#### Part 1: Pseudo-code of operators

### [Mutation]

```
SwappedMutation (parent, child)
int subLength; // swapped part length
int pos1; // part 1 start index
int pos2; // part 2 start index
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  if (i < pos1) // i before part 1
  {
     // Copy parent to child;
  }else if (i >= pos1 && i < pos1 + subLength) // i is in part 1
     // Copy parent's part2 to child;
  }else if (i >= pos1 + subLength && i < pos2) // i is between part 1 and part 2
     // Copy parent to child;
  }else if (i >= pos2 && i < pos2 + subLength) // I is in part 2
     // Copy parent's part1 to child;
  }
  else
     // Copy parent to child;
}
```

```
Reciprocal Mutation (parent, child)
{
   int pos1; // first element
   int pos2; // second element
   // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
   if (pos1 > pos2)
   {
      // Exchange pos1 & pos2;
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
{
   if (i < pos1)
   {
       // copy parent to child
   }else if (i == pos1)
       // copy parent's pos2 to child
   }else if (i > pos1 && i < pos2)
   {
       // copy parent to child
   }else if (i == pos2)
       // copy parent's pos1 to child
   }
   else
   {
       // copy parent to child
   }
}
}
```

```
DisplacementMutation (parent, child)
{
    int pos1; // cut-part start position
    int pos2; // cut-part end position
    // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
    if (pos1 > pos2)
   {
       // exchange pos1 & pos2
    int subLength = pos2 - pos1;
    // determine insert position
    int insertPos = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes - subLength);
    int minPos = Math.Min(pos1, insertPos);
    for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
      if (minPos == pos1)
      {
         if(i < pos1)
         {
             // copy parent to child
         }else if (i >= pos1 && i < insertPos)</pre>
             // copy parent to child (except cut-part)
         }else if (i >= insertPos && i < insertPos + subLength)</pre>
             // copy cut-part to child
         }
         else
         {
              // copy parent to child
         }
      }
      else
         if (i < insertPos)</pre>
             // copy parent to child
         }else if (i >= insertPos && i < insertPos + subLength)</pre>
```

```
{
    // copy cut-part to child
}else if (i >= insertPos + subLength && i < pos2)
{
    // copy parent to child (except cut-part)
}
else
{
    // copy parent to child
}
}
}</pre>
```

```
InsertionMutation (parent, child)
{
  int pos1; // select a cut-part
  int pos2; // select a pos to insert cut-part
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  {
     if (i < pos1)
     {
        // copy parent to child
     }else if (i > pos2)
        // copy parent to child
     }else if (i == pos1)
     {
        // copy parent to child's pos2
     }else
     {
        // copy parent to child orderly
     }
  }
}
```

```
InversionMutation ( parent, child)
{
  int pos1; // inverse-part start position
  int pos2; // inverse-part end position
  // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
  if (pos1 > pos2)
  {
      // exchange pos1 & pos2
  }
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
      // copy parent to child
  }
  for (int i = pos1; i < pos2; i++)
      // fill in number inversely into child (overwrite original one)
  }
}
```

### [Crossover]

```
PartialMappedCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
   int pos1 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
   int pos2 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
   // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
   if (pos1 > pos2)
   {
      // exchange pos1 & pos2
   // prepare proto-child
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
   {
      if (i \ge pos1 \&\& i < pos2)
        temp1[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
        temp2[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
      }
      else
      {
         temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
         temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
      }
     }
     // prepare map
     int cutLength = pos2 - pos1;
     int[][] map = new int[cutLength][];
     for (int i = 0; i < cutLength; i++)
     {
        map[i] = new int[2];
        for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
        {
            // initialize map member
        }
      for (int i = 0; i < cutLength; i++)
      {
```

```
// fill in map
}
// rearrange map
for (int i = 0; i < cutLength; i++)
   for (int j = i+1; j < cutLength; j++)
   {
      if (map[i][0] == map[j][1])
      {
         map[j][1] = map[i][1];
         map[i][0] = map[i][1] = -1; // erase useless(repeated) numbers
      }
      if (map[i][1] == map[j][0])
      {
         map[j][0] = map[i][0];
         map[i][0] = map[i][1] = -1; // erase useless(repeated) numbers
      }
     }
  }
  // prepare child
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
     if (i >= pos1 && i < pos2)
     {
        // copy cut-part to childs
     }
     else
     {
       // prepare child1
       if (IsContain(temp1[i], map))
          for (int j = 0; j < cutLength; j++)
          {
             if (temp1[i] == map[j][0])
               chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = map[j][1]; // copy from map
               break;
             }
```

```
}
        }
        else
            // copy from father
        // prepare child2
        if (IsContain(temp2[i], map))
        {
           for (int j = 0; j < cutLength; j++)
              if (temp2[i] == map[j][1])
                 chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = map[j][0]; // copy from map
                 break;
              }
            }
         }
          else
            // copy from mother
         }
       }
   }
}
```

```
OrderCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
   int pos1 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
   int pos2 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
   // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
   if (pos1 > pos2)
   {
       // exchange pos1 & pos2
   // copy parent to proto-child
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
   {
       temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
       temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
   }
   // tag father's gene position with respect to mother's gene (by setting num = -1)
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
   {
      if (i \ge pos1 \&\& i < pos2)
        for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
            if (temp1[i] == temp2[j]) temp2[j] = -1;
        }
       }
     // prepare child 1
     for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
     {
       if (i < pos1)
           for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
           {
               if (temp2[j] != -1)
               {
                 chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp2[j]; // copy to child 1
                 temp2[j] = -1; // turn off this number
                 break;
```

```
}
             }
           else if (i >= pos1 && i < pos2)
             chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp1[i];
            }else
           {
             for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
             {
                 if (temp2[j] != -1)
                    chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp2[j];
                    temp2[j] = -1;
                    break;
                 }
               }
            }
          // copy parent to proto-child again
          for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
          {
             temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
             temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
          }
          // tag mother's gene position with respect to father's gene (by setting num
= -1)
          for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
          {
            if (i \ge pos1 \&\& i < pos2)
                for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
                   if (temp2[i] == temp1[j]) temp1[j] = -1;
                }
             }
           }
            // prepare child 2
            for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
```

```
{
     if (i < pos1)
     {
       for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
          if (temp1[j] != -1)
          {
            chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp1[j]; // copy to child 2
            temp1[j] = -1; // turn off this number
            break;
          }
       }
     else if (i >= pos1 && i < pos2)
       chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp2[i];
     }
     else
       for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)</pre>
          if (temp1[j] != -1)
          {
          chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp1[j];
          temp1[j] = -1;
          break;
          }
         }
      }
}
```

```
PositionBasedCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
   // copy parent to proto-child
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
      temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
      temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
      temp3[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
      temp4[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
    }
    // determine number of selected genes
    int numOfSelectedGenes = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes/3);
    int[] arrayPos = new int[numOfSelectedGenes];
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
    {
       arrayPos[i] = -1; // initialize array position index to -1
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
    {
       int pos1 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
       if (!IsContain2(pos1, arrayPos))
         arrayPos[i] = pos1; // add number to arrayPos
       }
       else
         continue;
       for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)</pre>
         if (temp1[pos1] == temp2[j]) temp2[j] = -1; // turn off this number
         if (temp4[pos1] == temp3[j]) temp3[j] = -1; // turn off this number
       }
      // prepare child 1
      for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
        if (IsContain2(i, arrayPos))
```

```
chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp1[i];
        }
         else
        {
           for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)</pre>
           {
               if (temp2[j] != -1)
               {
                   chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp2[j];
                   temp2[j] = -1;
                   break;
                }
            }
          }
        }
         // prepare child 2
        for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
        {
            if (IsContain2(i, arrayPos))
               chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp4[i];
            }
            else
                for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
                   if (temp3[j] != -1)
                   {
                        chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp3[j];
                        temp3[j] = -1;
                        break;
                    }
               }
           }
}
```

{

```
OrderBasedCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
   // copy parent to proto-child
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
   {
       temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
       temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
       temp3[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
       temp4[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
    }
    // determine number of selected genes
    int numOfSelectedGenes = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes / 3);
    int[] arrayPos = new int[numOfSelectedGenes];
    int[] arrayPos2 = new int[numOfSelectedGenes];
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
    {
        // initialize arrayPos and arrayPos2
        arrayPos[i] = -1;
        arrayPos2[i] = -1;
    }
    for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
       int pos1 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
       if (!IsContain2(pos1, arrayPos))
         arrayPos[i] = pos1;
         for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
         {
             if (temp1[pos1] == temp2[i])
               temp2[j] = -1; // turn off this number
               arrayPos2[i] = j;
             if (temp4[j] == temp3[pos1])
             {
                 temp3[pos1] = -1; // turn off this number
             }
          }
```

```
}
 else
 {
    continue;
 }
}
Array.Sort(arrayPos);
Array.Sort(arrayPos2);
int count = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
  if (arrayPos[i] != -1)
  {
     count = i;
     break;
  }
}
int count2 = 0;
for (int i = 0; i < numOfSelectedGenes; i++)
    if (arrayPos2[i] != -1)
    {
      count2 = i;
      break;
    }
}
// prepare child 1
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)</pre>
  if (IsContain2(i, arrayPos2))
  {
     chromosomes[child1Idx][i] = temp1[arrayPos[count]];
     count++;
  }
  else
  {
```

```
for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)</pre>
      {
          if (temp2[j] != -1)
          {
              chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = temp2[j];
              temp2[j] = -1;
              break;
          }
       }
     }
  }
     // prepare child 2
     for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
     {
          if (IsContain2(i, arrayPos))
          {
               chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp4[arrayPos2[count2]];
               count2++;
          }
          else
          {
               for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)</pre>
               {
                    if (temp3[j] != -1)
                    {
                          chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = temp3[j];
                          temp3[j] = -1;
                          break;
                    }
               }
          }
     }
}
```

```
CycleCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
  // copy parent to proto-child
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  {
      temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
      temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
      temp5[i] = -1;
      temp6[i] = -1;
  }
  temp5[0] = 0; // cycle1 index container
  temp6[0] = temp1[0]; // cycle1 container
  temp6[1] = temp2[0];
  // find cycle1 in parents
  for (int i = 1; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  {
     for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
     {
       if (temp6[i] == temp1[j])
          temp6[i + 1] = temp2[j];
          temp5[i] = j;
          break;
        }
      }
      // check cycle is completed or not
      if (temp6[i + 1] == temp6[0])
      {
          break;
      }
   }
   // prepare child 1
   for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
   {
      if (IsContain2(i, temp5))
        //Copy father to child1
```

```
}
       else
       {
         // copy mother to child1
       }
      }
      // prepare child 2
      for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
      {
        if (IsContain2(i, temp5))
            // copy mother to child2
        else
            // copy father to child2
        }
       }
}
```

```
SubtourCrossover (father, mother, child1, child2)
{
  // determine subtour position
  int pos1 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
  int pos2 = randomizer.Next(numberOfGenes);
  // make sure pos1 is less then pos2
  if (pos1 > pos2)
  {
    // exchange pos1 & pos2
  // determine sublength
  int subLength = pos2 - pos1;
  // copy parent to proto-child
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  {
      temp1[i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
      temp2[i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
      temp3[i] = -1;
  }
  // find father's subtour corresponding position in mother
  for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
  {
      if (i \ge pos1 \&\& i < pos2)
      {
        for (int j = 0; j < numberOfGenes; j++)
            if (temp1[i] == temp2[j])
            {
                temp3[i] = j;
                break;
            }
        }
      }
   }
   Array.Sort(temp3);
   // check mother's subtour is reasonable or not
```

```
bool result = true;
for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes-1; i++)
{
   if (temp3[i] != -1)
   {
       if (temp3[i+1] != (temp3[i] + 1))
       {
           result = false;
           break;
       }
     }
 }
 int startIndex = -1;
 if (result == true)
 {
     // find startIndex in mother
     for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
     {
       if (temp3[i] != -1)
          startIndex = temp3[i];
          break;
       }
      }
      // prepare child 1
      for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
      {
          if (i \ge pos1 \&\& i < pos2)
            chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][startIndex];
            startIndex++;
          }
          else
            chromosomes[child1ldx][i] = chromosomes[fatherIdx][i];
          }
```

```
// find startIndex in mother again
    for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
       if (temp3[i] != -1)
       {
         startIndex = temp3[i];
         break;
       }
      }
      int pos3 = pos1;
      // prepare child 2
      for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
       if (i >= startIndex && i < startIndex+subLength)
       {
           chromosomes[child2ldx][i] = chromosomes[fatherldx][pos3];
           pos3++;
        }
        else
        {
            chromosomes[child2Idx][i] = chromosomes[motherIdx][i];
        }
       }
    }
    else
    {
        for (int i = 0; i < numberOfGenes; i++)
           // copy father and mother to child directly
    }
}
```

}

# Part 2: Comments on Job Assignment Problem Solved by Binary- and Permutation-Encoded GA Solvers

### [Mutation comparison by experiments]

PMX + inversion

26 26 28 28 30

PMX + insertion

26 30 27 27 27

PMX + displacement

26 26 26 28 26

PMX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 26 26 26

PMX + swapped

26 26 29 30 26

<u>Conclusion</u>: "Reciprocal exchange" has average best solution (minimum objective value).

## [Crossover comparison by experiments]

PMX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 26 26 26

OX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 26 26 26

PBX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 26 26 26

OBX + reciprocal exchange

30 26 28 29 26

CX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 26 26 26

STX + reciprocal exchange

26 26 28 26 26

PMX + inversion

26 26 26 30 26

OX + inversion

26 26 26 26 27

PBX + inversion

28 29 31 30 31

OBX + inversion

30 31 31 30 27

CX + inversion

26 28 32 30 30

STX + inversion

26 26 28 31 27

Conclusion: PMX & OX are relatively good at finding best solution, while OBX is relatively bad.