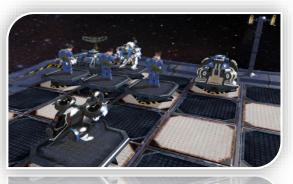
Game Engine Design









Assignment 7



This week: From one mesh to multiple objects



Assignment 7



- Problem: Manage multiple objects
 - Stationary objects on the ground
 - "Cockpit" objects attached to the camera
 - Some objects should have same appearance, but different positioning (→ do not load the same mesh twice)
- Idea: Separate meshes and objects
 - Mesh
 - Geometry & Textures
 - Object
 - Reference to a mesh
 - Type: ground / cockpit (more later...)
 - Position: Scale / rotation / translation

Assignment 7



- Tasks
 - Generate resources for new meshes
 - Meshes & objects:
 - Define in config file
 - Parse to internal representation
 - Manage using appropriate data structures
 - Render (using your knowledge and existing shaders from Ass. 5)
- C++ only
- More freedom less Copy&Paste shorter assignment (many solution ideas on the following slides)

Config File



Definition of meshes and objects in game.cfg, e.g.

```
# Mesh name t3d_path diffuse_path specular_path glow_path
Mesh Cockpit cockpit_o_low.t3d cockpit_m_diffuse.dds cockpit_m_specular.dds cockpit_m_glow
.dds
Mesh Barracks barracks.t3d barracks_diffuse.dds barracks_specular.dds -
Mesh Tower tower.t3d tower_diffuse.dds tower_specular.dds -

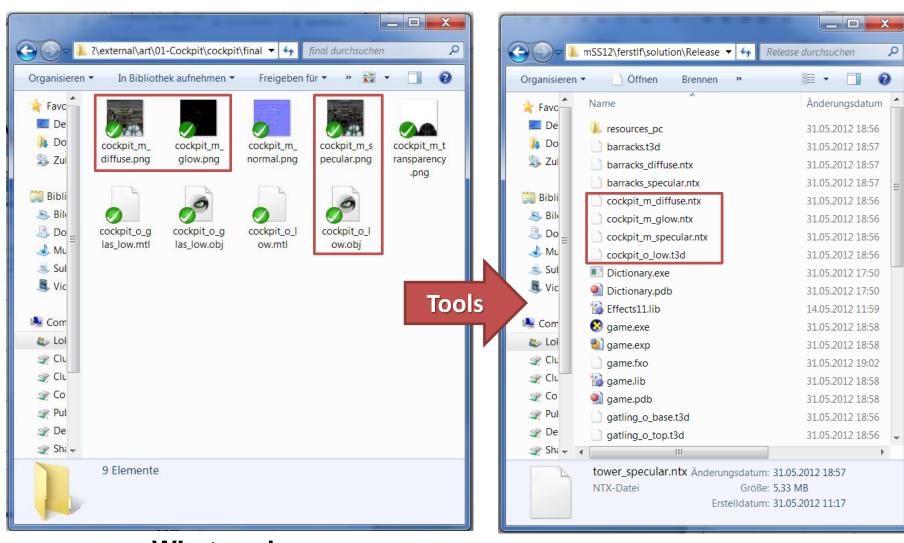
# CockpitObject mesh_name scale rot_x rot_y rot_z trans_x trans_y trans_z
CockpitObject Cockpit 0.5 0 90 0 0 -0.8 2.1
CockpitObject GatlingGunBase 1 0 90 0 1 0.5 2

# GroundObject mesh_name scale rot_x rot_y rot_z trans_x trans_y trans_z
GroundObject Barracks 1 0 15 0 100 0 0
GroundObject Barracks 0.6 0 0 0 -16 0 22
GroundObject Tower 0.8 0 30 0 -10 0 15
```

- Note: Values are just examples here!
- Parse into your own internal representation
 - Mesh: Dictionary of meshes identified through name-identifiers (use existing mesh class)
 - CockpitObject / GroundObject: Array(s)/List(s) of objects (create your own struct(s) / class(es))

Resources





What we have (authoring format: *.png, *.obj)

What we need (runtime format: *.dds, *.t3d)

Automated Resource Generation



- Add everything to the command line of your ResourceGenerator
 - E.g. for cockpit mesh (from Ass. 6):

```
"$(SolutionDir)..\..\external\Tools\bin\obj2t3d.exe" -i "$(SolutionDir)..\..\external\art\01-Cockpit\cockpit\final\cockpit_o_low.obj" -o "$(OutDir)resources\cockpit_o_low.t3d" -y

"$(OutDir)texconv" -o "$(OutDir)resources" -srgbi -f BC1_UNORM_SRGB

"$(SolutionDir)..\..\external\art\01-Cockpit\cockpit\final\cockpit_m_diffuse.png"

"$(OutDir)texconv" -o "$(OutDir)resources" -srgbi -f BC1_UNORM_SRGB

"$(SolutionDir)..\..\external\art\01-Cockpit\cockpit\final\cockpit_m_specular.png"

"$(OutDir)texconv" -o "$(OutDir)resources" -srgbi -f BC1_UNORM_SRGB

"$(SolutionDir)..\..\external\art\01-Cockpit\cockpit\final\cockpit_m_glow.png"
```

- Copy & paste existing lines
- Adjust input and output

Parsing Tipps



Comments & Simple Error Checking

```
while(!stream.eof())
    stream >> var;
    // Comments: skip lines starting with a #
    if(var.empty() || var[0] == '#')
        std::string comment;
        std::getline(stream, comment);
        continue;
    // simple error check
    if(stream.fail() && !stream.eof()) {
        MessageBoxA (NULL, ("Warning: Failed parsing config variable "
            + var).c str(), "Config file error", MB ICONERROR | MB OK);
        exit(-1);
```

Dictionaries in C++



- Dictionaries / associative containers
 - Realize a mapping from keys (strings in our case) to values

```
    E.g. "foo" → 5
    "bar" → 42
    "moo" → 100
```

- Keys are unique
- Values can be accessed through keys
- Key/value pairs can be inserted and deleted
- In C++: std::map<key_type,value_type>
 http://www.cplusplus.com/reference/map/map/
 - key_type has to support "<"-operator → std::string</p>
 - value_type can be anything

C++ Dictionary - Simple Example



Ensure that <map> and <string> are included

```
Visual-Studio Debugger
//create empty map
                                                                          also supports std::map!
std::map<std::string,int> m;
                                                                             [comp] less
//insert "foo"->42 and "bar"->10
                                                                                     ("bar", 10)
                                                                           ⊕ 👂 [0]
m["foo"] = 42;
                                                                                     ("foo", 42)
                                                                           ⊞ 🌶 [1]
m["bar"] = 10;
                                                                                     ("moo", 0)
//access "foo" and "bar"
int f = m["foo"], b = m["bar"];
std::cout << f << " " << b << "\n"; //output: 42 10
//Caution! the []-operator automatically inserts elements that do not exist
std::cout << m["moo"] << std::endl; //output: 0 (= the result of "int()" )</pre>
std::cout << m.size() << std::endl; //output: 3</pre>
//for safe accesses, check first whether element exists
if ( m.find("foo")==m.end() ) std::cout << "foo is not in the map" << std::endl;</pre>
//remove element
m.erase("foo");
```

C++ Dictionary – More Operations



- Your dictionary should store Pointers (Mesh*)
- You still need new and delete for objects in the map!
 - erase() and clear() will only remove the pointers, not free the memory they point to
 - [] will insert a new pointer if the key does not exits, but not allocate any memory
 - Iterate over all objects and call delete before clearing the map

Ground and Cockpit Objects



 Define your own types to mirror definitions in config file, e.g. a struct for cockpit objects

```
game.cfg
CockpitObject Cockpit 0.5 0
90 0 0 0.5 1.5

struct CockpitObject
{
    // your member variables here
};

// contains all ground objects
std::vector<GroundObject> groundObjects;
```

(Hint: std::vector has a method called push_back() for easy insertion of new elements at the back of the array)

 Define a similar type for ground objects or extend the existing type to support both

Object Transformations

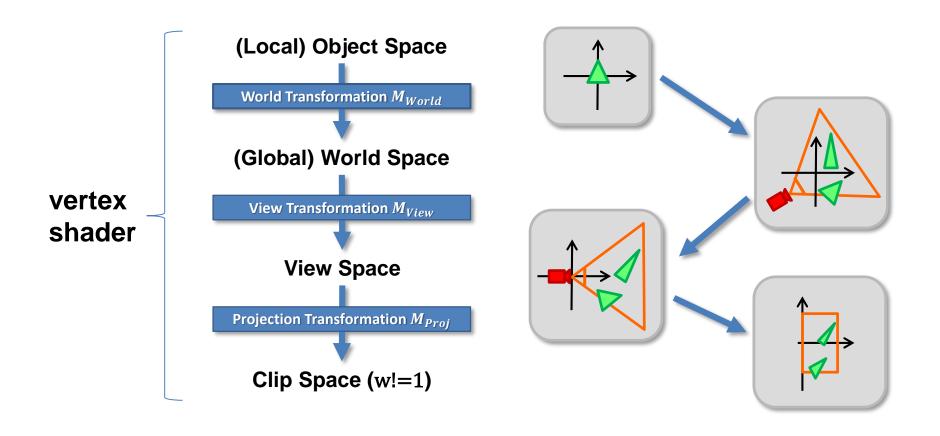


- For now: the only difference between ground and cockpit objects is the transformation for rendering
- $M_{Obj} = M_{Scale} \cdot M_{RotX} \cdot M_{RotY} \cdot M_{RotZ} \cdot M_{Trans}$
- Cockpit: $M_{WorldView} = M_{Obj} \cdot M_{CamWorld} \cdot M_{CamView}$ $M_{World} \cdot M_{View}$
- Ground Objects: $M_{WorldView} = \underbrace{M_{Obj}}_{M_{CamView}} \cdot \underbrace{M_{CamView}}_{M_{View}}$
- M_{Scale} , ..., M_{Trans} are defined in config file
- $M_{CamView}$ is the camera view matrix, $M_{CamWorld}$ the camera world matrix

Ground Objects



Transformations for ground objects







Questions?