

情态动词

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情态动词

一、基本概念

1. can / can't could/ couldn't (be able to do)

A.

* Years ago I **couldn't** swim, but now I **can**.

can 与 be able to 的区别

* The fire spread through the hotel very quickly but everyone _____ get out.

A. could

B. was able to

B.

* --- **Could / Can** I use your bicycle?

--- Sure, go ahead. (Of course, you **can**.)

注意:

* I **could** come earlier if necessary.

* I'm afraid I **couldn't** give you an answer now.

2. must / mustn't / needn't / have to

must 与 have to 的区别

A.

* I **have to** leave now. My brother is waiting for me.

* You **must** follow your teacher's advice.

B.

* You **don't** have to follow me .

mustn't 与 needn't 的区别

* You **mustn't** play with fire.

* You **needn't** come tonight

3. shall / will / would

A.

* --- **Shall we** start now? --- All right.

* --- **Will you** go with me? --- Yes, I will.

* Alice, feed the bird today, _____ you?

* **Would / Will you** please leave a message?

B.

* You **will** see many peasant children on the threshing ground whenever a film is showing.

* Every evening he **would** sit there, saying nothing.

* We used to work in the same office and **would** often have coffee together.

C.

* I **will** give you some help, if you can follow my advice.

* I gave him a lot of advice, but he **wouldn't** listen to me.

D. **would** 的某些固定词组:

Would you mind doing / if 从句 ?

* --- Would you mind my sitting here / if I sit here?

--- _____.

Would you like sth. / to do sth... ?

* --- Would you like some meat?

--- _____.

* --- Would you like to join us?

--- _____.

would rather do ... than do ...

* I **would / had rather** stay home than go out.

4. **should / shouldn't (ought to / ought not to do)**

A.

* You **should** keep your promise.

* Such things **ought not to** be done.

B.

* It's seven o'clock. They **should** be here now.

* We needn't get ready yet; the guests **shouldn't** come for another hour.

* --- When can I come for the photos? I need them tomorrow afternoon.

--- They _____ be ready by 12:00.

A. can

B. should

C. would

D. could

5. 表推测的情态动词

A. 表肯定推测 _____.

* He **must / may / might** be our teacher.

* He **may / might** come tonight. (_____)

B. 表否定和疑问推测 _____

* It's so late. Who **can / could** it be?

* It **can't / couldn't** be Tom who stole the money.

C. 推测的时间 _____

比较:

* He **must be** in the office.

* He **must be working** now.

- * He **must have left**.
- * He **must have been waiting** for a long time.
- * He **can't (couldn't) be** in the office.
- * He **can't (couldn't) be working** now.
- * He **can't (couldn't) have left**. I saw him a minute ago.
- * He **can't (couldn't) have been waiting** for a long time.

6. 表虚拟的情态动词

- * You **shouldn't tell** him about it.
- * You **shouldn't have told** him about it. He is so sad now.
- * You **needn't do** it.
- * You **needn't have watered** the flowers. Look, it's raining.
- * I'm afraid I **couldn't come** tonight.
- * I **could have come** yesterday, but my mother was seriously ill.

结论: should do should have done
 needn't do needn't have done

时间: _____
 动作: _____

Note: 注意表推测的情态动词和表虚拟的情态动词的区别

A. 表推测的情态动词

- **must have done** ()
- He must have left this morning.
- **might / may have done** ()
- He might have come. Look, there's some money on the table.
- **couldn't (can't) have done** ()
- He couldn't have come; nobody saw him at the meeting.

B. 表虚拟的情态动词

- **should have done** ()
- **shouldn't have done** ()
- **needn't have done** ()
- **could have done** ()
- **might have done** ()

比较:

- * He **might have left** yesterday, nobody saw him this morning.
- * He **might have left** yesterday, but his mother was ill.

Exercise**I. 基本概念检测**

1. He left yesterday, so he _____ in Beijing.
A. may arrive B. may have arrived C. must arrive D. arrived
2. --- Is there a fog in the evening?
--- There _____ be. I'll make a phone call to find it out.
A. must B. would C. will D. might
3. He promised he _____ not do it any more.
A. would B. should C. might D. could
4. I don't believe him. He _____ be serious.
A. needn't B. can't C. shouldn't D. mustn't
5. --- Would you like to join us in the game?
--- Yes, _____.
A. I want B. I would. C. I'd love to D. if you like
6. --- Did you blame him for his mistakes?
--- Yes, but _____ it.
A. I shouldn't have done B. I shouldn't do
C. I should have done D. I should do
7. Night has fallen. We have to stay here for the night, _____?
A. don't we B. haven't we C. mustn't we D. shouldn't we
8. --- Could I use your phone?
--- Yes, of course you _____.
A. could B. can C. might D. should
9. I thought you _____ like something to read, so I have brought you some books.
A. will B. could C. might D. must
10. --- Will your wife go to London?
--- If I go, _____.
A. so does she B. she goes to C. so will she D. nor will she
11. We _____ booked. Look, the restaurant is almost empty.
A. must have B. can't have C. should have D. needn't have
12. You _____ return the book now. You can keep it till next week if you like.
A. can't B. mustn't C. needn't D. may not
13. You _____ get off a bus when it is still moving.
A. ought to never B. never ought to C. ought never to D. ought never
14. Jonny, you _____ play with the knife, you _____ cut yourself.
A. won't; can't B. mustn't; may C. shouldn't; must D. can't; shouldn't
15. ---- _____ I open the door for you?
--- No, thank you. I can manage.
A. Do B. Can C. Shall D. Should

16. You ought to _____ about it earlier.
A. tell him B. have told him C. talk to him D. discuss with him
17. I _____ stay home than go to the cinema.
A. would B. prefer C. would rather D. want to
18. --- What _____ it be?
--- It _____ be a car, for it is not moving. It _____ be a house.
A. can; can't; must B. can; must; may
C. must; can't; must D. can; must; should
19. Don't throw the bottle away. It _____ in the future.
A. might be needed B. may need C. is needed D. shall be needed
20. The plant is dead. I _____ it more water.
A. will give B. would have given C. must give D. should have given
21. He _____ you more help, even though he was very busy.
A. might have given B. might give C. should give D. may give
22. Peter _____ come with us tonight, but he isn't very sure yet.
A. must B. can C. may D. will
23. I told Sally how to get there, but perhaps I _____ for her.
A. had to write it out B. must have written it out
C. should have written it out D. ought to write it out
24. It's nearly seven o'clock, Jack _____ be here at any moment.
A. must B. need C. should D. can
25. --- Will you stay for lunch? --- Sorry, _____. My brother is coming to see me.
A. I mustn't B. I can't C. I needn't D. I won't
26. I didn't go swimming because nobody _____ go with me.
A. should B. could C. would D. might
27. Whether it was hot or not, he _____ have a hat.
A. would B. might C. could D. should
28. I live with my sister this summer and didn't have to pay rent. So I _____ save most of my salary.
A. could B. would C. was able to D. should
29. I _____ have written to him because he phoned me shortly afterwards.
A. ought to B. must C. couldn't D. needn't
30. From what I learn about the hotel, the service and the weather, they _____ have enjoyed their holiday very much.
A. wouldn't B. shouldn't C. needn't D. can't
31. --- Where _____ Margaret have put the empty bottles?
--- She _____ have thrown them away. They must be somewhere in this room.
A. can; can't B. must; needn't C. might; must D. could; could
32. --- _____ the plane have taken off on time? --- I'm afraid not. The fog was too thick here.
A. Need B. Should C. Can D. Must

33. --- Why is Jenny still standing there? It's so cold. --- She _____ for someone.
A. can wait B. might have waited C. must be waiting D. should have waited
34. You might just as well tell the manufacturer (制造商) that male customers _____ not like the design of the furniture.
A. must B. shall C. may D. need
35. Mr. Bush is on time for everything. How _____ it be that he was late for the opening ceremony?
A. can B. should C. may D. must
36. He paid for a seat, when he _____ have entered free.
A. could B. would C. must D. need
37. John, look at the time. _____ you play the piano at such a late hour?
A. Must B. Can C. May D. Need
38. As your spoken English gets better, so _____ your written English.
A. will B. does C. is D. has
39. We _____ have felt so tired. We've only been to a party.
A. mustn't B. couldn't C. shouldn't D. wouldn't
40. --- Shall I go and buy more food and drinks for the party?
--- No, we have prepared a fridge of those. That _____ be quite enough.
A. can B. may C. might D. ought to
41. He must have left Beijing, _____?
A. has he B. hasn't he C. didn't he D. mustn't he
42. The line was busy; someone _____ the telephone all the time.
A. must use B. must be using
C. must have been using D. should have been using
43. I was on the highway when this car went past followed by a police car. They _____ at least 150 kilometers an hour.
A. should have been doing B. must have been doing
C. could have done D. would have done
44. Whatever reasons he _____, they can only be excuses.
A. may give B. can give C. gives D. will give
45. --- We didn't see him at the meeting.
--- He _____ it.
A. cannot have attended B. needn't have attended
C. shouldn't have attended D. must have attended
46. --- There were already five people in the car but they managed to take us as well.
--- It _____ a comfortable journey.
A. can't be B. shouldn't be C. mustn't have been D. couldn't have been
47. --- I stayed at a hotel while in New York.
--- Oh, did you? You _____ with Barbara.
A. could have stayed B. could stay C. would stay D. must have stayed

48. Sorry I'm late. I _____ have turned off the alarm clock and gone back to sleep again.
A. might B. should C. can D. will
49. --- Many people in England love to give advice on weather reporting.
--- Yes, but I think the weather office' computers _____ be more accurate.
A. can B. must C. ought to D. might
50. --- These tomatoes are huge! You must have watered them a lot!
--- Yes, I _____. They ought to be ripe enough to pick by next Friday.
A. do B. must C. had D. did
51. --- Morn's gift? She _____ have chosen a better one for me.
--- She _____ be very happy to know it.
A. should; must B. might; would C. couldn't; must D. mustn't; can't
52. He traveled to many mountain villages and saw many poor children out of school. This experience _____ his life.
A. would change B. had changed C. was to change D. should change
53. --- You didn't wait for Mr. Smith last night, did you?
--- Yes, but we _____. He didn't return home at all.
A. couldn't have B. needn't have C. didn't need to D. should
54. Research findings show we spend about two hours dreaming every night, no matter what you _____ have done during the day.
A. should B. would C. may D. must
55. She would love to have gone to the party, but she _____ extra hours to prepare for a meeting.
A. had to work B. had worked C. could work D. would have worked
56. --- Why does Alice know so much about Angkor Wat?
--- She _____ have been there, or ...
A. must B. oughtn't to C. may D. can't
57. He _____ the test again; in that case, his mother will be very disappointed.
A. might fail B. must have failed
C. should have failed D. couldn't have failed
58. --- You couldn't have chosen any gift better for me. --- _____.
A. Oh, don't complain about a gift B. I'll give you a better one next time
C. I'm glad you like it so much D. Oh, why?
59. Why _____ we eat out when we can easily cook ourselves at home?
A. must B. shall C. can D. may
60. --- Why didn't you go to yesterday's meeting?
--- I would have but I _____ too busy working on the important experiment.
A. had been B. was C. were D. am

答案:

一、情态动词基本检测

1—5 BDABC 6—10 AABCC 11—15 DCCBC 16—20 BCAAD 21—25 ACCCB

26—30 CACDD 31—35. ACCCA 36—40 AAABD 41—45. BCBA 46—50 DAACD

51—55. CCBAC 56—60 CACAB