          R2,[R1],4                    // Load dereferenced "src" (R1) into
a template register (R2)
    STR          R2,[R0],4                    // Store the template register value
into the "dst" pointer (R3)
    .endr
    BX           LR                          // End loop
                                            // Return to program

// void OffBy1(void *dst, const void *src) ;
.global          OffBy1
.thumb_func
.align
OffBy1:
    .rept 3                                    // Copy the first three bytes (to
deal with the offset)
    LDRB         R2,[R1],1
    STRB         R2,[R0],1
    .endr
    .rept 249                                // OffBy0 minus one of the bytes
(Copy most of the data)
    LDR          R2,[R1],4
    STR          R2,[R0],4
    .endr
```

```

        LDRB R2,[R1],1    // Last byte
        STRB R2,[R0],1
        BX   LR

// void OffBy2(void *dst, const void *src) ;
.global     OffBy2
.thumb_func
.align
OffBy2:     .rept 2          // First two bytes
        LDRB R2,[R1],1
        STRB R2,[R0],1
        .endr
        .rept 249          // Copy most of the data
        LDR R2,[R1],4
        STR R2,[R0],4
        .endr
        .rept 2            // Last two bytes
        LDRB R2,[R1],1
        STRB R2,[R0],1
        .endr
        BX   LR

// void OffBy3(void *dst, const void *src) ;
.global     OffBy3
.thumb_func
.align
OffBy3:     LDRB R2,[R1],1    // First Byte
        STRB R2,[R0],1
        .rept 249
        LDR R2,[R1],4    // Copy most of the data
        STR R2,[R0],4
        .endr
        .rept 3            // Last three bytes
        LDRB R2,[R1],1
        STRB R2,[R0],1
        .endr
        BX   LR
        .end

```

```

.syntax      unified
.cpu        cortex-m4
.text

```

```

// void WritePixel(int x, int y, uint8_t colorIndex, uint8_t
frameBuffer[256][240]) ;

```

```

.global     WritePixel

```

```

        .thumb_func
        .align

WritePixel:
        PUSH            {R4,R5}                // Load template registers
        ADD             R4,R0,R3                // R4 -> pointer that is x
bytes from the frame buffer
        LDR             R5,=240                // R5 -> number of
columns
        MLA             R5,R1,R5,R4            // R5 -> number of columns * y
+ framebuffer pointer + x
        STRB            R2,[R5]                // Store the color index
        POP             {R4,R5}                // ...
        BX             LR                      // Return and restore
registers

```

```

// uint8_t *BitmapAddress(char ascii, uint8_t *fontTable, int charHeight, int
charWidth) ;

```

```

        .global        BitmapAddress
        .thumb_func
        .align

BitmapAddress:
        PUSH            {R4,R5}                // Load template registers
        ADD             R4,R3,7                // R4 -> width + 7
        LDR             R5,=8                // ...
        UDIV            R4,R4,R5              // R4 -> (width + 7)/8
        MUL             R4,R4,R2              // R4 -> columns * rows or
height
        SUB             R5,R0,32              // R5 -> ASCII - space
character or 32
        MUL             R4,R4,R5              // R4 -> ASCII * rows *
columns
        ADD             R0,R4,R1              // Store R4 + fontTable
        POP             {R4,R5}                // ...
        BX             LR                      // Return and restore
registers

```

```

// uint32_t GetBitmapRow(uint8_t *rowAdrs) ;

```

```

        .global        GetBitmapRow
        .thumb_func
        .align

GetBitmapRow:

```

```

        LDR            R0,[R0]                // Load the variable into a
32-bit format
        REV            R0,R0                // Reverse the byte
        BX            LR                    // Return R0.

        .end

```

```

        .syntax        unified
        .cpu           cortex-m4
        .text

```

```

/*
void FloodFill(int32_t x, int32_t y, uint32_t old_clr, uint32_t new_clr)
{
    uint32_t *ppxl ;

    if (OutOfBounds(x, y)) return ;

    ppxl = PixelAdrs(x, y) ;
    if (*ppxl!= old_clr) return ;
    *ppxl = new_clr ;

    FloodFill(x - 1, y, old_clr, new_clr) ;
    FloodFill(x + 1, y, old_clr, new_clr) ;
    FloodFill(x, y - 1, old_clr, new_clr) ;
    FloodFill(x, y + 1, old_clr, new_clr) ;
}
*/

```

```

        .global        FloodFill
        .thumb_func
        .align

```

```

// R0 = x, R1 = y, R2 = old_clr, R3 = new_clr

```

```

FloodFill:
    // Your code here...
    PUSH    {R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,R9,R10,LR}

    // Prerequisite
    LDR     R4,#0                // R4: used as a "false" conditional
    MOV     R5,R0                // R5 <- x
    MOV     R6,R1                // R6 <- y
    MOV     R7,R2                // R7 <- old_clr
    MOV     R8,R3                // R8 <- new_clr

    // First Part: Evaluation of "OutOfBounds"

```

```

BL          OutOfBounds // Call OutOfBounds
CMP         R0,R4
BNE        FloodExit   // OutOfBounds = true -> EXIT
MOV        R0,R5       // Load x back into the R0
MOV        R1,R6       // Load y back into R1

// Second Part: Assignment of "ppxl" through "PixelAdrs"
BL          PixelAdrs   // Call PixelAdrs (R0 <- ppxl)
LDR        R9,[R0]      // R9 <- *ppxl
CMP        R9,R7
BNE        FloodExit   // *ppxl != old_clr -> EXIT
STR        R8,[R0]      // Store new_clr into R9
MOV        R0,R5       // Load x back into the R0

// Third Part: Expansive Recursion of "FloodFill"
SUB        R0,R5,1      // x - 1
MOV        R1,R6
MOV        R2,R7
MOV        R3,R8
BL         FloodFill

ADD        R0,R5,1      // x + 1
MOV        R1,R6
MOV        R2,R7
MOV        R3,R8
BL         FloodFill

SUB        R1,R6,1      // y - 1
MOV        R0,R5
MOV        R2,R7
MOV        R3,R8
BL         FloodFill

ADD        R1,R6,1      // y + 1
MOV        R0,R5
MOV        R2,R7
MOV        R3,R8
BL         FloodFill

FloodExit:
POP        {R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,R9,R10,LR}
BX         LR

.end

```

```

.syntax      unified
.cpu        cortex-m4
.text

```

```

        // .set          BitBanding,1          // Comment out if not using
bit-banding

// void PutBit(void *bits, uint32_t index, uint32_t bit) ;

        .global      PutBit
        .thumb_func
        .align

PutBit:
        .ifndef BitBanding          // >> First Part <<
        SUB          R0,R0,0x20000000 // : take the array and subtract the
base
        LSL          R0,R0,5          // : multiply by 32
        ADD          R0,R0,R1,LSL 2    // : add the index * 4
        ADD          R0,R0,0x22000000 // : add the alias to get the
address
        STR          R2,[R0]          // : update the address
with the new bit
        BX          LR                // -----

        .else                      // >> Second Part <<
        PUSH    {R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,LR}
        LSR          R4,R1,3          // : byte index --> R4
        AND    R5,R1,7                // : bit index --> R5
        ADD          R0,R0,R4          // : add the byte index to the
bits: address --> R0
        LSL          R6,R2,R5          // : shift the bit by bit
index
        LDR          R7,#1             // (dummy variable for BIC)
        LSL    R7,R7,R5
        LDRB    R8,[R0]                // : R8 concerns the target
byte of the array
        BIC          R8,R8,R7          // : zero out R8 up to bit
index
        ORR          R8,R8,R6          // : add in the new data from
R6
        STRB    R8,[R0]                // : update the bit array
        POP    {R4,R5,R6,R7,R8,LR}
        BX          LR                // -----
        .endif

// uint32_t GetBit(void *bits, uint32_t index) ;
        .global      GetBit
        .thumb_func
        .align

```

```

GetBit:
    .ifndef BitBanding
        SUB    R0,R0,0x200000000 // >> First Part <<
        LSL    R0,R0,5           // : See the first part of "PutBit"
        ADD    R0,R0,R1,LSL 2
        ADD    R0,R0,0x22000000
        LDR     R0,[R0]           // : get the bit
        BX     LR                 // -----

    .else
        PUSH    {R4,R5,R6,LR}    // >> Second Part <<
        LSR     R4,R1,3           // : byte index --> R4
        AND     R5,R1,7           // : bit index --> R5
        ADD     R0,R0,R4          // : add the byte index to the
bits: address --> R0
        LDRB    R6,[R0]           // : R6 concerns the target
byte of the array
        LSR     R6,R5             // : Shift the target byte
right by the bit index
        AND     R0,R6,1           // : Isolate the
rightmost bit
        POP     {R4,R5,R6,LR}
        BX     LR                 // (Return R0) -----

    .endif

.end

```

```

.syntax    unified
.cpu      cortex-m4
.text

// void Bills(uint32_t dollars, BILLS *bills) ;

.global    Bills
.thumb_func
.align

Bills:
    PUSH    {R4,R5,R6}           // R0 = dollars, R1 = bills pointer
    MOV     R4,R1                // R4 = struct pointer
    MOV     R5,R0                // R5 = amount left (R6 is a dummy
variable for calculation)

    LDR     R1,=3435973837        // on twenties
    UMULL   R0,R1,R1,R5

```



```

        LSR        R0,R1,4
        STR        R0,[R4]                // store quotient into the
pointer

        ADD        R6,R0,R0,LSL 2        // update amount (by multiplying the
quotient and subtracting from the real)
        SUB        R5,R5,R6,LSL 2        // Note: 20 = 5 * 4 = (1 + (1 << 2))
<< 2

        MOV        R0,R5                // restore the amount in R0
        MOV        R1,R4                // restore the pointer in R1

        POP        {R4,R5,R6}
        B          Common

```

```

// void Coins(uint32_t cents, COINS *coins) ;

```

```

.global      Coins
.thumb_func
.align

```

```

Coins:

```

```

        PUSH      {R4,R5,R6}            // R0 = cents, R1 = coins pointer
        MOV        R4,R1                // R4 = struct pointer
        MOV        R5,R0                // R5 = amount left

        LDR        R1,=1374389535        // on twenty-fives
        UMULL      R0,R1,R1,R5
        LSR        R0,R1,3
        STR        R0,[R4]

        ADD        R6,R0,R0,LSL 2        // update amount
        ADD        R6,R6,R6,LSL 2
        SUB        R5,R5,R6            // Note: 25 = 5 * 5 = ((1 + (1 <<
2)) + (1 + (1 << 2)) << 2)

        MOV        R0,R5                // restore the amount in R0
        MOV        R1,R4                // restore the pointer in R1

        POP        {R4,R5,R6}
        B          Common

```

```

Common:

```

```

        PUSH      {R4,R5,R6,LR}

        MOV        R4,R1                // store struct pointer
        MOV        R5,R0                // store amount left

```

```

ADD      R4,R4,4           // update pointer
LDR      R1,=3435973837    // on tens
UMULL    R0,R1,R1,R5
LSR      R0,R1,3
STR      R0,[R4]

ADD      R6,R0,R0,LSL 2    // update amount
SUB      R5,R5,R6,LSL 1    // Note: (1 + (1 << 2)) << 1 = 10

ADD      R4,R4,4           // update pointer
LDR      R1,=3435973837    // on fives
UMULL    R0,R1,R1,R5
LSR      R0,R1,2
STR      R0,[R4]

ADD      R6,R0,R0,LSL 2    // update amount
SUB      R5,R5,R6          // Note: 1 + (1 << 2) = 5

ADD      R4,R4,4           // update pointer
STR      R5,[R4]           // on ones (straight store)

POP      {R4,R5,R6,LR}
BX       LR                // return
.end

```
