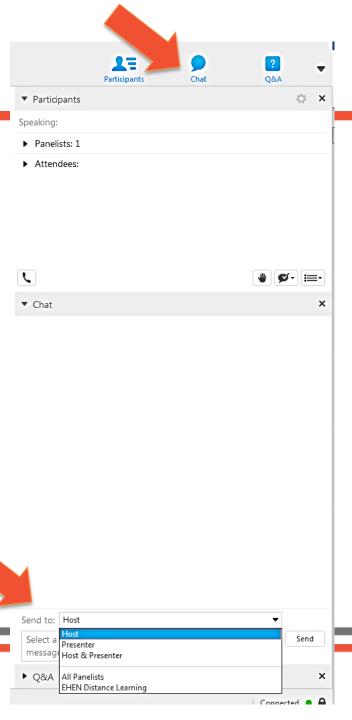


Improving Outcomes and Saving Lives in Real Time: How Hospitals Can Use Predictive Analytics Across the Care Continuum

Essential Hospitals Engagement Network *February 18, 2015* 

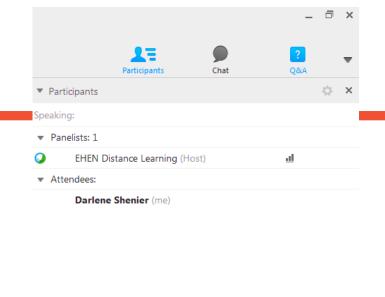
#### **CHAT FEATURE**

The chat tool is available to ask questions or comments at anytime during this event.



#### **RAISE YOUR HAND**

 If you wish to speak telephonically, please "raise your hand". We will call your name, when your phone line is unmuted







#### **AGENDA**

- Overview
  - » David Engler, PhD America's Essential Hospitals
- Improving Outcomes and Saving Lives in Real Time
  - » Ruben Amarasingham, MD Parkland Center for Clinical Innovation
- Q&A
- Wrap-up



#### SPEAKER INFORMATION



Ruben Amarasingham, MD, MBA
President and CEO
Parkland Center for Clinical Innovation



## How hospitals can use real time predictive analytics across the care continuum:

A case study at a Texas essential hospital

Ruben Amarasingham, MD, MBA





### Agenda

- > Highlights
- ➤ Using Real-Time Prediction to Improve Sepsis Care and Outcomes
- ➤ Tackling Readmissions with Predictive Analytics
- ➤ Addressing the Social Determinants of Health
- Challenges in Predictive Modeling Applications
- > Q&A

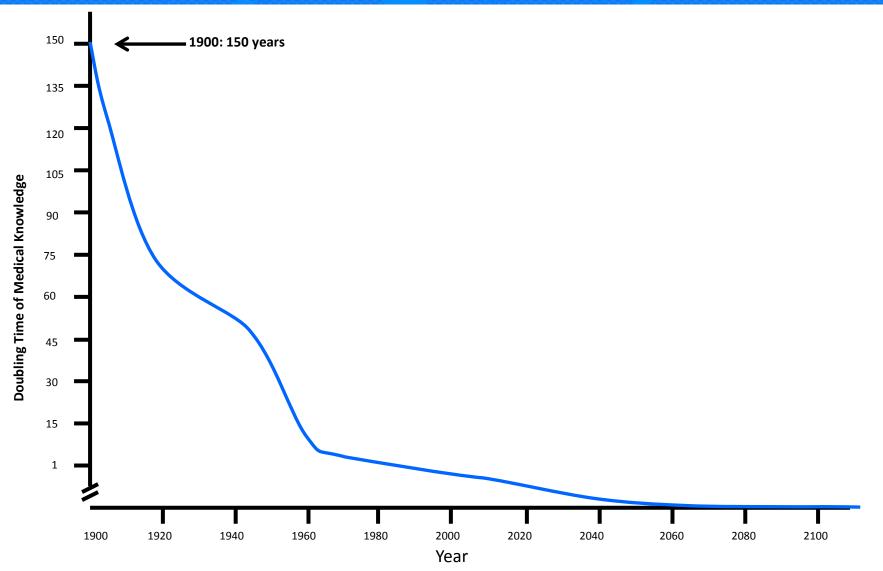
## Case Study Highlights

ADVERSE EVENT	RESULTS
<u>Sepsis</u>	
➤ Parkland Hospital	Relative improvement in sepsis bundle compliance: 100% Relative reduction in mortality: 17.4% Estimated yearly savings: \$1.15M - \$5.25M
Readmission Reduction	
➤ Parkland Hospital	1115 Waiver revenue recovery (FY13-FY14): \$8M On pace for 1115 revenue recovery (FY15-FY16): \$30M Penalty avoidance to date: \$5.7M 2013 Lowest CHF readmission rate (CMS peer group)
<ul><li>Texas Health Resource (HEB Hospital)</li></ul>	Relative reduction in HF readmissions: ~40% Savings for every \$1.00 spent: \$4.59
Chronic Kidney Disease outpatient management	
Parkland Hospital	Increase in compliance achieving goal SBP, DBP, medication best practices: 82%

#### What Clinicians Do in Medicine: Prediction

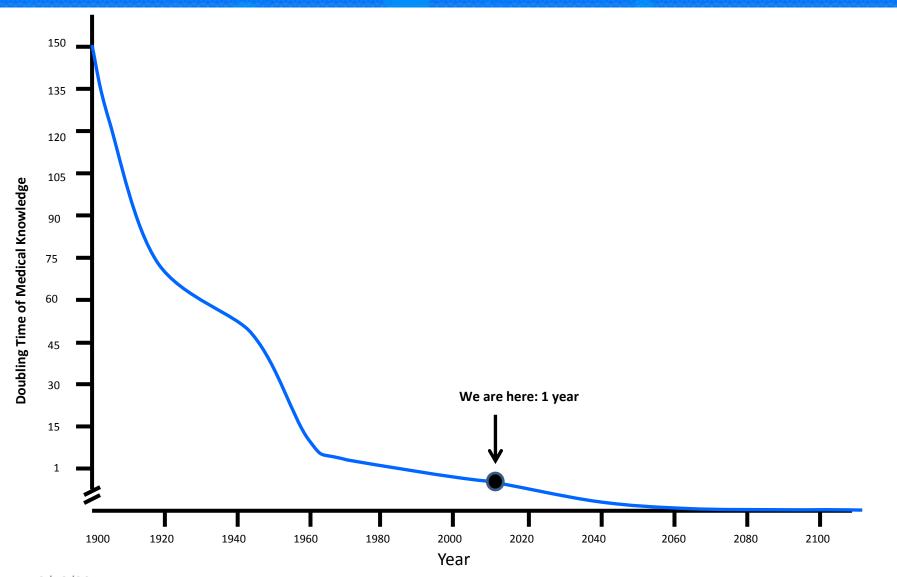
- 1. What does this patient have?
- 2. What will this patient develop?
- 3. What will be the effect of a given therapy?

### Prediction in the Context of Modern Medicine



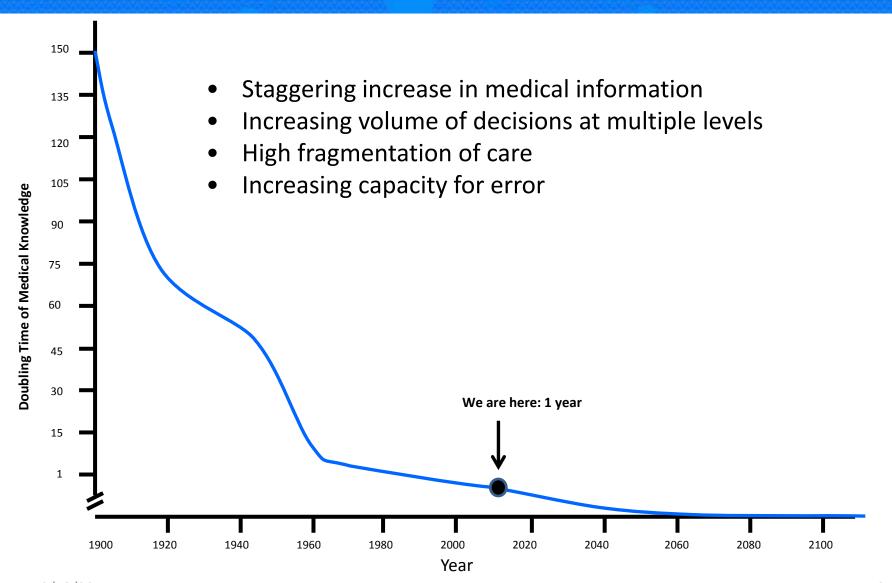
2/18/2015

### Prediction in the Context of Modern Medicine



2/18/2015

### Prediction in the Context of Modern Medicine



2/18/2015

# What is Electronic Clinical Predictive Modeling and What is its Purpose?

## Using electronic data to predict future clinical events so that one can:

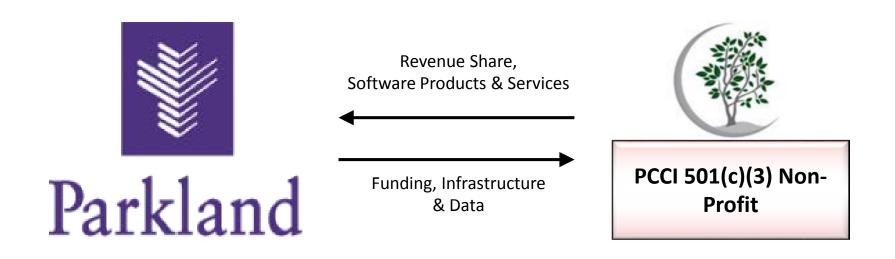
- 1. Discriminate between high and low risk patients
- 2. Prevent adverse events
- Allocate scarce clinical resources under real-time demands
- 4. Suggest actions

### **PCCI Organizational Background**

A 501c(3) non-profit research and development corporation specializing in the development of clinical prediction and surveillance software to help prevent adverse clinical events.



### PCCI Relationship with Parkland

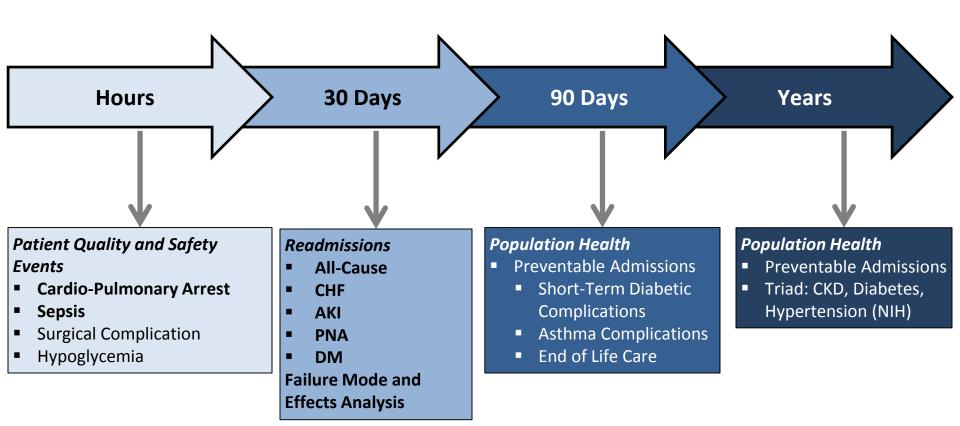


### PCCI History, Funding, and Research

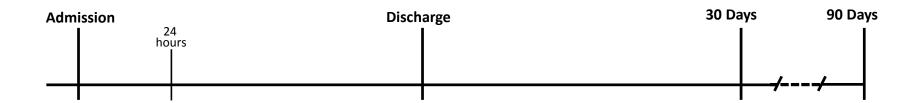


PCCI has obtained >\$30M in scientific funding for predictive analytics.

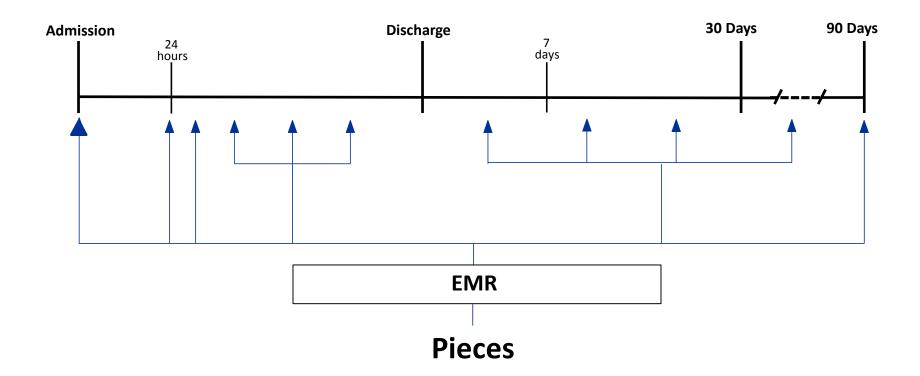
### Every Adverse Event has a Timeline



### Every Adverse Event has a Timeline



### Every Adverse Event has a Timeline



# Sepsis is Common, Deadly, Expensive and On the Rise

- Major cause of morbidity and mortality
  - 750,000 cases of severe sepsis per year in the United States with a nearly 40 percent mortality rate<sup>1,2</sup>
  - Hospitalization rates have increased steadily<sup>3</sup>
  - In-hospital mortality for septic patients has been estimated at 17% by NCHS<sup>4</sup>
- Approximately \$15.4 billion was spent in 2009 for septicemia hospitalizations alone

Sepsis diagnoses are projected to outpace population growth<sup>1</sup>

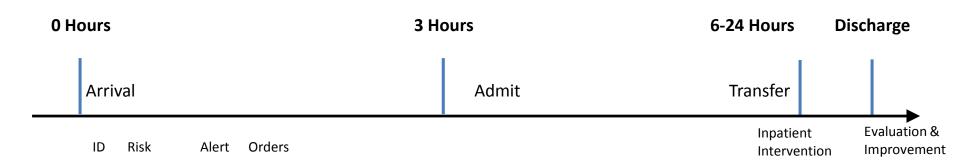
<sup>1.</sup> Angus DC, Linde-Zwirble WT, Lidicker J, Clermont G, Carcillo J, Pinsky MR. Epidemiology of severe sepsis in the United States: analysis of incidence, outcome, and associated costs of care. Critical care medicine. Jul 2001;29(7):1303-1310.

<sup>2.</sup> Infection and Sepsis-Related Mortality Hotspots Identified across the U.S. 2013; www.sciencedaily.com/releases/2013/05/130515113717.htm. Accessed 5/30/2013.

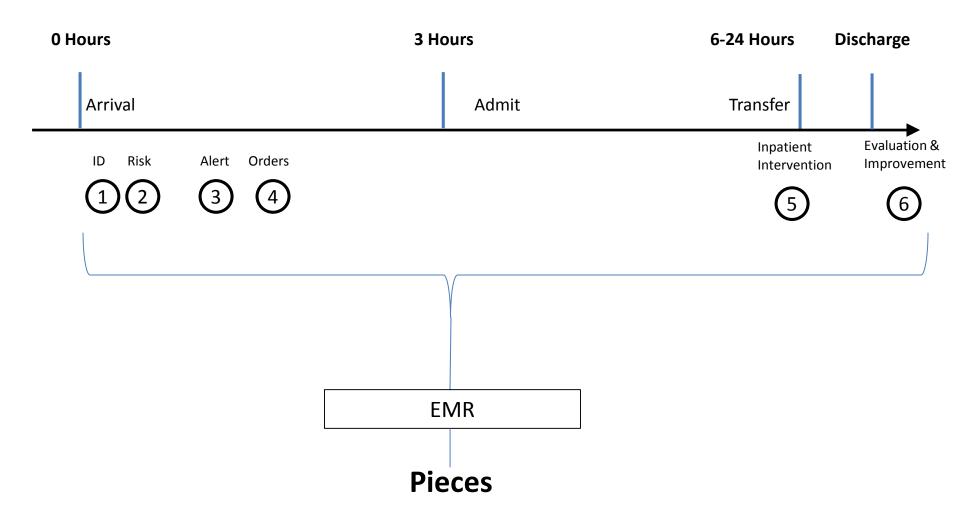
<sup>3.</sup> National Hospital Care Survey. Data Uses. National Hospital Care Survey 2012; http://www.cdc.gov/nchs/data/nhcs/Data\_Uses\_sepsis.pdf, 2013.

<sup>4.</sup> Hall MJ, Williams SN, DeFrances CJ, Golosinskiy A. Inpatient care for septicemia or sepsis: a challenge for patients and hospitals. NCHS data brief. Jun 2011(62):1-8

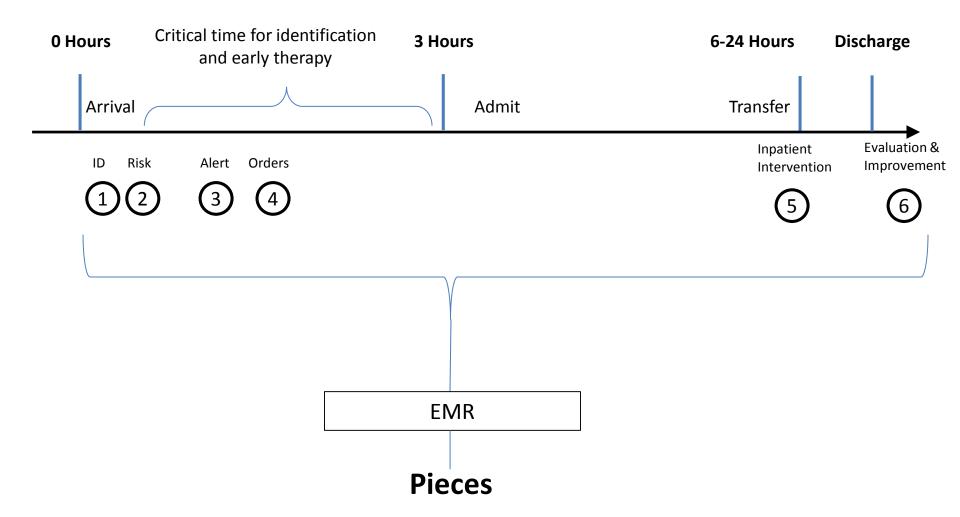
### Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Overview



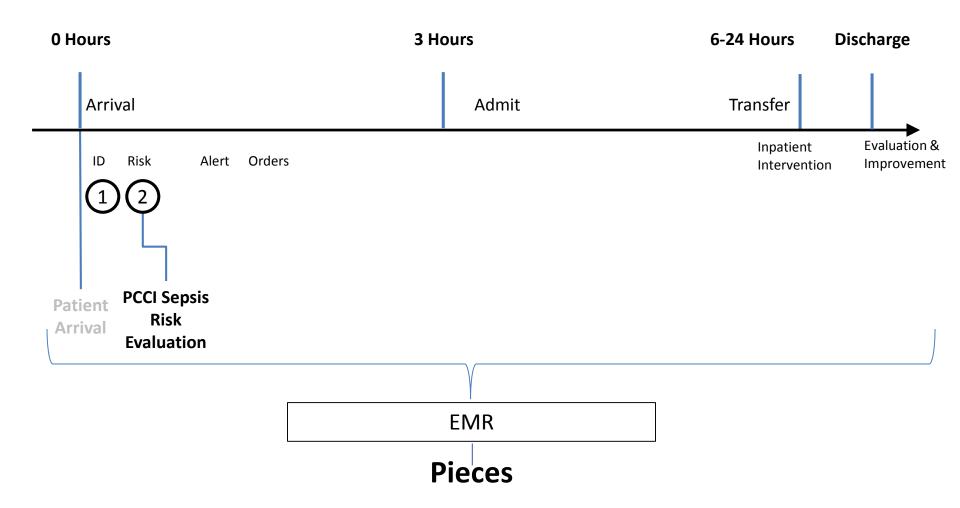
### Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Overview



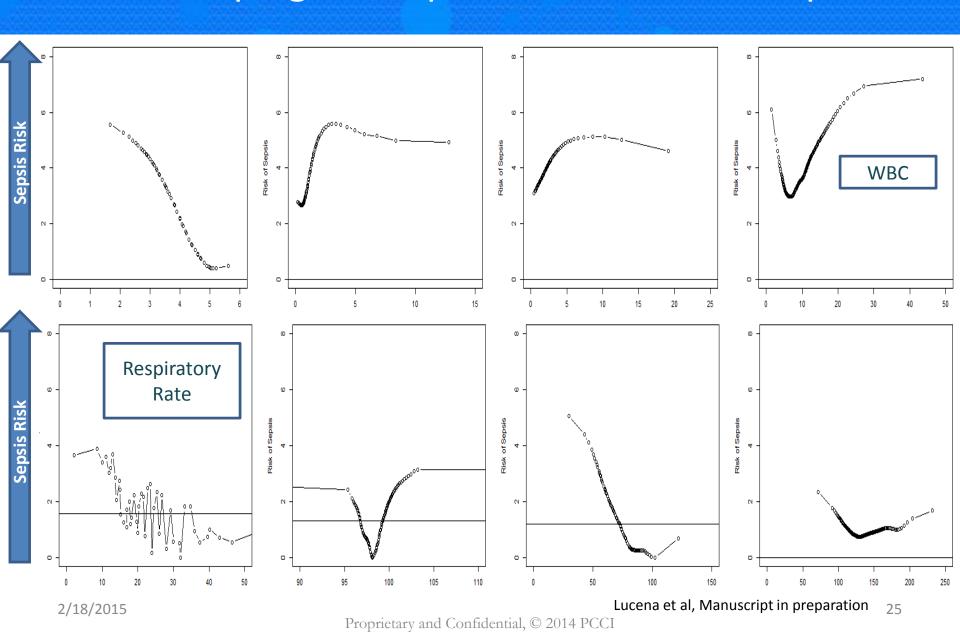
### Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Overview



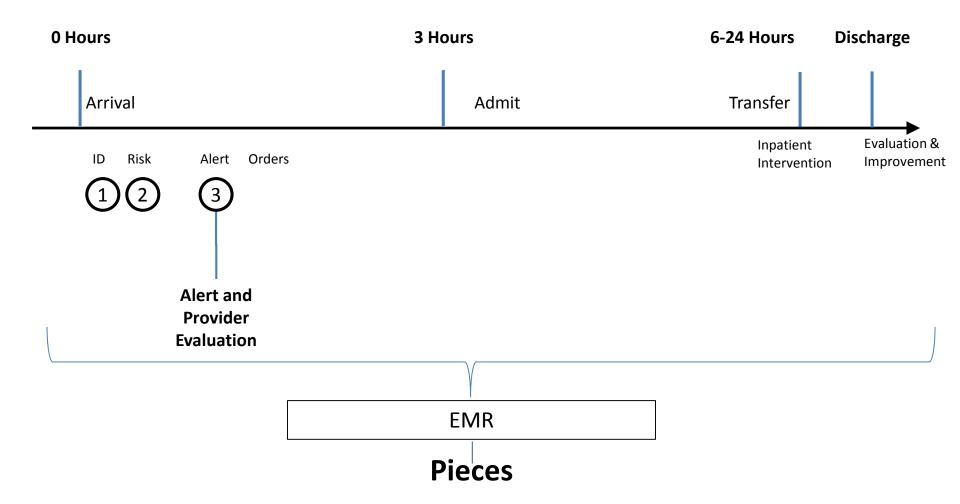
# Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Arrival through Triage



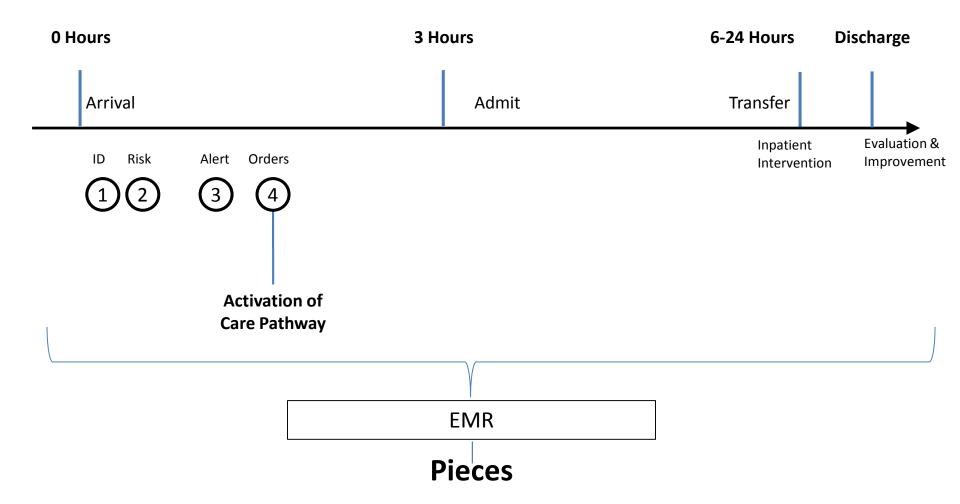
### Developing the Sepsis Model: Variable Splines



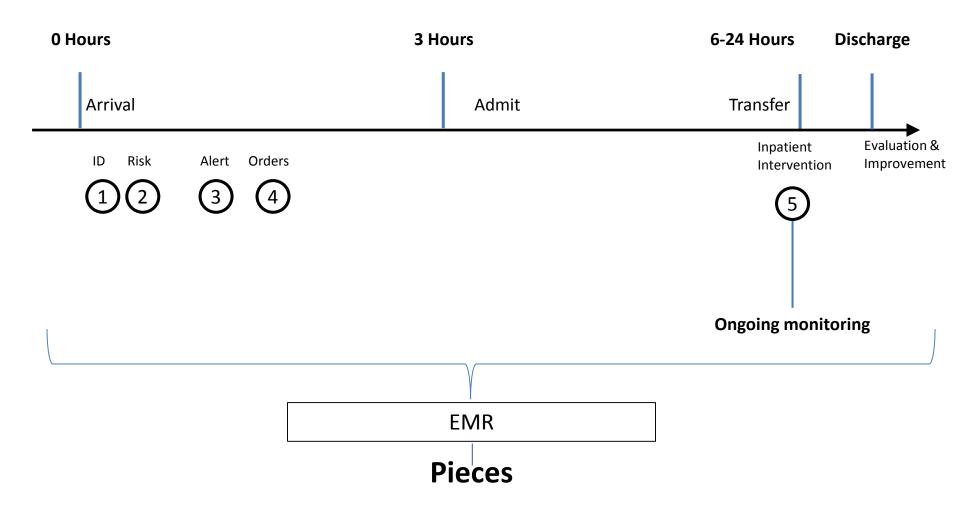
# Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Sepsis Alert through Admission



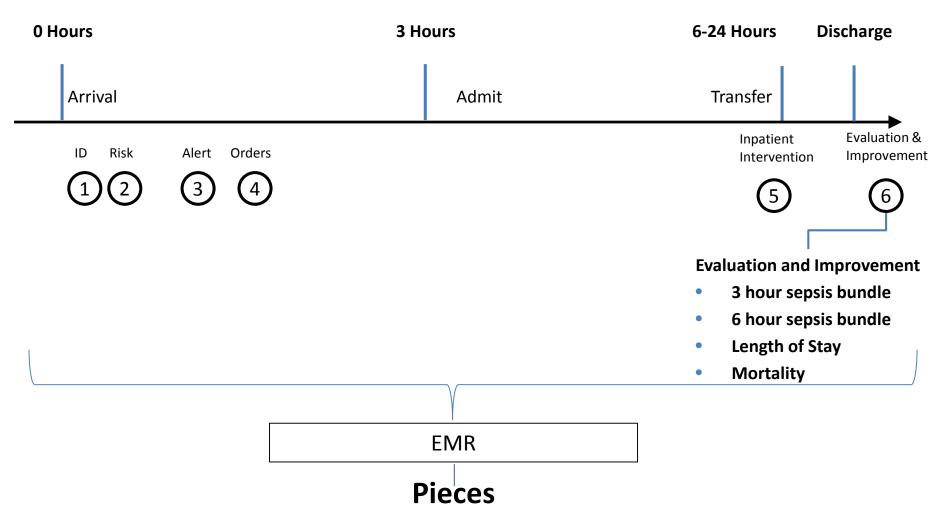
# Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Sepsis Alert through Admission



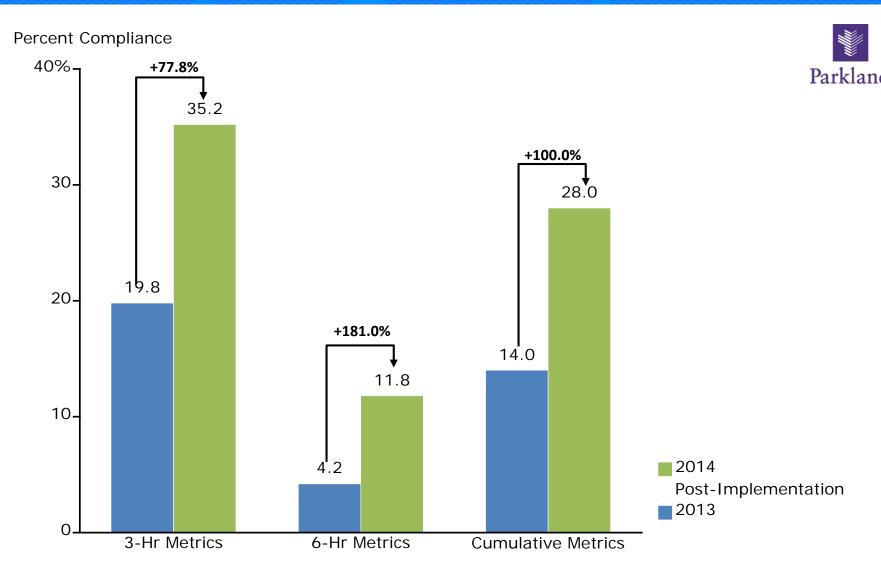
### Pieces Continues to Monitor the Patient after Admission



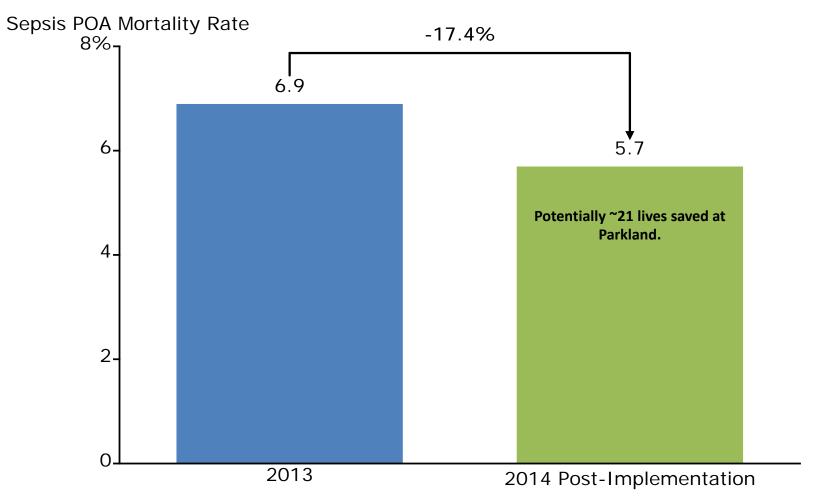
### Reporting for Performance Improvement



### Improved Compliance with Bundle Metrics



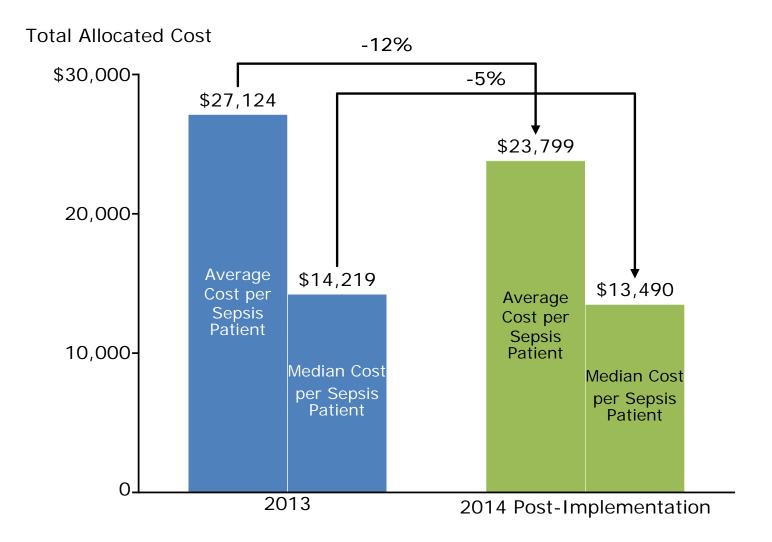
### Substantial Early Impact on Mortality



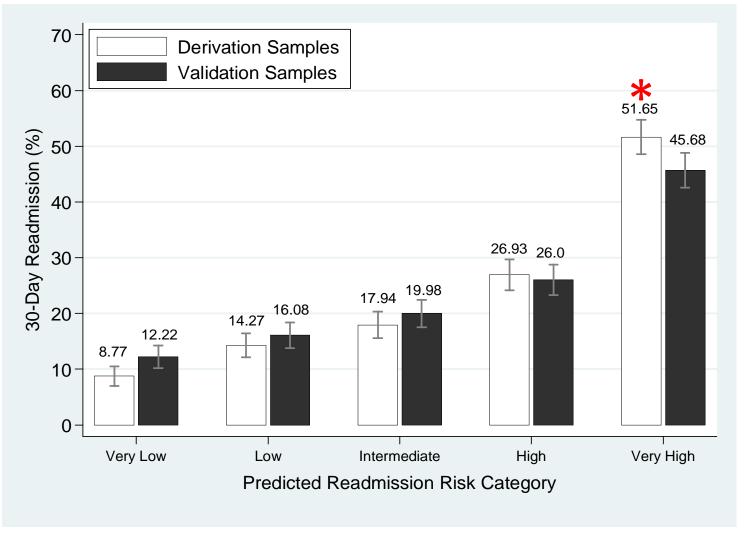


### **Cost Savings**





### **Readmission Model**



Amarasingham et al, Medical Care, 2010

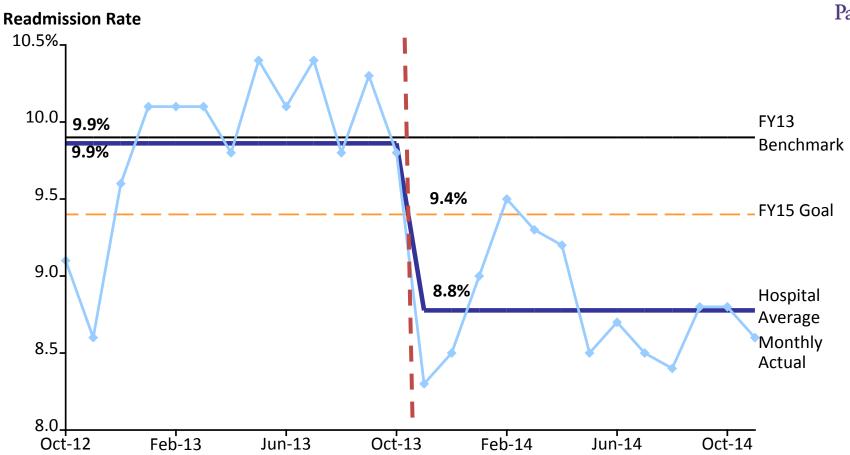
# Natural Language Processing for Readmission Models

 "68 yo WF presents with acute on chronic non ischemic systolic and diastolic chf, severely depressed ef and grade ii diastolic dysfunction."

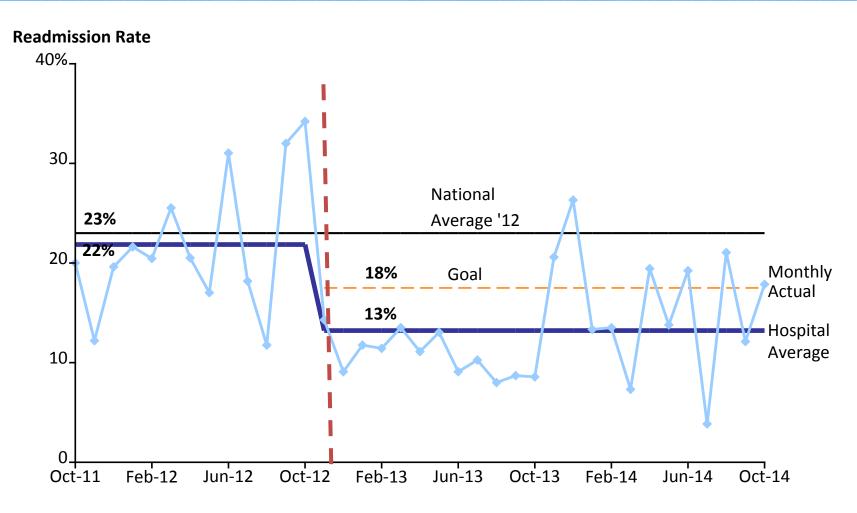
Disease/ Symptom	Time	Attribute
Acute Heart Failure	current and primary	<ul> <li>Systolic, significant depression in ejection fraction;</li> <li>Diastolic dysfunction, grade 2</li> <li>Non-ischemic</li> </ul>
Chronic Heart Failure	historic	

# Success Highlights: All-Cause Readmissions at PHHS





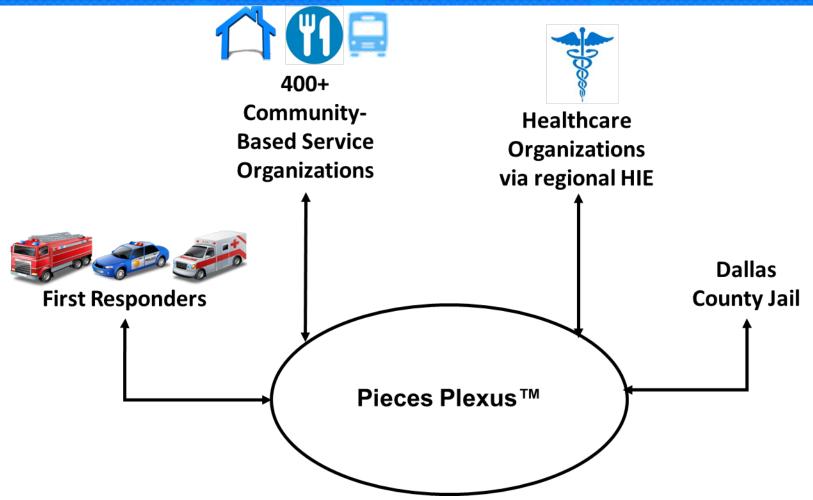
### Community Hospital Results: HF Readmission



<sup>\*</sup> This readmission rate does not account for: terminal illness, hospice, elective readmissions which would lower the CMS readmission rate. Full review of pre- and post-intervention states recommended.

Source: THR Clinical Informatics

#### Connecting the DFW Community



We thank the W.W. Caruth, Jr. Foundation at Communities Foundation of Texas for the generous grant of up to \$12 million grant to build, operationalize, and launch the Dallas IEP

#### **Partnerships**

















































HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES



























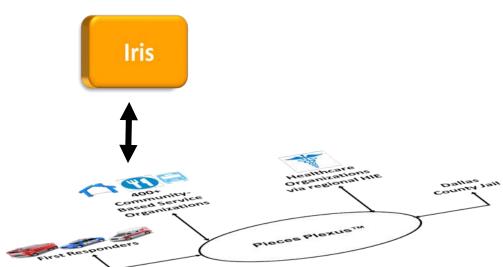






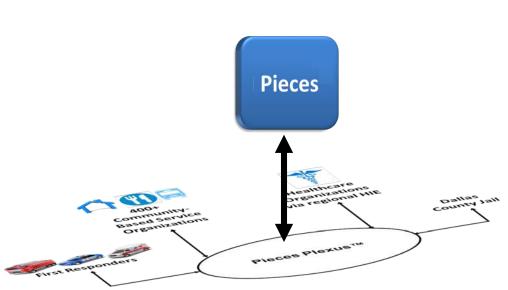


#### Connecting the Community



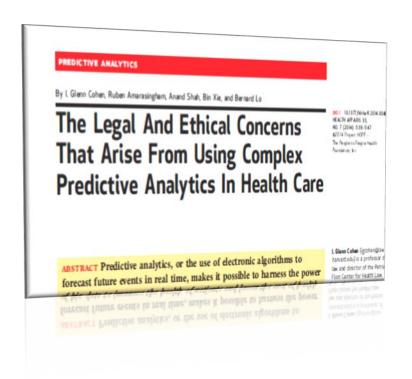
Low-cost and simple electronic case management and client tracking solution for connecting organizations working on social determinants of health

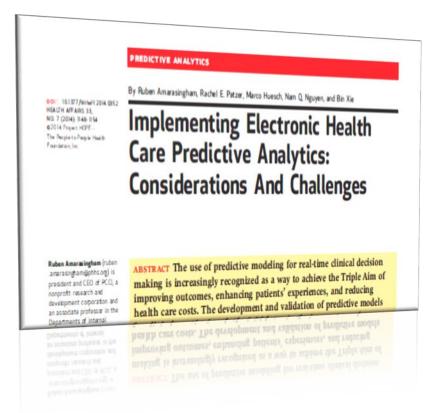
### Pieces Analytics for the Community



Leverages predictive and prescriptive analytics on medical and social data to identify at risk individuals

# Complexities of Predictive Modeling in Healthcare





### The Complexities of Predictive Modeling

- Interventions for highest risk patients \*
- 2. Considering clinical vs. social risk
- 3. Explanation vs. Prediction
- 4. Non-health care data sources \*
- 5. Changing EMR data models
- 6. Changing clinical interventions
- Changing populations

Amarasingham et al, Health Affairs, 2014

### Thank You!



#### Questions

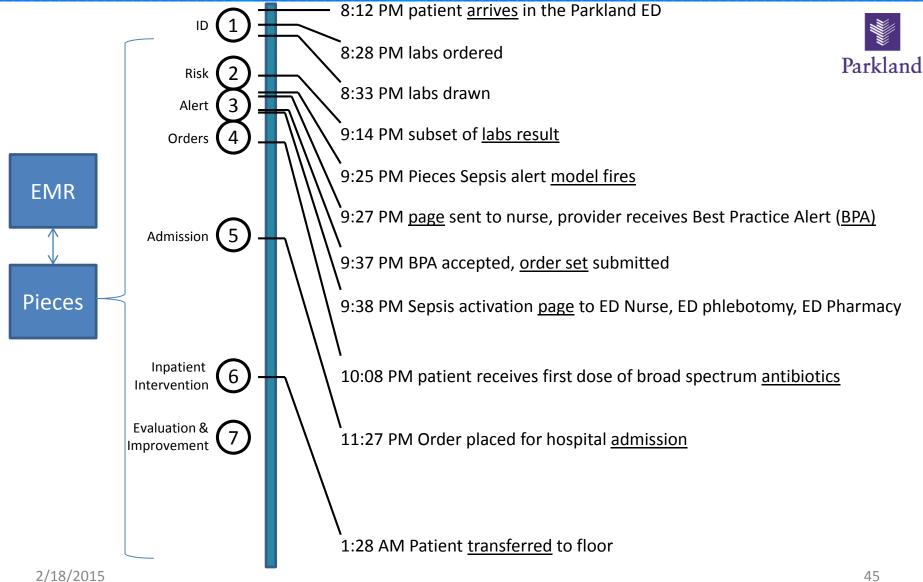
#### **Contact Information:**

Ruben Amarasingham – <a href="mailto:ruben.amarasingham@phhs.org">ruben.amarasingham@phhs.org</a>

Spencer Ballard – <a href="mailto:spencer.ballard@phhs.org">spencer.ballard@phhs.org</a>

www.pccipieces.org

### Sample Sepsis Treatment Timeline: Actual **Events**



### PHHS Sepsis POA Volumes

FY 2013 No Intervention	FY 2014 Post-Implementation
October 1, 2012 – September 30, 2013	June 2, ,2014 – September 30, 2014
1, 445 patients	579 patients



# Six Key Components Every System Needs to Achieve Results

Detect

Accurately ID confirmed sepsis patients

Predict

Real-time prediction of likely sepsis patients

Warn

Notification to the appropriate care team at the right time and place

Act

Rapid coordination of defined sepsis interventions

Monitor

Continuous monitoring: real-time feedback and tracking of intervention and workflow compliance

Learn

Performance improvement tracking, model refinement, FMEA analysis, end user feedback

#### **QUESTIONS**



Ruben Amarasingham, MD, MBA
President and CEO
Parkland Center for Clinical Innovation



#### THANK YOU FOR ATTENDING

Upcoming Webinars and Events:

The Ebola Outbreak: Essential Hospitals on the Front Line February 25 | Webinar Register Here

Policy Assembly
March 17-18 | Washington, DC
Register today at PolicyAssembly.essentialhospitals.org

Vital2015 June 24-26 | San Diego, CA Register today at <u>vital.essentialhospitals.org</u>

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