

Reconocimiento de Patrones

Version 2024-I

Características Geométricas

[Capítulo 2]

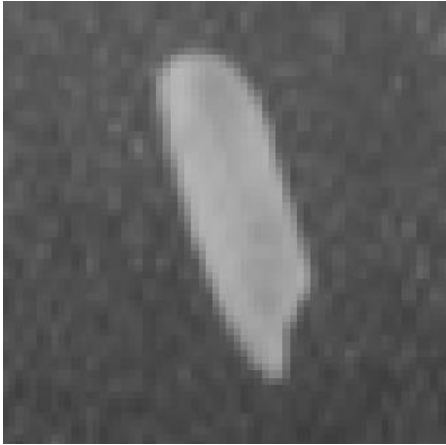
Dr. José Ramón Iglesias

DSP-ASIC BUILDER GROUP

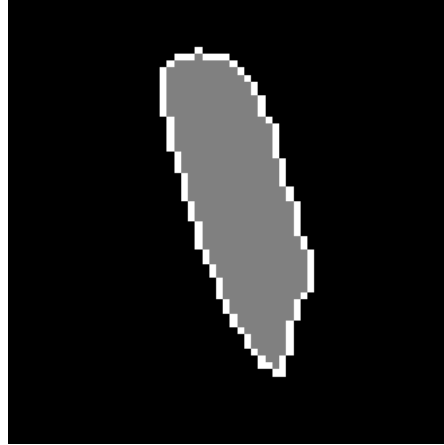
Director Semillero TRIAC

Ingeniería Electronica

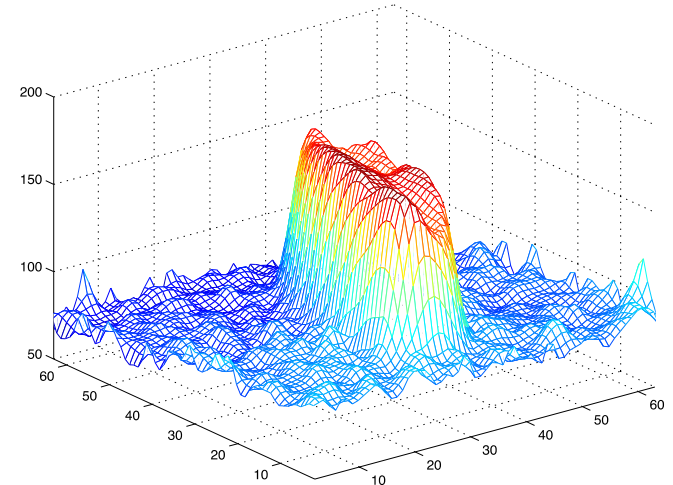
Universidad Popular del Cesar



a) Grayscale image



b) Segmentation



c) 3D representation of a)

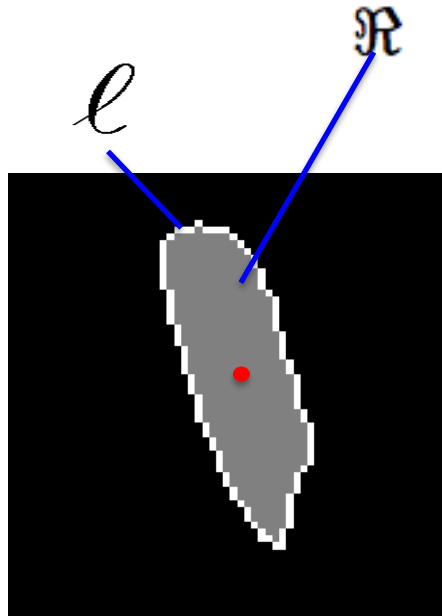
There are two categories of features:

Geometric Features and
Intensity Features

Geometric Features give information about location, orientation, shape and size.

Intensity Features give information about how are the grayvalues.

Geometric Features



Area and Perimeter

A = # of gray pixels

L = # of white pixels

Height and width of \mathcal{R}

$$h = i_{max} - i_{min} + 1$$

$$w = j_{max} - j_{min} + 1$$

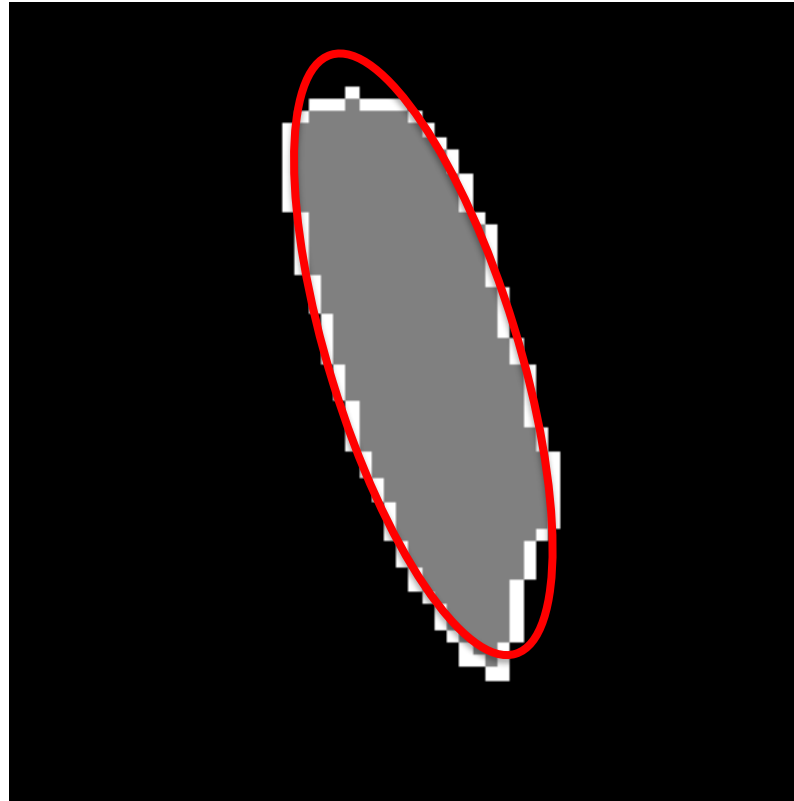
Roundness

$$R = \frac{4 \cdot A \cdot \pi}{L^2}$$

Center of Mass

$$(i_m, j_m)$$

Ellipses



Ellipses

Major axis (a)

Minor axis (b)

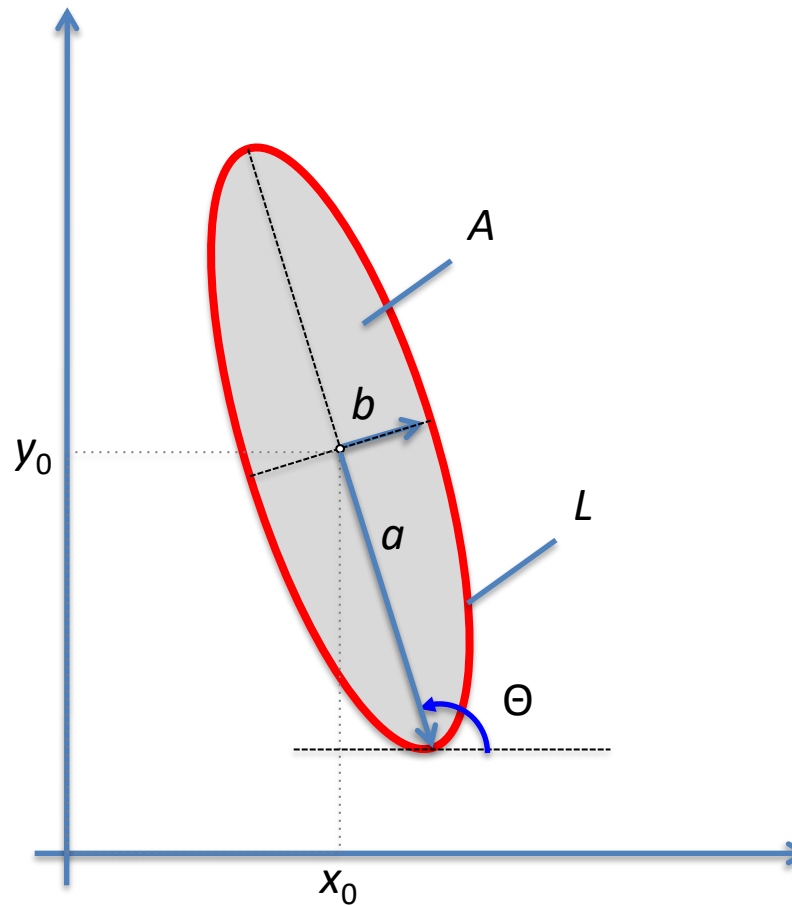
Orientation (Θ)

Center x_0, y_0

Area A

Perimeter L

Eccentricity $E = b/a$



Moments

$$m_{rs} = \sum_{i,j \in \mathfrak{R}} i^r j^s \quad \text{for } r, s \in \mathcal{N}$$

$$\bar{i} = \frac{m_{10}}{m_{00}} \quad \bar{j} = \frac{m_{01}}{m_{00}}$$

$$\mu_{rs} = \sum_{i,j \in \mathfrak{R}} (i - \bar{i})^r (j - \bar{j})^s \quad \text{for } r, s \in \mathcal{N}$$

Hu - Moments

They are invariant against:

- scale,
- rotation and
- location

$$\phi_1 = \eta_{20} + \eta_{02}$$

$$\phi_2 = (\eta_{20} - \eta_{02})^2 + 4\eta_{11}^2$$

$$\phi_3 = (\eta_{30} - 3\eta_{12})^2 + (3\eta_{21} - \eta_{03})^2$$

$$\phi_4 = (\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 + (\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2$$

$$\phi_5 = (\eta_{30} - 3\eta_{12})(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})[(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 - 3(\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2] + \\ (3\eta_{21} - \eta_{03})(\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})[3(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 - (\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2]$$

$$\phi_6 = (\eta_{20} - \eta_{02})[(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 - (\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2] + \\ 4\eta_{11}(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})(\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})$$

$$\phi_7 = (3\eta_{21} - \eta_{03})(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})[(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 - 3(\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2] - \\ (\eta_{30} - 3\eta_{12})(\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})[3(\eta_{30} + \eta_{12})^2 - (\eta_{21} + \eta_{03})^2]$$

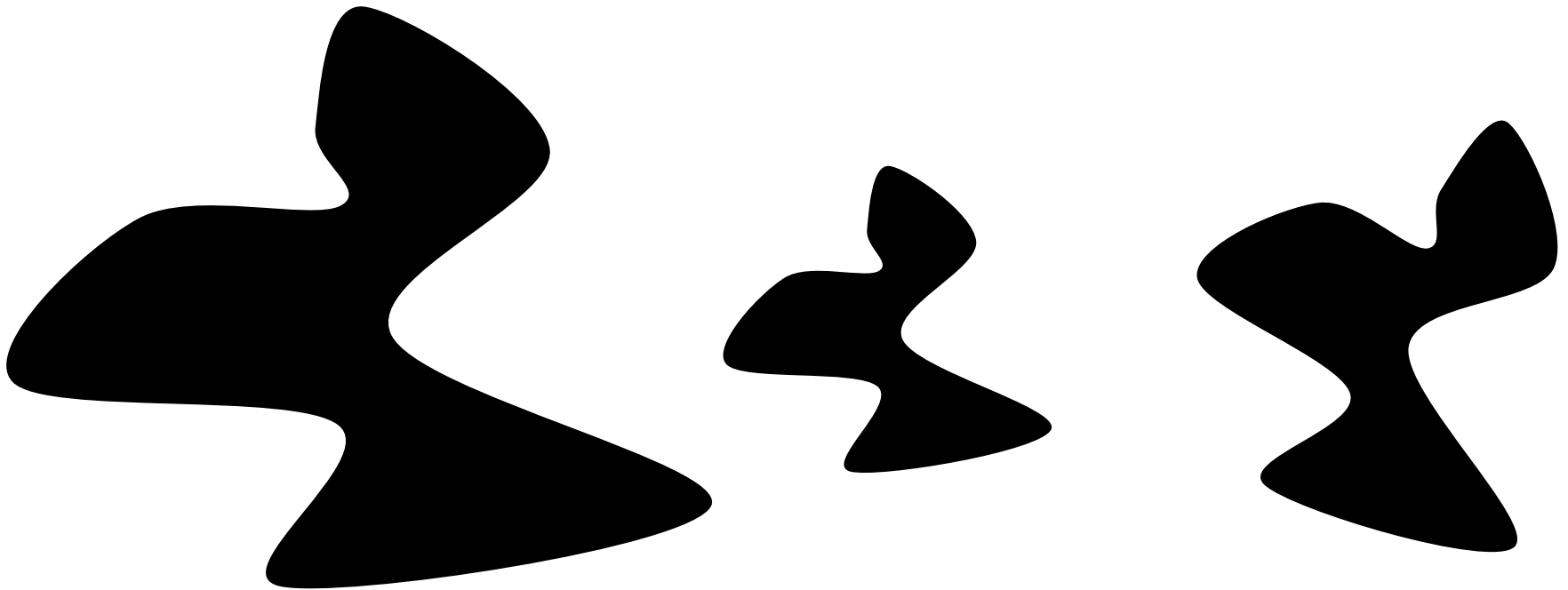
with

$$\eta_{rs} = \frac{\mu_{rs}}{\mu_{00}^t} \quad t = \frac{r+s}{2} + 1.$$

Hu - Moments

They are invariant against:

- scale,
- rotation and
- location



They have similar $\Phi_1, \Phi_2, \dots \Phi_7$.

Hu - Moments

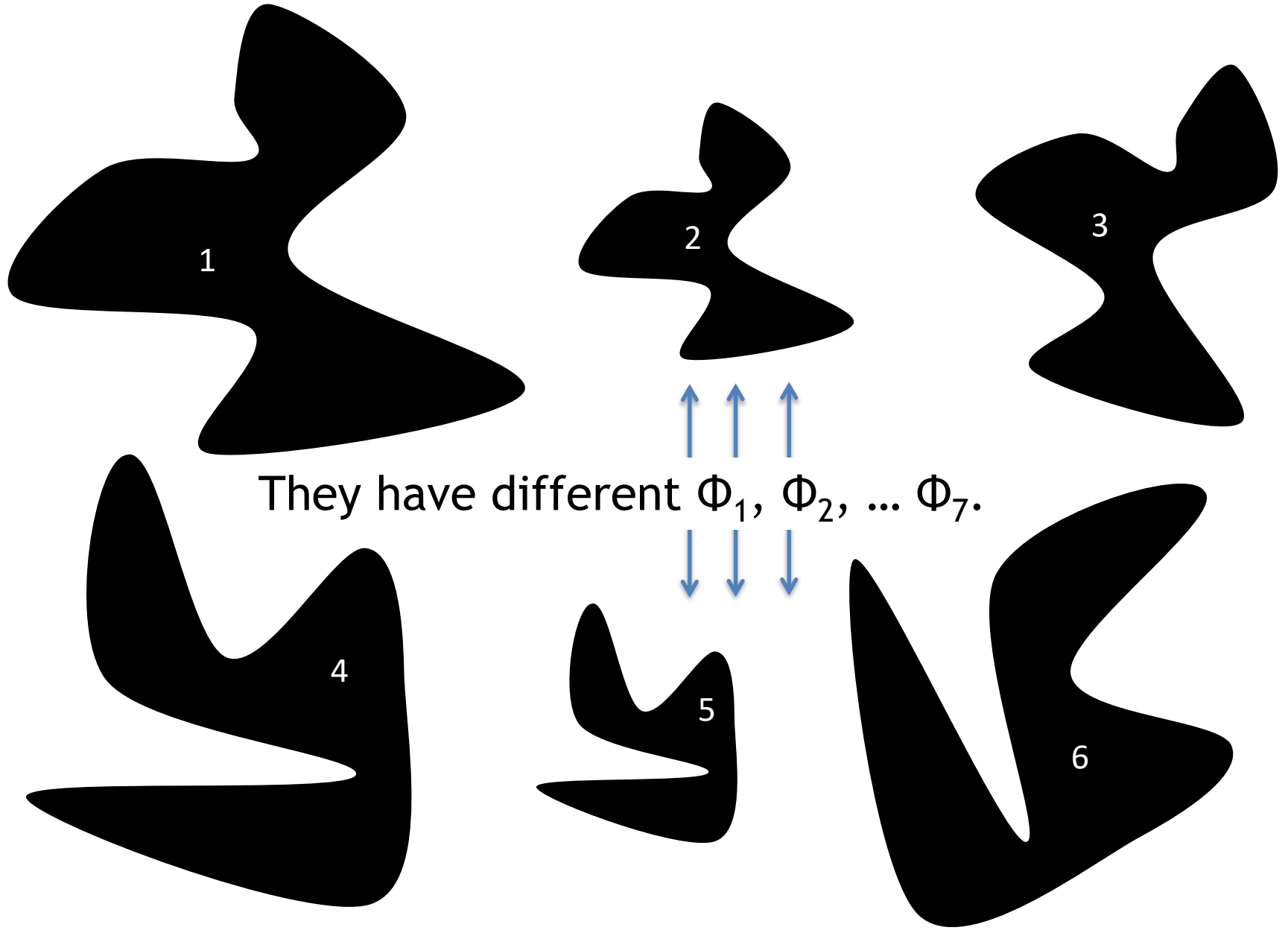
They are invariant against:

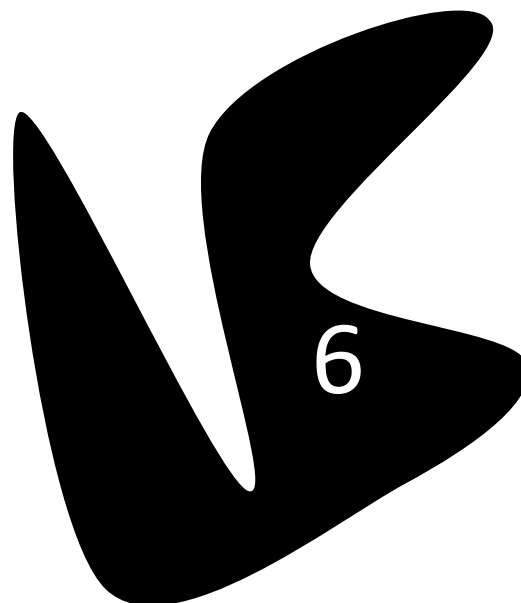
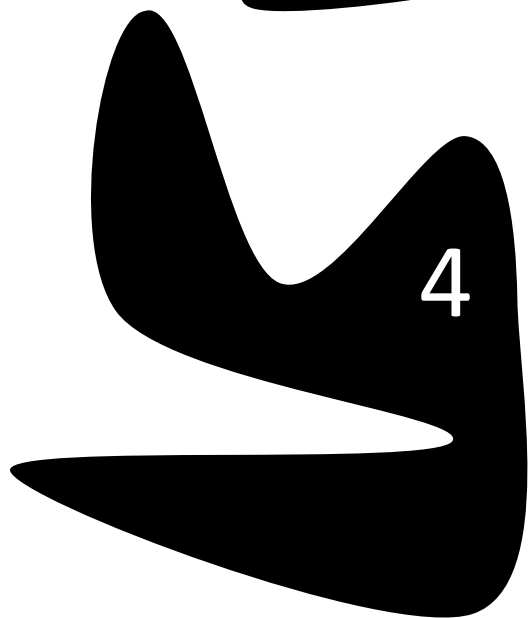
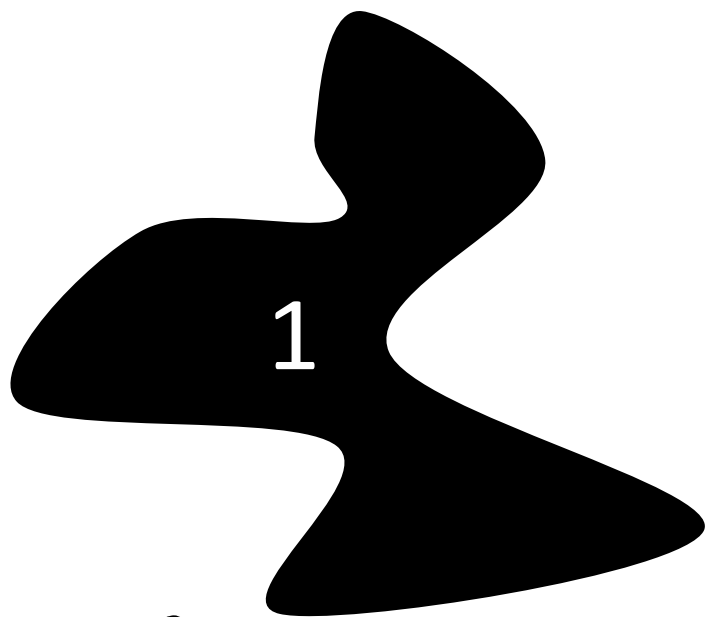
- scale,
- rotation and
- location



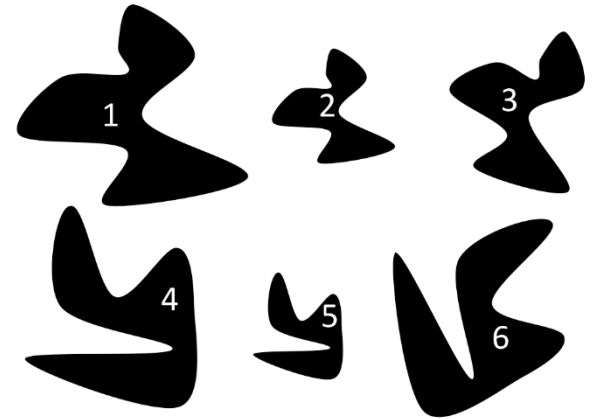
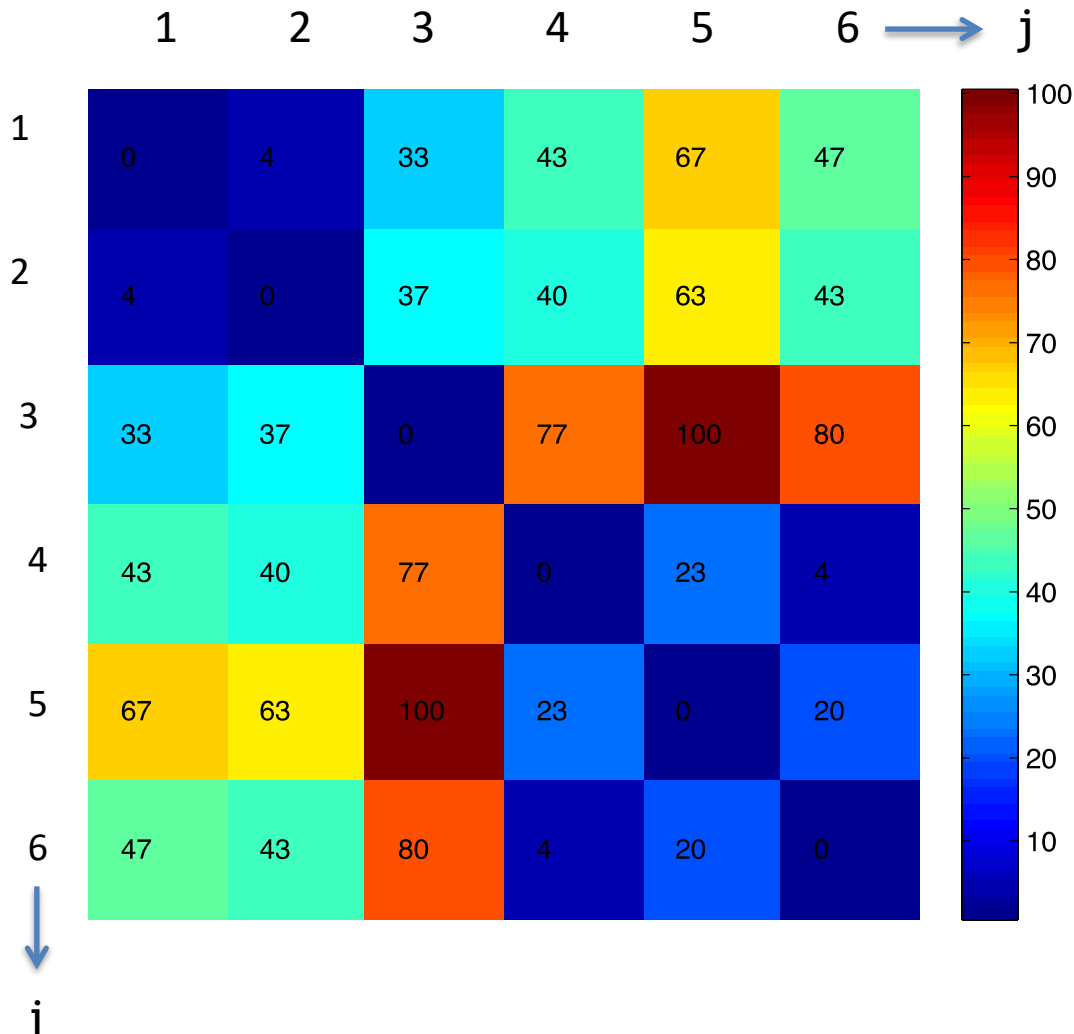
They have similar $\Phi_1, \Phi_2, \dots, \Phi_7$.

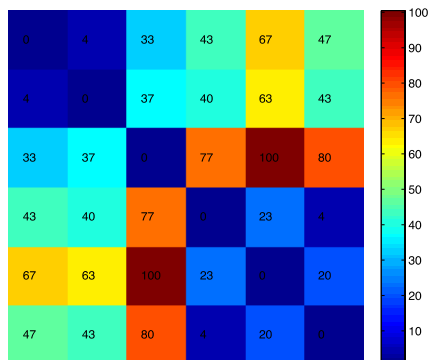
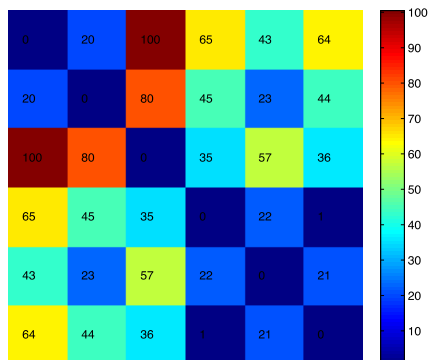
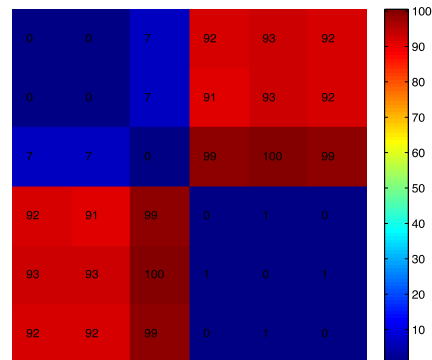
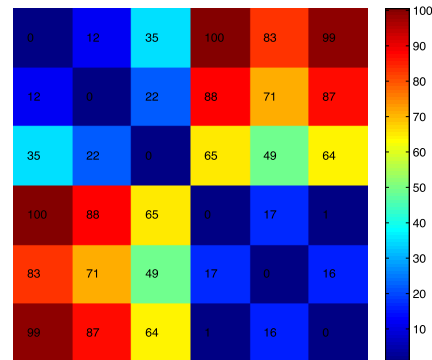
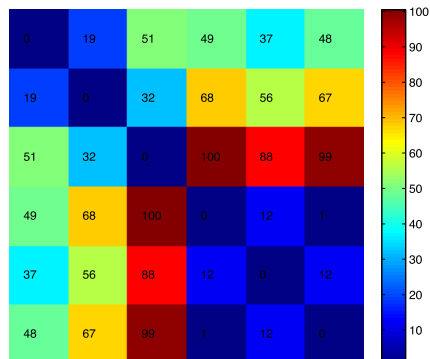
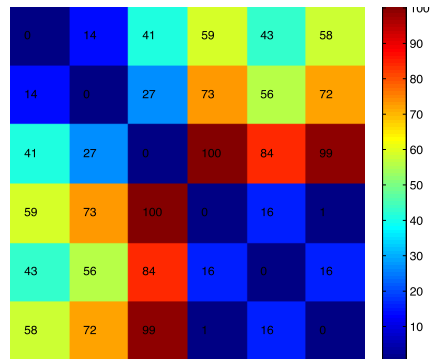
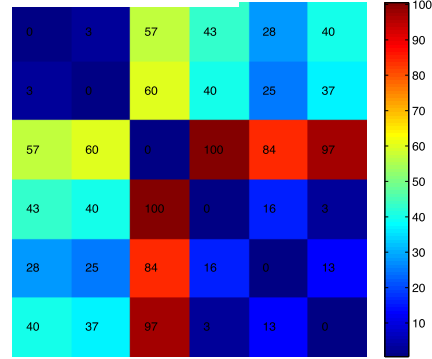
Hu - Moments



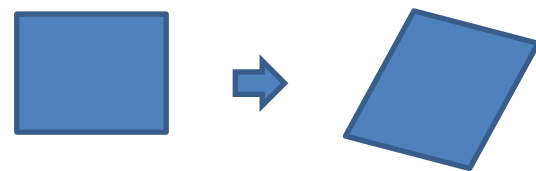


Difference between Φ_1 of region i and Φ_1 of region j



Φ_1  Φ_2  Φ_3  Φ_4  Φ_5  Φ_6  Φ_7 

Flusser Moments



Invariante a la transformada afín:
líneas paralelas se transforman
como líneas paralelas

$$I_1 = \frac{\mu_{20}\mu_{02} - \mu_{11}^2}{\mu_{00}^4}$$

$$I_2 = \frac{\mu_{30}^2\mu_{03}^2 - 6\mu_{30}\mu_{21}\mu_{12}\mu_{03} + 4\mu_{30}\mu_{12}^3 + 4\mu_{21}^3\mu_{03} - 3\mu_{21}^2\mu_{12}^2}{\mu_{00}^{10}}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{\mu_{20}(\mu_{21}\mu_{03} - \mu_{12}^2) - \mu_{11}(\mu_{30}\mu_{03} - \mu_{21}\mu_{12}) + \mu_{02}(\mu_{30}\mu_{12} - \mu_{21}^2)}{\mu_{00}^7}$$

$$I_4 = \frac{(\mu_{20}^3\mu_{03}^2 - 6\mu_{20}^2\mu_{11}\mu_{12}\mu_{03} - 6\mu_{20}^2\mu_{02}\mu_{21}\mu_{03} + 9\mu_{20}^2\mu_{02}\mu_{12}^2 + 12\mu_{20}\mu_{11}^2\mu_{21}\mu_{03} + 6\mu_{20}\mu_{11}\mu_{02}\mu_{30}\mu_{03} - 18\mu_{20}\mu_{11}\mu_{02}\mu_{21}\mu_{12} - 8\mu_{11}^3\mu_{30}\mu_{03} - 6\mu_{20}\mu_{02}^2\mu_{30}\mu_{12} + 9\mu_{20}\mu_{02}^2\mu_{21} + 12\mu_{11}^2\mu_{02}\mu_{30}\mu_{12} - 6\mu_{11}\mu_{02}^2\mu_{30}\mu_{21} + \mu_{02}^3\mu_{30}^2)/\mu_{00}^{11}}$$

Flusser, J., & Suk, T. (1993). [Pattern recognition by affine moment invariants](#). Pattern recognition, 26(1), 167-174.