

A self-referential logic puzzle, based on

<https://davecturner.github.io/2018/10/22/kitty-grundman-self-referential-puzzle.html>

EXTENDS *Naturals*, *FiniteSets*

VARIABLES X, S We define X and S as variables so that we could use TLC

$Puzzle \triangleq$

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 $\wedge X \in 1 \dots 10$ 
 $\wedge S \in [1 \dots 10 \rightarrow \text{BOOLEAN}]$ 
 $\wedge \text{LET } Statements \triangleq \text{DOMAIN } S$  The statement indices
 $IsTrue(x) \triangleq S[x]$ 
 $IsFalse(x) \triangleq \neg S[x]$ 
 $True \triangleq \{s \in Statements : IsTrue(s)\}$ 
 $False \triangleq \{s \in Statements : IsFalse(s)\}$ 
 $IsEven(x) \triangleq x \% 2 = 0$ 
 $IsOdd(x) \triangleq x \% 2 \neq 0$ 
IN  $\wedge \neg \forall s \in Statements : IsTrue(s)$ 
 $\wedge \neg \forall s \in Statements : IsFalse(s)$ 
 $\wedge S[1] = \text{LET } sum[s \in \text{SUBSET } Nat] \triangleq$ 
 $\quad \text{IF } s = \{\} \text{ THEN } 0$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{ELSE LET } x \triangleq \text{CHOOSE } x \in s : \text{TRUE}$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{IN } x + sum[s \setminus \{x\}]$ 
 $\quad \quad \text{IN } X = sum[False]$ 
 $\wedge S[2] = (X < \text{Cardinality}(False) \wedge IsTrue(10))$ 
 $\wedge S[3] = ((\text{Cardinality}(True) = 3) \neq IsFalse(1))$ 
 $\wedge S[4] = (1 \dots 3 \subseteq False \vee IsTrue(9))$ 
 $\wedge S[5] = (IsOdd(X) \neq IsTrue(7))$ 
 $\wedge S[6] = \text{LET } Odds \triangleq \{s \in Statements : IsOdd(s)\}$ 
 $\quad \text{IN } \text{Cardinality}(Odds \cap False) = 2$ 
 $\wedge S[7] = IsTrue(X)$ 
 $\wedge S[8] = \text{LET } Evens \triangleq \{s \in Statements : IsEven(s)\}$ 
 $\quad \text{IN } Evens \subseteq True \vee Evens \subseteq False$ 
 $\wedge S[9] = \text{LET } First(s) \triangleq \text{CHOOSE } x \in s : \forall y \in s : y \geq x$ 
 $\quad \text{IN } (X = 3 * First(True)) \vee IsFalse(4)$ 
 $\wedge S[10] = (IsEven(X) \vee IsTrue(6))$ 

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To get TLC to solve the puzzle for us, we have to put it in the form of a temporal specification and an invariant. A counterexample of the invariant would be the solution. To verify its uniqueness, we then let TLC check that the solution is an invariant (it is).

$Spec \triangleq Puzzle \wedge \Box[\text{UNCHANGED } \langle X, S \rangle]_{\langle X, S \rangle}$

$Invariant \triangleq X \notin 1 \dots 10$ Taunt TLC into proving us wrong

$\wedge S = \langle \text{FALSE}, \text{FALSE}, \text{TRUE}, \text{TRUE}, \text{FALSE}, \text{TRUE}, \text{TRUE}, \text{FALSE}, \text{TRUE}, \text{FALSE} \rangle$
 $\wedge X = 9$