# Political Economy of Inequality

Session 4: Labour markets II: Neoliberalism, dualization and inequality

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### Welcome back!

What we will focus on today:

- Neoliberalism
- Dualization and the insider-outsider theory of employment
- How distinctive are forms of capitalism really?

Reminder: Next session is on 18.11.2024

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- Argument
  - ► Help the reader Signpost your argument (topic sentences)
  - What counterarguments could there be? And why do you think that they are not as convincing as yours?
- Use academic literature and (descriptive) data to back up your claim

# Quick recap

- Decline in unionization and collective bargaining coverage
- Greater wage-setting decentralization →Neoliberal reforms and crisis
- Underlying question: How distinctive are different types of capitalism?



### What is neoliberalism?

- ▶ **Neoliberalism**: free market capitalism, deregulation and reduction in government spending
- ▶ Macroeconomic reforms: Trade liberalization, financial liberalization, fiscal retrenchment and disinflation
- Labor market deregulation
  - Wage-setting become more decentralized and closer to firm-level dynamics & derogation from existing collective bargaining agreements
  - Wage premium becomes highers
  - More flexible labor markets (temporary work)
- What about the role of the state in industrial relations?

### Insiders vs. Outsiders

- Power resource theory →Are the interests of labor homogeneous? What about intra-class conflict?
- Who are labor market insiders and outsiders?

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- Power resource theory →Are the interests of labor homogeneous? What about intra-class conflict?
- ▶ Who are labor market insiders and outsiders?
  - Static: Current labor market status (Rueda 2005; Saint-Paul 1996)
  - ▶ Dynamic: Occupational class group, propensity for social risks, gender and age (Häusermann, Schwander, et al. 2012; Schwander 2019)
- Insiders have well-protected jobs vs. Outsiders are subject to market fluctuations →First in, first out
- ▶ A difference of *degree* rather than of *kind*? (Lindbeck and Snower 2002)
- The role of unions
- Any demographic cleavages?

# How are insiders and outsiders different and why does it matter?

- What are the preferences of labor marker insiders?
  - Employment security
  - ► Wage growth
- ▶ What about firms? Labor turnover costs
  - Severance pay
  - Hiring
  - Training
- But do insiders really only care about themselves?
  - Labor costs with outsiders
  - Solidarity with outsiders, e.g. minimum wage (Marx and Starke 2017)
- ► Trade unions: Do they only defend the interests of members or also that of outsiders? (Keune 2015; Meardi, Simms, and Adam 2021)

# The politics of the insider-outsider divide I

After the 'golden age of capitalism', how should social-democratic parties deal with the emergence of outsiders?

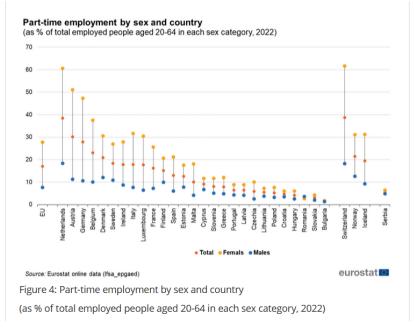
### The politics of the insider-outsider divide I

- After the 'golden age of capitalism', how should social-democratic parties deal with the emergence of outsiders?
- Rueda (2005) Social-democratic parties as labor market insider parties
- Social-democrats as the party of labor market insiders? The insider-outsider dilemma (Lindvall and Rueda 2014)
  - If social-democrats support insiders, outsiders might abstain or support radical parties
  - ▶ If social-democrats support outsiders, insiders might go to center-right
- ▶ Which groups matter more?

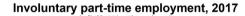
### The politics of the insider-outsider divide II

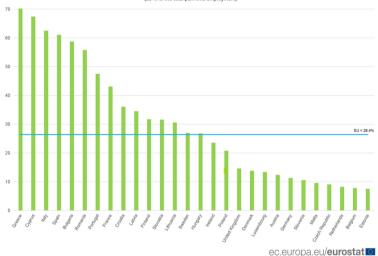
- Party politics and insider-outsider preferences: Who defends the interests of labor market outsiders?
  - ► Abstention (Marx and Nguyen 2016)
  - ▶ Would it make sense to voter for center-right parties? Reduction in EPL. (Rueda 2005)
  - Unlikely! Outsiders support for new left parties (Rovny and Rovny 2017; Marx and Picot 2013)
  - ► Electoral composition →Shift for social-democratic parties, also pro-outsider policies (Bürgisser and Kurer 2021)
  - ▶ Globalization, job losses and support for populist parties (King and Rueda 2008; Georgiadou, Rori, and Roumanias 2018)
- Outsider-insider household (Schwander 2019)

# How to measure outsider-ness? Part-time employment

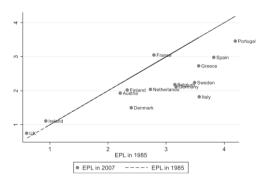


# How to measure outsider-ness? Involuntary part-time employment





# Employment protection legislation (EPL)



**FIGURE 1** EPL in 1985 and 2007. EPL, employment protection legislation

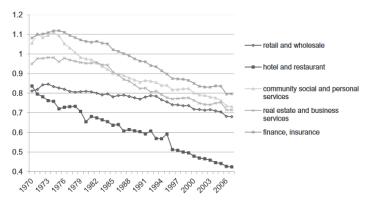
Figure 1: Simoni and Vlandas (2021)

#### Labor market dualism

- Can we have both? Liberalization and coordination
- ► Labor market segmentation in the economics literature (Eichhorst and Marx 2021)
  - Segmentation: Insiders on full-time contracts vs. outsiders, precarious working conditions
  - Segmentation as second-best solution: Business lobbies for deregulation, but unions block this
- Germany as a case study: Expansion of low-pay sector with low collective bargaining coverage and high protection for core workers.
- Complementarity between coordination and liberalization (Hassel 2014)

# Labor market dualism in Germany

FIGURE 2
Hourly Wage in Services as Share of Manufacturing Wages.



Source: Klems Database. Data Accessed in 2011.

Figure 2: Hassel (2014)

Today's readings: Baccaro and Howell (2011)

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- Common 'trajectory of liberalization': Fordist wage-led growth model and egalitarian forms of capitalism was an exception
- Convergence vs. divergence →where is the comparative in comparative political economy?
- Notion of change in different institutionalist approaches? Gradual change, but strong path dependence
- Continuity of structure  $\neq$  from continuity of form (Kinderman 2005)

# Baccaro and Howell (2011)

- Institutional deregulation
  - ▶ Shift to collective bargaining at the workplace
  - ► Lower employment protection
- Institutional conversion
  - Formally unchanged institution
  - Centralized bargaining and work councils
- ► Argument Industrial relations in CMEs do not become like those of LMEs →But the direction of change has been the same



# Thelen (2012)

- Debate
  - ▶ **Liberalization 'camp':** Globalization, liberalization in work relations, inequality. How compatible is capitalism with equitable social outcomes really?
  - ➤ VOC approach: Institutional differences, different forms of capitalism can be successful
- Example of Germany: Wage-setting coordination is seemingly unchanged, but collective bargaining coverage declines. Who is right?
- VoC institutions for economic efficiency, question of institutions on social solidarity

# Different types of liberalization

- LMEs: Deregulation
  - Frontal assault (e.g. Thatcher, UK 1980s)
- CMEs (sectoral): Dualization
  - Germany as a case study
  - Weak collective bargaining autonomy (Bosch and Lehndorff 2017)
  - Core sector vs. periphery sector
- CMEs (national): Embedded flexibilization
  - Flexicurity: active labor market policies, flexibility in the labor market and social security

# The argument

- Institutions of the past need to be supported by new social coalitions (shift from manufacturing to service economy)
- New interest associations and the capacity of the state to broker coalitions that encompass the interests of different types of workers.
  - Example of Scandinavian ALMP →Not shield workers from the markets, but adapt them to it

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