



Tratamiento de Señales

Version 2024-I

MSER

[Capítulo 8]

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MSER: Maximally Stable Extremal Regions

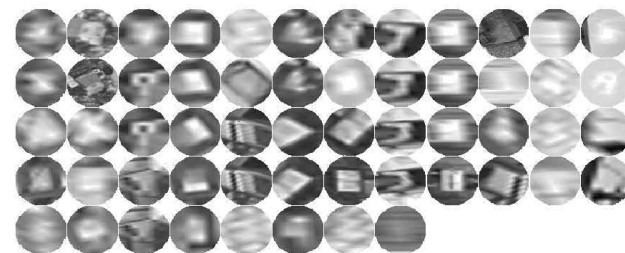
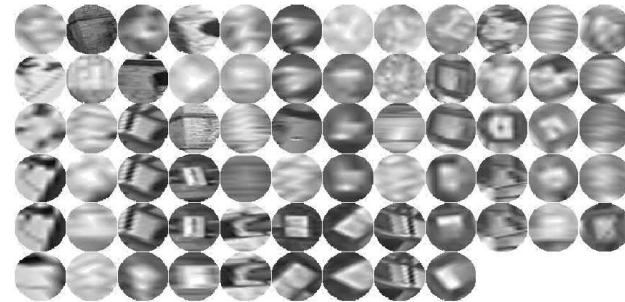
Reference: J. Matas, O. Chum, M. Urban, and T. Pajdla, "Robust wide baseline stereo from maximally stable extremal regions," in Proc. BMVC, 2002.

MSER Operator:

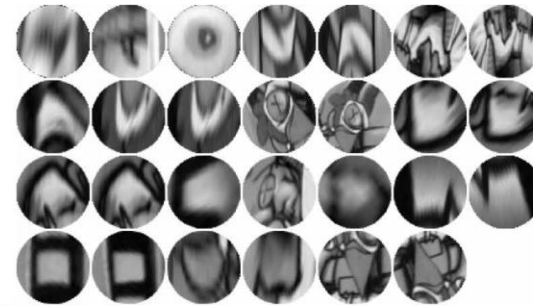
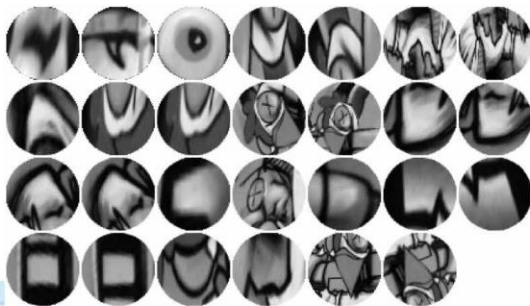
Maximally Stable Extremal Regions

- MSER regions are connected areas characterized by almost uniform intensity, surrounded by contrasting background.
- They are constructed through a process of trying multiple thresholds.
- The selected regions are those that maintain unchanged shapes over a large set of thresholds.

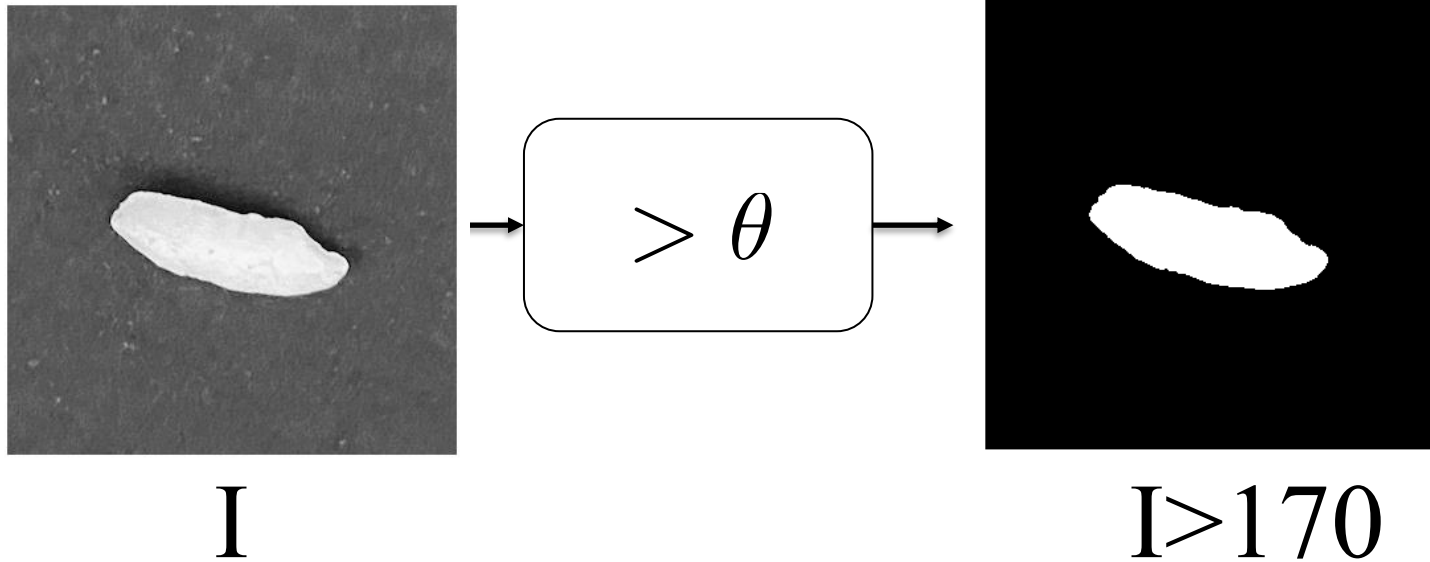
Examples of MSER Regions



Another Example



Idea general de MSER



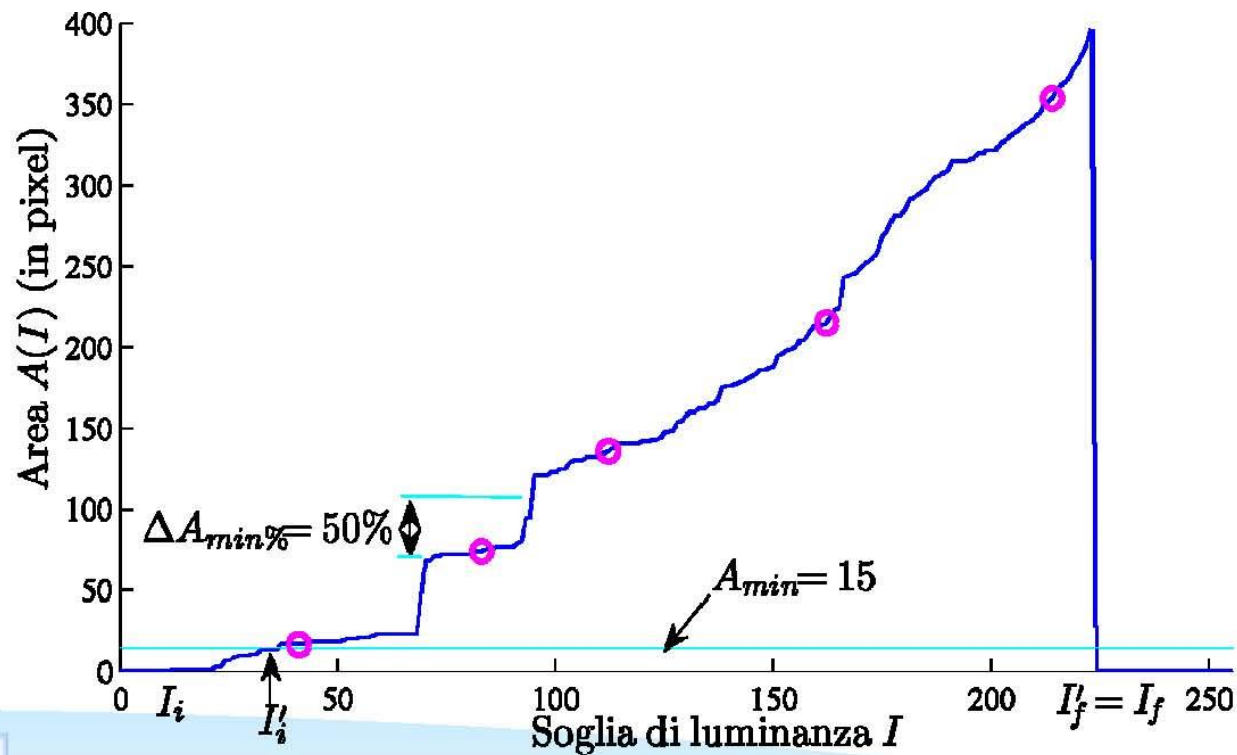
Idea general de MSER



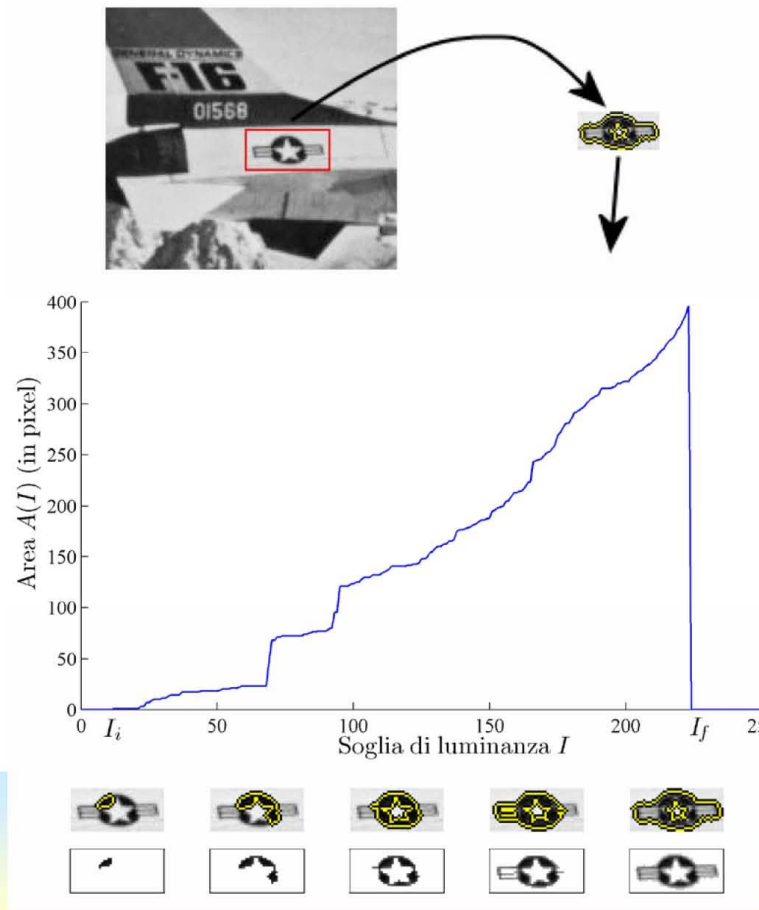
MSER Computation (3)

- For each threshold, compute the connected binary regions.
- Compute a function, such as area $A(i)$, at each threshold value i .
- Analyze this function for each potential region to determine those that persist with similar function value over multiple thresholds.

Analysis of Area Function



Regions detected at different thresholds have different areas



Normalization



MSER regions

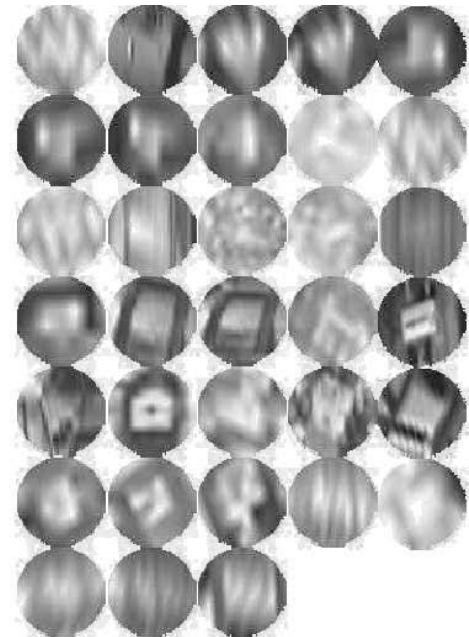
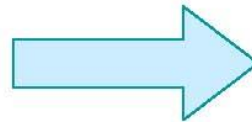
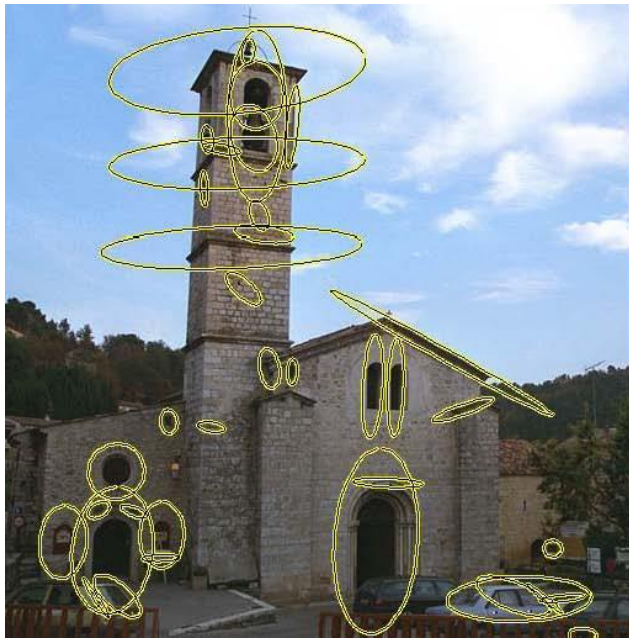


Ellipse Fitting



Ellipse Dilation

Affine transformation from ellipses to circular regions plus intensity normalization



Idea general de MSER

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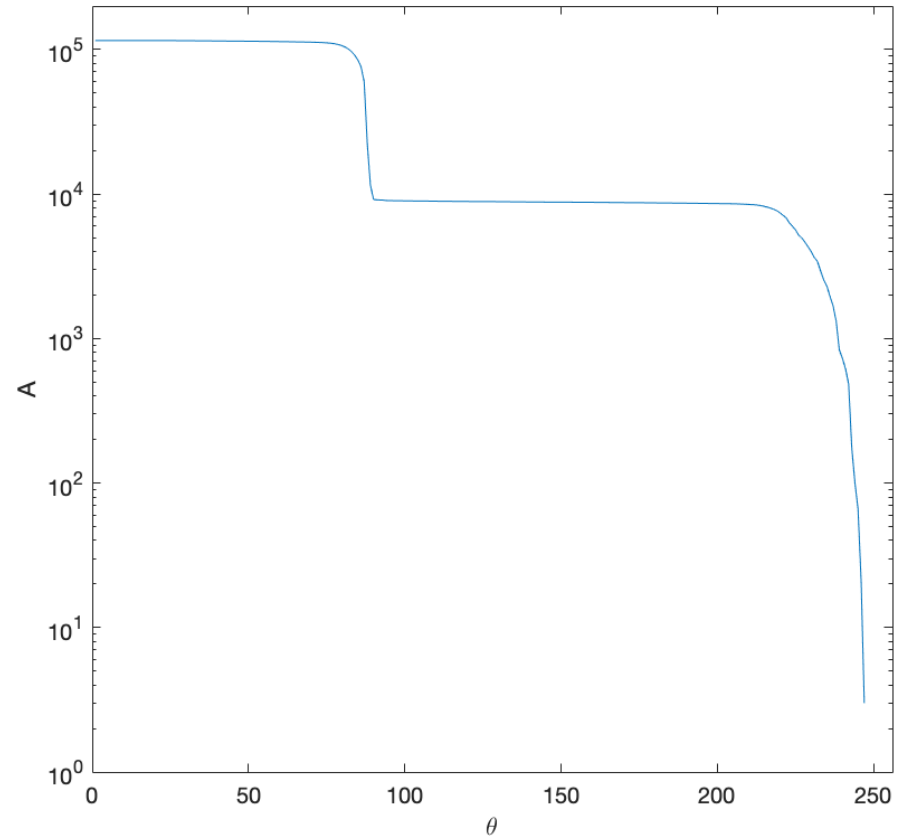
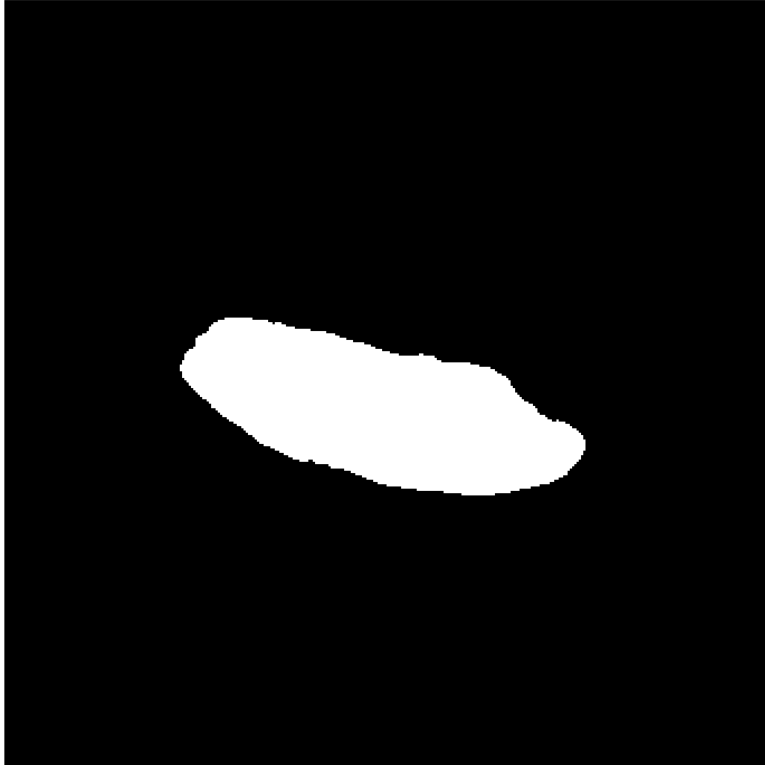
El área de una región es función de θ

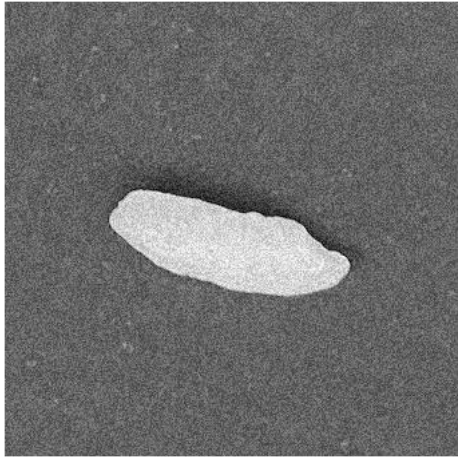
$$\frac{\Delta A}{\Delta \theta}$$

Si tenemos una región “estable”, entonces su área no varía mucho al cambiar su umbral

Idea general de MSER

$\theta = 170$

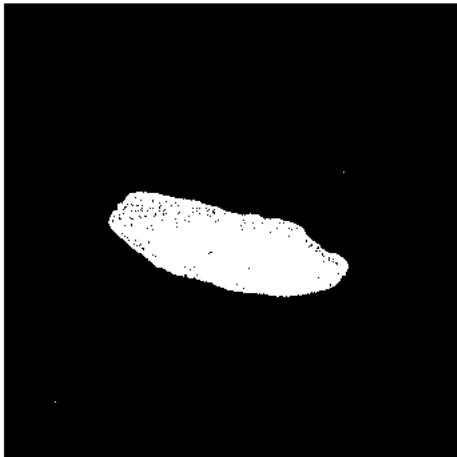




I

Si tenemos una región “estable”,
entonces su área no varía mucho al
cambiar su umbral

$$\frac{\Delta A}{\Delta \theta} \text{ es pequeño}$$



$I > 160$



$I > 170$



$I > 180$

Idea general de MSER



$$\frac{\Delta A}{\Delta \theta} \downarrow$$

MSER segmenta aquellas regiones “estables”, cuyas áreas no varían mucho al cambiar su umbral.

Cada región tiene su propio umbral.

Ejemplo



