

Software Workshop 2

Real Time Multi-User Quiz System

Benjamin Crispin, Samuel Farmer, Deedar Fatima, Rowan Stringer, Josh Wainwright

Group Osaka

Supervisor: Joe Gardiner

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1 Protocol

The protocol for communicating between the different parts of the system is based around objects. There exists an object class that can be created for any of the several message types that could be needed to transfer information from the server to the client, or from the client to the server. Each of these objects implements the Serializable interface, allowing them to be converted to bytes and transfered across the socket connection using object streams.

The primary purpose of each of the objects used is desribed below.

AnswerResponse

To respond to a question, the Student selects the desired option. This information is passed to the server using an AnswerResponse object which simply holds the response and the timestamp to indicate when they made the selection.

DisplayQuestion

In order to signify that the allotted time for the current question has ended, and the next question should be displayed, the server sends a DisplayQuestion object to all of the clients and they should move on to the next question in the Quiz object and change the GUI accordingly.

LoginReply

Once a loginRequest has been received by the server, a LoginReply will be sent back. This gives the client the information about the requested login, most importantly if the login was successful, as well as the type of user that made the login, Student or Admin. This information is used to display the correct user interface.

LoginRequest

This is the first object that could be created. It is sent, by the client, to the server and contains the username of the Student that is attempting to login and the <code>java.lang.String</code> hash code of the inserted password. Though the security concerns of such a trivial system are non-existent, the password is never stored in plaintext.

Question

There exist several question objects in each Quiz object. They store the information required to present a Student with a question and the possible answers. Again, there is very little functionality as the question only serves as a wrapper for the question text and the possible answers that the user could respond with.

Quiz

This is the most important object. It has very little functionality, simply acting as a wrapper to hold and easily transfer several Question objects.

QuizRequest

When an Admin has successfully logged into the system, they have the option of starting one of the quizzes held in the database. This object is passed to the server and contains information about the quiz that the Admin has chosen to start.

Score

When the quiz has been completed, each of the clients will display the position of it's user relative to the other Students. This object contains the score of all of the users so that each of the clients can work out where they are in the ranking.

StartQuiz

Once the user has successfully logged into the system, the next major event is the start of the quiz. This is signaled by an Admin user who is connected to the server, this information must then be relayed to each of the connected clients. A StartQuiz object is sent to each of the clients, who, on receiving it, will display the first question to the user.

2 Client

The client exists to accept messages sent by the server, and present them in an order and a format that the user interface can present to the user, as well as accept the information entered by the user into the user interface and pass it to the server.

2.1 System Design

1. Login

When a client is started, a QuizClient object is created and starts the main loop. The initial stages set up the connection with the server and waits for the user to login. When the user enters their information, a LoginRequest object is created and pass to the server containing the username and password, to be checked against the contents of the database. The client then waits for a reponse from the server to indicate if the login was successfull or not. This comes in the form of a LoginReply object. If this says that the login was unsuccessful, the user is asked to re-input their details, otherwise, the display is changed and the options screen is shown.

2. Student/Admin

There exists separate functionality withing the client depending on if the user is a Student user, i.e. going to be answering questions, or an Admin, i.e. the teacher who starts and moderates the quiz. Distinguishing between these two is done by the server by checking the details associated with that user in the database. The LoginReply object contains this information and the client can then display the correct interface depending on the type of user that logged in.

3. Client Listens from Server

From here, the user can select the "Start Quiz" option to start the quiz. This causes the display to change to display the waiting screen and the client waits for information from the server.

From this point on, the client waits for any object to be sent from the server and acts according to what that object was. The possible objects that the client now expects to be able to distinguish between are:

- Quiz
- StartQuiz
- DisplayQuestion
- Score

Quiz

This object contains the information about the quiz itself, the number of questions, their contents and the duration that each question should be displayed for. It should only ever be recieved once by the client, at the start of the session, reducing the transfer of information over the connection.

StartQuiz

Once an Admin has logged in, they have control over the start of the quiz. When they decide to start the quiz, this object is sent to each of the listening clients and so the client will procede to show the first question from the Quiz object.

DisplayQuestion

The first question is displayed as soon as the StartQuiz object is received. After this point in the quiz, the questions are changed when this object is received. The value contained verifies which question is to be displayed.

Score

After each question has been answered, the client can display a leader board showing the score of all the clients that have so far answered the current question along with the current client's position in this list. This object tells the client the relevant information for displaying the scores of the other clients.

4. Sent by Client

There are also a number of objects that the client can create and send to the server at different stages of the quiz:

- LoginRequest
- QuizRequest
- AnswerResponse

QuizRequest

This is sent by the client when an Admin is logged in in order to request a particular quiz from the server. Since the server can hold many quizzes, each with their own set of questions and answers, the Admin has the option to choose which of these to play when they log in.

AnswerResponse

This is the object that tells the server what answer the Student gave. It contains their response, so that it can be logged in the database, and the time it took for the Student to make their selection.

3 Server

The server exists to create a link between the database and the quiz program, as well creating connections with, and processing requests from, clients.

3.1 System Design

1. Initialising the server

When the server starts, a QuizServer object is created. The object creates a connection with the database, which allows the server object to retrieve, and update, information contained in the database. In addition to this, a ServerSocket object is created, which waits to receive connections from QuizClient objects. When a connection from a client is received, a new ClientThread object is created.

2. Database Connectivity

The server interacts with the database through static methods contained in the QuizJDBC class. The class allows the server to establish a connection with the database through a getConnection method, which returns a Connection object.

A second method, isUser, is called by the server when it receives a LoginRequest object from a client thread. The method returns a LoginReply object containing the results of the query, which is sent to the client.

The final method, getQuiz, is called when the server receives a QuizRequest object from a client, and returns a Quiz object.

3. ClientThread Objects

When the server establishes a connection with a client, a ClientThread object is created, spawning a thread which allows interactions to occur between the server and client. The server then waits to receive a LoginRequest from the client, and returns a LoginReply object upon receiving it. Once the client has logged in, the server distinguishes between Student and Admin users.

4. Admin Clients

If a connection to an Admin has been made, the server waits for a QuizRequest object. Once received, the server updates a static boolean variable, which informs all connected clients that a Quiz object has been created, and the quiz is started.

5. Student Client

Once a quiz has been started, the server sends a Quiz object to all connected clients, and then waits to receive an AnswerReponse from each of the Student client threads. The AnswerReposnse objects contain the clients response to a question, and the time that it took for them to answer it. The server than calculates the clients score, and the results are stored in an ArrayList, which contains the results of all connected Student clients. This ArrayList of scores is then sent to the connected clients at the end of each question.

4 Database

A database is an important part of any system which is designed to provide a mechanism for storing, managing and retrieving information. PostgreSQL, an object-relational database, was considered for the project. The two reasons behind choosing PostgreSQL were—availability on School's system and familiarity with the database model. The database designer considered business rules and processes during requirements analysis and came up with an initial draft of database model. The model was reviewed with the team and some modifications were done to accommodate the system requirements. The server used to create database was dbteach2. A new database, called osakagp, was created to store the data needed for Edify quiz.

4.1 Tables 4 DATABASE

4.1 Tables

The four tables created in osakagp DB are quiz, questions, users and users_result.

Users

The user login details are stored in the users table. The user details are inserted into this table when a new user or Admin registers. The login credentials entered by the users are validated and the users are allowed to login only if the entered credentials exist in the users table.

Quiz

The quiz topics are stored in this table. The quiz could be on the following topics—Politics, Sports, History, Geography, Music, and Science and Technology. The Admin chooses the quiz topic from quiz table and fetches the topic-related questions from the questions table.

Questions

The questions table contains the questions which are answered in quiz. Question and possible answers are stored as rows in the questions table. The table also contains a separate column for quiz ID. The Admin uses the quiz ID to get the questions for the chosen quiz topic.

User_result

This table contains the quiz results for all the Students. It is loaded with quiz result once the quiz is completed. The user can see the result by quiz date, quiz topic, score and quiz status.

4.2 Entity-Relationship Diagram

4.2.1 One-to-one

- The table questions shares a one-to-one relationship with quiz table. Each question in the questions table can appear only in one quiz category.
- The table user_result shares a one-to-one relationship with users and quiz tables. The user_result table stores the result of all the quizes played by the Students. Each row in the user_result table is linked to one quiz in the quiz table and one user in the users table.
- The user_result table shares one-to-one relationship with users table. Each row in the user_result table is linked to one user in the users table.

4.2.2 One-to-Many

- The quiz table shares one-to-many relationship with questions table. Each quiz topic has 10 questions in the questions table.
- The quiz table shares one-to-many relationship with users_result table. Each quiz topic in the quiz table is linked to multiple rows in the users_result table as quiz result is stored for multiple players and can be played on multiple days.

				quiz					
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					_				
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					result for				
1*				11			11		
users	;	have_res	sults	user_res	ult		questions	,	
user_id {PK} first_name		1*	11	user_id {PK} {FK} quiz_date			question_	id {PK}	
							question		
last_r	name			quiz_id {	FK}		ans1_id		
role				total_qu	estion		ans1		
passv	vord			ans_corr	ect		ans2_id		
inser	ted_date			ans_inco	rrect		ans2		
				total_sco	ore		ans3_id		
				status			ans3		
				inserted	_date				
							ans4		
							correct_a	ns_id	
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Figure 1: This is the entity-relationship (ER) diagram for the tables used in Edify quiz. The relationship shared among these tables is explained in Section 4.2.

- The quiz table shares one-to-many relationship with users table. One quiz can be played by mutilple users in the users table.
- The users table shares one-to-many relationship with quiz table. Each user in the users table can play one or more quiz in the quiz table.
- The users table shares one-to-many relationship with user_result table. Each user in the users table can have one or more quiz results in the user_result table.

4.3 Normalization

Data normalization was implemented to reduce and eliminate data redundancy.

First Normal Form

All the tables are in 1NF as they contain only atomic values and there are no repeating groups of data.

Second Normal Form

All tables are in 1NF and all of their non-key attributes are fully dependent on their primary keys. There is no partial dependency of any column on primary key.

Third Normal Form

All the tables are in 1NF and 2NF and all non-key attributes are fully functional dependent only on the primary key.

5 Graphical User Interface

The Student and Admin users will interact with a graphical user interface to take and run the quiz. The model deals with the data so the GUI can just be a visual interaction and representation of the client model. Instead of having many pop ups for each of the GUI panels, we decided to have one frame per client in which its content panel changes depending on the current part of the quiz.

1. Model/View Separation

Originally we decided that the GUI would follow a model/view separation format where the model will be separate from the client. This, however, caused some problems so we decided to not have a separate model and use the client as the model instead. One of the problems we encountered was that the GUI would interact with the model and create an object that needs to be sent to the server. We found it tricky to find a way to send objects from the model to the client and realized that there was a lot of redundancy as objects had to go through the model and the client when really there only needed to be one.

2. GUI Panels

Each GUI panel used in the quiz has its own class. When a client is created, each of the GUI panels is instantiated and added to an array. To accomplish this we used inheritance. Each of the GUI panels extends the abstract class MasterFrame, and in turn, MasterFrame extends JPanel. Each of the GUI panels is added to the guiElements' MasterFrame[]. MasterFrame is an abstract class with one abstract method resetDisplay(). This method is used to reset the contents of the current panel to an updated version of the model.

Whenever the content panel of the frame is changed, the resetDisplay() method is called to ensure correct information is displayed.

The overall GUI will display different panels depending on which part of the system is currently being used. The GUI panels are:

LoginFrame

The first panel users will log-in to (both Admin and Student). LoginFrame contains a username field, a password field and login button. When the login button is activated, it send the contents of the two fields to the client model to create a LoginRequest object using the requestLogin() method.

StudentHomeFrame

The panel a Student will see once they have logged in / received successful login reply object. Here they can push the Start quiz button which adds them to a pool of Students ready to start the quiz. This leads them to the WaitingFrame panel using the requestWaitingScreen() method.

AdminHomeFrame

The panel the Admin will see once they have logged in / received successful login reply object. Here they can see which Students have connected and joined the waiting pool to start the quiz. AdminHomeFrame has a JComboBox which lists the possible quizzes to run. This uses the setCurrentQuizID() method. The Admin can then push the start quiz button which sends the selected quiz to all the waiting Students using the adminStart() method.

WaitingFrame

The panel a Student will see when they have pushed start and are waiting for the Admin to start the quiz. Contains a message to the Student letting them know they are waiting for the Admin to start the quiz as well as a JProgressBar in intermediate state.

QuestionFrame

The panel which displays the question to the Students. This panel is Is only displayed for a limited time as each question has a short time limit. The question is displayed in a JTextPane, and each of the four possible multiple choice answers is displayed as a JButton beneath. To the side there is a countdown timer which visually displays the time to answer the question. As soon as the question is answered or the time has run out, the panel is changed to the StudentResultsFrame panel. When a button is pushed, the setResponseNumber(i) method is called. If a Student doesn't answer, then the response number is set to -1.

StudentResultsFrame

Once a Student has completed a question, they are displayed with this panel. StudentResultsFrame displays the last question with highlighted text for the correct answer and Students answer. It also displays the score received for the last question and current leader board for the quiz where each client is ranked by their total score so far. This panel is shown for a set amount of time before leading back to the QuestionFrame for a new question.

AdminResultsFrame

The AdminResultsFrame is displayed once the Admin has started the quiz. It displays the current question Students are completing and a live leader board showing the

current scores of the Students. The leader board ranks the Students by their current total score from the completed questions so far.

FinalResultsFrame

This is similar to StudentResultsFrame but is the final panel the Student sees in the quiz. It shows the correct answers to the previous question and the score for the previous question. It also shows the final leader board rankings. Unlike StudentResultsFrame, there is no time limit so the Student can see the final results as long as they wish. There is a back button to return the Student to the StudentHomeFrame which uses the returnHome() method.

Other GUI components that we have created and used within the GUI panels are:

${\tt CountDownTimer}$

CountDownTimer is GUI component that counts down seconds. It shows a JProgressBar decrease as the time decreases. Also has a label beneath showing the seconds left to count down. Used in QuestionFrame.

LeaderBoard

A table consisting of each Student in the quiz, their position and score. This is updated whenever the resetDislplay() method is called in its parent panel (MasterFrame). Used in StudentResultsFrame, AdminResultsFrame and FinalResultsFrame.

S.No Category

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Registration

Description

Expected Result Actual Result

	2	Registration	System should display username and password guidelines to users.
	3	Registration	System validates the credentials; dispays an error message if user provides invalid username and password and asks user to choose valid credentials.
	4	Registration	If user enters valid credentials, system checks if the entered credentials already exists in the users table. If credentials exists, system asks the user to choose different credentials.
	5	Registration	System inserts the credentials in the users table if the user enters valid credentials. A unique ID is created for the user in users table.
	6	Login	System displays the login page where user can enter username and password and login to the system.
12	7	Login	System checks the entered credentials in the users table; displays an error message if incorrect credentials are entered and asks user to re-enter credentials.
	8	Login	If correct credentials are entered, user is taken to the Home page.
	9	HomePage-Student	Student homepage should display the buttons – Start, View Result, Update Profile and Quiz rules.
	10	HomePage-Student	Quiz should start when Student clicks on "Start" button.
	11	HomePage-Student	Quiz result should be displayed when Student clicks on "View Result" button. What is shown in View Result page?
	12	HomePage-Student	Profile page should be displayed when Student clicks on "Update Profile" button. User should be able to edit profile; save changes or cancel changes.
	13	HomePage-Student	Quiz rules should be displayed when stuent clicks on "Quiz Rules" button. A new window or a popup screen?
	14	HomePage-Admin	Admin homepage should display the buttons – Start, View Result, Question settings (Add, remove or update questions), Update Profile. (Check the options displayed).
	15	HomePage-Admin	Admin should be able to select a quiz and click on Start to start the quiz.
	16	HomePage-Admin	Quiz result should be displayed when Admin clicks on "View Result" button. What is shown in View Result page?

User is able to register by providing first name, last name, username and password.

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HomePage-Admin

HomePage-Admin

Play Quiz-Student

Play Quiz-Admin

Play Quiz-Admin

Play Quiz-Admin Play Quiz-Admin

Server-Client

JDBC

Admin should be able to add, remove or update questions/answers in questions table

Profile page should be displayed when Admin clicks on "Update Profile" button.

When a Student chooses the correct answer before time runs out, timer stops. The

Student should be able to view result after quiz finishes (and after answering a

Student should be able to view the historical result data from user_result table after

Admin should be able to click on start button to start the quiz once all Students

other Students should not be able to select an option once the timer stops.

Admin should be able to edit profile; save changes or cancel changes.

The quiz name should be displayed in quiz page.

Each question has a set of possible answers (maximum 4).

Student is able to choose an answer by clicking on the answer.

After quiz finishes, the result is inserted into user_result table.

Student should be able to click on the close buttom to exit the guiz.

Admin should be able to see the result after each question is answered.

Admin should be able to see the result summary after quiz finishes.

Student should be able to click on the close buttom to exit the quiz.

System ensures that all clients and server are synchronised.

Database connection is established from JDBC.

Student should be able to see feedback after quiz finishes.

Timer is displayed when question appears on screen.

in the Question settings page.

Each guiz consists of 10 questions.

question?).

quiz finishes.

have logged in.

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TEST
PLAN

7 Evaluation

7.1 Team Organisation

The group consists of 5 students. Since there were a number of distinct sections to the project, the different components were distributed among the members of the team with one person in a position of responsibility for that component and another to provide assistance. The allocations were as follows.

Component	Responsible	Assiting
GUI	Benjamin Crispin	Deedar Fatima
Client	Josh Wainwright	Rowan Stringer
Server	Rowan Stringer	Benjamin Crispin
Database	Deedar Fatima	Sam Farmer
Protocol	Sam Farmer	Josh Wainwright

These roles were followed closely during the initial stages of development and through the first round of testing. As the program became more complete and bug fixes were required, the roles were shared more evenly through the team. This has the advantage that all members have a full understanding of all aspects of the project having worked on all parts at some time.

7.2 Evaluation of project work

- 1. Correctness and reliability
- 2. Performance
- 3. Usability
- 4. Substanialness

7.3 Evaluation of project process

- 1. Management of team work
- 2. Time keeping and scheduling
- 3. Subdivision of work
- 4. Integration
- 5. Summary

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"Client → Server" Protocol

		Server	←→ QuizServer	-PORT: int -quizReady: boolean	· 	+sendObjectToAll(object:Object) +getOulZRead(); boolean	+SetQuiz/ready.uoutean/ +getQuiz/ready.uoutean/ +setQuiz/cuiz/suiz/			QuizJDBC	+main() +netConnection(): Connection	<pre>+isUser(con:Connection, userID: int, password: String): LoginReply +netOuiz(con:Connection, quizID: long): Ouiz</pre>							
			ClientThread	-isStudent: boolean -username: String	+run() +startQuizSession(con:Connection): boolean +sendObject(object:Object)						+main(+30150 +40etQu							
AnswerResponse -response: int -responseTime: long	+getResponse(): int +setResponse(response:int) +getResponseTime(): Long +setResponseTime(responseTime:int)				→ Client" Protocol	Question	-question: String -answers: String[]	-correctAnserPos: int -questionID: int	-timeLimit: int +setQuestion(question:String)	+setAnswer(i:int,answer:String) +getQuestion(): Question	+getAnswer(1:Int): String +getAnswers(): String[]	+tostring(): string +equals(o:Object): boolean	<pre>+getTimeLimit(): int +setTimeLimit(int:timeLimit)</pre>		StartQuiz	-quizstarfilme: Long +getQuizStartTime(): long		DisplayQuestion	+getNumber(): int
LoginRequest Username: String -passwordHash: int	4-setUsername(username:String) 4-getUsername(response:int): String 4-getPasswordHash(responseTime:int): int Quiz Request	-quizib: tong +getQuizID(): long			"Server →	LoginReply	<pre>-loginSuccessful: boolean -isStudent: boolean</pre>	-name: String +quizzes: Quiz[]	<pre>+isSuccessful(): boolean +isStudent(): boolean</pre>	<pre>+getQuizzes(): Quiz[] +setQuizzes(quizzes:Quiz[])</pre>	Score	-mark: int -username: String	+getMark(): int +setMark(int:mark)	+getusername(): String +setUsername(username:String)	Quiz	-quizID: long -questions: Duestion[]	-name: String	+setQuestions(questions:Quesion) +getQuestions(): Quesion[]	+getName(): String
Client	QuizChent -PORT: int -connected: bolean -connected: bolean -loginReply: LoginReply -quiz: Ouzlz:	sstion 000lean = -1	-username: String	-passwordmash: String -questionReceivedTime: long -isCtringmather: honlean	-loginaSuccessful: boolean +main() +run() -runchonimeanv/i.int\.lonimBanlv	<pre>+gelloginisplyit.in(): Loginicply +loginisplyit(): boolean +isStudent(): boolean</pre>	<pre>+sendObject(object:Object): boolean +changeContentPane(int:i)</pre>	+GetResponseNumber(): int +setResponseNumber(int:n)	+getAniswer(int.i.). String +getAnismer(): Long() +getQuizDismo()	+selosername(): String:username) +getUsername(): String +setPassword(String:assword)	+setCurrentQuizIncl(currentQuizID:long) +eetAllScores(): ArrayList <score></score>	+getCurrentOuestion(): Question +isConnected(): boolean	+getQuiz(): Quiz +requestLogin() +-adminc+art()	+auminocarion(); AnswerResponse	+adminSession(object:Object)	+sendObject(Object:Object): boolean			

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Tables:

The tables created in osakagp DB are as follows.

USERS

Table name	users								
Description	The user login details are stored in the users table. The user details are inserted into this table when a new user or administrator registers. The login credentials entered by the users are validated and the users are allowed to login only if the entered credentials exist in the users table.								
Attribute	Description	Туре	Nullability	Example of values					
user_id	Unique ID of an admin/student	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807					
first_name	First name of admin/student	VARCHAR (20)	NULL	Mary					
last_name	Last name of admin/student	VARCHAR (20)	NULL	Ande					
role	Role of user	VARCHAR (20)	NULL	admin or student					
password	Password entered by admin/student to access the tool	VARCHAR (10)	NULL						
inserted_date	Timestamp of the transaction	TIMESTAMP	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is the current timestamp.					
Primary Key	user_id								
Foreign Key									
SQL code	SELECT * FROM	users;							

QUIZ

Table name	quiz	
Table Hallie	quiz	

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Description	The quiz topics are stored in this table. The quiz could be on the following topics - Politics, Sports, History, Geography, Java, Database, etc. The admin chooses the quiz topic from quiz table and fetches the topic-related questions from the questions table.							
Attribute	Description							
quiz_id	Unique ID of quiz	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807				
quiz_name	Topic of quiz VARCHAR (40) NULL Politics, S							
inserted_date	Timestamp of the transaction	TIMESTAMP	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is the current timestamp.				
Primary Key	quiz_id	quiz_id						
Foreign Key		<u> </u>						
SQL code	SELECT * FROM	quiz;						

QUESTIONS

Table name	questions						
Description	The questions table contains the questions which are answered in quiz. Question and possible answers are stored as rows in the questions table. The table also contains a separate column for quiz ID. The admin uses the quiz ID to get the questions for the chosen quiz topic.						
Attribute	Description	Туре	Nullability	Example of values			
question_id	Unique ID of question	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807			
question	The question to be answered by students	VARCHAR (100)	NULL	In which country is the Albert canal?			
ans1_id	ID of first possible answer	INT	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is 1			
ans1	First possible answer	VARCHAR (40)	NULL	Spain			
ans2_id	ID of second possible answer	INT	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is 2			
ans2	Second possible answer	VARCHAR (40)	NULL	Belgium			
ans3_id	ID of third	INT	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is 3			

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	possible			
	answer			
ans3	Third possible	VARCHAR (40)	NULL	Canada
	answer			
ans4_id	ID of fourth	INT	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is 4
	possible			
	answer			
ans4	Fourth	VARCHAR (40)	NULL	Portugal
	possible			
	answer			
correct_ans_id	The ID of	INT	NOT NULL	2
	correct			
	answer			
quiz_id	The ID of quiz	BIG INT	NOT NULL	4
inserted_date	Timestamp of	TIMESTAMP	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is the
	the			current
	transaction			timestamp.
Primary Key	question_id			
Foreign Key	quiz_id			
SQL code	SELECT * FROM	questions;	·	

USER_RESULT

Table name	user_result				
Description	This table contains the quiz results for all the students. It is loaded with quiz result once the quiz is completed. The user can see the result by quiz date, quiz topic, score and quiz status.				
Attribute	Description	Туре	Nullability	Example of values	
user_result_id	Unique ID for the row	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807	
user_id	ID of user	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807	
quiz_date	Date on which quiz is played	TIMESTAMP	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is Current Timestamp	
quiz_id	ID of quiz played by the student	BIG INT	NOT NULL	Between 1 and 92233720368 54775807	
total_question	Number of questions displayed in a quiz	INT	NULL	10	

Osaka - Database Design Specification

ans_correct	Number of questions answered correctly before any other student	INT	NULL	Between 0 and 10	
ans_incorrect	Number of questions answered incorrectly	INT	NULL	Between 0 and 10	
total_score	Number of questions answered correctly before any other student	INT	NULL	Between 0 and 10	
status	If a student won or lost the quiz	VARCHAR(10)	NULL	WON or LOST	
inserted_date	Timestamp of the transaction	TIMESTAMP	NOT NULL	DEFAULT is the current timestamp.	
Primary Key	nary Key user_result_id				
Foreign Key	user_id, quiz_id				
SQL code	SELECT * FROM user_result;				

SQL statements for database and tables creation:

```
CREATE DATABASE osakadb OWNER dxf321;

CREATE TABLE users
(
    user_id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    first_name VARCHAR (20),
    last_name VARCHAR (20),
    role VARCHAR (20),
    password VARCHAR (10),
    inserted_date timestamp default current_timestamp
);

CREATE TABLE quiz
    (
    quiz_id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
    quiz_name VARCHAR (40),
    inserted_date timestamp default current_timestamp
);
```

```
Osaka - Database Design Specification
CREATE TABLE questions
question id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
question VARCHAR (100),
ans1 id INT default 1,
ans1 VARCHAR (40),
ans2 id INT default 2,
ans2 VARCHAR (40),
ans3 id INT default 3.
ans3 VARCHAR (40),
ans4 id INT default 4,
ans4 VARCHAR (40),
correct ans id INT NOT NULL,
quiz id BIGINT REFERENCES quiz (quiz id),
inserted date timestamp default current timestamp
CREATE TABLE user result (
user result id BIGSERIAL PRIMARY KEY,
user id BIGINT REFERENCES users (user id),
quiz date timestamp default current timestamp,
quiz id BIGINT REFERENCES quiz(quiz id),
total question INT,
ans correct INT,
ans incorrect INT,
total score INT,
status VARCHAR (10),
inserted date timestamp default current timestamp
Tables Load:
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('Mary', 'Ande', 'student');
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Andrew', 'Baker',
'student');
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Katie', 'Bowyer',
'student');
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Katherine', 'Brittain',
'student'):
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Thomas', 'Chapman',
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Andrew', 'Green',
'student');
INSERT INTO users (first name, last name, role) VALUES ('Matthew', 'Harris',
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('Ella', 'Hibbert', 'student');
```

```
Osaka - Database Design Specification
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('Daniel', 'Hirst', 'student');
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('Antony', 'Judd', 'student'); INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('George', 'Kiff', 'admin');
INSERT INTO users (first_name, last_name, role) VALUES ('Joseph', 'May', 'admin');
INSERT INTO quiz (quiz name) VALUES ('History');
INSERT INTO quiz (quiz name) VALUES ('Politics');
INSERT INTO guiz (guiz name) VALUES ('Sports');
INSERT INTO quiz (quiz name) VALUES ('Java');
INSERT INTO guiz (guiz name) VALUES ('Database');
INSERT INTO guiz (guiz name) VALUES ('Geography');
INSERT INTO questions (question, ans1, ans2, ans3, ans4, correct ans id, quiz id)
VALUES ('In which country is the Albert canal?', 'Spain', 'Belgium', 'Canada',
'Portugal', 2, 4);
INSERT INTO questions (question, ans1, ans2, ans3, ans4, correct ans id, quiz id)
VALUES ('Which is the only US state named after an English county?', 'Kentucky',
'North Dakota', 'Vermont', 'New Hampshire', 4, 6);
INSERT INTO questions (question, ans1, ans2, ans3, ans4, correct ans id, quiz id)
VALUES ('Which British cyclist won the 100th edition of the Tour de France?', 'Chris
Froome', 'Lizzie Armitstead', 'Matt Crampton', 'Kyle Evans', 1, 3);
INSERT INTO questions (question, ans1, ans2, ans3, ans4, correct ans id, quiz id)
VALUES ('How many players are there in a basketball team?', '11', '14', '5', 6, 3, 3);
INSERT INTO user_result (user_id,quiz_id,total_question, ans_correct, ans_incorrect,
total score, status) VALUES (\overline{1}, 2, 10, 8, 2, 8, 'WON');
INSERT INTO user result (user id,quiz id,total question, ans correct, ans incorrect,
INSERT INTO user result (user id, quiz id, total question, ans correct, ans incorrect,
INSERT INTO user result (user id,quiz id,total question, ans correct, ans incorrect,
INSERT INTO user result (user id,quiz id,total question, ans correct, ans incorrect,
total score, status) VALUES (7, 3, 10, 5, 5, 5, 'LOST');
```

Minutes of the

Team Osaka Project Meeting

UG04, Computer Science

March 04, 2014; 11:00-12:00

Minutes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima

Minutes

- 1. We need to hand in a more detailed written specification.
- **2.** Get a paragraph on each section and splice together add paragraph to Subversion as .txt file, Sam will splice together.
- **3.** We need an object diagram.
- **4.** We need a class diagram.
- 5. Deedar is responsible for JDBC (database connection) and Prepared Statements.
- **6.** JDBC will be carried out in a separate server thread.
- 7. 4 responses possible for questions so arrays will be used instead of ArrayLists.
- 8. Share ERD + document on databases on Subversion.
- 9. Short meeting for Thursday will be held at 14:30-15:00, like last week.
- 10. Sam will help out with JDBC
- 11. Deedar will form the SQL for the Prepared Statements.
- **12.** Rowan is responsible for passing the quiz object to the client (clarifications):
 - Server notified with a question object
 - Client carries out timing
 - Server listens for results object (including username, answer, time)
 - Tell client to end connection their end, close connection, close thread.

Action Summary				
Action Specifics	Responsible	Deadline	Status	
Hand in a more detailed written specification	Sam		Open	
Get a paragraph on each section and splice together	All		Open	
Create object diagram	-		Open	
Create class diagram	-		Open	
Give system JDBC functionality	Deedar, Sam		Open	
Create PreparedStatements	Deedar		Open	
Share ERD + document on databases on Subversion.	Deedar		Open	

*** End of Minutes ***

[04/03/2014] [Page 1 of 2]

Tutorial Notes

Team Osaka Project Meeting

245, Computer Science

March 06, 2014; 16:00-16:30

Notes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima
- 6. Joe Gardiner (Tutor)

Notes

- Protocols must be documented
- Testing must be planned
 - o Using JUnit
 - o Manual tests where JUnit is inappropriate
- Testing must be logged
 - o Recording whether test cases were successful / failed
 - Recording what bugs were fixed
- Working system by next Wednesday.
- 2 weeks until report submission.
- Need 1 week for testing / bug fixing.

Work Status

- Deedar:
 - o Completed Actions:
 - Database is working
 - o Upcoming Actions
 - JUnit test cases
 - JDBC / Prepared Statements
- Sam:
 - Completed Actions:
 - Server connections
 - Server searching through database
 - o Upcoming Actions
 - Server obtaining quiz object
 - Aside note: On query, pass connection and close / leave open based on result of condition
 - JUnit testing should be done by only one person

[06/03/2014] [Page 1 of 3]

- Josh:
 - o Completed Actions:
 - Client talks to server
 - Client passes and receives objects
 - o Upcoming Actions
 - Document protocol
 - Communication with GUI (ensuring right information is available)
- Ben:
 - Completed Actions:
 - Some GUI screens are sorted
 - Upcoming Actions
 - All GUI screens will be done by Saturday (08/03/2014)
 - Communication with connected Client
- Rowan:
 - o Completed Actions:
 - Client side server code written to pass quiz data obtained from the serverdatabase connection.
 - Upcoming Actions
 - Enforcing synchronisation between connected clients during quiz mode.
 - Passing on client result information to the server-database connection to be stored in the database.
- SVN repository currently in use was setup on Josh's account as project SVN repository was unavailable at the start of the project:
 - o Ideally the project should be migrated to the new project repository
 - Logs should be exported as .txt files
 - Actual files should be copied not the SVN bit
- Command line will be supported (vs Eclipse plugins)
- Joe will provide support regarding connections to the database through Eclipse (check project setup)
- For connecting to the database from outside the school, use university VPN connection.
- Extra testing (MSc only):
 - o Detailed test plan (document) is required, that is formal and comprehensive.
 - o Tests must be carried out and results logged.
- Format of presentation:
 - o 10 minute presentation / 20 minute demonstration / 10 minutes deciding mark
- See Joe Tuesday to check in with an update of project
- Add own work to Subversion, and provide log messages when committing (can do this by writing note in TortoiseSVN/ writing note in line above in cmd line while committing/ can use –n flag to write note in cmd line)

[06/03/2014] [Page 2 of 3]

Action Summary				
Action Specifics	Responsible	Deadline	Status	
Protocols must be documented.	-	13/03/2014	Open	
Test plan must be documented	-	?	Open	
Testing according to the plan must be logged	-	?	Open	
System must be working	All	12/03/2014	Open	
Report must be submitted	All	(Two weeks)	Open	
Migrate project SVN directory to one provided	-	j	Open	
Presentation must be prepared	All	j	Open	
See Joe Tuesday to check in with update of project	-	11/03/2014	Open	

^{***} End of Notes ***

[06/03/2014] [Page 3 of 3]

Tutorial Notes

Team Osaka Project Meeting

245, Computer Science

March 13, 2014; 16:00-16:30

Notes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima
- 6. Joe Gardiner (Tutor)

Notes

- Wait / Notify vs while loop
- Could do a read while in the while loop condition to make it wait
- Answers should update on the server
- GUI needs some work "pretty"
- Colour change on admin when students answer
 - o Countdown screen (big)
 - o Control screen + who has answered
- Students see updating leaderboard
- Report due by Monday + prepare presentation
- Reallocate work
 - o If database done, give that person new work
 - o If connections done, get that person to work on the GUI
- Comment code
- Stability is important
 - o Shows good testing has been implemented
 - o A crash during the presentation can impact heavily on marks
- Documentation
 - o Design:
 - Write what you did
 - Technologies you used
 - How it works
 - o Testing:
 - JUnit
 - Manual
- Joe is absent Tuesday until Friday next week
- Short meeting with Joe Monday next week

*** End of Notes ***

[13/03/2014] [Page 1 of 1]

Minutes of the

Team Osaka Project Meeting

UG04, Computer Science

February 21, 2014; 10:00-11:00 (approved on February 22)

Minutes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright

Agenda

- 1. Extra team member
- 2. Project documentation
- 3. Scoping out project and idea
- 4. Research
- 5. Allocations
- 6. Selection of Software Engineering Paradigm
- 7. Project Outline
- 8. Next Meeting
- 9. Any Other Business
- 10. Time of Meeting End

Minutes

1. Extra team member:

- Notify Deedar about meeting.
- Send Deedarthe minutes.
- Add Deedar to WhatsApp group.

2. Project documentation:

- Write down project proposal down as soon as possible to avoid losing a week.
 Deadline of Monday.
- Use latex for final deliverables (to give ability to use version control like subversion), if possible.
- Team will use UML where appropriate.

3. Eliciting project requirements:

- Creating a use case diagram as a team to determine broad system requirements.
- Brief system description: the system is a live educational quiz in which students compete in real time to answer questions correctly. It will implement a client-server model with connected computers. There will be two user classes, henceforth referred to as Admin and Student. The system will implement sockets and threads (which avoid races/deadlocks) where appropriate and will have a graphical user interface (GUI).

[21/02/2014] [Page 1 of 2]

4. Research:

- The team should research other existing systems in order that the project solution can improve on and differ from currently existing systems.
- It is important to keep log of bibliography references during the project as this will be a useful resource at the end of the project.

5. Allocations:

• Rowan (rjs305@bham.ac.uk) will act as the team email liaison with the tutor.

6. Selection of Software Engineering Paradigm:

• Due to the project multiple streams running concurrently, and unclear initial requirements, an iterative model (such as an Iterative Waterfall Model) will be adopted to reduce the amount of planning required and allow changing requirements to be met in a natural progression.

7. Project Outline (in bullet point form):

- A real-time educational team quiz system
- The system allows Students to logs into a user account
- The system allows logged in Students to compete in a many on many in a multiple choice / simple answer quiz
- The system gives a set number of questions per quiz (as per the admin)
- The system ensures synchronicity between all clients and the server
- The system allows users to log on with past question results
- The system displays a leader board and some feedback about the question to the Student
- The system displays a basic statistical information during the quiz to the Admin
- The system displays a summary report of statistical information at the end of the quiz to the Admin
- The system will allow the Admin to add or remove questions
- The system will log information about the Student's quiz session

8. Next Meeting:

• Next meeting will be arranged via WhatsApp group in response to the Joe's feedback.

9. Any Other Business: - NIL.

10. Time of Meeting End:

• The meeting was adjourned at 11:00.

	Action Summary					
ID	Action Specifics	Responsible	Deadline	Status		
1	Send a project outline (bullet points) to Joe	Josh	24/02/2014	Open		
2	Notify Deedar about meeting, send her the	Rowan	21/02/2014	Open		
	minutes, add her to WhatsApp group					
3	Arrange next meeting via WhatsApp group in	Rowan	27/02/2014	Open		
	response to the Joe's feedback					
4	For the next meeting, have a bibliography	All	Next	Open		
	reference about sockets and/or threads		Meeting			

^{***} End of Minutes ***

[21/02/2014] [Page 2 of 2]

Minutes of the

Team Osaka Project Meeting

Student Common Room, Computer Science

February 24, 2014; 14:30-14:55 (approved on February 24)

Minutes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima
- 6. Joe Gardiner (Tutor)

Agenda

- 1. Present an informal project outline to tutor
- 2. Any Other Business
- 3. Time of Meeting End

Minutes

1. Present an informal project outline to tutor (outcomes)

- An outline time schedule must be created for the project
- Animations in GUI should be considered in design, such as:
 - i. a digital countdown to each question start
 - ii. a leader board that that updates in real time
- Either threads or a push-data model can be considered in order to provide 'realtime' feedback functionality
- Students should receive more points for faster answers
- The server should be designed to be robust in the circumstances of client connections dropping out, i.e. session should continue
- Division of labour:
 - i. JDBC and socket programming should done by all group members to some extent
 - ii. No more than 2 people per task.

2. Any Other Business:

Next Meeting to be arranged for tomorrow.

3. Time of Meeting End:

• The meeting was adjourned at 14:55.

[24/02/2014] [Page 1 of 2]

	Action Summary						
ID	Action Specifics	Responsible	Deadline	Status			
5	Time Plan (which includes testing) must be	All	27/02/2014	Open			
	created						
6	Some sketches for GUI must be created (this task	All	27/02/2014	Open			
	could be split over modules of project with						
	couple sketches each)						
7	Arrange next meeting for 25/02/2014	Rowan	25/02/2014	Open			

^{***} End of Minutes ***

[24/02/2014] [Page 2 of 2]

Minutes of the

Team Osaka Project Meeting

UG04, Computer Science

February 27, 2014; 14:30-15:00 (approved on February 24)

Minutes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima

Agenda

- 1. Discuss GUI Sketches (that have been made)
- 2. Any Other Business
- 3. Time of Meeting End

Minutes

1. Discuss GUI Sketches

- Creating a list of GUI screens required for sketching:
 - i. Login Screen same for student and admin Ben
 - ii. Create quiz for admin Ben
 - iii. Home Screen for Admin Deedar
 - iv. Home Screen for Student Deedar -> Keep frames to a minimum unless simple functions. Need a lobby for connected clients to wait in before quiz starts. Begin with harder user coding – need to know question IDs to delete them
 - v. Question Screen 4 multiple choice options, with countdown timer, with an example question Rowan -> just word question and answer to begin with. Randomise answers.
 - vi. Immediate results (Student) Sam
 - vii. Immediate results (Admin) Sam
 - viii. Final results (Student/Admin) Sam

2. Any Other Business:

- Tutorial meeting in rm 245(?)
- How everyone is getting on with subversion.
- Next Meeting to be arranged via doodle poll for Friday.

3. Time of Meeting End:

The meeting was adjourned at 14:53.

*** End of Minutes ***

[27/02/2014] [Page 1 of 1]

Tutorial Notes

Team Osaka Project Meeting

245, Computer Science

February 27, 2014; 16:30-17:00

Notes Taker: Rowan Stringer

Attendance

- 1. Rowan Stringer
- 2. Benjamin Crispin
- 3. Sam Farmer
- 4. Josh Wainwright
- 5. Deedar Fatima
- 6. Joe Gardiner (Tutor)

Notes

Division of Labour should be (for creating and testing):

- Server Control, most complex, need two people
- Database / JDBC
- Client local state, connect with GUI
- GUI

Project is given a mark, and then a division of work document explains how team worked together.

A report of install instructions, troubleshooting document is required.

Want low latency in system.

Need to rework time plan if GUI will be created from the start, with a week to test.

When client logs in, something (like a string) will be required to facilitate the connection.

Server acknowledges, and can send back information.

Need a protocol which says what functionality component must provide – what situations will occur, and how component should act.

Need to plan test cases — not necessarily JUnit testing. Some will be set up a system, and check system behaviour. (E.g. might not want closing one window to close all Java windows). What happens if the client dies, server dies.

Run tests a few times to check for undefined behaviour.

Demonstrations will be on lab machines.

[27/02/2014] [Page 1 of 2]

Project will be handed in with 3 paper copies of the report and subversion link – might be easier for us to give Uday and Joe access to our subversion rather than movement across to another subversion account.

No office hour on Monday – and Joe is out of contact all day Friday (this week).

	Action Summary					
ID	Action Specifics	Responsible	Deadline	Status		
19	Written specification needs to be written for next	-	06/02/2014	Open		
	week.					

*** End of Notes ***

[27/02/2014] [Page 2 of 2]