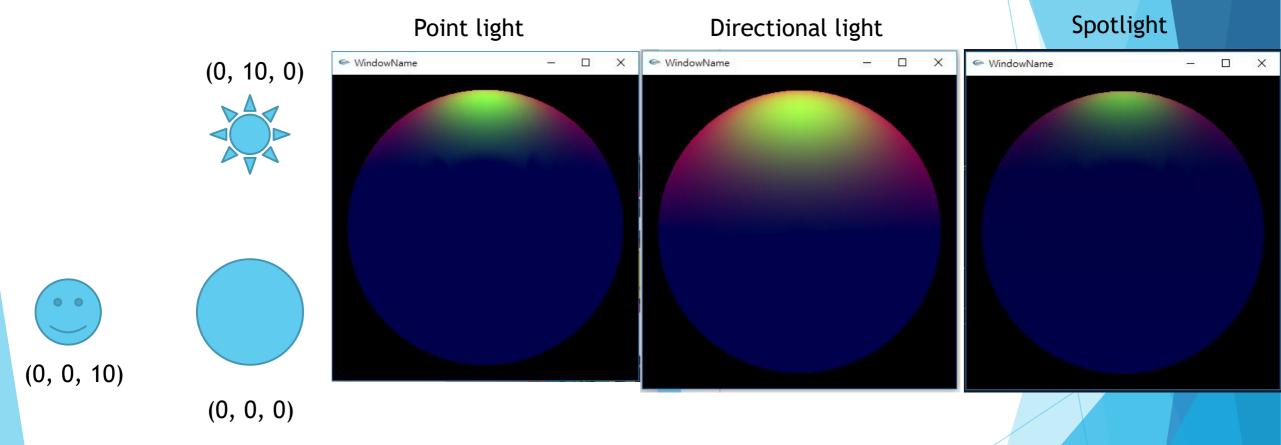
openGL - Lighting and Material

Example



Example

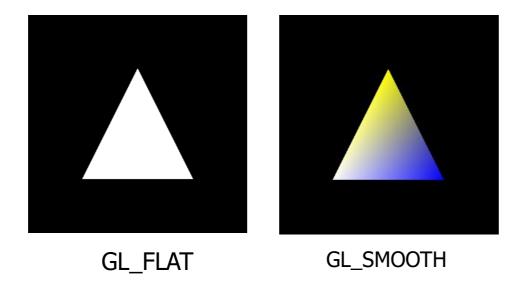
```
int cutoff = 0, exponent = 0;
int lighting_mode = 0; //0:point light, 1:directional light, 2: spotlight
```

```
⊡void display()
     //ModelView Matrix
     glMatrixMode(GL MODELVIEW);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluLookAt(0.0f, 0.0f, 10.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f);
     glMatrixMode(GL PROJECTION);
     glLoadIdentity();
     gluPerspective(45, width / (GLfloat)height, 0.1, 1000);
     //Viewport Matrix
     glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
     glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT);
     glClear(GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
     glMatrixMode(GL_MODELVIEW);
     lighting(lighting_mode);
     float red[] = { 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f };
     float green[] = { 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f };
     float blue [] = { 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f };
     glPushMatrix();
     //glRotatef(degree, 0, 1, 0);
     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_DIFFUSE, red);
     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_SPECULAR, green);
     glMaterialfv(GL_FRONT, GL_AMBIENT, blue);
     glMaterialf(GL_FRONT, GL_SHININESS, 10);
     glutSolidSphere(3.5, 72, 36);
     glPopMatrix();
     glutSwapBuffers();
```

```
⊟void lighting(int mode) {
          float position[] = { 0.0f, 10.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f };
          if (mode == 1) { //directional light
129
              position[3] = 0.0f;
          float specular[] = { 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f };
          float diffuse[] = { 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f, 1.0f };
          float ambient[] = { 0.1f, 0.1f, 0.1f, 1.0f };
          float none[] = { 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f };
          glEnable(GL LIGHT0);
          glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_POSITION, position);
138
          glLightfv(GL LIGHT0, GL SPECULAR, specular);
          glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_DIFFUSE, diffuse);
          glLightfv(GL_LIGHT0, GL_AMBIENT, ambient);
          if (mode == 2) { //spot light
              float direction[] = { 0.0f, -1.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f };
              glLightfv(GL LIGHT0, GL SPOT DIRECTION, direction);
              glLighti(GL_LIGHT0, GL_SPOT_EXPONENT, exponent);
              glLighti(GL LIGHT0, GL SPOT CUTOFF, cutoff);
              glLighti(GL LIGHT0, GL SPOT CUTOFF, 180); //close spotlight
```

Shading model

- void glShadeModel(GLenum mode);
 - mode: GL_FLAT / GL_SMOOTH (default)

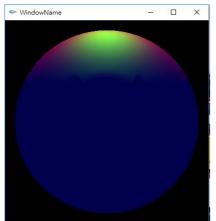


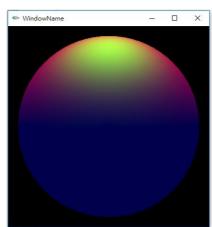
Lighting

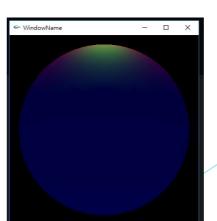
- glEnable(GL_LIGHTING);
- glEnable(GL_LIGHTi);
 - i = 0 GL_MAX_LIGHT-1
- void glLight[fi](GLenum light, GLenum pname, GLfloat param)
 - light: specifies a light. There are at least eight lights are supported in OpenGL.
 - pname: specifies a light source parameter for light.
 - ▶ GL_SPOT_EXPONENT, GL_SPOT_CUTOFF,
 - ▶ GL_CONSTANT_ATTENUATION, GL_LINEAR_ATTENUATION, GL_QUADRATIC_ATTENUATION
 - param: specifies the value that parameter pname of light source light will be set to.
- void glLight[fi][v](GLenum light, GLenum pname, const GLfloat* param)
 - pname: specifies a light source parameter for light.
 - ▶ GL_AMBIENT, GL_DIFFUSE, GL_SPECULAR, GL_POSITION,
 - GL_SPOT_DIRECTION

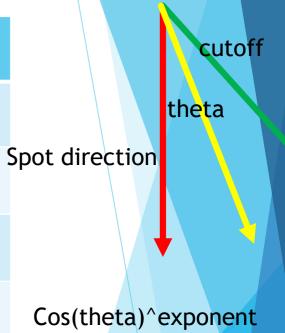
Light type

	Point light	Directional light	Spotlight
GL_POSITION	(x, y, z, w)	(x, y, z, 0)	(x, y, z, w)
Distance	Position to vertex	Ignore attenuation	Position to vertex
Direction	Position to vertex	(x, y, z) to origin	GL_SPOT_DIRECTION
			GL_SPOT_EXPONENT GL_SPOT_CUTOFF









Attenuation

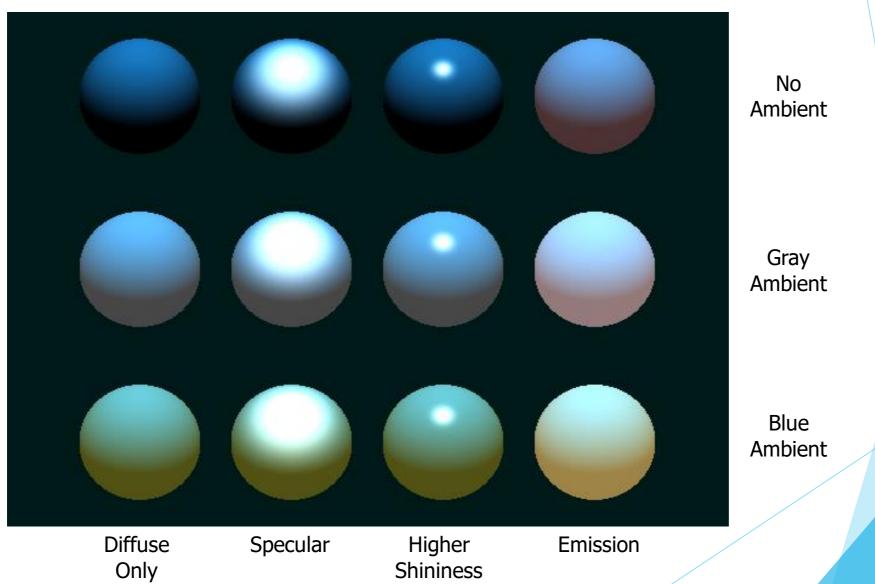
- d: distance between the light's position and the vertex
- $K_c = GL_CONSTANT_ATTENUATION$
- $K_l = GL_LINEAR_ATTENUATION$
- $K_q = GL_QUADRATIC_ATTENUATION$
- If light is directional light, the attenuation is always 1
- void glLight[fi](GLenum light, GLenum pname, GLfloat param)
 - ▶ Pname: GL_CONSTANT_ATTENUATION, GL_LINEAR_ATTENUATION, GL_QUADRATIC_ATTENUATION

$$AttenuationFacror = \frac{1}{k_c + k_l d + k_q d^2}$$

Material

- void glMaterial(if)(GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE* param);
 - ► face: GL_FRONT, GL_BACK, GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
 - Pname: GL_SHININESS
- void glMaterial(if)[v](GLenum face, GLenum pname, TYPE* param);
 - ► face: GL_FRONT, GL_BACK, GL_FRONT_AND_BACK
 - ▶ Panme: GL_AMBIENT, GL_DIFFUSE, GL_SPECULAR, GL_SHININESS, GL_EMISSION

Material



Normal

- void glNormal{34}{isfd}[v](TYPE* normal);
 - normal: normal vector of vertex
 - ► The normal vector should be assigned before you assign vertex
- Normal vectors must be normalize. OpenGL can automatically normalize normal vector by glEnable(GL_NORMALIZE)