Discussion 9!

Project 3, Operator Overloading

Project 3!!

Read Image In

P3 4 4 width and height

255 max value

0	0	255	0 0	255	0 0	255	0	0	255
0	0	255	255	0 0	255	0 0	0	0	255
0	0	255	255	0 0	255	0 0	0	0	255
0	0	255	0 0	255	0 0	255	0	0	255

.ppm image is read in

"P3" is the 'magic number'

Next row is the number of rows and cols

Next number is the max color value (255)

Then all the pixels are listed out (rows * cols * 3) in RGB order

Store the images in a dynamically allocated 2D array

Error check, error check, error check!!!

Modifying Images - Rectangle

Filled rectangles or outlines placed over image

specifying the rectangle via:

- 1) the upper-left and lower-right locations directly
- 2) specifying the upper-left corner and a width and height
- 3) specifying the center of a rectangle and a width extent and height extent from the center (i.e. half-width and half-height)



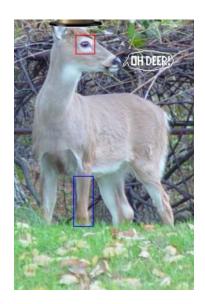
Modifying Images - Pattern from file

Reads in rows in columns

Then reads in rectangle of 1s and 0s

1s represent where to color over

Os represent where to keep the color the same



rows cols

Modifying Images - Image Insertion

Reads a (smaller) .ppm file in

Inserts the file where to user specifies

Uses transparency color

The color that you ignore



Printing Image

Allows you to test your program, recommend doing this Page3

Reads the output filename in from the user

Prints the current image to an output file

Put in valid ppm format

Viewing Images

Convert to JPEG- (command typed on Linux)

% cjpeg inFile.ppm > outFile.jpg

Or

% convert inFile.ppm outFile.jpg

Or

Download a program that can open and view .ppm files (IrfanView is one example)

Tips

- Be careful of magic numbers
- Read the implementation and design part of spec!
- Where to start?
- Please start if you haven't!
- Read Piazza for details on error checking!

Operator Overloading

Operator Overloading

Allows us to use operators on data types that wouldn't usually be able to use operators

Most common operators overloaded: +, -, =, <, >, ==, <<

The following list of operators can be overloaded:

if(redColor>blueColor)

Components of Overload Function

```
Operator you
Return type
                                               parameters
                  Operator keyword
                               want to change
ChangePocketClass operator+(const ChangePocketClass in)
  ChangePocketClass result;
  result.quarters = quarters + in.quarters;
  result.dimes = dimes + in.dimes;
  return (result);
```

What you want your overloaded operator to do

Operator Overloading Example

Overload functions for this Bank_Account class

What operations might be helpful?

```
5  class Bank_Account {
6    private:
7    int savings;
8    int checking;
9    string accountName;
10
```

.cpp file: https://drive.google.com/file/d/15CNvq1AFn5qwuer8P5ei0srR-K-s6HW8/view?usp=sharing

git clone https://github.com/emolson16/overloadOperator.git

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Bank_Account Overloading Sample Solution

```
Bank Account(){};
bool operator==(const Bank_Account & other) {
    return ((other.savings + other.checking) == (savings + checking));
bool operator<(const Bank Account & other) {</pre>
    return ((savings + checking) < (other.savings + other.checking));</pre>
void operator+=(int money){
    savings += money;
void operator-=(int money){
    savings -= money;
Bank_Account operator+(const Bank_Account & other) {
    Bank Account result;
    result.savings = other.savings + savings;
    result.checking = other.checking + checking;
    return result;
```