

C Code

```
#include<stdio.h>

extern int demo_if(int n);

int main()
{
    int n = 9;
    printf("\n n = %d", n);
    printf("\nFibonacci Number = %d" ,demo_if(n));

    n = 11;
    printf("\n n = %d", n);
    printf("\nFibonacci Number = %d" ,demo_if(n));

    n = 0;
    printf("\n n = %d", n);
    printf("\nFibonacci Number = %d" ,demo_if(n));
    return(0);
}
```

Assembly Code

```
.globl demo_if

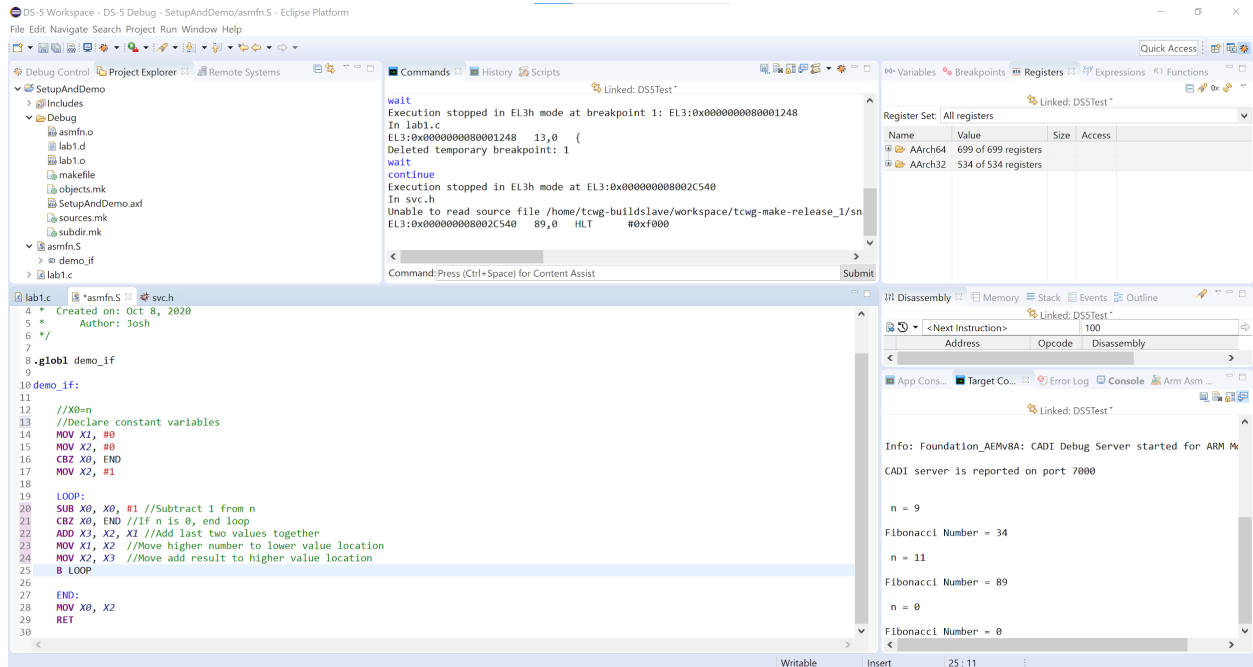
demo_if:

    //X0=n
    //Declare constant variables
    MOV X1, #0
    MOV X2, #0
    CBZ X0, END
    MOV X2, #1

    LOOP:
    SUB X0, X0, #1 //Subtract 1 from n
    CBZ X0, END //If n is 0, end loop
    ADD X3, X2, X1 //Add last two values together
    MOV X1, X2 //Move higher number to lower value location
    MOV X2, X3 //Move add result to higher value location
    B LOOP

    END:
    MOV X0, X2
    RET
```

Full Screen



Output

n = 9

Fibonacci Number = 34

n = 11

Fibonacci Number = 89

n = 0

Fibonacci Number = 0

Variables used :

n - number in fibonacci sequence wanted

Registers used:

X0 - n, and final return value

X1, X2 - most recent two numbers in sequence

X3 - used for addition of X1 and X2

Function Addresses

demo_if

```
0x00000000080001218:  MOV    x1, #0x0
0x0000000008000121C:  MOV    x2, #0x0
0x00000000080001220:  CBZ    x0, 0x80001240
0x00000000080001224:  MOV    x2, #0x1
```

LOOP

```
0x00000000080001228:  SUB    x0, x0, #0x1
0x0000000008000122C:  CBZ    x0, 0x80001240
0x00000000080001230:  ADD    x3, x2, x1
0x00000000080001234:  MOV    x1, x2
0x00000000080001238:  MOV    x2, x3
0x0000000008000123C:  B      0x80001228
```

END

```
0x00000000080001240:  MOV    x0, x2
0x00000000080001244:  RET
```

main

```
0x00000000080001248:  STP    x29, x30, [sp, #-0x20]!
0x0000000008000124C:  MOV    x29, sp
```